THE MUTINY AT

North Hastings Review.

J. R. ORR, Publisher and Proprietor. "PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW." TERMS, $1.50 ; $1.00 IF PAID IN ADVANCE.

28th Year.—No. 49. **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 7, 1905.** Postage Prepaid.

THE DADDY OF THEM ALL.

There's a hearty stout old party lives beyond the northern sea,
About as rough, about as tough, as a party well can be;
Strong nerved, well preserved, handy with his hands;
With muscle for a tussle to enforce what he commands;
He's big and bold, and a trifle old, and his habits somewhat full,
Recording fame inscribes his name as Old John Bull.

Rough John, tough John, bluff John Bull,
With both feet getting there, and both hands full;
His heart is full of kindness with never a drop of gall;
And Old John Bull is the daddy of them all.

There's many a lad to call him dad and take the old man's part,
To share his fight and swell his might, and cheer his loving heart—
To tear his flag from cliff to crag, when the echoing bugles blow,
Ten thousand sons to man his guns and thunder on the foe.
For many a land, from many a strand they come to the father's call,
For Old John Bull is the daddy of them all.

Rough John, tough John, bluff John Bull,
With a heap of human nature underneath his cranky wool—
The cheerliest, bearliest, stoutest earl upon this earthly ball,
For Old John Bull is the daddy of them all.

The waves that roll from pole to pole still carry him on his way
From the purple gleams of morning's beams to the golden close of day;
The heaving seas, the freshening breeze bear on his freighted ships;
The roar that hills the startled hills leaps from his cannon's lips;
The flags that fly to the benthing sky are with his glory full,
They bear the name and tell the fame of glorious Old John Bull.

Rough John, tough John, bluff John Bull,
The man that carries his burden and the man that has a pull;
The march of empire thunders where his martial footsteps fall,
For Old John Bull is the daddy of them all.

A. E. Freed, in Winnipeg Telegram

Belleville Booming!

A Prosperous City, According to Government Report.

The Labour Gazette, published by the Dominion Government, a synopsis of the local trade conditions from all the important centres of the Dominion, shows Belleville and vicinity to be in an exceedingly prosperous condition. The report for October, published in the November issue, has the following:

The month of October has been exceptionally busy in this city and district for nearly all classes of labour, being even better than the preceding month. Every branch of industry was busy and some factories had to work overtime. It was almost impossible to secure sufficient unskilled labour. The big cement works had a standing advertisement for 50 men. The revetment wall being built by the harbour commissioners gave employment to a number of men and the laying of the water main beneath the river bed also employed many. The new Belleville Catholic church was completed at a cost of over $100,000, and many men were employed there. Plasterers, carpenters and painters had a splendid month on this work. The lock works were running to full capacity. About 20 men were engaged all month in building granolithic walks. Apple pickers and packers had a very busy month, over 10,000 barrels being sent from this city and district. A number of men are engaged in surveying and getting plans ready for the new cement plant to be erected near the city in the spring. This company expects to employ 400 hands. Merchants, both wholesale and retail, reported a splendid month's business, the farmers having had a bountiful harvest, and all market produce being high in price. The canning factories were all very busy, corn, tomatoes and pumpkins being put up in large quantities. The can makers and tippers were given an increase of 20 cents a day this year. This is the only change in the rates of wages. There have been no changes in hours of labour, and no strikes or lockouts. The Deacon Shirt Company has commenced the erection of an addition to its large plant. The new building will be of stone, three stories high, 52x160 feet. With the new addition the capacity will be 750 doz. shirts per week, and will employ about 75 hands. At Corbyville some $200,000 is being expended in erecting new buildings in connection with the Corby distillery. One building being erected is 7 stories in height. This is giving employment to both skilled and unskilled labour.

6th Division Court.

The 6th Division Court was held in Madoc, Nov. 29th, Fraleck, J. J. County Court.

O'Flynn vs. Wood et al.—Judgment on trial of this case, Sept. 28th past. Judgment and costs for Plaintiff for amount of cheque without interest on Indemnity given by Defendants. P. W. O'Flynn and F. E. O'Flynn, Counsel for Plaintiffs. A. A. McDonald and Wm. Cross for Defendants.

O'Hara vs. Fair.—Judgment for Plaintiff. D. E. K. Stewart for Plaintiff. No appearance for Defendant.

Harrison vs. Speck.—Suit for unpaid rent. Settled by parties agreeing to withdraw and arbitrate. Wm. Cross for Plaintiff. P. W. O'Flynn for Defendant.

McCaw vs. McCaw.—Action on account. No appearance for either party and case adjourned to next sittings.

O'Hara vs. Thompson.—Action on account. Judgment for Plaintiff with costs. P. W. O'Flynn for Plaintiff.

Presentation to Departing Ones.

Testimonial to Mr. and Mrs. Fred. Rollins by St. Peter's, Madoc.

An interesting meeting was held at St. Peter's church after the usual prayer meeting on Wednesday night last, 29th November.

Mr. Fred Rollins is removing with his family to Stirling, and church members of St. Peter's presented Mr. and Mrs. Rollins with beautiful and expensive parting gifts—a handsome Morris chair to Mr. Rollins, and a Chatelaine to Mrs. Rollins, as a slight memorial of the kindly feeling entertained for them. Mr. A. F. Wood, as senior elder of the church, presented an address in which was expressed the kindly feelings of church membership towards the recipients, and wishing them God Speed in their future home. He said in addition there were many ties that bind us all in life, the ties of business, of public life, social life and family life, but above and around these, including all, was the tie that bound them as members of the church in the Infinite Love. He referred to the heritage that was theirs in forefathers who had not only been long connected with the church but had rendered most valuable services as elders and workers and whose memories were among the most fragrant keep-sakes of St. Peter's. In the name of the church and personally he wished them prosperity and that their pathway should grow brighter and brighter until the perfect light.

Mr. Rollins replied in suitable terms on behalf of himself and Mrs. Rollins, expressing their keen regret at leaving their old Madoc friends, and thanking them for this evidence of their friendship and good-will. He assured them they would always remember their Madoc friends.

Farmers' Institute Meetings.

Important Meetings to be held at Eldorado This Year.

The "regular" meetings of the North Hastings Farmers' Institute will be held at Stirling, on Monday, Dec. 18th, and at Eldorado, Town Hall, on Tuesday and Wednesday, December 19th and 20th. There will be afternoon and evening meetings, at 2 and 7.30 o'clock. The following is the programme, speakers and subjects:—

C. W. Nash, Toronto.—"Chemistry of the Soil, "How Plants Grow," "Breeding of Domestic Animals," "The Value of Our Birds," "Our Insect Pests," "Nature about the Farm," "The Enemies of the Pea Crop and How to Deal with Them."

W. C. Shearer, Bright.—"Rotation of Crops and Selection of Seed Grain," "Corn in Hills or Drills for the Silo," "The Cultivation of Mangels, Potatoes and Turnips," The Bacon Hog and its Feeding," "Selecting a Dairy Herd."

Evening Subjects,—"Pure Bred Poultry for boys and girls," "Making a Success on the Farm."

At 10 o'clock on the forenoon of Dec. 20th, a Judging Class will be held at Mr. Wm. Wright's barn, near the Town Hall, Eldorado. Animals judged—Bacon Hog, Dairy Cow.

A special session in the interests of Dairymen will be held at Eldorado Town Hall, on the afternoon and evening of the 20th. G. G. Publow, Chief Dairy Instructor, Kingston, will speak on the following subjects:—"The Care and Production of Milk for Cheese Factories," "The Importance of Properly Built, Well Equipped and Sanitary Factories," "Skill and Forethought essential in the Manufacture of Cheese," "The Cheese Industries of the Dominion."

These meetings are for the general good. There are few farmers who might not get information on some point in connection with some of the above subjects that he could put into practical and profitable use. Everybody welcome. Ladies' especially invited to attend the evening meetings, at which it is hoped some music will be provided. Admission free to all.

A HOLIDAY RHYME.

Christmas in de kitchen,
Christmas in de air,
Christmas in de dinin'-room,
Christmas everywhere.
Christmas in de grocery sto',
Got aroun' at las':
Christmas in de pocketbook,
But goin' mighty fas'.

CHEER UP.

"No matter how the skies may frown,
This world is rollin' right—
A sun for every morning'
An' a star for every night.
Then shout your hallelujah
An' raise your sweetest tune,
If we're freezin' in December
We'll be warm enough in June."

An Easy One.

Teacher—Johnny, what great man has done more for this country than any other man?

Johnny (promptly)—Santa Claus.

Beatrice Bentley, aged 17, of Eden, died from a dose of carbolic acid.

Martha Graydon, a young woman of St. Thomas, swallowed carbolic acid.

County Council in Session.

The Matter of the County House of Refuge.

Tuesday's Ontario.

The County Council opened its concluding session in the Shire Hall at 2 o'clock this afternoon, Warden McFarlane in the chair and all the members present except Councillor Lancaster, who is expected later.

HOUSE OF REFUGE.

In conversation with one of the members of the council last evening he said that the committee appointed at the last session to consider the most advantageous point for the erection of the House of Refuge, after visiting several locations throughout the county, both north and south, had agreed that the Thurlow site on the Henderson property, just east of the city, was the choicest place, it having the numerous advantages already on several occasions pointed out by The Ontario. The speaker was from one of the northern constituencies, but he said if it was the opinion of the committee then he thought the council should abide by their decision. However, if the matter should come up for discussion he was bound to vote for the location of the building in the north. It is to be hoped that the matter will be settled amicably and to the satisfaction of all.

High Court Cases.

Non-Jury Sittings of the High Court at Belleville.

There were eleven cases entered for trial, Judge Clute presiding. The most important cases were the following:—

In the matter of S. A. Hyman, who died at Belleville within the last few years, left a large sum of money, viz.: $10,000 in the bank of Montreal in his name in "trust." It appeared that Hyman had made an assignment for the benefit of creditors before his death and the question for the Court to determine was to whom the money belonged, to Mrs. Hyman or to the creditors. Judgment in favor of Mrs. Hyman. Porter and McCammon for plaintiffs, Holden for the Trust Corporation, A. Roberts for the Bank of Montreal.

Wilson et al vs. Bell et al.—This was an action to determine and settle the boundary line between the west halves of lots 19 and 20 in the 7th concession of the township of Marmora. Judgment pursuant to consent minutes, allowing the "Kerr" line to be the boundary line between the lots, each party to pay their own costs. A. A. McDonald for plaintiff, Porter for defendant.

Bought Business in Belleville.

Madoc will Lose Some More Citizens.

The Ontario of yesterday says:—

A very important business deal was transacted in the city yesterday, when the well-known livery business, conducted for the past ten years by Mr. Morley Sine at the west end of the Lower Bridge, was sold to Mr. Robt. Rollins, of Madoc. The amount of the consideration is not given, but Mr. Rollins took over the business to-day. Mr. Sine, who has been one of Belleville's most popular citizens, has become enamoured of the growing Northwest and intends to leave for there in the spring.

The building in which the livery is situated has also been sold by the owner, Mr. Duckworth, to Mr. Charles Rollins, son of Robert Rollins, the consideration being $1600.

Ernest H. Finkle, late of Belleville, has invented a liquid soap which promises to be a money-maker.

Mr. Jas. Irwin, Dairy Instructor at Bancroft, leaves this week for Kingston, where he will again have charge of the butter department in the dairy school.

Fred Palos, of Belleville, has been awarded a land grant of 160 acres for his services as seaman on the steamer "Hercules" at Kingston, during the Fenian raid.

A break in the pump at the Katherine Lead Mine at Millbridge has caused mining to cease until a new pump is installed which will be finished by next Monday.

Mr. Cushman, manager of the lead mines at Bannockburn, left on Tuesday for St. Louis to secure a practical man to finish installing and to run the new smelter at Bannockburn.

In the High Court of Justice at Belleville last week the case of Fair vs. Pearce Company was settled. His Lordship gave judgment for the plaintiff, fixing the damages at $100. Each party have to pay their own costs.

James Johnson, a brother of Wm. and J. W. Johnson, of Belleville, died in England a few days ago. He had been a former resident of the county, and later editor of the Kingston News and Ottawa Citizen, being a man of high literary attainments.

The Stirling News-Argus speaks of a record day for Sine Creamery, when 27,062 pounds of milk was received, and from this was made 1,116 pounds of butter. Over 2,000 pounds have been made this week. Over 1,000 pounds was sent to Montreal, and the balance to Toronto.

...County News...

Mr. James Parks, of Plainfield, shot a black bear on Black Creek, Hungerford, recently. It was a good one too.

On Monday Wm. Mulhall was committed for trial at the next assizes on a charge of having stolen a horse and rig from John Mactarlane, Tyendinaga.

Mr. Kane, of L'Amable, had his leg badly broken while working with a stump machine. Dr. Embury, of Bancroft, took him to the hospital at Kingston.

Mr. David Cobb, father of the young man killed at the Belleville Cement Works on Saturday, 11th inst., has through his solicitors, entered a claim for unstated damages against the Company.

The Deseronto Town Council at its last meeting threw out a petition signed by 147 residents of the town asking that a local option bye-law be submitted at the next municipal election.

Stirling News-Argus:—Word was received here on Tuesday of the death of Carlos Green, at Peterboro. He was a son of Henry Green, formerly of this village. He was about 20 years of age.

Mr. Alf. Smith, of Faraday, was the victim of a painful accident in Bancroft on Friday last. He was riding down the hill on Hastings street on horseback, when the horse stumbled and fell. In the mix-up Mr. Smith had his right leg broken below the knee.

The home of Mr. and Mrs. James Howell, of Bancroft, was saddened when their daughter, Mrs. John Park, joined the silent majority, after a brief illness. The deceased was 29 years of age, and leaves a husband and two small children, the youngest a little more than a week old, to mourn her untimely demise.

Charles Dunlay, charged with the seduction and abduction of a fourteen-year-old girl of Stirling, named Annie Rosebush, was sentenced by Judge Lazier at Belleville to two years at hard labor in the Kingston penitentiary. The prisoner took the sentence very keenly. He has always borne a good character.

There has been a good deal of activity in building at Frankford this season. The Frankford Canning Factory have enlarged their factory. Mr. Chas. Gallagher built a fine frame house, Dr. Malone has a new house nearly finished. Geo. Weston has finished three frame dwellings on Parks street. A new iron bridge was built across the Trent River to replace the old wooden one.

A very serious and possibly fatal accident occurred recently near Crookston. Mr. Peter Wellman, a respected farmer, was driving a team with a load of cordword. The horses became unmanageable and started to run away. Mr. Wellman was thrown off between the two wheels, just in front of a large rock, and the hind wheel pinned him there. The reach broke and the front wheels drew out from under the load, leaving Mr. Wellman pinned against the rock, with the load and the hind wheels resting on his abdomen. His son, who was coming behind, released him as soon as possible, but he was unconscious, and remained so for a long time. His injuries, which are internal, are very serious, and but slight hopes are entertained for his recovery.

No woman can look beautiful without good health. A woman's good health depends on those organs peculiarly feminine, and which so often become disordered, causing misery and dragging-down pain. Nature's laws are perfect, health endures if you obey them, but disease follows disobedience. The distressing complaints of women are often brought about by catching cold at a critical period, breathing foul indoors' air and long hours of work and nervous tension. Go straight to Nature for the cure—to the forest. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is *Nature's cure* for the distressing complaints of women. Prof. King, M. D., in his American Dispensatory, says of Black Cohosh or Black Snake-root—"our early American Indians set a high value on this root in diseases of women. *It is surpassed by no other drug, in congestive conditions of the parts where there are dragging pains and tenderness.*"

Lady's Slipper root is a nerve stimulant and tonic, improving both circulation and nutrition of the nerve centers—favoring sleep and cheerful condition of the mind; of service in mental depression, nervous headache, irregularities of women with despondency.—*Prof. King.* Besides the above ingredients there are—Golden Seal, Unicorn and Blue Cohosh roots in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser will be sent free, paper-bound, for 31 one-cent stamps, or cloth-bound for 50 stamps. Over 1000 pages and illustrated. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used with Favorite Prescription when ever a laxative is required.

This Appeal Is To You!

THE HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN

For it Cares for Every Sick Child in Ontario whose Parents Cannot Afford to Pay For Treatment.

The Hospital for Sick Children, College Street, Toronto, appeals to fathers and mothers of Ontario for funds to maintain the thousand sick children that it nurses within its walls every year.

The Hospital is not a local institution—but Provincial. The sick child from any place in Ontario who can't afford to pay has the same privileges as the child living in Toronto and is treated free.

NURSE READING A STORY.

The Hospital had last year in its beds and cots 891 patients—316 of these were from 217 places outside of Toronto. The cost is 1.14 cents per patient per day, and there were 133 sick little ones a day in the Hospital.

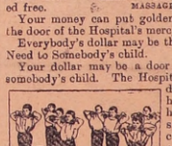
Since its foundation the Hospital has treated 11,262 children. About 8,000 of these were unable to pay and were treated free.

MASSAGE.

Your money can put golden hinges on the door of the Hospital's mercy.

Everybody's dollar may be the Friend in Need to Somebody's child.

Your dollar may be a door of hope to somebody's child. The Hospital pays out dividends of health and happiness to suffering childhood on every dollar that is paid by friends of little children.



THE CONVALESCENTS SWINGING DUMB BELLS.

If you know of any child in your neighborhood who is sick or crippled or has club feet send the parent's name to the Hospital.

See what can be done for club-foot children. There were 38 like cases last year and hundreds in 30 years.

BEFORE AFTER

Please send contributions to J. Ross Robertson, Chairman, or to Douglas Davidson, Sec.-Treas., of the Hospital for Sick Children, College Street, Toronto.

THE REVIEW

will be given Free for the balance of this year to new subscribers for 1906.

J. C. DALE & Co.,

BANKERS,

DALE'S BLOCK, MADOC, ONT.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received, and interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Interest added to principal half-yearly, on the 11th of May and the 11th of November of each year.

REFERENCE:—Canadian Bank of Commerce.

J. C. DALE, Manager.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital and Rest, $6,500,000
Total assets, - $39,600,000

HEAD OFFICE, — TORONTO

T. G. Brough, General Manager.

MADOC BRANCH.

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and Interest allowed at highest current rates, compounded half yearly.

F. COTTLE, Manager.

A. F. WOOD,
Land, Loan and Insurance Agency
Agent for "London, Liverpool & Globe," "Equity," and "Metropolitan" Fire Insurance Companies. Lowest rates in Tariff and Non-tariff Companies, and risks absolutely safe.

F. E. O'FLYNN,
Barrister and Solicitor,
Belleville, - - Ont.

W. J. MOORE, B.C.L.,
Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer.
Office—Dominion Bank Building.
MONEY TO LOAN,
Solicitor for the Dominion Bank.

D. E. K. STEWART,
Barrister, Solicitor, Notary, Madoc, Ontario.
Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates.
Solicitor for J. C. Dale & Co., Bankers.
Solicitor for Murphy, Gordon & Co., Bankers, Tweed.

WILLIAM CROSS, LL.B.,
Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer.
Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.
Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee.
Office—Wood Block Madoc.

DR. HARPER,
Graduate of Trinity University
Fellow of Trinity Medical College
Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office—Durham street, Dale's Block, Madoc.

DR. HARRISON,
Physician, Surgeon, etc.
Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F

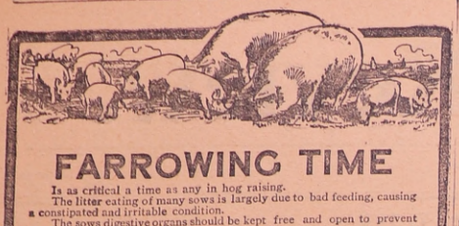
Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

M. Mayhee, Rec.-Sec. John McBain, Noble Grand
L. F. Morrice, Fin.-Sec.

Madoc Lodge, No. 195, A.O.U.W.

The Ancient Order of United Workmen meets every first and third Friday of each month in Moon's new block. Visiting brethren are cordially welcomed.

M. Mayhee, Master Workman. W. H. McBain, Recorder.



FARROWING TIME

Is as critical a time as any in hog raising.
The litter eating of many sows is largely due to bad feeding, causing a constipated and irritable condition.
The sows digestive organs should be kept free and open to prevent this fevered and litter eating condition by feeding

Clydesdale Stock Food

Besides making a better flow of milk owing to the better blood circulation.
This means more and better pigs, as a healthy apple tree gives more and better fruit than a diseased tree.
For young pigs it makes more bone and muscle on which to put flesh, and nothing better for starting and keeping Runts growing.
Its ingredients are absolutely harmless and pure, and if you are not satisfied with results your money cheerfully refunded by the dealer.
CARBOLINE ANTISEPTIC MAKES THE PIGS AND PENS CLEAN.
TRY HERCULES POULTRY FOOD.
CLYDESDALE STOCK FOOD COMPANY, LIMITED, Toronto, Ont.

About the Farm

EXPERIENCES WITH THE SILO.

I have three silos holding, when full, about 300 tons, writes Mr. E. Van Alystyne. It is seldom that we get in this amount, as they usually settle from 2 to 6 feet, depending on the rapidity with which they are filled. Two of these silos are constructed so that we can fill either without moving the cutter. Frequently we are able to get these filled quite solidly. This fall, we have put up 250 tons. This amount will feed 45 to 50 cows about seven months. We have no fixed date to begin feeding silage. This depends somewhat on how much silage we have as compared with other feeds and the condition of the late pasture. If our supply of silage is insufficient to last until the pasture is ready in the spring, we aim to supply a sufficiently succulent food of some other sort.

Sometimes we have pumpkins and feed them until well into November. In my experience the most difficult time to make milk is the latter part of October and early November when the grass begins to suffer from frost and the cold winds chill the cows. Silage fills this gap admirably. If pasture is short, we sometimes feed right along from the time we fill the silos. This year we began feeding October 15. We had been feeding pumpkins to the cows when they came in at night. When these were gone, we substituted a feed of early cut hay. The shrinkage in the milk flow was very marked, being nearly a quart per animal. This happens, even with good pasture at our command. Our first severe frost did not come until October 25. We then opened the silo and began feeding a half bushel or about 15 silage lbs. per cow. In 48 hours the flow of milk was again increased to normal.

SILAGE FED AFTER MILKING.

The amount of silage to be given a cow, depends largely upon the animal. When silage is abundant and the cows are in the stable, I find my Guernseys will average, in the two herds, about 35 to 40 pounds silage per day with an additional grain ration of about six pounds which is supplemented with a small feed of five or six pounds of hay at noon. It is our custom to feed the grain just before milking. The silage is also given the cows after the milking is done, while the hay is given them at noon. This is largely a matter of convenience. Cows will do just as well after they get accustomed to it without the noon feed, if they have all the roughage they want at night and morning. This period is no longer than from six o'clock at night to five o'clock in the morning. I have never known of anyone getting up at midnight to feed cows, nor that the cows suffered for lack of it.

Theoretically I believe it is better to feed the grain on the silage, but practically I have never been able to detect any difference. The important factor is to be regular and have the right sort of feed at the right time. I have no set rules as to the amount of feed necessary to balance the silage. When I use early cut hay, I can get alone with one pound less grain per cow each day than when I feed hay that has been allowed to fully mature. In my experience I also find that there is about a pound of grain difference between clover and timothy. Oats and pea hay call for from one to two pounds less grain daily than clover. I have all the carbohydrates I need in the silage, but for protein, I depend on the purchased grain. I usually buy grain that will give me the most digestible protein.

FOR THE LEAST MONEY.

When the prices are right, I have never found anything better than 28 p.c. protein and 17 p.c. protein ships mixed half and half by weight. Last year these two materials were too high and I used malt sprouts, dried brewers' grain and cottonseed meal. Sometimes I substitute and use linseed meal, if the price is right.

When there is sufficient corn in the valley, say about 50 bushels of ears to each ten tons of feed, I find about six pounds grain daily is about as much as can usually be fed with profit. More grain will usually produce more milk, but quite often not enough to pay the increased cost of production. This will depend on the cow, the price of feed and the amount obtained for the product. Milk at 8½ cents per quart will admit of more extensive feeding than when it is worth only 2½ cents. I have fed silage for nearly 13 years with most excellent results. My cows have always been in perfect health. My calves thrive on silage better than on clover hay. I have some cows in my herd 13 years old, that have always eaten silage. Their general health is good and their teeth are in most excellent condition. I do not think it wise to feed silage before milking and always guard against this.

LIVE STOCK NOTES.

It will not hurt the brooding sow to squeal for her breakfast once in awhile. Better that than to have her too fat to get up and eat.

When you go to buy a new horse collar, take your horse along and fit him. You would not think of getting a new suit of clothes for yourself unless you could be there to try it on. Don't depend on letting out a strap here and another one there to make it set well.

The term "feeding," correctly interpreted, means supplying the work horse with that amount and quality of food which will maintain its body in perfect order for labor. Fed thus, the horse should not become fat, should not lose or increase materially in weight, should have life, snap, vigor and stamina, a healthy appearing coat, and muscles well developed and free from surplus adipose tissue. These ends cannot be attained by simply stuffing the horse upon good food of various kinds. It is as easy to overfeed as to underfeed, and either extreme is equally detrimental.

In the average case the farm horse is overfed, hence lessened in value for labor and maintained at unnecessary expense. This is surely the case when his manger is kept stuffed with hay from one end of the year to the other on the "self-feeder" principle. The hay-stuffed manger means a hay-stuffed horse, and in that condition he is unfit to do a maximum amount of work easily and without appreciable loss of strength and vitality. So, too, the corn-stuffed horse is well fed, but rendered partially unfit for his best effort in work harness. Yet hay and corn, being the most plentiful foods upon the average form, are as a rule too liberally supplied by the farmer who wishes to treat his horses kindly and liberally.

Consumption

¶ There is no specific for consumption. Fresh air, exercise, nourishing food and Scott's Emulsion will come pretty near curing it, if there is anything to build on. Millions of people throughout the world are living and in good health on one lung.

¶ From time immemorial the doctors prescribed cod liver oil for consumption. Of course the patient could not take it in its old form, hence it did very little good. They *can* take

SCOTT'S EMULSION

and tolerate it for a long time. There is no oil, not excepting butter, so easily digested and absorbed by the system as cod liver oil in the form of Scott's Emulsion, and that is the reason it is so helpful in consumption where its use must be continuous.

¶ We will send you a sample free.

¶ Be sure that this picture is the form of a label is on the wrapper of every bottle of Emulsion you buy.

Scott & Bowne
Chemists
Toronto, Ont.

50c. and $1; all druggists

Marian Mayfield

Or, The Strange Disappearance

CHAPTER XVII.

It was late in February before the party reached home. Thurston's business finished he also hastened back and sought out Marian. One memorable episode must be related. Thurston had met Marian not many yards down the lonely forest footpath, leading from the village school to Old Fields one evening.

After a walk of about a quarter of a mile through the bushes they descended by the natural staircase of moss-covered rocks, and sat down together upon a bed of violets at its foot.

Before them, through the canopy of over-arching trees, was seen, like a picture in its frame of foliage, a fine view of the open country and the bay now bathed in purple haze of evening.

But the fairest prospect that ever opened had no more attraction for Thurston than if it had been a view of chimney tops from a back attic window. He passed his right hand around Marian's shoulders, and drew her closer to his side, and with the other hand began to untie her bonnet strings.

"Lay off this little bonnet. Let me see your beauteous head uncovered. There!" he said, putting it aside and smoothing her bright locks "Oh, Marian! my love! my queen! when I see only the top of your head, I think your rippling, sunny tresses your chief beauty; but soon my eyes fall to the blooming cheek—there never was such a cheek—so vivid, yet so delicate, so glowing, yet so cool and fresh—like the damask rose bathed in morning dew—so when I gaze on it I think the blushing cheek your sweetest charm—ah! but near by breathe the rich, ripe lips, fragrant as nectarines; and which I should swear to be the very buds of love, were not my gaze caught up to meet your eyes—stars!—and then I know that I have found the very soul of beauty! Oh! priceless pearl! By what rare fortune was it that I ever found you in these Maryland woods? Love! angel! Marian! for that means all!" he exclaimed, in a sort of ecstasy, straining her to his side.

And Marian dropped her blushing face upon his sholder—she was blushing not from bashful love alone—with it mingled a feeling of shame, regret, and mistrust, because he praised so much her form and face; because he seemed to love her only for her superficial good looks. She would have spoken if she could have done so; she would have told what was on her heart as earnest as a prayer by saying:

"Oh, do not think so much of this perishable, outward beauty; accident may ruin it, sickness may injure it, time will certainly impair it. And not love me for that which I have no power over, and which may be taken from me at any time—which I shall be sure to lose at last—love me for something better and more lasting than that. I have a heart in this bosom worth all the rest, a heart that in itself is an inner world—a kingdom worthy of your rule—a heart that neither time, fortune, nor casualty can ever change—a heart that loves you now in your strong and beautiful youth, and will love you when you are old and gray, and when you are one of the redeemed of heaven. Love me for this heart."

But to have saved her own soul or his, Marian could not then have spoken those words.

So he continued to caress her—every moment growing more and more enchanted with her loveliness. There was more of passion than of affection in his manner, and Marian felt and regretted this, though her feeling was not a very clearly defined one—it was rather an instinct than a thought, and it was latent, and quite subservient to her love for him.

"Love! angel! how enchanting you are," he exclaimed, catching her in his arms and pressing kisses on her cheek and lips and neck.

Glowing with color, Marian strove to release herself. "Let me go—let us leave this place, dear Thurston," she pleaded, attempting to rise.

"Why? Why are you in such a hurry? Why do you wish to leave me?" he asked, without releasing his hold.

"It is late! Dear Thurston, it is late," she said, in vague alarm.

"That does not matter—I am with you."

"They will be anxious about me, pray let us go! They will be so anxious!" she said, with increasing distress, trying to get away. "Thurston! Thurston! You distress me beyond measure," she exclaimed in great trouble.

But he stopped her breath with kisses.

Marian suddenly ceased to struggle, and by a strong effort of will she became perfectly calm. And looking in his eyes, with her clear, steady gaze, she said:

"Thurston, I have ceased to strive. But if you are a man of honor, you will release me."

His arms dropped from around her as if he had been struck dead.

Glad to be free, Marian arose to depart. Thurston sat still—his fine countenance overclouded with mortification and anger. Marian hesitated; she knew not how to proceed. He did not offer to rise and attend her. At length she spoke.

"Will you see me safely through the woods, Thurston?"

He did not answer.

"Thurston, it is nearly dark—there are several runaway negroes in the forest now, and the road will not be safe for me."

"Good-night, then," she said.

"Good-night, Marian."

She turned away and ascended the steps with her heart filled nearly to bursting with grief, indignation and fear. That he should let her take that long, dark, dangerous walk alone! it was incredible! she could scarcely realize it, or believe it! Her unusually excited feelings lent wings to her feet, and she walked swiftly for about a quarter of a mile, and then was forced to pause and take breath. And then every feeling of indignation and fear was lost in that of sorrow, that she had wounded his feelings, and left him in anger. And Marian dropped her face into her hands and wept. A step breaking through the brushwood made her start and tremble. She raised her head with the attitude of one prepared for a spring and flight. It was so dark she could scarcely see her hands before her, but as the step approached, a voice said:

"Fear nothing, Marian, I have not lost sight of you since you left me," and Thurston came up to her side.

With a glad smile of surprise Marian turned to greet him, holding out her hand, expecting him to draw it through his arm and lead her on. But no, he would not touch her hand. Lifting, his hat slightly, he said:

"Go forward if you please to do so, Marian. I attend you."

Marian went on, and he followed closely. They proceeded in silence for some time. Now that she knew that he had not left her a moment alone in the woods, she felt more deeply grieved at having so mortified and offended him. At last she spoke:

"Pray, do not be angry with me, dear Thurston."

"I am not angry that I know of, fair one; and you do me too much honor to care about my mood. Understand me once for all. I am not a Dr. Grimshaw, in any phase of that gentleman's character. I am neither the tyrant who will persecute you to exact your attention, nor yet the slave who will coax and whine and wheedle for your favor. In either character I should despise myself too much," he answered coolly.

"Thurston, you are deeply displeased, or you would not speak so, and I am very, very sorry," said Marian in a tremulous voice.

"Do not distress yourself about me, fair saint! I shall trouble you no more after this evening!"

What did he mean? What could Thurston mean? Trouble her no more after this evening! She did not understand the words, but they went through her bosom like a sword. She did not reply—she could not. She wished to say:

"Oh, Thurston, if you could read my heart—how singly it is devoted to you—how its thoughts by day, and dreams by night are filled with histories and images of what I would be, and do or suffer for you—of how faithfully I mean to love and serve you in all our coming years—you would not mistake me, and get angry because you would know my heart." But these words Marian could not have uttered had her life depended on it.

"Go on, Marian, the moor is no safer than the forest; I shall attend you across it."

And they went on until the light from Old Field Cottage was visible. Then Marian said:

"You had better leave me now. They are sitting up and watching for me."

"No! go on, the night is very dark. I must see you to the gate."

They walked rapidly, and just as they approached the house Marian saw a little figure wandering about on the moor, and which suddenly sprang toward her with an articulate cry of joy! It was Miriam, who threw herself upon Marian with such earnestness of welcome that she did not notice Thurston, who now raised his hat slightly from his head, with a slight nod, and walked rapidly away.

"Here she is mother! Oh! here she is!" cried Miriam, pulling at Marian's dress, and drawing her in the house.

"Oh! Marian, how anxious you have made us! Where have you been?" asked Edith, in a tone of love, half of vexation.

"I have been detained," said Marian, in a low voice.

The cottage room was very inviting. The evening was just chilly enough to make the bright little wood fire agreeable. On the clean hearth before it sat the tea-pot and a covered plate of toast waiting for Marian. And old Jenny got up and sat out a little stand, covered it with a white napkin, and put the tea and toast, with the addition of a piece of cold chicken and a saucer of preserves, upon it. And Marian laid off her straw bonnet and muslin scarf, and sat down and tried to eat, for affectionate eyes had already noticed the trouble of her countenance, and were watching her now with anxiety.

"You do not seem to have an appetite, dear; what is the matter?" asked Edith.

"I am not very well," said Marian, rising and leaving the table, and refraining with difficulty from bursting into tears.

"It's dat ar cussed infunnelly party at Lockemup—last Toosday!" said Jenny, as she cleared away the tea service—"a-screwin' up tight in cuseds an' ball-dresses! an' a-dancin' all night till broad daylight! 'sides heavin' of ever so much unwholesome 'fectionery trash down her t'roat—de constitution ob de United States hisself couldn't stan' sich! much less a delicy young gall! I 'visses ov you, honey, to go to bed."

"Indeed, Marian, it was too much for you to lose your rest all night, and then have to get up early to go to school. You should have had a good sleep this morning. And then to be detained so late this evening. Did you have to keep any of the girls in, or was it a visit from the trustees that detained you?"

"Neither," said Marian, nervously, "but I think I must take Jenny's advice and go to bed."

CHAPTER XVIII.

From that miserable night, Marian saw no more of Thurston, except occasionally at church, when he came at irregular intervals, and maintained the same coolness and distance of manner toward her and with matchless self command, too, since often his heart yearned toward her with almost irresistible force.

Cold and calm as was his exterior, he was suffering not less than Marian; self-tossed with passion, the strong currents and counter-currents of his soul whirled as a moral maelstrom, in which both reason and conscience threatened to be engulfed.

And in these mental conflicts judgment and understanding were often observed and bewildered, and the very boundaries of right and wrong lost.

His appreciation of Marian waved with his moods.

When very angry he would mentally denounce her as a cold, prudent, calculating woman, who had entrapped him into a secret marriage, and having secured his hand, would now risk nothing for his love, and himself as a weak, fond fool, the tool of the beautiful, proud diplomat, whom it would be justifiable to circumvent, to defeat, and to humble in some way.

At such times he felt a desire, amounting to a strong temptation, to abduct her—to get her into his power, and make her feel that power. No law could protect her or punish him—for they were married.

But here was the extreme point at which reaction generally commenced, for Thurston could not contemplate himself in that character—playing such a part, for an instant.

And then when a furtive glance would show him Marian's angel face, fairer and paler and more pensive than ever before—a strong counter-current of love and admiration approaching to worship, would set in, and he would look upon her as a fair saint worthy of translation to heaven, and upon himself as a designing but foiled conspirator, scarcely one degree above the most atrocious villain. "Currents and counter-currents" of stormy passion, where is the pilot that shall guide the understanding safely through them? It is no wonder, that once in a while a mind is wrecked.

Marian, sitting in her pew, saw nothing in his face or manner to indicate that inward storm. She only saw the sullen, freezing exterior. Even in his softened moods of penitence, Thurston dared not seek her society.

For Marian had begun to recover from the first abject prostration of her sorrow, and her fair, resolute brow and sad, firm lips mutely assured him that she never would consent to be his own until their marriage could be proclaimed.

And he durst not trust himself in her tempting presence, lest there should be a renewal of those humiliating scenes he had endured.

Thus passing a greater portion of the summer; during which Thurston gradually dropped off from the church, and from all other haunts where he was likely to encounter Marian, and as gradually began to frequent the Catholic chapel, and to visit Luckenough, and to throw himself as much as possible into the distracting company of the pretty el Jacquelina. But this—while it threw Dr. Grimshaw almost into frenzy, did not help Thurston to forget the good and beautiful Marian. Indeed, by contrast, it seemed to make her more excellent and lovely.

(To be Continued.)

FARM NOTES.

The genuine, full-blood, thoroughbred scrub farmer never likes high-class stock, fine varieties of fruits, a pretty home, or improved premises. To him any old thing is good enough.

There should be no communication between the stable and the carriage house, and the manure heap should be located as far away from the latter as possible. Ammonia fumes crack and destroy varnish and fade the colors both of painting and lining.

When milk has been found to contain impurities, or sours more quickly than it ought to, the fault is laid at the door of the milkman, the dealer, the milk station, the farmer or the cow; but in many instances it does not occur to the person who finds the fault to lay it just where it belongs, but where it is seldom brought home, and that is to the housekeeper.

The chief fertilizing element in poultry manure is nitrogen in the form of ammonium compounds. If wood ashes or lime or any alkaline compound is mixed with the poultry manure, the nitrogen passes off into the form of ammonia. Chemically stated, the transformation is something like this: The ammonium nitrate of the manure uniting with the caustic potash of the wood ashes is resolved into potassium nitrate, water and free ammonia. Now soil or gypsum with the hen manure has just the opposite effect, because these materials mechanically absorb and conserve the volatile ammonium compounds.

Many a man who boasts that he does not know the meaning of fear is still young enough to get married.

THE UNRIVALLED ... enterprise

"SALADA" ... hot, steaming cup of fragrant

Natural Green Ceylon Tea has Placed it on top. Packed only in sealed lead packets, the same as delicious Salada Black Tea.

40c, 50c and 60c per lb. AT ALL GROCERS.

Highest Award St. Louis, 1904

KENTUCKY'S GREATEST THOROUGHBRED SALE
WILL BE THE
Fasig-Tipton Co's Sixth Annual Sale,
TO BE HELD AT WILSON'S HORSEMEN'S HEADQUARTERS
LEXINGTON, KENTUCKY,
DECEMBER 12 - 16, 1905.

Entire disposal sale of Maj. B. G. Thomas & Thos. R. Gardner; Dixiana Stud, Col. W. L. Simmons; Ashgrove Stud, Estate of E. W. Lee, R. S. Payne.
ALL THE PROMINENT BREEDERS have made entries, comprising Stallions, Brood Mares, Yearlings and horses to race.

Commencing Monday Morning, December 4

FASIG-TIPTON & CO. will sell at VANTASSELL and KEARNEY'S, New York City, the entire
Rancho del Paso Stud, of California
Comprising Stallions and Brood Mares of extreme quality.

FOR CATALOGUE OF LEXINGTON SALE ADDRESS Thos. F. Kelly, Lexington, Ky.

FOR CATALOGUE OF RANCHO DEL PASO SALE ADDRESS Fasig-Tipton Co., Madison Square Gardens, N. Y.

MAGNIFICENT
Blue Fox Ruff
FREE
NO MONEY REQUIRED

Think of it, a beautiful Ruff of Blue Fox, the most fashionable fur worn, given absolutely free. Such an offer was never made before. The reason we can afford to do it is that we arranged for these handsome furs during the dull season in the summer and got them nearly at cost. The Ruff is 41 inches long, nearly 4 inches wide, made of the handsomest Blue Fox Fur, very rich, soft and fluffy. It is warmly padded, lined with the same shades satin and ornamented with four long tails of Blue Fox also. Such a handsome Fur has never before been given away, and you can get it so easy. Just send us your name and address, plainly, and we will mail you 2 doz. sets of

Picture Post-Cards

to sell at 10c. a set (4 cards to a set.) They are beautifully colored, all the rage, and sell like hot cakes. Such an opportunity was never offered before to the women and girls of Canada. You couldn't buy anything in the Fur Stores that would look richer, be more becoming or more stylish, and remember, it won't cost you one cent. Write today. We trust you and send the Picture Post-Cards postpaid. Colonial Art Co., Dept. 82, Toronto

THE MUTINY AT SAN

pale
...ng away, you
womanhood is
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care can do any
medicine cannot save
health and a hope-
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an make her a healthy,
...sy-cheeked girl. And Dr.
Pink Pills actually make
... i with every dose. That is
whole secret of how they have
saved thousands of pale, anaemic
girls from an early grave. Miss
Alice Chaput, aged 17 years, living
at 475 St. Timothee street, Montreal, gives strong proof of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills to cure. "A couple of years ago" says Miss Chaput, "I was an almost continuous sufferer, and became so weak I could hardly go about. I suffered from frequent and prolonged spells of dizziness, I had frightful headaches, and my stomach was completely out of order. The least exertion would leave me worn out and breathless, and I did not appear to have a drop of good blood in my body. I consulted a doctor, who told me the trouble was general debility, but his treatment did not help me a particle. To add to the trouble my nerves gave way, and I often passed sleepless nights. At this stage a friend advised me to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and I got a few boxes. The first benefit I noticed from the use of the pills was an improved appetite, and this seemed to bring much relief. I continued taking the pills until I had used six boxes, when I was fully restored to health, and I have not had a day's illness since. I cannot praise Dr. Williams' Pink Pills enough for the great good they have done me."

A pale anaemic person needs only one thing—new blood. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills do one thing only—they make new blood. That is all they do, but they do it well. They don't act on the bowels. They don't bother with mere symptoms. They won't cure any disease that isn't caused originally from bad blood. But when Dr. Williams' Pink Pills replace bad blood with good blood they strike straight at the root and cause of all common diseases like headaches, sidenches, backaches, kidney trouble, liver complaint, biliousness, indigestion, anaemia neuralgia, sciatica, locomotor ataxia and the special secret troubles that every woman knows but that none of them like to talk about, even to their doctors. But you must have the genuine pills or you can't be cured, and the genuine always have the full name, "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around the box. Sold by all medicine dealers or sent direct by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Ladies

ESCAPED ARREST IN COFFIN.

Strange and Gruesome Device Resorted to by Swindler.

A strange and somewhat gruesome device, by which a man named Baker, charged the other day with fraud, succeeded in once evading arrest, and a second time in dodging a summons, was described at the West Ham Police Court, London England.

On one occasion, when "wanted," Baker was understood to be at an undertaker's shop at Manor Park, and the officers of the court went there to apprehend him. But he could not be found, though the place was thoroughly searched.

On trestles in the shop was a coffin, in which the police were informed there lay a body. In the presence of the officers the coffin was screwed up and taken away to, as was intimated, a public mortuary.

A day or so later it was discovered that the supposed dead man in the coffin was no other than Mr. Baker, whose friends had collaborated with him in this way of evading arrest.

On the second occasion a judgment summons was to be served. This time a woman at the house said that Mr. Baker was very ill and could not be seen.

When the officers next called the blinds were all down, and they were told that the defendant had died that morning. Then came a coffin, and the "body" was again removed.

After each of these adventures Mr. Baker started business in another part of London.

He has now been sent for trial on the charge of fraud.

MISERABLE NIGHTS.

Nothing so demoralizes an infant and enslaves the parents as to take a cross or wakeful baby from the bed and walk him up and down the floor during the night. The baby cries because it is not well—generally because its stomach is sour, its little bowels congested and its skin hot and feverish. Relieve this and baby will sleep soundly all night, growing stronger and better every day. Just what mothers need to keep baby healthy and make him sleep soundly is Baby's Own Tablets, which cure all stomach, bowel and teething troubles and thus promote natural health-giving sleep. Mrs. Wm. Holmes, Dacre, Ont., says: "My baby was troubled with sour stomach and was constipated most of the time, and was always cross and restless. I gave him Baby's Own Tablets and found them a complete success and would not be without them." You can get Baby's Own Tablets from any druggist, or by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

Life is short at best—and perhaps that is the best thing that can be said about it.

ENGLISHMEN IN DUELS.

Famous Men Who Fought With Swords or Pistols.

The Earl of Kimberley's much discussed challenge to Col. Sapwell is a reminder that though the days of duelling are considered to have passed in England the fighting spirit will still break out on occasions, says the London Express.

Not so very long ago Mr. Winston Churchill was challenged to an encounter a l'outrance by an irate constituent at Oldham. One hesitates to think what would have happened had Mr. Churchill had leisure enough to resume his martial role.

Lord Beaconsfield once challenged O'Connell to a duel, but the famous statesman found himself bound over to keep the peace in a police court instead of departing across the Channel to blow out the brains of his political opponent.

O'Connell himself fought a duel with a member of the Irish House of Commons named D'Esterre and killed his opponent.

Another fatal duel was that in which Lord Camelford, one of the most confirmed duelists of his day and a man who had the death of more than one fellow creature on his hands, was killed by Mr. Best. Both were excellent shots, and one of the two pistols used was supposed to be slightly more perfect than the other. A piece of money was tossed up to decide the choice. Best won, and in the result Lord Camelford fell mortally wounded.

The last duel fought in Ireland was between a Mayor of Sligo and a member of the legal profession, but honors were declared easy, for nothing happened.

Mr. Tierney charged Pitt with "obstructing the defences of the country," and that oratorical observation sounded so terrible in the ears of the eminent statesman that he sent his seconds to Mr. Tierney.

The two met at 3 o'clock one Sunday morning at Putney Heath, not far from the Kingston road, fired two shots at each other and then returned home quite well for breakfast.

Charles James Fox, Pitt's brilliant rival, took occasion to make some scathing observations on the powder supplied by the War Office and promptly received a challenge from Mr. Adams. Fox accepted, the duel was fought, and the statesman was wounded. "Adams," he is reported to have said on that lamentable occasion, "I do believe you'd have killed me if you hadn't used Government powder."

"HARMSWORTH SELF-EDUCATOR."

First English Periodical Firm to Publish in Canada.

The latest, and according to all accounts, the best of any publication that Sir Alfred Harmsworth has ever had anything to do with, has been selected as the first publication of that famous publishing house to be printed and published in Canada. At the same moment that the announcement is made in England that the Harmsworth periodicals are paying 40 per cent. dividend this year, is made public the fact that a number of the Harmsworth men have commenced publishing from the Janes Building in Toronto. Mr. Murray is in charge of operations and he describes the Harmsworth Self-Educator as being really the most remarkable publication of its kind ever attempted. He says that every possible subject upon which a man or woman can need information is included within its pages, being a practical guide to all professions and trades with the last word upon all arts and sciences in addition to teaching six languages, shorthand, typewriting and all the practical details of everyday life at home, school or at work. The publication will be sold in semi-monthly parts for fifteen cents each, costing altogether less than eight dollars.

BUBBLES.

Time honored—the grandfather's clock.

Parts of speech—"Ladies and gentlemen."

With some people idle words are overworked.

The moneyed man does not always have the true ring.

Would you call the stingy pugilist close fisted?

Tongues run, so a wagon's tongue is part of the running gear.

The wheel of fortune sometimes goes wrong even for the wheelwright.

In a war of words the combatants simply shoot off their mouths.

It's more than a crook can do to keep himself straight.

In thinking he fools others a man often shows what a fool he is.

The hangman doesn't seem to have many admirers on the string.

A sham fit of drunkenness may look like the real thing.

Glass eyes are not always for drinking in the beauties of the scene.

A little difference in opinion between two friends often makes a big difference.

To a woman nobody to talk to is a situation of unspeakable misery.

An invoice some merchants know little about—the voice of conscience.

Except for their noses there are people who cannot be snubbed.

TO MAKE A BAROMETER.

A simple barometer that can be made for one's self, and which though old, may be new to some, is made as follows: Two drachms of camphor, half drachm of pure saltpetre, half drachm of muriate of ammonia, and two ounces of proof spirits, in a glass tube or narrow phial, will make a very good weather guide. In dry weather the solution will remain clear. On the approach of change, minute stars will rise up in the liquid, while stormy weather will be indicated by the very disturbed condition of the chemical combination.

IT WAS NOT A FAITH CURE

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS CURED MRS. ADAMS' BRIGHT DISEASE.

She Did Not Believe in Them, but To-day She is Strong and Well.

Collingwood, Ont., Nov. 27 (Special).—Mrs. Thos. Adams, who moved here about two years ago from Burk's Falls, is one of the many Canadians who once had Bright's Disease and are now strong and well. Like all the others she was cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"I was eight months an invalid," says Mrs. Adams, "and no one can tell what I suffered. My doctor said I had Bright's Disease and Sciatica, but I got no relief from anything he gave me. At last a friend of my husband induced me to give Dodd's Kidney Pills a trial. I had no faith in them, though I never would get better, but after taking three boxes of them I was able to do my work. I have had good health ever since I used Dodd's Kidney Pills."

ANKLETS OF GOLD.

English Women Use Ancient Symbols of Slavery.

The anklet, after hundreds of years, has returned to favor in London, and is to grace the slender ankle of the belle of to-day.

The modern anklet resembles the plain gold band first worn as a sign of bondage. Being a slave no more, woman, as is her habit, is only too glad to play with the symbol of slavery, provided the symbol is becoming. Therefore, the anklet graces the foot of the girl who wants to be just a little more than merely up-to-date.

Oriental anklets are much in demand, and in many instances these are supplied with a hinge and clasp, and slip round the foot easily.

Some of the new anklets are the tiniest gold bands inscribed with ancient charms, said to defend the wearer from all diseases and from evil of every kind.

Other anklets are made of precious stones strung together. These are worn under the stocking, and scarcely show through, so fine and small are they.

Phoenician glass or beaten gold anklets carved in hieroglyphics are very popular, and will probably be worn at winter dances.

A Great Combination. "Ferrovim" the *best tonic* is. It should be taken by all invalids, by all who are run down or out of sorts. It builds up, gives new life.

BEFOREHAND.

Harry—Whisky is said to be a good antidote for snake bites, isn't it?

Jack—I don't know. I find it an excellent preventive.

A Soothing Oil.—To throw oil upon the troubled waters means to subdue to calmness the most boisterous sea. To apply Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil to the troubled body when it is racked with pain means speedy subjugation of the most refractory elements. It cures pain, heals bruises, takes the fire from burns, and as a general household medicine is useful in many ailments. It is worth much.

Customer—"Not long ago I came in here and bought a porous plaster to help me get rid of the lumbago." Clerk—"Yes, sir. What can I do for you now?" Customer—"I want something now to help me get rid of the plaster."

The President a Slave to Catarrh.—D. T. Sample, president of Sample's Instalment Company, Washington, Pa., writes: "For years I was afflicted with Chronic Catarrh. Remedies and treatment by specialists only gave me temporary relief until I was induced to use Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. It gave almost instant relief. 50 cents.—49.

First Lawyer—"It seems to me you let that last witness down pretty easily in your cross-examination." Second Lawyer—"I had to. He is my tailor, and I owe him a big bill."

Many Thanks are due from the proprietors of Weaver's Cerato to friends who have written to tell of the Cerato's good word in curing scrofulous humors, scald head and other skin diseases.

Wife (as they are preparing for church)—"I am sorry to have to say it, but I never knew you to agree with me in anything." Husband (struggling with a buttonless shirt)—"You are mistaken, my dear; there is one conception of yours that I cheerfully acquiesce in." Wife—"Indeed! And what is that, pray?" Husband—"That woman's work is never done."

They Are a Powerful Nervine.—Dyspepsia causes derangement of the nervous system, and nervous debility once engendered is difficult to deal with. There are many testimonials as to the efficacy of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills in treating this disorder, showing that they never fail to produce good results. By giving proper tone to the digestive organs, they restore equilibrium to the nerve centres.

A HANDSOME SOUVENIR.

The Grand Trunk Railway System have issued a beautiful set of playing cards which contain fifty-two views of scenes on their lines, reproduced in half-tone engravings—an illustration on the face of each card. The stock of which the cards are made is the best that can be obtained for the purpose, prepared by a waterproof process by the well known English firm of Goodall & Sons, London. The backs contain a handsome design beautifully lithographed in eight colors. The cards have gold edges and are neatly boxed. They are for sale by news agents on Grand Trunk trains, and at the news stands and make an interesting souvenir not only for one's home but to send to distant friends.

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Sunlight Soap

is a perfect cleaner and will not injure anything.

Best for all household purposes, Sunlight Soap's superiority is most conspicuous in the washing of clothes.

Common soaps destroy the painted or varnished surfaces of woodwork and take the color out of clothes.

Even the daintiest linen or lace, or the most delicate colors may be safely washed with Sunlight Soap in the Sunlight way (follow directions).

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Your money refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

157

EXTERNALLY.

Tramp—I lived on water once for six months.

Lady—Well, I must say you don't look it.

Tramp—I uster be a sailor.

Allen's Lung Balsam, in which there is no opium, cures sore throat and sore lungs as it allays the inflammation and rids you of the mucous that stops up the air passages. 25c., 50c., $1.00 bottles.

YOU CAN'T TELL.

Life is not always what it seems, for there's many a silver watch on the end of a gold chain.

Mild in Their Action.—Parmelee's Vegetable Pills are very mild in their action. They do not cause griping in the stomach or cause disturbances there as so many pills do. Therefore, the most delicate can take them without fear of unpleasant results. They can too, be administered to children without imposing the penalties which follow the use of pills not so carefully prepared.

HER UNSEEMLY PERVERSITY.

Mrs. Hunks—I wish you wouldn't be so positive. There are two sides to every question.

Old Hunks (with a roar)—Well, that's no reason why you should always be on the wrong side!

"My Heart was Thumping my Life out" is the way Mrs. R. H. Wright, of Brockville, Ont., describes her sufferings from smothering, flutters ing and palpitation. After trying many remedies without benefit, six bottles of Dr. Agnew's Cure for the Heart restored her to health. The first dose gave almost instant relief, and in a day suffering ceased altogether.—61

LOGIC.

"I 'spect," said little Tommy after a study hour in his nature class, "that flowers shoot up because they have pistils inside of 'em."

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without any pain. What it has done once it will do again.

When a fellow has discovered that all his loose change has filtered through a hole in his trousers pocket, it is nearly impossible to get him to accept the scientific proposition that nothing is ever lost.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

FOR ALL KIDNEY DISEASES

CURES RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, BACKACHE

Discontinued the use of many remedies. Tried Dodd's Kidney Pills. The pupils may rely upon a cure of Bilious, Sold only in boxes.

A Pleasant Surprise

For tea drinkers is to give them a hot, steaming cup of fragrant

Blue Ribbon

TEA instead of the ordinary kind. They'll notice the difference quick enough, then nothing will do them but Blue Ribbon Tea.

TRY THE RED LABEL.

Size, 6x4½. Plaque same.

HOW TO RAISE MONEY

Easily and Quickly for Your Church

AID SOCIETY, SCHOOL, or any other purpose, NO RISK

Send us photographs (any size) of church and pastor, or other subjects and we will reproduce together, in beautiful half-tone, on 250 PLAIN, all of one or assorted; name, etc., letters as directed. Make beautiful, salable souvenirs. Yourself and fellow workers can quickly sell at 25c each.

KEEP $30.00, SEND US $20.00 any time within a month. We NO MONEY EXPECTED IN ADVANCE, but $25.00 accepted cash with order. Satisfaction guaranteed. One sample and booklet "How to Raise Money" (216 to 1650) free. Additional samples 10c each. Above articles an advertising souvenir for mercantile, etc., some price.

WISCONSIN MFG. CO., Dept. 205, MANITOWOC, WIS.

Remington Typewriter

NEW MODELS NOW READY

Every model of Remington Typewriter has been a success. There never was a Remington failure.

THE NEW MODELS represent the sum and substance of all Remington success—plus 30 years of experience in typewriter building.

We will be glad to have you call at our office and see the new models or send for illustrated booklet describing the new features.

Remington Typewriter Co.

33 Adelaide St. E., Toronto, Canada AND EVERYWHERE.

Tody—"Jennie tells me young Woodby proposed to her last night." Viola—"I don't think I know him. Is he well off?" Tody—"He certainly is. She refused him."

"Regular Practitioner—No Result."—Mrs. Annie C. Chestnut, of Whitby, was for months a rheumatic victim, but South American Rheumatic Cure changed the sou from "despair" to "joy." She says: "I suffered untold misery from rheumatism—doctors' medicines did me no good—two bottles of South American Rheumatic Cure cured me—relief two hours after the first dose.—50

A woman's idea of frankness is to have some man tell her how nice he thinks she is.

Often what appear to be the most trivial occurrence of life prove to be the most momentous. Things are disposed to regard a cold as a slight thing, deserving of little consideration, and this neglect often results in most serious ailments entailing years of suffering. Drive out colds and coughs with Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup, the recognized remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

"Blusher is the most bashful man I ever knew." "How on earth, then did he come to get married?" "He was too bashful to refuse."

Did you notice that old man limping along a day or so ago? Well, if he will put on his back "The D & L" Menthol Plaster, in a week he will walk as straight as any one.

NOT YET.

Terrified Toper—They ain't a-goin' to hang me, are they?

No, not now.

Better without a Stomach than with one that's got a constant "hurt" to it. Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets stimulate the digestive organs. Let one enjoy the good things of life and leave no bad effects—carry them with you in your vest pocket—60 in box, 35 cents.—48

"Mr. Manton says he never spoke a harsh word to his wife." "Yes," remarked a lady, "but was that due to kindness or caution? That's what I should like to know."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

POUCHKINE'S PROPHECY.

Apropos of the present disorders in Russia, the Manchester "Guardian" recalls the prophetic utterance of one of the most brilliant of Russian poets—Alexander Pouchkine. For his bold talk he was banished to the southern provinces:

"Think you," he said, "to dazzle for ever those heavy-eyed, drowsy multitudes by the splendor of the Czar's crown! Error. That splendor will fade, and just, too, at a time when it will be most needed. These sixty millions of swinish serfs sleep still, you say! True; but they will awake! Not certainly in our time, nor perhaps in that of our children, but awake they will; and when that moment comes the Emperor's sceptre will be a child's plaything; his divine right a jest; the supremacy of Russia a vanished dream! Be warned, and let the work that must be done be timely set about. The army, do you say? Pooh! On the day I speak of the extinguishers will be on fire, too." This was uttered more than three-quarters of a century ago, and it now looks as if time were to give it proof.

If you succeed in getting your head above the crowd—expect to have it hit.

O I C's, 2 months old, $8. Silver's highest-priced strain. Only best pigs shipped. CROSSROADS FARM, Flattsburg, N. Y.

FOR SALE — FIRST - CLASS fifty-acre fruit farm; only one mile from city limits of Niagara Falls. D. Cole, South End, Ont.

WANTED—RELIABLE PARTIES to do machine knitting for us at home; $7 to $10 per week easily earned; wool, etc., furnished free; distance no hindrance. For full particulars address the Dominion Knitting Co., Dept. M, Orillia, Ont.

Free to Ladies

A HANDSOME STICK PIN.

Send no money. Simply name and address to

COUNTY SUPPLY CO., Chatham, Ont.

30 Practical Every day Lessons on FARM ACCOUNTS For 75c. post paid. FARM PUB. HOUSE, Box 425, Chatham, Ont

CHENILLE CURTAINS and all kinds of house Hangings, also LACE CURTAINS DYED & CLEANED LIKE NEW. Write to us about yours. BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO., Box 150, Montreal

D. H. BASTEDO & CO. FUR MANUFACTURERS 77 King East, Toronto

LADIES' and MEN'S FUR and FUR-LINED COATS. Everything in Furs. Send for catalog. RAW FURS for price list.

PUMPS THE SMART-TURNER MACHINE CO. LTD. HAMILTON ONT.

FARMERS !

We are appointing one druggist or agent in every town or village all over Canada for the sale of our remedies. We treat successfully Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Hogs and Poultry. Young Colts with navel and joint disease.

Our Free Advice and Coupon System will interest you. Write for list of remedies and nearest agency. Stock-breeders can know too much about the diseases his animals are subject to.

The VETERINARY SPECIALTY CO., Limited 556 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO, ONT.

Nettie—"A girl doesn't often marry the man who is the best husband for her." Ned—"Of course not. If he is a good husband there is no occasion to marry him more than once."

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator. The greatest worm destroyer of the age.

TIME ENOUGH.

Borroughs—Say, old man, there was a time when you promised to share your last dollar with me.

Richley—That's all right; I haven't got down to it yet.

For 33 Years

Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, has been before the public, and this, together with the fact that its sales have steadily increased year by year, is the best proof of the merit of

Shiloh

as a cure for Coughs, Colds, and all diseases of the lungs and air passages. Those who have used Shiloh would not be without it. Those who have never used it should know that every bottle is sold with a positive guarantee that, if it doesn't cure you, the dealer will refund what you paid for it. Shiloh

Has Cured

thousands of the most obstinate cases of Coughs, Colds and Lung troubles. Let it cure you.

"Last winter I coughed for three months and thought I was going into Consumption. I took a party of my neighbors last summer did no any good until I used Shiloh's Consumption Cure. Two bottles cured me. That winter I had a very bad cold, was not able to speak, my lungs were sore as the sun and hoarse. Two bottles of Shiloh set me right. Shiloh gives it to several people and every one of them have been cured."—Joseph, St. Franciscus, Que.

SHILOH

25c. with guarantee at all druggists.

THE
NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW
MADOC, ONT.

J. R. ORR, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 per annum, if paid in advance; $1.50 if in arrears.

Contributions, articles and letters intended for publication must be addressed to the Editor.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—The date of expiration of all subscriptions is on the printed address slips.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Ten cents per solid nonpareil line for first insertion; three cents per line for subsequent insertions.

Advertisements unaccompanied with specific instructions will be inserted until ordered out.

SPECIAL RATES for Commercial Advertisements furnished on application.

Reading Notices, in local column,—10 cents per line single week, 5 cents for each succeeding week.

Notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged or where pecuniary benefit is realized,—10 cents per line. Same notices FREE when printing is ordered from this office.

Births, Deaths and Marriages inserted FREE.

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, DECEMBER 7, 1905.

—A MADRID journal announces that King Alfonso of Spain is to marry the Princess Victoria Eugenie, daughter of the Princess of Battenberg, and niece of King Edward VII. Great Britain and Spain have been allies before, and they may be so again.

—GREAT BRITAIN is to try a change of Governments. The Tory Balfour administration has resigned and Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman has been commissioned by the King to form a new Liberal government. An immediate appeal to the country is expected after the new ministry has been established in office.

—MICHIGAN excels all other states of the American union in the number of men killed by hunters in mistake for deer. A Milwaukie despatch says that when the hunting season in upper Michigan and northern Wisconsin closed Thursday night all records for casualties among hunters had been broken. Twenty-eight were killed and fifty-five wounded, some of whom are not expected to recover.

—ONTARIO is going to spend $150,000 this year on the betterment of its old and established roads. No other investment will pay better interest. A good road means more money in the farmer's pocket for the goods he carries over it, and a longer life for his waggons and horses. To the town dweller, it offers a delightful chance for carriage exercise, and will entice the automobilist and the cyclist farther afield. Europe could better do without its railways than without its net-work of good roads.

—IT IS surprising how many places in Ontario are endeavoring to claim some of the honor that has come lately to a now distinguished native of Madoc—Hon. Chas. W. Cross, the new Attorney-General of Alberta. His varied and brilliant career as a lacrosse player during his student days is the excuse many of our neighbors take for associating his name with their otherwise more or less obscure towns. Orillia papers claimed him because he played lacrosse there one season; Clinton refers with pride to the fact that "Charlie" helped the team of that place to win victories some 10 or 12 years ago; and even our nearer neighbor, Marmora, swells with joy over the fact that some years ago "Mr. Cross played lacrosse in Marmora,"—although they don't go into particulars by explaining that his visits to that 'burg was to assist in defeating their players, as a member of that great aggregation of lacrossists that Madoc was so proud of in past years. As citizens of Madoc we have first claim in participating in Mr. Cross's honors—he is a native born, he was educated in our schools, and—he learned to play lacrosse in Madoc.

BORN

FARGEY—In Bawdon, on Nov. 26, to Mr. and Mrs. Alex. B. Fargey,

DIED

HOLLAND—In Madoc township, on Wednesday, November 29th, Barney Holland, aged 76 years, 6 months.

BIRD—In Madoc township, on Saturday, Dec. 2, Robert Bird, aged 50 years, 3 months and 12 days.

News-Argus:—The many friends of Mrs. Newton Conley will be grieved to learn of her sudden death, which occurred at her home near Bowsman, Man., on the 10th inst., from heart failure, after four days' illness. Deceased was a kind and loving mother, and leaves to mourn her loss a husband, one son and five daughters. The remains were interred in the Bowsman cemetery. The sorrowing friends have the sympathy of the entire community.

"Cheese is King."

Its Production Surpasses all Other Industries—Hastings County Leads the Dominion.

Hastings County produces more cheese than any other single county in Canada, there being nearly 100 factories within its limits. The following statistics, which have been gathered from the most reliable sources, make highly interesting and instructive reading:—

The total amount of cheese marketed in Hastings county during 1905 was 190,000 boxes, or averaging the boxes at 85 lbs. each, 16,530,000 lbs., and the amount paid for the same was $1,756,312.50.

The cheese made in Hastings alone was 158,000 boxes, weighing 13,746,000 lbs. and having a total value of $1,460,512.50. This includes goods made in Hastings but marketed in other counties.

On the Belleville market during the season there were sold 92,000 boxes, weighing 8,004,000 lbs., and the value of the cheese was $850,425. The balance was sold on the Madoc, Stirling, Tweed and Bancroft Boards.

The season just closed has been the most profitable ever experienced, the average price having been 10½c.

The vast importance of the agricultural industry to this county can be but partially gauged by the foregoing figures. The enormous sum of nearly one and a half millions of dollars paid to the farmers of Hastings for one—certainly the most important—of their products warrants the assumption that at least an equal amount must have been realized by them from their other products.

Our farmers are prosperous, and they deserve to be, for they are, with few exceptions, hard-working and intelligent men, who conduct their business on up-to-date lines.

Bondholders have seized the British American Hotel at Kingston.

The display of Canadian apples in London is said to be the best ever seen in England.

Thomas Hiram Lloyd, the Newmarket lawyer, pleaded guilty on three charges of theft and was sentenced to eighteen months in Central prison.

New Advertisements.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

TOWNSHIP OF MADOC.

Notice is hereby given that the nominations which must be made in writing, for Reeve and four Councillors, for the Township of Madoc, for the year 1906, will be held in the

Town Hall, Eldorado,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905.

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon,

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

Division No. 1—Hart's School-house, John A. Ketcheson, Deputy Returning Officer.

Division No. 2—McCoy's School-house, George Smith, Deputy Returning Officer.

Division No. 3—Town Hall, John Rupert, Deputy Returning Officer.

Division No. 4—O'Hara's School-house, James Bird, Deputy Returning Officer.

WM. T. ALLEN,
Township Clerk.

Madoc, December 5, 1905.

For Sale.

1 pair work Horses, Harness, Waggon, Whiffle-tree, Neck-yoke, 1 pair Cheboygan Sleighs, 1 covered Buggy, to be sold at a bargain.

THOMAS STOUT,
49 Ivanhoe.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

VILLAGE of MADOC.

Notice is hereby given that the nominations of Reeve, 4 Councillors and 3 School Trustees, for the Village of Madoc, for 1906, will be held in

Town Hall, Madoc,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905,

at the hour of 7.30 o'clock p.m.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

No. 1—Town Hall, W. H. Brooks, Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 2—Bowen's Building, D. O'Hara, Returning Officer.

All nominations must be made in writing, signed by both nominator and seconder.

B. O'HARA.
Village Clerk.

Madoc, December 5th, 1905.

New Grocery

—AND—

Butcher Shop

The undersigned begs to announce that he has commenced business as

Butcher and Grocer

IN THE

Premises Lately Occupied by Mr. F. G. Lynde.

We hope by fair dealing and right prices to merit a fair share of the public patronage.

We will pay the highest market prices for Eggs and first-class Butter.

Call and see what we will do for you.

G. A. FERGUSON,
Madoc.

P.S.—We have just received a supply of Confectionery for the Christmas trade.

$10,000 SURE

before buying

—AT—

Y YOU.

T. L. Nickle's New Warer eautiful

space

We have just completed extensive improvements to our warerooms, having r us extra story, complete new glass front, enlarged the inner part of the store, and we ar a position to display and handle a still larger quantity of goods than ever. We have oc a very heavy stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Furs, including Caps, Mitts, Gauntlets, Robes.

WE HAVE ALSO PUT IN A LARGE STOCK OF

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, Harness and Cutters.

THE BELL PIANO, with the illimitable repeating action, is an attractive novelty.

We have decided to have an **Opening of Our New Store for the 'Xmas Trade**, beginning Dec. 9th and lasting until after the 'Xmas holidays, and we are giving a special large discount off our entire stock throughout, during this period. Representatives from the different firms with whom we deal will be present to assist in showing the goods. Do not fail to see that wonderful Oxford Cream Separator, running completely on ball bearings. A large stock of them will be on exhibition in our warerooms. We have the greatest novelty in a new Sewing Machine. Dressmakers and all who are interested should call and see this machine in operation.

Any person interested in the purchase of any of the above goods will do well to call early and select what you want. We will have extra help on to show customers our stock.

Trusting to have an early call, yours for business,

T. L. NICKLE.

See posters for further information.

Farm for Sale.

The west half of lot No. 1, in the 6th concession of Elzevir, containing 100 acres, more or less, will be sold very reasonable. For full particulars, call at the premises, or write to

JOSEPH GREATRIX,
47-4 Actinolite, P. O.

Wanted

Cheesemaker for The Ridge Cheese Factory, near Coe Hill. Output 4100 lbs. Tenders will be received till January 1, 1906, by the undersigned.

GEO. PATTISON,
48-3 President.
Coe Hill, Dec. 30, 1905.

Estray.

Came into the premises of the undersigned on or about the 1st of August, five Yearlings. Owners can have same by proving property, paying charges and taking them away.

POTTER'S HOTEL,
48-3 Millbridge.

Nothing Like Leather

when well put together. Here is where you will get the best of French stock made up in new work and in repairing five per cent. cheaper and five per cent. better than elsewhere.

47-3 WM. MOORE,
on corner opposite Mr. Wilson's.

Cheesemaker Wanted

Cheesemaker wanted for Greenview factory. Applicant will please state price per pound. Applications will be received up to January 1st, 1906.

JAMES McALPINE, Pres.,
47-3 Maynooth P. O.

Teacher Wanted.

Male or female Teacher, second or third class certificate, for S. S. No. 1, Wollaston. Salary $300 per annum to one with some experience, duties to commence January 3rd, 1906. Apply to

GEO. PATTISON,
47-3 Sec.-Treas., Coe Hill.

Tax Notice.

Notice is hereby given that all taxes due the township of Madoc, must be paid by the 15th of December, or costs will be added. The undersigned will be at J. C. Dale & Co's. bank every day from 1 to 4 o'clock, until above date.

ARCH. THOMPSON,
48-2 Collector.
Madoc, Nov. 25, 1905.

Lost--3 Hounds,

from Hubb's Hunting Camp at Mann's Lake, was seen last Nov. 8th, 1 pair of white Hound Dogs, with a few large black spots on bodies, with tan heads and ears, a strip of red paint whole length of back, good size and look much alike, one a little shorter in head. The other is a white dog with black spots, and a spot of red paint on top of head, fair size. Any person leaving word with Mr. Alfred Jenner, merchant, Millbridge, or Bruce E. Johnson, Picton, or return them will be suitably rewarded for their trouble. 48

Get Ready for Winter.

Get ready for Winter!

Have that roof fixed!

Have the plumbing put in A1 order!

And if you haven't bought that stove or that furnace,---don't wait another day!

While we're busy attending to the wants of those who know it pays to prepare for Winter before it arrives,—still we will give your needs our personal attention.

We employ only experienced workmen who do honest, faithful work,—and our prices will be mutually satisfactory.

If you need a Stove or Furnace,—come in and let us talk it over with you,—explain the merits of our line,—quote our prices.

But don't delay!

M. W. CONNOR & SON.

ANNOUNCEMENT!

Tinsmithing and Plumbing

Owing to the illness of our tinsmith, Mr. Russell, we have been rather handicapped with our tinsmith and sheet metal work for the last couple of months, but we are pleased to announce that we have engaged Mr. Harvey Hart, a practical tinsmith and plumber of 18 years' experience in one of the best shops in Canada. This should be sufficient guarantee that we can give satisfaction in any Plumbing, Furnace and Tinsmith Work we may be favored with.

THOMPSON & DAFOE.

...QUITTING...

After Twenty Years' Service

I HAVE DECIDED TO

Sell Off My Stock, Value About $5,000

GOODS Just Right for the Season.

HERE IS THE LIST:

Men's Suits,
Youths' Suits,
Boys' Suits,
Mens' Overcoats,
Boys' Overcoats,
Youths' Overcoats,
Pea Jackets,
Cardigan Jackets,
Full-cloth Pants,
Home-made Tweed Pants,
Fine Tweed Pants,
Shirts and Drawers,
Top Shirts,
Overshirts,
Fine Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Sox and Mitts,
Hats and Caps,
Dry Goods,
Small Wares,
Wool Yarn,
Overalls.

All these Goods are first-class and just what you want for the season. Come and get a year's supply. This is one time that you make the money.

Don't forget your pocket-book.

THOS. McNAMARA.

MADOC, November, 1905.

THE MUTINY IS WANTED...

ALSO

Ladies and Children

—TO—

Buy 'Xmas Goods

TO GLADDEN EVERY HEART.

Suggestions for Ladies.

Great attractions in Furs and Jackets at greatly reduced prices. Collars, Belts, Gloves, Handkerchiefs. Blousings at half price.

For Children.

Coats, Toques, Mitts and Gloves.

For Men.

An endless variety of Caps, Ties, Braces, Handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Underwear, Gloves, Mitts, at prices to suit every purse.

ALEX. MILNE

The Central Ontario Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Eldorado station as follows:—

GOING NORTH.—	GOING SOUTH —
8.35a.m. for Bancroft	8.35 a.m., Trenton
4 p.m. for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Trains leave for the South, Coe Hill at 6.15 a.m. and Bancroft at 12.30 p.m.

GEO. COLLINS,
Receiver and Manager.

GO TO

= White's =

FOR YOUR

Storm Sash, Flooring, Siding, and Ceiling.

...Custom Work a Specialty...

Points for the different makes of Ploughs.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Will be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE.

- The Best Fruits -

is what you want for your 'Xmas preparations.

We have the best quality in every line at very low prices.

A Consignment of

DINNER SETS

imported from the manufacturers in England, expected to arrive this week.

We sell Good Goods Cheap.

GEO. WRIGHT'S.

HOME NEWS

MADOC, DECEMBER 7, 1905.

Business Notice.

All reading notices of gatherings or entertainments of any kind where an admission fee is charged will be counted as advertising, for which our regular rate will be charged. In cases where posters or dodgers have been printed at this office for such entertainment or gatherings a short notice will be inserted free of charge. Where an admission fee is not charged we will gladly publish a free notice, especially for churches, or church societies.

REVIEW, Madoc.

—Christmas entertainments are now in order.

—Mr. Joseph James was a visitor in Madoc yesterday.

—Mr. P. J. Hoover is doing some fancy store dressing in O'Hara's for the 'Xmas holidays.

☞ We pay 19c. for fresh BUTTER wrapped in cheese-cloth, and 4c. for DRIED APPLES. F. G. LYNDE.

—Municipal financial meetings will be held on Friday of next week, the 15th inst.

—Mr. James Stoneburg, an old resident of Madoc, has returned for a visit after an absence of some years.

—Hon. Chas. W. Cross, the Attorney-General of the new Province of Alberta, and Mrs. Cross, will be in Madoc the latter part of this week on a visit to their parents.

—Dr. Harper and Mr. Wm. Cross, village councillors, were present at the opening of the County Council in Belleville on Tuesday in the endeavor to have the County House of Refuge located at Madoc.

—Rev. W. J. Weatherill will preach in the Methodist Church, Madoc, next Sunday morning and evening. Rev. Dr. McDiarmid will hold anniversary services at Bethesda Church, White Lake, next Sunday.

—It is scarcely necessary to direct attention to Mr. T. L. Nickle's new advt. in this issue. With a $10,000 stock of seasonable goods on hand, Mr. Nickle as a matter of course wants the public to know all about it, and his large advt. will therefore be interesting reading to our subscribers.

☞ Have you seen T. L. Nickle's new store and large stock of goods? See advt.

—Harold Jarvis is acknowledged the prince of singers in this country. The ladies of the Methodist church who had enterprise enough to bring such an attraction to Madoc should be encouraged. Masonic Hall, Friday evening, 8th inst.

—Attention is directed to the new advt. of G. A. Ferguson in another column, who has opened a new butcher shop and grocery in his block, near the mill, St. Lawrence street. Mr. Ferguson asks for a share of the public patronage and no doubt will get it. Read his announcement.

CHRISTMAS SALE.

There will be a sale of fancy needlework, suitable for 'Xmas gifts, by the Ladies' Aid of St. John's church, to be held in their rooms over O'Hara store, on Thursday, Dec. 14th, afternoon and evening, at 3 and 7 p.m. 2t

—Only two weeks and a half to Christmas.

—Miss May Stevens, of Peterboro, is visiting friends in Madoc.

—Mrs. Adam Corrigal and Miss Bessie have returned home after spending three weeks in Toronto and Peterboro.

☞ 'XMAS TREE at McCoy's in aid of Sabbath School. Good programme. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

—Miss Mabel Alcombrack returned home last week after visiting friends in Toronto, Woodstock and other places.

—Now is a good time to commence your Christmas shopping. Consult the advertising columns of THE REVIEW before buying.

—A very pleasant evening was spent at the home of Mr. T. B. Reynolds, Huntingdon, on Monday the 4th, by a number of his friends.

—Read carefully all the new Christmas announcements of the Madoc merchants in this issue of THE REVIEW. You can get anything you want for 'Xmas presents in Madoc.

—Don't fail to hear the great tenor, Mr. Harold Jarvis, in the Masonic Hall, on Friday evening. He is undoubtedly the greatest singer in Canada.

—MacGregor's windows have been the loadstone of attraction for juveniles during the past week. And no wonder; Santa Claus himself will turn green with envy when he sees Mac's Christmas stock.

☞ T. L. Nickle invites everyone to visit his warerooms, and inspect the fine stock of goods, whether intending to purchase or not. Come and bring your neighbors and friends.

—Mr. Lewis Phillips during the late hunting season, shot a mulley buck, the first ever seen in these parts. It was a very large specimen, and was killed near Quinlan's dam, north of Madoc township.

—Mr. P. P. Dougan, who has spent the past number of years at Regina, Sask., returned to his Madoc home last week, and will spend the winter here. He will go back to the great West again next spring.

—Bancroft Times:—Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Sargent left on Saturday for Belleville, where they will remain until the first of the year, and will then take a trip to Cuba. We hope to welcome them back to Bancroft with the flowers that bloom in the spring.

—Madoc Oddfellows will hold an "At Home,"—re-union and presentation of Veteran's Jewels—on Monday evening next, in their rooms. The event is more particularly for Oddfellows, their wives and members of their families. The Grand Master, Mr. T. H. Blewett, of Ingersoll, has wired that he will be here and officially present the Jewels. This is the first time a Grand Officer has visited Madoc Lodge, and every member should be present to greet him.

Coming.

The Newton-McWatters Company, famous society entertainers, will be in Madoc and give one of their popular and high-class concerts, with illustrated songs, in the Masonic Hall on the evening of Thursday, December 14th. Prices 25c. and 35c., children 15c. Plan of hall at Maybee's jewelry store.

St. Peter's Church.

On Sunday, December 10th, Rev. W. Beattie, of Cobourg, who, for some time, was assistant to Rev. W. Paterson, of Cook's Church, Toronto, will conduct the services, morning and evening, in the Presbyterian church, Madoc. Mr. Mackay goes to Cobourg to conduct anniversary services there and to lecture on Monday evening.

Hockey Club Organized.

A Hockey Club has been organized in Madoc and will start practicing as soon as the new rink is in shape. With some of the older players and some of last season's junior team chances are bright for a good team for this season, and some good matches may be expected. Other teams please communicate with the Secretary, R. H. Joyce.

Harold Jarvis Concert.

Do not fail to hear the Harold Jarvis Concert Company to-morrow evening in the Masonic Hall. This will be the concert of the season. Tickets are going rapidly. Those who have heard him last year need no words of commendation from us. To those who did not attend the concert last year we would say come along and you will be sure to be pleased.

Honor Roll,

The following is the Honor Roll for November for S. S. No. 1 Madoc:—

IV CLASS—Christina Trotter, Ina Jones, Grace Pringle.
III CLASS, SR.—John Walsh.
III CLASS, JR.—Nellie Tokley.
II CLASS—Oliver Trotter, Esther Tokley.
PART II—Rae Farrell.

H. M. BUCKLEY.

Election of Officers.

At the last regular meeting of L.O.L. No. 1133, Hazzard's Corners, the following officers were elected for 1906:

W.M.—James Burris.
D.M.—Jerry West.
Chap.—John Adams.
Rec. Sec.—Geo. A. Ketcheson.
Fin. Sec.—Fred Keene.
Treas.—John Trotter.
D. of C.—Wm. Farrell.
Lecs.—John Keene, Foster Broad.
Com. — Geo. Donohue, John N. Moore, sr., David Farrell, Joe Montgomery, Gomer West.

Village Council.

The regular meeting was held on Monday evening, all the members being present.

Communication was read from the manufacturers of a snow plow for use on sidewalks. The clerk was instructed to write for particulars, as it was deemed necessary to have a new plow for this winter.

A large number of accounts, for electric light supplies and also municipal indebtedness, salaries, etc., to wind up the business of the year, were ordered to be paid. These will be published in detail in the annual financial report before nomination day.

Robert Gordon asked for a rebate on costs incurred in advertising wrongfully and selling some cattle that had been put in his pound.

On motion of Couns. Cross and Harper, $13.75 was ordered to be refunded to Mr. Gordon.

Collector Morrice asked for information regarding the collection of taxes from young men who had been put in the list, but afterwards had been struck off by the Judge. He was referred to the Solicitor. Mr. Morrice all reported that he would have all taxes collected and in the bank before the 15th.

Mr. J. A. Caskey headed a deputation seeking information as to why an unnecessarily large amount of monies had been included in the Union school section estimates this year. It appears that, owing to a misunderstanding as to the law in the matter, the amount of Government and county grants had not been deducted when the school levy was made. It was pointed out that no change could be made now, and the extra amount would be a surplus for next year. The question incidentally brought up a very interesting discussion as to the actual period covered by the municipal and school levies each year, and on which there seemed to be a wide difference of opinion. The Reeve and Coun. Cross settled the matter by stating that the school estimates and municipal levy ended with the end of the same year, 31st Dec., in which the levy was made.

A by-law appointing places for holding municipal elections, and appointing deputy returning officers, was passed as follows:—

Poll No. 1.—Town Hall, W. H. Brooks, D.R.O.
Poll No. 2.—Bowen's building, B. O'Hara, R.O.

Council adjourned to meet in the Clerks office on the 15th to adopt financial statement.

BAZAAR.

Before buying your 'Xmas gifts, see what pretty, useful presents you can secure at the Mission Band Bazaar of St. Peter's Church to be held on Tuesday evening, December 12th. Gifts suitable for old and young at moderate prices. 47-3

The Bazaar will be held in the vacant store in the Wright Block, opening at 7 o'clock.

Surrogate Court.

The estate of William E. Wiggins, late of the township of Elzevir, in the County of Hastings, farmer, deceased. Letters of Administration issued to Jno. Wiggins and Herbert J. Wiggins. Estate $4435.00. D. E. K. Stewart, Solicitor for Administrators.

Leaving Madoc.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Rollins and family have taken up their residence in Stirling, their household furniture, etc., having been shipped to that place during the past week. THE REVIEW joins in the universal expression of regret that Madoc loses such estimable citizens, but all will sincerely wish them every success in their new home.

☞ If in want of a first-class Cooking Range, square or extension, go to White's.

☞ F. G. Lynde has removed to the "New O'Flynn Block,"—one door east of his old stand.

MADOC MARKETS.

The following are the ruling prices for Produce, Grain, etc., in this village. This list is corrected up to the date of going to press weekly:—

Butter, 20 per lb.
Eggs, 20 per dozen.
Potatoes, 60 to 75 per bag.
Onions, $1.00 per bag.
Apples, 50 to 60 per bag.
Wheat, 65 to 72 per bushel.
Oats, 34.
Barley, 45 to 48.
Peas, 65.
Buckwheat, 48.
Rye, 52.
Bran, $18 per ton.
Shorts, $20 to 22.
Hay, 8$.
Flour, $2 to 2.75.
Hides $9.

Ayer's

One dose of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral at bedtime prevents night coughs of children. No croup. No bronchitis. A

Cherry Pectoral

doctor's medicine for all affections of the throat, bronchial tubes, and lungs. Sold for over 60 years.

"I have used Ayer's Cherry Pectoral in my family for eight years. There is nothing equal to it for coughs and colds, especially for children."—MRS. W. H. HAYNES, Shelby, Ala.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Night Coughs

Keep the bowels open with one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime, just one.

BE SURE

You see our goods before buying

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Our **PRICES** are the lowest possible.

The **Quality** of our goods speaks for itself.

Our stock is more **Complete, Varied** and **Beautiful** than ever before.

We have so many pretty and useful things that space will only permit a small list.

For that reason all we ask is that you come in and let us show you our goods.

Books, Stationery, Fountain Pens, Calendars,	**Bibles, Prayer Books, Picture Books, Purses,**	**Perfumes. Hair Brushes. Chocolates. Mouth Organs.**

Watch for the Arrival of our BURNT LEATHER GOODS.

REMEMBER you get a rebate check with every purchase at

ALEXANDER'S

CORNER DRUG STORE.

DON'T DELAY

Choosing Your CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

We are receiving new stock every day and have the best assortment to choose from, something for the youngest and the oldest. Select your goods now and have them put aside for Christmas and then you never get disappointed.

WE HAVE

New Books, New Dolls,	*New Games, New Toilet Sets,*	*New Chinaware, New Stationery.*

The best assortment of Perfume in fancy bottles in town. Also the best assortment of Bibles and Hymn Books.

HARRY H. JONES, Phm. B.

Christmas Gifts for all

Our stock was never so full or complete.

We carry by far the largest stock of Fine Jewelry, Watches, etc., that can be found outside of the large cities. Our prices were never so low.

There are hosts of pretty bits of Jewelry, Silver Novelties, etc., that make inexpensive but pretty gifts. Then we have fine pearl Brooches and Pendants, beautiful designs in 14k gold, while they cost more the price is within the reach of all. Our watch prices are wonderfully low and we give you a large and varied stock to choose from.

A Run on Berries.

Special Snap. Our stock of Berry Dishes must go. Some very fine dishes to choose from for almost any price we can get. Would make a nice 'Xmas Gift.

G. F. MAYBEE,
Agent for the Edison Phonograph Co.

Eyes tested Free.

Arrived . . .

The good old man has arrived at his headquarters in Madoc and will remain at MacGregor's store to do a rushing business up till Dec. 24th. He has brought with him loads of the best Christmas Goods money could buy. I hope everybody will treat themselves to a visit in our store while he is in Madoc. We are not to advertise any particular line of goods. Call in and make this store your stopping-place and we will only be delighted to show you all our goods. Come early, buy Christmas Goods now while stocks and assortments are fresh and complete. Forethought saves time, trouble, worry and money at

ALEX. MACGREGOR'S.

Our Business is Strictly Cash to Everybody.

THE HUMAN AND DIVINE

Golden Pathway to Eternal Fame Is Faithfulness in God.

She hath done what she could. Wheresoever this Gospel shall be preached throughout the whole world, this also that she hath done shall be spoken of for a memorial of her.—Mark xiv., 8-9.

How little she did, but how much was really done. One simple act, with vast and complex results, an unnamed woman doing a simple deed of kindness for the Lord of glory, started interests of eternal importance. Jesus was enjoying the hospitality of Simon at a social meal in his house when this woman came behind our Lord and broke an alabaster box and poured its contents of ointment of spikenard upon his head. It was an act of devotion on her part, which she did for His sake, but He, having his divinity stirred within Him, announced her faithfulness and fame in these words: "She hath done what she could * * * * * wheresoever this gospel shall be preached throughout the whole world, this also that she hath done shall be spoken of for a memorial of her." She brought to the attention of the whole world, a great force, that of faithful service which is to run everywhere doing divine duty.

The operator who, at this end of this line, where the mechanism is seen and who, with finger deft and ready, sends the message into the electric veins of a great system, cannot tell what that message can do, where it will go and what lasting impressions it may make. It is his duty to send the message. So with our deeds that we start agoing in the world. Their greatness depends not so much on who the sender is as on what he is, and not so much on what he is as on the great system and development of eternal truth.

WE SHOULD BE THANKFUL

that we are not held personally responsible for the reformation of the whole world. We should feel thankful that we have the privilege of starting, in simple deeds of daily duty, the forces which in God's providence command the powers in the spiritual world. "She hath done what she could" is the story of every victorious life.

And this comes in the daily round of service. We shall know this when we understand how closely connected are the human and Divine.

The man who uses his money only with reference to self does not realize the highest rate of interest, though he may get the most that can be had in the money markets, for there is a higher bank than earth's, treasure-house to which the deed must come for payment, long after the money has been lost or spent. Earth's values are only suggestive of the heavenly price which is set upon all things. The coin of heaven consists of the holy deeds of those who follow the great and eternal doer of all.

There is dwelling in every earthly temple, moving about every festal board, walking in our stores and offices, One who is unseen and eternal, and who so desires to unite our lives with that which is holy, that life and happiness may be forever sure, as this woman of Bethany, by a simple deed of faithfulness, had united her destiny with His so that in all time she could not be forgotten. "Wheresoever this Gospel shall be preached throughout the world, this also that she hath done shall be spoken of for a memorial of her."

Deeds, not dollars, are far reaching and eternal. These, the thief cannot steal. These, the moth cannot destroy. God does not always ask for uniform rents for our talents and powers, but rather a return according to a divine standard of faithfulness to Him. The taxes of heaven are pro rata, rather than per capita.

SHE DID WHAT SHE COULD,

but she did it in league with the eternal God; so she suddenly became the nameless, famous saint of Holy Endeavor. She was an apostle of Good News—a missionary of eternal truth.

In a great battle a soldier lay wounded and fever stricken at the roots of a great tree in the rear of the battle line. Troops were hurrying by, orderlies were flying hither and thither, and all around lay the dead and dying in the field hospital. Too weak and wounded to care any longer for life, this faithful soldier had given up and was about to die. He only craved a drink of water to quench his consuming thirst.

Suddenly there came by an unnamed heroine, a gentle-faced and dainty woman. "You are thirsty," she said, "I will get you a drink." She went away and soon returned with a few spoonfuls of water which she gave to the suffering soldier. It was a very little, but it was enough to give him hope and he reached out for his departing life and kept fast hold of it till medical aid came and he was nursed back to health and afterward became a great preacher of the gospel of Christ.

She did what she could. She was then and there the exponent of divine providence. She was uniting the events of that day with eternal things of the future and great will be her reward.

This golden pathway to the eternal fame through faithfulness to God, is open to all. Walk in it, my friend, in company with the divine man of the Bethany story and it will lead you to happiness and heaven.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DEC. 10.

Lesson XI. Reading and Obeying the Law. Golden Text, Luke 11.28.

LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note—The Word Studies of this lesson are based on the Revised Version.

Intervening Events.—In the remaining verses of chapter 4, immediately succeeding the lesson passage for last Sunday, and in chapters 5 and 6, are recorded other difficulties which Nehemiah encountered in his work at Jerusalem. In unselfish devotion to the cause for which he had left his position of honor at the Persian court, this illustrious governor wisely thwarted every plot and plan the combined enemies of Judah set on foot to stop the work of the rebuilding the city and its walls, until finally the work was completed. The completion of the strong defense of the city brought once more to the hearts of the long-discouraged inhabitants the sense of security, and with this returned all their former national pride and enthusiasm. At this point in the events Nehemiah appointed his brother, Hanani, as governor over Jerusalem and ordered that a census of the population be taken, that the record of genealogies might be corrected to date—"And my God put into my heart to gather together the nobles, and the rulers, and the people, that they might be reckoned by genealogy. And I found the book of the genealogy of them that came up at the first" (Neh. 7. 5). The account of this enrollment of the enrollment of the people and a list of the heads of families is given in chapter 7. This being done, the people gathered together unto Ezra, the scribe and priest, and requested to be instructed once more in the book of the law of Moses, that they might by the character of their religious life as well as by their re-established integrity as a nation, be indeed "a peculiar people" again unto Jehovah. Ezra promptly complied with the wish of the people and chose for the first day of the reading of the law the first day of the seventh month, which was sacred from olden time as a day of solemn rest, "a memorial of blowing of trumpets, a holy convocation," known as the feast of trumpets.

Verse 8. And they read—Those chosen by Ezra mentioned in verses 4 and 7, together with Ezra himself. It is not clear from this verse whether these men read to smaller groups of people, simultaneously or whether one only read at a time, each in turn.

In the book, in the law of God—A book corresponding probably to our canonical books of the Pentateuch.

Distinctly—Probably referring to the clearness of utterance, though the word may be also rendered as in the margin of the Revised Version, "with an interpretation," in which case the following clause, and they gave the sense, would be in opposition with the word "distinctly."

They understood—The people who listened.

9. This day is holy—It was holy both because of being the first day of the new month, or new moon, and also because it was the day set apart in the law for the feast of trumpets (comp. Introductory Note).

The people wept, when they heard the words of the law—Humiliated at the thought of the greatness of their sin and neglect in not having kept the law in the past.

10. Eat the fat, and drink the sweet, and send portions unto him for whom nothing is prepared—Some have thought that Ezra did not consciously choose this sacred feast day for the reading of the law, but his evident familiarity with the requirements of the law with regard to the feasts makes it seem probable that his choice of the day and season was a conscious choice (comp. Deut. 16. 14: "And thou shalt rejoice in thy feasts, thou, and thy son, and thy daughter, and thy manservant, and thy maidservant, and the Levite, and the sojourner, and the fatherless, and the widow, that are within thy gates").

For the joy of Jehovah is your strength—The word "strength" may be translated also "stronghold." By the "joy of Jehovah" is meant the joy of the people in Jehovah rather than Jehovah's joy in the people.

13. The heads of fathers' houses of all the people, the priests, and the Levites—The delegation which gathered on the second day about Ezra to learn still more concerning the law of Jehovah thus included the representative men of the nation in its civil, religious, and social life.

14. They found written in the law—It is not unlikely that Ezra himself directed their attention to that which they now discovered.

How that Jehovah had commanded by Moses—The passages in the Pentateuch which relate to the Feast of Tabernacles in the seventh month are the following: Exod. 23. 16; Lev. 23. 39-43; Num. 29. 12-38; Deut. 16. 13, 15. The particular commandment here referred to is given in Lev. 23.

15. Palm branches, and branches of thick trees—Compare Lev. 23. 40: "And ye shall take you on the day the fruit of goodly trees, branches of palm trees, and boughs of thick trees, and willows of the brook; and ye shall rejoice before Jehovah your God seven days."

16. The water gate—Just south of the temple inclosure, so called because the path leading from the virgin's spring (Gihon) entered the city here. It was a common sight to see water carriers passing in and out at this gate.

Gate of Ephraim—So called because the road passing through this gate to the north of the city led into the territory of Ephraim. The "broad places" of the respective gates were the open spaces of ground just inside the wall at these points.

17. Since the days of Jeshua the son of Nun . . . had not the children of Israel done so—The statement does not mean, of course, that the Feast of Tabernacles had not been kept by the Jews at all during all these years, but rather that the detailed requirements of the law relating to the observance of the feast had not been carried out.

18. Solemn assembly—Or, "closing festival," as the marginal reading in the Revised Version translates.

For a fuller explanation of the Feast of Tabernacles and its significance, the student is referred to the Pentateuch references given in the note on verse 14 above.

EXTRACTING OLIVE OIL.

Preparing Green Olives for the Market in Spain.

The olive industry in Sapin is increasing in importance within late years, mainly owing to the efforts which have been made to use improved processes so as to compete successfully with the Italian industry.

One of the leading branches of the olive trade is the preparation of great olives. This is carried out on a large scale at Marcelona. There is a large internal consumption of the olives, and besides, the annual exports now reach 7,000 tons. The olives are put up in bottles or kegs. To carry out the picking process the olives are well sorted, as only those who show no faults can be kept.

They are then placed for several days in cold water, which is renewed frequently. Then they are placed in a brine bath, which consists of a salt and soda solution, and are covered with the liquid. In some cases different aromatic substances are added to the bath so as to give a special flavor to the olives. Ripe or nearly ripe the olives are but little in demand and are not consumed to a large extent.

As to the extraction of olive oil, this has been carried out heretofore by a primitive process. Each small cultivator extracted his own oil by a press which he hired, generally making payment in oil or farm products. The olives were ground up in a horse mill before pressing. The ground olives were then put in a lever press, using boiling water for the extraction. The presses are of heavy build, but the process is a slow one and the olives need to be stored on hand for some time. They are thus likely to ferment and give an inferior quality of oil.

It is estimated that there are some 3,000 or 4,000 of such primitive oil presses in use in Spain at the present time. The pomace which remained was formerly used for fodder or as combustible, but now it is generally sold and more oil is taken from it by an improved process. Some of the large producers saw the necessity of working on a greater scale and commenced to introduce large cylinder presses and grinding mills, which gave an increase in the quantity, as well as in the quality of the oil.

As to the remainder of the olive oil process, the oil is placed after extraction in large earthenware jars or tin tanks and is then filtered. In some cases the air is kept from the oil by means of a layer of alcohol which is placed on the surface. The inferior grades of oil are used in soap manufacture.

FAIR RETORT.

"You promised, madam, to obey me when we married, and you've never done it."

"Huh! You endowed me, sir, with all your worldly goods, and you never had any."

OPTIMISTIC VIEW.

He—The doctor tells me that poor Hyer is dying by inches.

She—Oh, he'll probably live quite a number of years yet.

He—Why do you think so?

She—He's so awfully tall.

Courtship is a sort of co-partnership.

A SMOKE-OUT.

The Home

FOR THE HOLIDAY SEASONS.

Many sweetmeats for Christmas should be prepared now in order to acquire a proper flavor before the holiday season sets in. A luscious blending of certain rich ingredients can be obtained only by standing a length of time after they have been mixed, and the housewife who could have her feasts as they were in "ye olden time" must begin at least a month ahead of holiday season.

Among Xmas holiday sweets, mince pies take first place. The filling for these is put together in stone crocks and allowed to remain untouched at least two weeks. It gains an added flavor the longer it stands. Here are two capital recipes procured from old-fashioned cooks:

No. 1.—Five pounds of chopped beef, two pints of chopped suet, ten pints of chopped sour apples, two pounds of sugar, one quart of molasses, two ounces of cinnamon, one ounce of cloves, one tablespoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of pepper, six pounds of fruit. Thin with one quart of sweet cider, one cup of brandy and one cup of Maderia wine. Mix all together and scald.

No. 2.—Cook two and one-half pounds of beef (this should make two quarts when chopped), four quarts chopped apples, one pint of currants, which have been thoroughly cleansed, one quart of raisins stoned just before using, one cup of chopped citron, four cups of brown sugar, two cups of molasses, one cup of chopped suet, 1 nutmeg grated, one tablespoonful of salt, two tablespoonfuls of cinnamon, one-half tablespoonful of cloves, two or three cups of cider that has been boiled down. Place in an earthen vessel and keep in a cool place. This quantity will make twelve pies.

Of next consideration to the mince pies is the plum pudding. To be most delicious this should be cooked in a cloth pudding bag and hung from a nail for three or four weeks in a dark place. An old English recipe is this:

Soak six ounces of stale breadcrumbs in a cup of hot milk, and allow it to stand and cool. When cold add one-half pound of brown sugar, the yolks of three eggs beaten to a cream, one-half pound of raisins seeded just before using, one-half pound of currants, two ounces of citron chopped, one-half pound of suet chopped fine and salted. The fruit should be well dredged in flour before adding to the bread. Now mix in two ounces of lemon peel, one-half a grated nutmeg, one glass of brandy or wine and two ounces of sweet almonds chopped fine. Beat well together, and, the last thing, add the white of the eggs whipped to a stiff froth. Pour into a pudding bag which has been previously scalded and dredged with flour. Allow the pudding to swell before tying the bag. Boil seven hours.

Plum Pudding No. 2.—One pound of dried baker's bread, crumbled; one pound of chopped suet, half a pound of citron, one pound of seeded raisins, one pound of English currants, eight eggs, one large coffee cup of brown sugar, one grated nutmeg, one large tablespoonful of cinnamon, two teaspoonfuls of cloves, one teaspoonful of salt, one-half pint of flour, one-fourth pint of black coffee. Roll the bread and moisten with a little boiling water. Cover tight, until the bread is soft. Add the well beaten eggs, sugar and flour, then the spices, salt and fruit dredged with flour. Last of all add the suet and coffee. Steam for two hours in a two quart pan.

Pittsburg Plum Pudding. — Two cups of raisins, two cups of currants, two cups of suet, one-half cup of almonds blanched and chopped fine, two cups of flour, two cups of grated stale breadcrumbs, one-half cup of citron, orange and lemon peel, eight eggs, one cup of sugar, one-half cup of cream, one-half cup each of sherry and brandy, a large pinch of salt, some grated nutmeg and one teaspoonful of baking powder. Put into a large bowl, the raisins seeded, the currants washed and picked, the suet chopped very fine, the citron, orange and lemon peel chopped fine, the sugar, brandy, wine and eggs and lastly the cream. Add the flour sifted with the baking powder, the salt and the breadcrumbs, and mix all together. Put in well-buttered molds or bowls, set in pan of boiling water that reaches half way up the sides of the molds, and steam five hours. Turn out on dishes carefully. This will make two large puddings or several smaller ones. When needed they should be steamed for two hours, taking care that the water does not penetrate the pudding.

Some delicious cakes to be made now for Christmas are the following:—

Imperial Cake—Two pounds of sugar, two pounds butter, worked together. Add two pounds of flour part of which is used for dredging, two pounds of raisins, three pounds of blanched and chopped almonds and two pounds of sliced citron. It is well to pound the almonds in a porcelain mortar, a small quantity of baking powder, adding rose water occasionally to keep them from becoming oily. After mixing in the fruit with the sugar and flour, add one wineglassful of rosewater, two glasses of sweet brandy or grape juice, a small quantity of mace and one teaspoonful of baking powder. Bake four hours, placing in a cool oven at first and increasing the heat gradually. When cold, put in a tin box and seal tightly.

Christmas Cake.—Beat one pound of butter to a cream, having previously cut it into five or six pieces and dropped it into a dish of warm water to soften. Add one pound of powdered sugar and beat until very light. Now mix in ten eggs whipped together and add one pound of pastry flour. As soon as these ingredients are perfectly smooth, stir in one-half teaspoonful of cloves, one grated nutmeg, one teaspoonful of cinnamon, one teaspoonful of allspice, the grated rind and juice of two lemons and one-half pint of unfermented grape juice. Mix together one pound of sultanas, one pound of currants, one pound of stoned raisins, one pound of orange peel, one-quarter pound of lemon peel and one-half pound citron. Dust with a half cup of flour and mix thoroughly with the remainder of the cake. Line a fruit cake pan with greased paper, filling it afterward with the mixture and bake in a moderate oven for three hours, increasing the heat during the last hour. For a medium-sized family this recipe should be halved, and it will last as a rich sweet all through the holiday season.

USEFUL HINTS.

To relieve tender feet add a tablespoonful each of borax, spirits of ammonia, alcohol, witch hazel and camphor to a foot-tub of hot water, and soak the feet for ten minutes therein. Dry and dust with talcum powder.

For fruit ices, take a pint of ripe fruit, six ounces of caster sugar, and if the fruit is very sweet, the juice of a lemon. Pound the fruit with the sugar, rub through a fine hair sieve; mix gradually with one pint of custard or cream, and freeze.

Each morning before breakfast take a glass of hot water, in which has been squeezed the juice of a lemon or orange. The lemon juice whitens the skin, and add the same quantity of beaten white of egg as lemon juice and the effect is seen soon.

A simple way to remove grass stains is to spread butter on them and lay the article in the hot sunshine. Cold water, a tablespoonful of ammonia and some soap will take out machine grease where other means would not answer on account of the colors running.

Grass cut while the dew is still upon it is an excellent thing in place of tea leaves to use when sweeping carpets. It prevents the dust from rising and gives the carpet a beautifully fresh appearance. After sweeping, all the furniture should be first dusted with a damp cloth, then polished with a dry one.

Maffe sweet spice for flavoring cakes as follows:—Two ounces each of cloves, cinnamon, mace, nutmeg, one ounce of ginger, and three ounces of sugar. These ingredients should be all finely powdered, mixed well, and passed thrice through a fine wire sieve. Store in small air-tight tins for use.

When linoleum begins to lose its freshness it may be restored and made to last as long again by melting a little glue in a pint of hot water and applying it. At night have the linoneum washed clean and dry, go over it with a flannel cloth dipped in the glue water. It will look as nice as new, and present a hard surface.

Of course you have a cheap whisk-broom that you keep in a drawer or wrapped in clean cloth, from which you get the straws for testing cakes and custards. There is nothing more disgusting than to see a woman break a straw from the broom she has just swept the kitchen floor with, and cleaning (?) it by drawing it between her fingers, put it into a delicate cake. Cleanliness in little things is quite as important as in great things.

Unless you live in an apartment with all the rooms on one floor, have a handy outfit both upstairs and down, to save steps and patience. Have a workbasket on each floor, with scissors, thimble and white thread, thimble and buttons; then in another basket or a box have a hammer, screwdriver, screws, nails, tacks and a pair of pliers. Of course you have a letter pad and a couple of pencils in various parts of the house, as well as the scissors.

Many a woman's hair is not as golden as it is plaited.

BLASTS KILLING FISH.

Heavy Explosions in Detroit River Causing Havoc.

A despatch from Windsor says: Heavy explosions in the Detroit River at the crossing has been destructive to fish, and has disturb-

Life on Convict Ships of F... at the Beginning of the Last Century.

A most interesting account of life in the French galleys has been left us in the little work entitled "Memoires d'un Protestant Condamne aux Galeres de France," first published in Rotterdam in 1757 anonymously, but now known to have been written by Jean Martelibe, of Bergerac. Martelibe's sufferings — most of the time in the galleys—endured from the year 1700 to 1713, a momentous period in the history of Europe. Born at Bergerac, in Perigord, in 1684, Martelibe, with, with many other Huguenots of the neighborhood, was driven by the unheard-of cruelties of the Duke de la Force—who rivalled on the Dordogne the performances of the inquisitors of the Cevennes—to endeavor to flee the country. He was only 16 years of age, but well grown and strong. His father was in prison, the younger children imprisoned in a convent, his mother forced to abjure her faith and twenty-two dragoons quartered upon her for an indefinite time.

SENT TO DUNKIRK.

Flight from the country was declared a capital crime, but Martelibe and a companion managed to leave Bergerac and made their way to Paris, where they were advised to make for Holland, by way of Mezieres and Charleroi. After a number of hairbreadth escapes from arrest they were finally imprisoned and reported to the Marquis de la Vrillere as Huguenots escaping from France, and this report was speedily followed by their condemnation to the galleys for being found on the frontier without a passport. In spite of the terrible prospect of the galleys they refused to conform, and in January, 1702, they, with many others, were sent in a chain of convicts to Dunquerque, where they were all placed on board the galley L'Heureuse, the capitaine, or flagship, of the squadron of six galleys belonging to the port. Here they were chained to separate benches, so as to prevent communication, and they witnessed the punishment of the bastinado on the very day of their arrival.

TERRIBLE PUNISHMENTS.

A villainous benchmate demanded money of Marteilbe for drink, and, being refused, reported him for blaspheming the Virgin and the saints, and the comite was about to give him the bastinado when he was rescued by the major of the galleys, who investigated the case and had the wretch who reported him punished in the same way and then chained to a criminal bench; for there was a hell within a hell in the galleys.

The bastinado was inflicted by stripping the victim and laying him across a bench, while two convicts held his legs and two his arms. The comite then set a muscular Turk to beat him with a thick rope. As the Turk knew he would suffer if he did not put forth his whole strength, great wales were raised at each stroke. Martelibe says few could bear more than twelve strokes without becoming insensible, but that the strokes were continued until all that were ordered were received. Thirty or forty was the usual number for slight offences, but he had seen 100 given, in which case the victims scarcely ever survived. After the punishment vinegar and salt were rubbed in to restore the circulation and prevent gangrene.

CAPTURED BY ENGLISH.

In 1712 peace was concluded with England, with the disgraceful stipulation that the English should occupy the town and fortifications of Dunquerque till they could demolish the forts and fill up the port. The English accordingly took possession with 5,000 troops in September. The French navy was so reduced that they could not at out the galley fleet, and an agreement was entered into by which those vessels, their crews and gangs of slaves should remain in the harbor during the winter, and no boat, seaman, or galley slaves should leave the port without the permission of her Majesty of England.

As soon as the English troops took possession they ran in crowds to gaze at the terrible galleys, of which such heartrendering tales were told. Among them were some officers who were French refugees, and these sympathized with the Huguenot slaves, sitting on their benches to talk with them, in spite of the filth and vermin and stench which they encountered. There were then twenty-two of them remaining in the galleys, and the English soldiers became much excited by their miserable condition and swore that they should be released. The Admiral and the chaplains tried to prevent them from coming on board, but it was found to be impossible, and so the plank to the quay remained open to all visitors. At last the excitement rose to such a pitch that the English commander, Lord Hill, consented to permit the Huguenots to be smuggled away in a fishing boat under his pass.

ESCAPE AT LAST.

The poor wretches supposed that they were being taken out to sea by night to be privately drowned, and were rather surprised when they reached Havre alive. Here they were chained together, seven couples, and forced to march south through France, suffering from cold and wet, damp dungeons at night, galled by their chains, and covered with vermin and severe skin diseases brought on by their entire want of cleanliness. At Lyons the whole chain was put into a flat-bottomed boat and thus taken to Avignon, where they resumed their weary march, and at last reached Marseilles.

THE MUTINY AT SEBASTAPOOL

Reply of the Mutineers to the Order to Surrender.

A NAVAL BATTLE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The Minister of Marine has received a telegram from Sebastopol stating that the Black Sea fleet, having overhauled the cruiser Otchakoff, called upon her to surrender. The mutinous squadron, which had replaced the Cross of St. Andrew with the red flag, responded by hoisting the signal to engage. The North battery then received orders to fire on the squadron, but the artillerymen took sides with the mutineers, refused to obey orders, and turned their guns instead upon the town, and upon the Southern battery particularly. Half the town was destroyed.

The Otchakoff also sank the auxiliary cruiser Dnieper, while the Potemkine and three torpedo boats went ashore.

During this time the Bragsbat Regiment took the North fort, storming it at the point of the bayonet.

Lieut. Schmidt, who was in command of the mutinous ships, was mortally wounded, and on ascertaining this the mutineers decided to surrender, which they did at 5 o'clock. Five thousand men were killed or wounded during the fighting.

The Ministry of Marine has received additional confirmation of the news that the mutineers have surrendered.

According to the Slovo, the mutineers themselves began the attack. After waiting until 3 o'clock in the afternoon for a reply to the demands of the mutineers, which included the convocation of a Constituent Assembly and the immediate realization of the reforms promised in the imperial manifesto, Lieut. Schmidt opened fire on the city from ten vessels. Vice-Admiral Chouknin replied from the loyal warships, and Gen. Baron Meller Gakomelskie from the southern forts and with the coast artillery. The mutinous sailors used rifles and machine guns upon the entrenched infantry.

ODDS WERE TOO GREAT.

The fight, the Slovo says, lasted for two and a quarter hours. The mutineers made a heroic struggle but the odds were too heavy, and when the Otchakoff, battered to pieces and on fire, sank with the cruiser Dnieper and the transport, Lieut. Schmidt, who was mortally wounded, surrendered the mutinous squadron, and the mutinous sailors on shore hauled down their flags to the Brest and Bielostock Regiments.

The Liste says that the conspiracy which led to the mutiny, went on under the noses of the officers, and that even Vice-Admiral Birilleff, the Minister of Marine, who was at Sebastopol a fortnight ago, suspected nothing. The sailors waited until they were assured of the support of the troops, most of whom, however, refused to go over to the mutineers when the die was cast.

During the first three days the mutineers were orderly. They sent delegates to the shopkeepers requesting them not to close, as there would be no disorders, and asking the inhabitants not to leave the city. They also sent out patrols with instructions to arrest the roughs who were seeking to take advantage of the situation. In all their demonstrations the mutineers intentionally sang the national hymn in order to prove that the only traitors were those who refused to satisfy their demands.

CZAR'S GUARDS ARRESTED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The most alarming indication of the spread of disaffection in the army, extending even to regiments near the person of the Emperor, was given in the arrest at Tsarskoe-Selo on Thursday of a number of soldiers belonging to the Yellow Cuirassiers of the Guard, the Hussars of the Guard, and the Life Guard riflemen for presenting a series of petitions, including one against the use of troops for police purposes.

The regiments in question are those which have been specially selected by Gen. Trepoff to guard the Emperor and his family. They have been counted upon as being loyal to the last, ready even to be torn to pieces in defence of his Majesty, like the Swiss Guards of Louis XVI. Their arrest, however, although not for open sedition, shows how the leaven of discontent is working, even within the precincts of the Imperial Park at Tsarskoe-Selo.

The incident gave rise to almost alarming rumors in St. Petersburg, including one to the effect that the Emperor actually had been attacked, and that a Grand Duke had been wounded while defending him, but assurance is given by a member of the imperial entourage at Tsarskoe-Selo that this is untrue.

NAVAL BATTALIONS DISARMED.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The newspapers say that, owing to their disquieting attitude, the naval battalions have been deprived of their arms and ammunition. The troops at Nijni-Novgorod have been forbidden to attend meetings. The non-commissioned officers of the disciplinary battalion at Varonezh have refused to perform their duties. The reservists at Dvinsk have resolved not to take the oath, if called to the colors.

PANIC IN ODESSA.

A despatch from London says:—Private advices received in London from Odessa tells of a most interesting situation there. While there are no disturbances at Odessa the inhabitants are in dread of the arrival of one or more of the mutinous warships from Sebastopol, and are preparing to flee on sighting those vessels. As to the actual happenings at Sebastopol the people of Odessa are ignorant, but rumors of all kinds are afloat.

FLAME IN BALKAN STATES

Bulgaria and Roumania Likely to Fight Turkey.

A London despatch says:—While is official circles it is admitted that the powers do not expect the Sultan to yield as the result of the occupation of Mitylene, it was stated on Thursday that plans for the next step had not been definitely arranged, the other powers awaiting the British proposals.

The Foreign Office states that the British Government does not know exactly the extent of the coercion which the other powers are willing to employ, but it is certain that none of the powers is willing to resort to actual warfare in order to enforce the demands for the financial control of Macedonia.

This view of the situation makes it quite possible that demonstration by occupation may proceed somewhat indefinitely.

The present political situation in the United Kingdom naturally increases the reticence in official circles here, and as Great Britain is taking a lead, the movements of the demonstrating fleet may be delayed for some time pending the decision of the Cabinet concerning its resignation or the dissolution of Parliament.

The Government has received information through Sofia that the Macedonian Committee has issued what is practically an ultimatum. Unless the demonstration of the powers shall be carried to a successful issue, the revolutionaries are prepared to announce that they intend to create a situation which will be Turkey and Bulgaria certain to result in a war between been preparing for eventualities since

It is well known that Bulgaria has the revolution of 1903.

An accord having been reached between Bulgaria and Roumania concerning Macedonia, these two Governments are now prepared to try conclusions with Turkey should the necessity of such action arise.

FLEET OF ICE-BREAKERS.

Mackenzie & Mann's Lake Superior Link.

A Sault Ste. Marie despatch says: It is said that Mackenzie & Mann, the railway promoters, contemplate as one of the links in their scheme for a transcontinental line the placing on Lake Superior of a fleet of ice-breaking car ferries. The idea is to keep navigation open during the winter months between Port Arthur and Batchawaning Bay, the latter a splendid harbor on Lake Superior, about thirty miles from the Soo.

Thus the company would have an almost direct line from Edmonton to Ottawa, for in connection with the proposition to place the car ferry service on Lake Superior is that of taking over the rights of the Manitoulin & North Shore Railway, which was one of the Clergue schemes.

The M. & N. S. Railway right of way is between Sudbury and Searcamont, on the main line of the Algoma Central Railway, a short distance north of the Soo. From Searchmont a line would be built in to Batchawaning Bay.

It is stated that a fleet of car ferries could be placed in commission on Lake Superior at one-tenth of what it would cost to build a railway line around the north shore.

CUSTOMS REVENUE JUMPS.

Nearly Half a Million More Than This Time Last Year.

An Ottawa despatch says:—The Customs revenue of the Dominion was nearly a half a million more for the month of November than for the same period last year. Collection were $3,790,471, or $432,204 over November, 1904; for the five months the revenue was $19,106,300, or $1,262,267 over the same period last year.

BIG FIRE AT WINNIPEG.

Brown Block on Main Street Destroyed.

A Winnipeg despatch says:—The Brown Block, Main Street, was destroyed by fire shortly before midnight, on Wednesday, the total loss being about $150,000. The building, which was owned by the Misses Brown, of Winnipeg, was valued at $40,000. The principal losers were Gilbert, Ridout and Co., carpets, $60,000, insurance $40,000; Adams and Morrison, boots and shoes, $10,000; Porter's china hall, $20,000.

DYNAMITE EXPLODED.

Two Men Hurled Through Air and Buildings Shattered.

A Quebec despatch says:—Over fifty pounds of dynamite in a shed at St. Romuald exploded on Wednesday afternoon, the shock hurling two men through the air, injuring them only slightly, however, and shaking every building along the south shore down as far as St. Joseph de Levis, and as far west as St. Nicholas, and breaking windows in many. The noise was heard in Quebec. The explosion badly wrecked some of the buildings nearby.

Justice McMahon, will no doubt, at the next session, provide for the necessary improvements to the court house.—Belleville Ontario.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Dec. 5. — Wheat — The market for Ontario grades continues quiet. No. 2 white quoted outside at 79c, and No. 2 red and mixed at 78c outside. No. 2 goose, 74 to 75c outside. Manitoba, No. 1 hard steady at 89½c, Georgian Bay ports; No. 1 Northern, at 85½c, and No. 2 Northern at 83½c.

Oats—Quoted at 35 to 36c for No. 2 at outside points.

Barley—No. 2 quoted at 51 to 52c and No. 3 at 47 to 48c at outside points.

Peas—No. 2 quoted at 75 to 76c at outside points.

Corn—Canadian is dull, with prices nominal at about 43c west. American new corn is steady at 51 to 51½c for No. 3 yellow on track, Toronto.

Buckwheat—Prices nominal at 52 54c outside.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents, for export, quoted at $3.10 to $3.15 in buyers sacks, at outside points; do., in bbls., $3.40 to $3.50. Manitoba—No. 1 patents, $4.00 to $4.-80; No. 2 patents, $4.30 to $4.40, and strong bakers' $4.20 on track Toronto.

Millfeed—At outside points bran is quoted at $13 to $13.50, and shorts at $16.50 to $17.50. Manitoba bran in sacks $16 to $17, and shorts at $1 to 19.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Choice stock, $3 to $3.-25 per bbl., and inferior qualities, $1.75 to $2.25.

Beans—Hand-picked, $1.75; primes $1.60 to $1.65.

Honey—The market is steady at 6 to 7½c for strained, and $1.50 to $2 per dozen combs.

Hops—15 to 16c per lb.

Hay—Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at $8 to $8.50 on track here, and No. 2 at $6 to $6.50.

Straw—Car lots quoted at $6 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Ontario stock, 60 to 70c per bag, and New Brunswick, 70 to 75c per bag on track.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 12 to 13c per lb.; ducks and geese, 9 to 11c per lb.; and chickens, 8 to 9c per lb., live chickens, 5c to 7c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are jobbing at 21 to 22c; large rolls 20 to 21c; tubs, good to choice, 19 to 21c, and inferior, 17 to 18c; creamery prints sell at 24 to 25c, and solids at 23 to 23½c.

Eggs—Pickled are selling at 20 to 21c per dozen in case lots; cold storage at 23c, and new laid nominal at 28 to 30c per dozen.

Cheese—Large cheese 12¾c, and twins, 13c per lb. .. ....

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are quoted at $7.15 to $7.25. Bacon, long clear, 11 to 11½c, per lb. in case lots; mess pork $18; short cut $21.50.

Cured Meats—Hams, light to medium, 13 to 13½c; do., heavy, 12½c; rolls 11½c; shoulders, 10½c; backs, 15 to 15½; breakfast rolls, 14c to 14½c.

Lard Tierces, 10¼c; tubs, 10¼c; pails, 10¾c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 5 — The market for grain showed no change to-day, prices being steady. Prices of oats here still 39½c for No 2 Ontario, store, 38½ to 38¾c for No. 3, and 37½ to 38c for No. 4. Manitoba barley was steady at 48c track for No. 3, and 46½c for No. 4. Flour—$4.40 for strong bakers', and $4.90 for patents per bbl., in bags; Ontario millers are busy, prices being, patents, $4.50 to $4.70 per bbl.; straight rollers being $1.90 to $2.00, and extra, bags being $1.65 to $1.75. Feed — Ontario bran, in bulk, $15 to $15.50; shorts in bags, $20 to $20.50; Manitoba bran, in bags, $16 to $17; shorts $19 to $20. Hay — No. 1 $9.50 to $9 per ton on track; No. 2 $7.50 to $8; clover, $6 to $6.50; clover, mixed, $6.75 to $7.25. Potatoes—New, in bags of 80 lbs., 53 to 55c; in bags of 90 lbs., 60 to 70c. Honey — White clover, in combs, 13 to 14c per 1-lb. section; extract, 7½ to 8c; buckwheat, 5½ 5½ to 6c. Provisions — Heavy Canadian short cut pork, $21; light short cut, $18 to $19; American short cut $19; American cut clear fat backs, $18.50 to $20; compound lard, 6¼ to 7c; Canadian pure lard, 11 to 11½c; kettle rendered, 12½ to 12¾c; hams, 12 to 14c; bacon 14c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $8.25 to $8.50; live, $6.25 to $6.50 mixed lots. Eggs — Straight stock, 20 to 21c; No. 1 candled, 20c. Butter — Choicest creamery, 23¼ to 23½c; under grades, 22½ to 23c; dairy, 19 to 20c. Cheese — Ontario, 12¼ to 12½c; Quebec 11¾ to 12c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Minneapolis, Minn., Dec. 5. —Wheat closed: — Dec., 81 to 81¼c; 86c; No. 1 hard, 83c; No. 1 Northern, 83¾c; No. 2 Northern, 80¾c. Flour — First patents, $4.70 to $4.80; second do., $4.50 to $4.60; first clears $3.65 to $3.75; second do., $2.45 to $2.55. Bran — In bulk, $11.50.

Milwaukee, Wis., Dec. 5. — Wheat closed: — No. 1 Northern, 86 to 87c; No. 2 Northern 82½ to 85c; May, 88¼c. Barley — No. 2 55c; sample 37 to 54c. Rye— No. 1, 69c. Corn—May, 44½c bid.

Duluth, Minn., Dec. 5 — Wheat closed: — No. 1 Northern, 82¼c; No. 2 Northern, 80c; Dec., 81¾c; May, 85½c.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, Dec. 5.—The feature at the Western Market to-day was the advance of 25 cents in hogs, which was occasioned by the keen competition among packing houses and by better conditions in England. Buying was brisk for the best grades of butchers' and feeders, which were offered in numbers inadequate to supply the demand.

Quotations were as follows:

Export cattle $3.75		$4.50
Do., medium 3.85		3.90
Do., bulls 3.00		3.25
Do., light 2.75		3.00
Do., cows 2.75		3.00
Butchers', picked 4.10		4.20
Do., choice 3.90		4.10
Do., light 3.30		3.65
Do., bulls 2.00		2.25
Canners 1.50		2.25
Stockers, choice 3.25		3.50
Do., common 2.00		2.25
Do., bulls 2.25		2.40
Heavy feeders 3.50		3.60
Short-keeps 3.75		3.85
Milch cows, choice ...40.00		50.00
Do., common 28.00		33.00
Sheep, export, ewes ... 4.00		4.25
Do., bucks 3.00		3.50
Do., culls 3.00		3.50
Lambs, per cwt. 5.00		5.65
Calves, each 2.00		10.00
Hogs, selects 6.00		0.00
Do., lights and fats 5.75		0.00

IMMIGRANTS TORTURED.

Lured on Oyster Boats and Finally Murdered.

A Philadelphia despatch says:—It was discovered on Wednesday afternoon that upward of five hundred immigrants within the last four years have been kidnapped and sent to torture on the oyster boats in Chesapeake Bay, and many of them are believed to have met their death on these boats. The full report of this discovery will unearth a tale of crime that has no equal in the story of shanghaing. Certain policemen are believed to be party to these crimes, and evidence, expected within a week, will show, it is said, that they winked at, connived and shared in the graft. There is little doubt now that the bodies found in the Delaware from time to time, and designated by Coroners' juries as "found drowned," were those of men actually murdered on oyster boats.

MYSTERY OF AN OLD SHOE

Bones of a Man's Foot Found in Northern Ontario Woods.

A Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., despatch says:—A shoe found twenty miles north of here in the woods, which contained the skeleton of a man's foot, has been brought to this city. No other sign of the body was left. It is believed to be part of the remains of some explorer who went into the woods nearly a century ago, as the oldest settlers say they cannot remember when that kind of shoe was manufactured, although they can remember one or two parties that wore them when they were boys. The sole is of wood, fastened to the uppers with wire. An iron rim runs around the sole and heel.

JEERED PRINCESS LOUISE.

Hooting Mob Insults Daughter of Britain's King.

A London despatch says:—Edged on by the Social Democratic Federation, the unemployed mustered in strong force around the Church Army tents off the Strand on Wednesday and jeered and hooted the Princess Royal, the Princess Louise, Duchess of Fife, eldest daughter of King Edward, who performed the ceremony of opening the tents which were presented by the King and endowed with $5,000 from Queen Alexandra's fund to house and feed great numbers of the unemployed, who are to chop firewood for this relief. Shouts of "Religious Sweaters," and "Curse their charity," greeted the Princess, and the crowds became so boisterous that large numbers of police had to be summoned to disperse them.

ESCAPE TUBERCULIN TEST.

Rule Relaxed for Canadian Cattle for Chicago Show.

A Washington, D.C., despatch says:—The United States Secretary of Agriculture on Wednesday issued an amended order providing for the importation of Canadian cattle, sheep, and swine for exhibition purposes at the International Live Stock Exhibition at Chicago Dec. 16 to 23. The order exempts Canadian cattle from the tuberculin test, provided they are accompanied by a certificate from a Canadian official veterinarian, stating them to be free from disease, and that all such cattle not sold in the United States are to be returned immediately to Canada at the close of the exposition. Such cattle sold here will be subject to this test. All shipments are to be made direct to the exposition grounds.

PRISON FOR VOTING TWICE

Law Reaches Some of the Crooks in the New York Elections.

A New York despatch says:—Three men were sentenced to prison on Wednesday for illegal voting in the recent New York city and county elections. Albert Farrar and Thomas McCall were each sentenced to the penitentiary for one year, and Bartholomew Wallace was sentenced to the Elmira Reformatory. All were convicted for voting twice.

Samuel K. Ellenbogen, the City Marshal, who was convicted on Tuesday of perjury in connection with registration frauds in the recent elections was sentenced to not more than four years and six months, and not less than two years in the State prison.

TWO BURNED TO DEATH.

Woman and Child Victims of Fire in Algoma Reserve.

A despatch from Little Current, Ont., says:—On Monday last a house occupied by an Indian in West Bay Reserve was burned to the ground, in a fire started by children playing with matches. The Indian and his wife were away, and an old woman was caring for three little children. One of them was upstairs, and not being able to find her way down, was burned to death. Neighbors rescued those on the lower part of the house, but the old woman was so terribly burned that she died a few hours later. The sons, as far as be seen, are free of the effects of the fire. Use Dr. Hamilton's Pills and who

FOUGHT LION IN SEA GALE.

Escaped From Her Cage on the Steamship Pallanza.

A despatch from New York says:—A story of thrilling adventure at sea, reminiscent of the episode in Victor Hugo's "Ninety-three," in which a cannon breaks from its lashings on a ship and plunges madly over the deck in a storm, was brought into port on Tuesday by the Hamburg-American freighter Pallanza. The tale is one of a powerful lioness, which frenzied by a storm, broke loose from its cage and terrorized the whole crew until it was cornered and entangled in the meshes of a net.

When three days out the Pallanza was overtaken by a furious storm. The freight liner bobbed like a cork, and the cages on the upper deck, where the animals had been placed for fresh air, tugged at their lashings.

The lioness showed the greatest terror. She roared every time a wave combed over and hurled herself at the bars. A big wave finally dashed against the cage and overturned it. The beast got out and rushed down the slippery deck, reeling and plunging as the ship ducked and rose. The seamen fled, with the animal in pursuit. She rushed at them, but, unable to keep a straight course, failed to do any harm.

The men fled below. When her roars showed that she was near the stern some seamen, with John Osterman, who had charge of the animals, dodged up the companionway and formed in line with long spears. They bore down on the lioness and gradually forced her into a corner. Now and then she would attempt a spring past the outstretched weapons but the sting of the steel sent her back.

A big net, such as is used in India to snare wild animals, was placed on the spears. It was then pushed over the crouching beast, and, under Osterman's guidance, so twisted that the lioness became helpless. She was dragged gingerly to the cage, and once again inside her prison was bound with ropes.

EMPEROR IS SATISFIED.

Marquis Ito Has Completed His Mission to Corea.

A despatch from Seoul, Corea, says:—Marquis Ito was received in a farewell audience on Tuesday by the Emperor. He left on Wednesday on a special train for Fusan, his difficult task of placating the Emperor of Corea having been accomplished. British Minister Jordan and former Chief of Customs J. M. McLeavy Brown also had a farewell audience with the Emperor on Wednesday. American Minister Morgan communicated with the foreign officers announcing his withdrawal from Corea and stating that Consul-General Paddock would have charge of American interests.

Japanese gendarmes or police are guarding the Imperial Palace and the residences of the Cabinet Ministers to prevent any attack upon them by objectors to the new Japanese-Corean agreement. The Emperor has been urged to repudiate the agreement and cause the assassination of the Cabinet Ministers who signed it.

HERE'S A REAL HUSBAND.

Risked Death Rather Than Disappoint His Wife.

A despatch from Vancouver, B.C., says:—In order not to break his promise to his wife George Keene faced death many times in the bleak, snowy wastes of the arctic that separate Fairbanks from Dawson. He tramped alone from the Alaska gold camp to the capital of the Canadian Yukon, without even snowshoes. He walked over the ice of the Yukon River and escaped death so many times during the trip that he scarcely realizes the danger he has come through. He left Fairbanks with two bundles of newspapers and to these he owes his life. With them he was able to start fires quickly, without them he would have frozen to death. The trip was made solely because his wife was at Dawson expecting him on the last steamer before navigation closed. He missed that boat and, therefore, set out on foot.

CHINA AND JAPAN.

Vital Items in the Negotiations Amicably Settled.

A Tokio despatch says:—The rescindment of martial law and the restrictions placed upon the liberties of the press have been passed upon by the Privy Council and will be promulgated within a few days. The vital items of the negotiations between China and Japan have been amicably settled.

ST. LAWRENCE DISASTERS.

Mr. Prefontaine, in London, Hears Many Complaints.

A despatch from London says:—Hon. Raymond Prefontaine, Canadian Minister of Marine, is interviewing the Admiralty regarding the Canadian naval reserve scheme. His presence in London is giving an opportunity to the foremost friends of Canada in banking, shipping and other commercial concerns to press upon the Minister of Marine and Fisheries the extreme disappointment caused by the recent disasters in the St. Lawrence, especially the wrecks of the Victorian and Bavarian.

SKELETON ADRIFT.

Bones of Indian Girl Float Ashore at Grand Marais, Michigan.

A despatch from Grand Marais, Mich., says:—A frail birch bark canoe containing the skeleton of an Indian girl has come ashore near here. The bones rested on a rich blanket and on the wrists were heavy silver bracelets. Indians fishing along shore buried the skeleton and expressed the belief that it was set adrift in the canoe in compliance with some of the religious rites of the red men.

BLASTS KILLING FISH.

Heavy Explosions in Detroit River Causing Havoc.

A despatch from Windsor says: Heavy blasting in the Detroit River at the Limekiln Crossing has been destructive of all varieties of fish, and has disturbed the run of the white fish. Hundreds of fish come to the surface after every blast, and large numbers are picked up along the shores. Fisheries Inspector Parker will probably make special reference to this in his annual report.

CHLOROFORM MOTHER.

Miss Anna Hall's Method of Relieving Suffering.

A despatch from Cincinnatti says: Miss Anna Hall, who recently attracted wide attention by advocating at a Philadelphia convention that persons hopelessly sick or suffering be chloroformed, wanted to practise her theory on her own mother, according to testimony given on Thursday at a hearing over the contested will of Mrs. Murcey Hall, Miss Hall's mother. Mrs. Simcoe, a witness, said, she had frequently heard Miss Hall beg the attending physician to let her administer chloroform to end her mother's suffering, saying that death was inevitable and it was cruelty to prolong her life. The doctor refused, saying: "You are a thousand years ahead of your time."

RAILWAY SHOPS BURNED

P. E. Island Railway a Sufferer to Extent of $60,000.

A despatch from Charlottetown, P. E. I., says: Fire in the Prince Edward Island Railway yards on Wednesday night destroyed the car shop and blacksmith shop, with almost all the contents, including passenger coach, box car, flanger patterns, tools, etc. The loss will be over $60,000. A large number of men will be thrown out of employment. The round house and the freight shed being threatened, the engines and freight were removed. Heavy rain aided the firemen in extinguishing the flames.

LIKE THE KLONDIKE.

Great Excitement in Gold Fields on Straits of Magellan.

A despatch from Santiago de Chile, says: Great excitement prevails in the gold fields bordering on the Straits of Magellan. Many companies have been formed, and there has been a great opening of the field and washeries. The territory is said to be a second Klondike.

HONORS FROM THE KING.

Oyama and Togo Will Get the Order of Merit.

A despatch from London says: King Edward has decided to confer the Order of Merit on Field Marshal Oyama and Admiral Togo.

PAROLE SYSTEM A SUCCESS.

Dominion Officer Says Men Released Are Doing Well.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Mr. W. P. Archibald, Dominion Parole Officer, arrived in the city on Thursday, after visiting Toronto and important points in western Ontario. He reports that the paroled men are doing exceptionally well. Next week Mr. Archibald leaves on an extended tour to the Eastern Provinces, visiting Dorchester Penitentiary, in Halifax and St. John, N. B., Mr. Archibald will address several meetings on the (subject of Canadian criminology.

Gananoque is agitated because of the refusal of the Council to submit a local option by-law.

The Canadian Northern Railway Co. have ordered ten locomotives from the Kingston Locomotive Works to be delivered next year.

The Dominion Coal Company announces that the output for St. Lawrence ports this year was 4,000 tons more than last year.

The seven elevators at Yorkton, Sask., are full, although of 300,000 bushels capacity. Farmers are drawing grain home again.

The city of Ottawa has been awarded by the Ontario Government two-thirds of the $40,000 collected in liquor fines.

The Canadian Locomotive Works, Kingston, has asked the Council to submit a by-law proposing an exemption of 20 years for the industry.

Fifty-eight horses afflicted with glanders have been killed at Peachland, B. C. Nearly all the working horses in the town have been destroyed.

Rather than go to prison for eighteen months for theft, Hugh Nicholls, of Montreal, will serve two years in the penitentiary at his own request and learn a trade.

Peter Mackenzie, manager of the Hudson's Bay Company, has returned to Montreal from a visit to Labrador where he found furs easy to procure and fish to be plentiful.

The gold watch given by Hon. C. S. Hyman for the Londoner having the greatest number of children at the Old Boys' re-union there, has been awarded to Mrs. Geo. Lewis.

The Board of Customs have decided that linoleum patterns, printed or stamped on paper, locomotives propelled by electricity and statues and statuettes shall be dutiable at three per cent.

A convention is now in force between the postoffice of Canada and the postoffice of Trinidad for direct interchange of closed parcels by mail at a rate of sixteen cents per pound.

The Halifax grain elevator, which has been idle since its building six years ago, is being got ready for operations this winter. The Intercolonial will handle an export trade from that port.

It is likely two by-laws will be submitted to London electors in January, one for $145,000 to build a second water main from Springbank and a second for $106,500 for additional land at Springbank.

At St. Catharines, on Saturday, John Hall was sentenced to six months' imprisonment for assaulting a police officer during a desperate and desperate struggle. Half a dozen policemen were unable to club the [illegible]

J. McBAIN,
Recorder.

PUBLICITY

Is as necessary to the growth of business as are gentle rains, balmy air and generous sunshine in the propagation of flowers and fruits. An increase in business is found to follow an advertisement in

THE REVIEW.

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Professional Men,
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It costs little more than the plain—gives caste to your business or profession. We have several qualities of Letter Heads, Note Heads and Envelopes, as well as a full line of Commercial Stationery.

Some Spring or Summer Announcement is wanted—a circular, booklet or dodger—perhaps some Billheads or Statements or Labels or Tags.

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USE DR JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined. Examination and Consultation Free.

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Prices reasonable.

A Yorkshire Boar for service.

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Teacher for S. S. No. 2, Mayo, for 1905. Applying stating salary to

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at St. Lawrence Hall, for consultation on diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.

Village Residence for Sale

Consisting of ½ acre of land in the village of Madoc, on which is a good brick house, good frame barn, good well, etc., will be sold subject to a lease expiring October 1st, 1905, now occupied by Mr. W. Tumelty. Terms reasonable. Apply to the owner up to April 1st at Madoc, after that at Marmora.

11 MRS. MARY FEENEY.

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Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm containing 220 acres, more or less, situated in township of Hillier, County Prince Edward. The above is one of the best grain and dairy farms in Ont. situated on the C.O.R., large two story brick house, 2 large bank barns and other out buildings. Convenient to churches, cheese factory and school on the premises. Plenty wood and water, well fenced and in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser by paying a reasonable amount down. Inspection invited.

W. B. KIRK,
Hillier P.O.

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Prices of Millinery

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HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

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If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

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Containing 115 acres more or less in good state of cultivation, well watered with creek and two never-failing wells. All the wood and fruit a person wants for a life-time. Farm double width with a lane in centre, good soil, frame house, drive-house, pig pen, 2 frame barns and shed. Convenient to church, post-office, grocery, blacksmith shop and feed mill. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to

T. A. JACOBS,
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350 students enrolled last year, 155 young ladies and 155 young men. Two matriculation scholarships of $120 and $100 won in 1901 by Albert College students. New commercial rooms unsurpassed, courses in Book-keeping, Short-hand and Telegraphy, full Conservatory courses in Piano, Pipe Organ, Vocal, Violin, Harmony, and Theory of Music, Local Conservatory examinations. Special attention given to Elocution, Physical Culture, Matriculation and Teachers Course. New Pipe Organ. Domestic Science Rooms and Art Gallery recently added. Large athletic grounds, splendid gymnasium. Building heated with steam and lighted by electricity.

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Fee for Commercial course from $37.50 to $38.50.

For illustrated circulars, address

37 PRINCIPAL DYER, D.D

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the south half of lot 15, in the 2nd con. of Huntingdon, containing 140 acres. On it is a good stone house, a small frame house, two good barns and waggon-house with basement stables under all three of them, good orchard. The farm is well watered, well fenced and well wooded, convenient to school, church, store, post office, cheese factory. Will sell cheap as the owner wishes to retire from business. Terms easy.

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The undersigned, having fitted up a new Paint Shop, is now prepared to do all kinds of

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—IN—

FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

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W. J. REED.

Madoc, Nov. 15, 1904.

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New SPRING GOODS!

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MEN'S SUITINGS,

consisting of the best English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Venetians, Irish Serges, etc., and invite the patronage of the public. Call and satisfy yourselves.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. McA[illegible]

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C. B. Scantlebury,
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MADOC, — — ONTARIO.

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For Sale.

South half lot 29, 4th concession of Thurlow, containing 100 acres, 9 miles from Belleville. Barn 80x30, stabling for 25 cows and 7 horses. Floor cement. Good dwelling house, drive house, pig and implement shed, good orchard of winter fruit, well watered and in first class state of cultivation. Clover grown extensively. Terms easy. Apply to

W. A. ESMOND,
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The north ½ of lot 4 in the 8th concession, and the south east ½ of lot 4 in the 7th concession, of Madoc township, containing over 150 acres. Good buildings, well watered, well fenced, and in a good state of cultivation. Easy terms to suit purchaser. Two miles from village of Madoc. Apply on the premises to

J. A. KETCHESON.

Madoc, August 28th 1905

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A valuable 100-acre farm, 1½ miles from Trenton, on the Wooler gravel road. It is 80 rods wide, good roads on both sides of it, has a never failing spring creek running through it five rods from barn. The soil is clay loam. Has a brick residence 32x38, frame kitchen 14x30, and a good cistern in kitchen. The barn is 30x5[illegible], has an 9 foot stone basement, with stabling for 10 cows and 6 horses underneath, drive-house 34x36 with stables attached. Buildings are all in first-class repair. There is a bearing orchard of 400 apple trees, besides pear and plum trees, and berries. There is also a tenement house on the farm. No encumbrance on place. Immediate possession given and purchaser may buy stock on hand consisting of [illegible] farm implements. Owner is [illegible] Cows or two according to indifferent health, four for catarrh.

[illegible]AMS, Owner,
Trenton, Ont

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North Hastings Review.

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28TH YEAR.—No. 50. **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 14, 1905.** POSTAGE PREPAID.

County Council.

An Interesting Session Concluded at Belleville Last Week.

The following synopsis of the County Council proceedings, relating principally to matters affecting the North Hastings municipalities, is taken from the Daily Ontario. The session opened on Tuesday, 5th inst., and continued until Saturday morning :—

During the Warden's opening address he referred to the fact that during the past year two of the oldest county officials were forced to resign. One of them, the late Peter Vankleek, had gone to his reward. The latter was a matter of deep regret. He was a valuable official and a gentleman in every sense of the word. He believed some expression of sympathy should be made by the council to the family of deceased.

The report of the committee composed of Clerk Aylesworth, H. Bleecker and Geo. Nicholson reported that they had settled with James Sedore for $37.55 and Wm. West for $9 for injuries sustained by going through a bridge in Elzevir in May last. The committee thought they had made a very reasonable settlement as the claims were much higher than those allowed.

Robert Robinson addressed the council in reference to a road in the township of Madoc. He asked the council to rescind a motion passed at the June session allowing Madoc council to establish a road in the 7th concession at a width of 40 feet.

The warden said he did not think the council had a right to rescind the motion. The matter now rested entirely with the Madoc township council.

It was moved and seconded that no action be taken in the matter.

James A. Chambers, of Bannockburn, wrote asking damages sustained by his horse becoming frightened at an obstruction on the road near Kelley's bridge. His wife was injured and his buggy damaged owing to the horse running away. He asked for no specific amount but his actual expenses amounted to $24.31, including doctor's bill.

The warden thought the information at hand was very meagre as to whose fault it was that the accident happened. He couldn't see where the council was liable.

Mr. Denyes thought the council had no authority to pay the bills out of county funds. He moved, seconded by Mr. Vandervoort, that no action be taken, which was carried.

A communication was read from the united counties of Leeds and Grenville asking this county to co-operate with them towards having larger grants made by the Government to the Public Schools.

The Warden said he believed the proficiency of the High School was being got at the expense of the Public School.

Mr. Denyes said he was in favor of the memorial. It was a lamentable thing if the grants to the High Schools were being increased and the grants to the Public Schools decreased. The latter schools were the foundation of our national life.

A motion prevailed that the council concur in the memorial.

A circular from Hon. Nelson Monteith in regard to the new county council's act was discussed. The new act provides that after 1906 the county council shall consist of reeves and certain deputy-reeves of townships and mayors of towns not separated from the county.

The matter was finally received and fyled.

The clerk of the council of Norfolk wrote the council in reference to the new proposed act. They asked the Hastings council to co-operate in opposing any change in the present system.

Mr. Nicholson said he was perfectly satisfied with the present law, and if this council could do anything to have the law remain as it was it should be done.

Mr. Denyes said, as far as he was concerned he was perfectly satisfied with the present system. Since enacted it had worked well.

The warden gave an interesting history of how the old law had been changed to the present system. He believed the Whitney Government had practically committed themselves to change the system, as the circular from Hon. Mr. Monteith stated, and he therefore thought it would be practically useless to send any petition to the Government.

Mr. Dryden said he believed it the matter went to a vote of the people they would vote for a change, as many of them were dissatisfied.

Mr. Tumelty was in favor of the memorial from Norfolk county.

Mr. Lancaster said when the new system came in his constituents were at first rather dubious about the change, but now they are perfectly satisfied. The expense was much less and the work was being done in a very satisfactory manner. He would like to see just about half the number there are now.

On the motion to concur in the memorial a vote was taken and the motion carried.

A communication was read from Norman Switzer and others from Bird's Creek saying that the $90 granted for roads in Herschel had not been used to good advantege.

The Chairman of Roads and Bridges, Mr. Nicolson, presented a lengthy report. The expenses during the year upon roads, bridges, wire fences and removing snow was as follows :—

Gravel Roads	$14,286 07
Bridges	6,947 28
Snow	2,075 58
Wire Fences	537 00
Machinery	336 63
Total	$24,764 56

The expenditures in the various townships were as follows :—

Sidney	$4175 63
Thurlow	3874 50
Tyendinaga	3113 56
Rawdon	2658 46
Huntingdon	1888 38
Hungerford	2183 76
Marmora and Lake	1244 51
Madoc	2103 43
Elzevir	1133 90
Tudor and Limerick	1427 43
Machinery	336 63
Total	$24,764 56

Mr. Cornell moved, seconded by Mr. Tumelty, that the county assume the cost of laying a tile drain under the street in Madoc leading to the station for the purpose of draining property along the road.

Mr. Best thought the people whose property was benefitted should pay the cost.

The warden thought the matter should be left with the superintendent with power to act.

Mr. Cornell's motion was lost.

The committee appointed to select a suitable site for the new House of Refuge presented their report. It was read by the warden. The committee had visited several sites in this vicinity and at Deseronto, Tweed and Madoc. After a full discussion they had decided on the 89 front acres of the Henderson property on the Kingston road, just east of the hospital. This site runs from the Bay of Quinte to Bridge street and the committee have an option on the property for $6,500. Dr. Bruce Smith, the inspector of Public Charity institutions, had inspected the site and he recommended the purchase of that property and advised that the solicitor make out a coveyance of the property. The inspector said it was one of the finest sites in Canada for such an institution. He congratulated the committee on their selection.

Mr. Dryden was on his feet in a minute. He was decidedly against the selection made. He said that the fire protection was poor and the water service also too far away. It was not, in his opinion, a suitable site for a poor house. He claimed the site looked over in Deseronto was the proper one. They had good fire protection and water service. He didn't think the building should be erected near the county buildings. He understood the present lessee had to be bought off.

Mr. Denyes in reply said one of the principal reasons for the committee selecting the Thurlow site was the favorable fire, light and water service that Belleville affords. He believed there was not a man who really thought the building should be erected in that town. He went thoroughly into the matter and his discussion and explanation was clear and concise. He thought the committee had made a wise choice.

The warden said Mr. Cousins had a three years' lease of the property and in order to get him off it would only be right that he should be remunerated, as he had a milk route and was making a living therefrom. It was arranged to give Mr. Cousins $400 to release his right to the property. The warden told of the prices of other properties looked at. The Phillips property of 68 acres was $3,650, the Denyes property next to the cemetery of 50 acres was $8,000, one site $100 an acre, another of 45 acres belonging to Mr. Whytock was $2,500, another 50 acres was $3000. The site at Tweed was $6,000, an exhorbiant price.

Mr. Cornell objected strongly to the committee's choice. He thought that before the committee started out they had made up their minds that Belleville should be selected. He believed that if Madoc had shown them a land flowing with milk and honey the committee would have turned it down.

Mr. Denyes, in reply, said that the sites at Madoc shown the committee were very unsuitable, the land being too rough.

Mr. Bonter said he acted on the committee without prejudice. He would rather have seen the building at Madoc, it being at the most central point, but the land there was too rough. He thought the committee had made a good choice.

Mr. Rodgers said he didn't see why there should be such a lengthy discussion over the matter. Two committees had decided on the same property, and why should their decision not be respected? He would venture to say that two-thirds of the ratepayers of the county were in favor of the site chosen.

The warden said he was sure the committee started out without any feeling of prejudice. The lands shown at Madoc were of a very inferior nature and there was no water supply. He believed the site chosen was the best offered. He thought the committee's report should be adopted.

Mr. Dryden said there was not a complete report, as two of the members had not signed it.

Mr. Lancaster said he did not see any reason for this discussion. He thought the proper site was the one chosen. It was to be managed by the county and it should be near the county buildings. Madoc was not a suitable place.

On motion of Mr. Denyes, seconded by Mr. Bonter, the report of the committee was adopted, all the members voting in favor of it except Messrs. Dryden, Cornell, Tumelty and Best.

Mr. Best presented a communication from Geo. L. Jarman, the newly appointed police magistrate of Bancroft, asking for a salary at $500, or $100 more than the last magistrate received, said salary to commence on December 1, 1905. Referred to the ways and means committee.

A report in reference to the bridge in Rawdon known as Phillip's bridge, which had broken down and a new one had to be built. Tenders were asked for and the contract was given to Dickson Bros., of Peterboro, at $787.50. The bridge had not been completed and the reason for the delay was unknown.

Mr. Lake, of Stirling, asked the council to remunerate him for the injury done to an engine which went through a bridge in Rawdon township.

Mr. Rogers moved that a committee composed of the superintendent, Mr. Nicolson and the mover meet Mr. Lake and endeavor to effect a settlement. The motion carried.

Mr. Cornell moved that the matter of building the tile drain under the road in Madoc village leading to the station be reconsidered.

Mr. Nicholson thought the drain should be built, as it was the worst piece of road in the county and it was a reasonable request.

Superintendent Bleecker said he had expended $537 for wire fences since the June session, owing the many demands for fences of that nature. He asked for $200 more to meet the extra demand.

Several of the members spoke on the subject. The warden moved that Mr. Bleecker be given authority to appoint necessary men after consulting the members to keep the roads open in the winter. The motion was carried.

No action was taken in regard to the communication from David Brown, of Bird's Creek, in respect to work done on a road near there, and Mr. Lancaster's explanation was accepted as satisfactory.

Mr. Best made a motion that the county treasurer be authorized to pay the treasurer of Dungannon $150 towards building L'Amable bridge. The motion carried.

The usual $25 grant was made to North and South Hastings Teachers' Institutes.

The request of George L. Jarman asking for an increase in salary, making it $500 a year, was taken up. After discussion a motion that the same salary be allowed as paid to Mr. Hargyett, $400 a year, was carried.

Messrs. C. W. Thompson and N. Vermilyea were appointed auditors of the county.

Mr. Denyes moved, seconded by Mr. Rogers, that a committee be appointed to arrange plans and specifications and estimates for a House of Refuge for Hastings County, and that said committee consist of the Warden and Clerk ; they to report at the January session.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Morton, seconded by Mr. Dryden, that the Clerk be requested to draft a suitable resolution of condolence to the family of the late Mr. Peter Vankleek.—Carried.

Mr. Lancaster was voted to the chair while a resolution of thanks was moved to the retiring Warden, Mr. Macfarlane.

The Council then adjourned sine die.

Pretty Home Wedding at Belleville.

Duprau-Bailey Nuptials.

(Intelligencer.)

A very pretty home wedding occurred at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bailey, Lewis street. The bride was their only child, Miss Allie, who became the wife of Dr. Oliver Duprau, of this city, only son of the Rev. S. A. Duprau, who is at present stationed at Roseneath. The immediate relatives and a few intimate friends were present to witness the ceremony, which was performed by the father of the groom, assisted by the Rev. R. H. Leitch, Pastor of Holloway Street church. The young couple were unattended. The bride was charmingly attired in a gown of cream silk, trimmed with cream taffetta and chiffon. She carried a beautiful bouquet of roses. The drawing-room, where the wedding was solemnized, was prettily decorated for the occasion with smilax and carnations. After the nuptial knot had been tied the company were handsomely entertained, the caterer being Mr. Jas. Wallace. The bride, who was very popular in this city, was the recipient of many costly and handsome gifts. Dr. Duprau and his wife left on the evening train for a trip to Detroit and other places. Upon their return they will take up their residence on Hillside street in this city. Many friends will offer sincere congratulations.

[Among the invited guests from a distance were Dr. and Mrs. Harrison and Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Hudgins, of Madoc, the bride having been a resident of this village during the Model School term a few years ago.—ED. REVIEW.]

Corns Grow Between the Toes

But can be cured without pain in one day by Putnam's Corn and Wart Extractor. This standard remedy never burns the flesh,—it is entirely vegetable in composition and does not destroy the flesh. Use only Putman's it's the best.

Oddfellow "Veterans" Honored.

25-Year Jewels Presented by the Grand Master.

Madoc Lodge of the Independent Order of Oddfellows was especially honored at their "At Home" on Monday evening, by receiving in person the Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Ontario, Bro. T. H. Blewett, of Listowel. The occasion was unique in the history of Madoc Lodge No. 179 ; it was the first occasion of a visit from a Grand Master, and the presentation was to be made of Veterans' Jewels to a number of brothers who had completed 25 years of continuous membership in the Lodge. These Veteran Jewels were authorized some years ago by the Sovereign Grand Lodge of America, and every brother who qualifies by 25 year's service has the privilege of wearing same. Madoc Lodge some time ago decided to present these jewels to those members entitled to them, as a gift from the Lodge, and for this purpose the best were secured, solid gold, beautifully enamelled, and engraved with the name of the brother and date of presentation.

The "At Home" on Monday evening filled the Lodge room to its full capacity. During the evening, in the intervals between speeches, Mr. G. F. Maybee entertained those present with selections from his excellent phonograph. Bro. J. J. Dale, Past Grand, acted as Chairman for the evening, and discharged the duties most acceptably. The address of the Grand Master was an able and earnest effort, listened to with the greatest interest while he depicted the aims, objects, and some of the noble work of this great Order. His address was the most complete exposition of the principles of Oddfellowship ever heard in Madoc, and will do much to stimulate the Order in this community. Addresses appropriate to the occasion were also given by the local clergy—Revs. E. A. Saunderson, Dr. McDiarmid and C. J. Young, Mr. Mackay being absent from town. The presentation of the jewels was then made by the Grand Master in pleasing and fitting words, those entitled to the same being :—

Bro. J. C. Dale, joined Oct. 28, 1875.
Bro. Benson O'Hara, joined Oct. 28th, 1875.
Bro. E. L. Weiss, joined Oct. 28, 1875.
Bro. N. Marshall Maybee, joined Feb. 7, 1876.
Bro. Geo. W. Sine, joined Feb. 7th, 1876.
Bro. Edwin Hailstone, joined April 2, 1877.
Bro. Byron M. Richmond, Sept. 3, 1877.
Bro. J. R. Orr, joined April 21, 1879.
Bro. John Mouncey, joined Sept. 1, 1879.
Bro. Wm. Cross, joined Sept. 15, 1879.
Bro. Jas. Wright, joined Jan. 5, 1880.
Bro. Robert Weir, joined April 12, 1880.
Bro. John Tucker, joined Oct. 11, 1880.

Bro. Wright, who is in California, was represented by his son Harry; Bro. G. W. Sine, of Gananoque, was unable to be present through illness ; all the others were present. Bros. Dale, O'Hara and Weiss are all who now remain of the original Charter members of the Lodge.

During the evening, another pleasant feature was the presentation to the Lodge by Bro. Weiss, of a frame filled with photographs of Madoc taken by himself during the gold excitement about 39 years ago. It is needless to say that the collection is now a valuable one as well as a curiosity.

Refreshments were then served by the members to their guests, and after an hour or so of social intercourse one of the most pleasant and the most interesting gatherings of Madoc Oddfellows was brought to a happy close.

Farmers' Institute Meetings.

At Eldorado on Tuesday and Wednesday Next.

The present Government of Ontario have taken several steps in advance along the line of Agriculture. North Hastings is favored with the two days meeting at Eldorado, and every farmer and dairyman within a radius of 20 miles should be there.

The Judging Class on the forenoon of 20th. is new for these parts. Four or five dairy cows as well as swine will be used to illustrate desirable and undesirable points and characteristics, and every farmer's son should be there. The Dairy meeting is also new and every producer, official of factory, and maker, should attend.

The afternoon will be devoted to subjects of interest to makers, so let every farmer, dairyman, cheese-maker and President be present and take part in the discussions.

High Constable McLoud was dismissed from office by the Middlesex county council.

The infant child of Alfred Berry, of Kingsville, died from eating phosphorus matches.

Over 40,000,000 bushels of wheat has been marketed at C.P.R. points in the west this

SICK!

When mother's sick, the house is all
So strangely hushed in room and hall!
But mother never will admit
She's suffering a single bit!
She won't let people do a thing—
There's nothing any one can bring—
She just lies there, and tries to fix
Herself, by cunning little tricks!
And as for doctor—why, the word
She scouts as being most absurd.
And when he comes he has to guess
At Symptoms that she won't confess;
And then he's apt to frown and say:
"You should have had me right away.
I'll come again this evening,—for
It's bad, you see, a week or more!

When father's sick—I tell you, now
You ought to hear the dreadful row!
The talk of "dying," and the groans!
The orders in convulsive tones;
The hasty running to and fro;
To rearrange the pillow—so;
To fix hot-water bag and shade;
For mustard plaster, lemonade!
Appeals to get the doctor, quick—
And "can't you see I'm awful sick?"
And then the doctor sits and hears
While father grunts his pains and fears.
He leaves some drops, and tells us: "Hum!
Unless I'm needed I shan't come
Again, I think he'll do all right."
And father's up, perhaps by night.

Neuralgic Headache is Usually.

Attended with blinding pain, but relief comes quickly when Nerviline is applied, for it is the strongest pain-reliever in the world. "I consider Nerviline a most magical remedy for neuralgia. I am subject to violent attacks, writes Mrs. E. G. Harris, of Baltimore, but never worry if Nerviline is the house. The prompt relief that Nerviline brings makes it priceless to me. A few applications never yet failed to kill the pain. I can also recommend Nerviline for stiffness in the joints and rheumatism." Try Nerviline yourself. Price 25c.

THE REVIEW

will be given Free for the balance of this year to new subscribers for 1906.

THE FARMER REAPS what he has previously sowed. The human body reaps likewise the natural crop of weakness, pain and death if the seeds of disease have been sown by bad habits of carelessness in eating, sleeping and exercising.

KEEP WELL IF YOU CAN and when you need a little help in keeping well use *Nature's remedies*, that do not roughly stimulate but gently quicken the action of Nature's functions in a natural way. Nature's laboratory furnishes the following plants which enter into the manufacture of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery: Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot and Mandrake root.

If in doubt as to your trouble or needing advice, you can consult, free of charge, Dr. R. V. Pierce, chief consulting physician to the Invalids' Hotel and Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N. Y. All letters are considered confidential and answers bearing correct medical advice returned in securely sealed envelopes.

"I suffered for nearly eight years," writes Philip A. Patch, Esq., of Mobile, Ala., Deputy Sheriff, "with malaria, which poisoned my entire system and deprived me of my vitality. I was cured in three months by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. I know it was largely due to neglect and I paid little attention to my trouble until I became so run-down and weak that I knew I had to do something at once to regain my health. I began to feel better within four days after I used the 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and after using nine bottles I was restored to my usual health, feeling better than for years."

The most valuable book for both men and women is Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. A splendid 1008-page volume, with engravings and colored plates. A copy, paper-covered, will be sent to anyone sending 31 cents in one-cent stamps, to pay the cost of mailing *only*, to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y. Cloth-bound, 50 stamps.

J. C. DALE & Co.

BANKERS,

DALE'S BLOCK, MADOC, ONT.

A General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received, and interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Interest added to principal half-yearly, on the 11th of May and the 11th of November of each year.

REFERENCE :—Canadian Bank of Commerce.

J. C. DALE, Manager.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital and Rest, $6,500,000
Total assets, - $39,600,000

HEAD OFFICE, — TORONTO

T. G. Brough, General Manager.

MADOC BRANCH.

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and Interest allowed at highest current rates, compounded half yearly.

F. COTTLE, Manager.

A. F. WOOD,
LAND, LOAN AND INSURANCE AGENCY
Agent for "London, Liverpool & Globe," "Equity," and "Metropolitan" Fire Insurance Companies. Lowest rates in Tariff and Non-tariff Companies, and risks absolutely safe.

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BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR,
BELLEVILLE, - - ONT.

W. J. MOORE, B.C.L.,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER.
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Solicitor for the Dominion Bank.

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, NOTARY, MADOC, ONTARIO.
Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates.
Solicitor for J. C. Dale & Co., Bankers.
Solicitor for Murphy, Gordon & Co., Bankers, Tweed.

WILLIAM CROSS, LL.B.,
BARRISTER AND SOLICITOR, NOTARY PUBLIC, CONVEYANCER.
Appraiser at Madoc for The Canada Permanent and Western Canada Mortgage Corporation.
Money to loan at 5 per cent, on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee.
Office—Wood Block Madoc.

DR. HARPER,
GRADUATE OF TRINITY UNIVERSITY
Fellow of Trinity Medical College
Licentiate of College of Physicians and Surgeons, Ontario.
Office—Durham street, Dale's Block, Madoc.

DR. HARRISON,
PHYSICIAN, SURGEON, ETC.
Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F

Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

M. MAYBEE, Rec.-Sec. JOHN MCBAIN, Noble Grand.
L. F. MORRIS, Fin.-Sec.

Madoc Lodge, No. 195, A.O.U.W.

THE Ancient Order of United Workmen meets every first and third Friday of each month in Moon's new block. Visiting brethren are cordially welcomed.

M. MAYBEE, Master Workman. W. H. MCBAIN, Recorder.

RHEUMATIC SUFFERERS.

Will Find a Certain Cure in the Use of Dr. Williams Pink Pills.

Rheumatism is a disease of the blood. Every doctor now admits this to be the fact. Doctors used to think that rheumatism was brought on by colds in the joints and muscles. Now they know that cold never started the disease—cold only sets the pains going. Rheumatism can only be cured by curing the bad blood which causes it. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills always cures rheumatism, because they actually make new, rich red blood, which drives out the poisonous acids, loosens the stiffened aching joints and muscles and restores the rheumatic sufferer to health and happiness. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills have cured rheumatic sufferers, some of them when they were almost hopeless cripples. Mr. T. H. Smith, Caledonia, Ont., says:—"For a number of years I was badly troubled with rheumatism, and was so crippled I could scarcely do any work. I tried quite a number of medicines, but they did not help me. Then I saw Dr. Williams' Pink Pills advertised as a cure for this trouble, and got a supply. After I had taken a few boxes I saw they were helping me, and I continued taking the pills throughout the winter, and am now completely cured. I have since worked out of doors in cold weather without a coat, and did not feel even a twinge of the trouble."

If you are suffering from any disease due to bad blood or disordered nerves, Dr. Williams' Pink Pills will cure you, because they make new rich blood, which goes right to the root of the disease and drives it from the system. That is why Dr. Williams' Pink Pills cure such troubles as anaemia, indigestion, palpitation of the heart, neuralgia, headaches and backaches, kidney and liver troubles, St. Vitus Dance, paralysis, and the special secret ailments of girlhood and womanhood. But only the genuine pills can do this and these always have the full name "Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People," on the wrapper around each box. Sold by Medicine dealers everywhere, or sent by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by writing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

THE SHAKESPEARE GARDEN.

The estate of the Countess of Warwick, in Essex, possesses a most unique feature. In one part of the grounds is what is known as the "Shakspeare Border." This include every flower, shrub, and vegetable mentioned in the works of Shakespeare. The collection comprises over two hundred species, and every specimen is labelled, not only with its botanic name, but also with the quotation from the play in which it is mentioned. Altogether it is a quite unique reproduction of the garden and floral history of the sixteenth century. This extensive collection does not include either the forget-me-not, the holly-hock, the foxglove, or the lily-of-the-valley; for students of Shakespeare will look in vain for mention of these favorite flowers in the whole of his works.

TEETHING TROUBLE.

Teething is generally accompanied by nervousness, irritability and stomach disorders, which may lead to serious consequences if not promptly treated. Baby's Own Tablets is the best medicine in the world for teething children. They allay the inflammation in the tender swollen gums, correct the disordered stomach, and help the teeth through painlessly. Mrs. T. Nutt, Raymond, Ont., says: "My baby suffered terribly while teething, but as soon as I began giving him Baby's Own Tablets he improved in every way and is now a bright healthy child." The Tablets also cure colic, constipation, diarrhoea, indigestion, simple fevers and destroy worms. They are guaranteed to contain not one particle of opiate or harmful drugs, and may be given with equally good results to the new born baby or the well grown child. Sold by all druggists or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

ADEPTS AT FRAUD.

Man Marries Two Rich Women and Spends Fortune.

By the arrest of a man named Viard, who opened a marriage agency at Paris, France, and his niece, Mlle. Doens de Lancet, an extraordinary matrimonial swindle has been brought to light.

He succeeded in marrying a woman with $25,000, but in a few months he had spent her money and deserted her. The woman did not prosecute him, but contented herself with obtaining a divorce.

Viard then succeeded in finding a second wife in a young woman with $15,000. When he had obtained the money he deserted his wife, who, like the first, did not prosecute him, but obtained a divorce.

Viard promptly began a search for a third victim, but meanwhile a young man, the well-to-do Viscount Emanuel de Villefontaine, applied to his agency for a wife. Viard immediately introduced his niece as a very wealthy young lady, and the Viscount became enamored of her. A marriage was arranged, and Viard induced the Viscount to advance him $16,000 and jewelry to the value of $4,000.

Before the wedding could take place however, certain information concerning the girl came to the ears of the Viscount, and he broke off the match and asked for the return of his money. Failing to obtain this, he applied to the police, and Viard and his niece were arrested on charges of fraud and conspiracy to defraud.

ALL HE CARED ABOUT.

First Surgeon—Have you saved your man?

Second Surgeon—No, but I've saved his appendix.

TO HUNT GAME IN AFRICA

EARL OF WARWICK AND TWO COMPANIONS START.

Elephants, Lions, Deer, Gigantic Baboons and Little Apes in Abundance.

The Earl of Warwick, his brother, Capt. Greville, and Col. Pattison have started from London for Uganda for a big game shooting expedition, which will be of several months' duration.

This is by no means the first experience the Earl will have had with big game shooting, for he has brought down tigers in India, and has shot the "grizzly" on the Rocky Mountains. Capt. Greville is one of the best shots of the day, while Col. Pattison is a big game hunter of repute.

It is to the latter that the arrangements of the expedition have been entrusted, and in explaining them before starting he laughed at the idea that the perils which he and his companions were going to face would be very dreadful or that the hardships would be over great.

ABUNDANT SPORT.

"As a matter of fact," he said, "we shall take things as comfortably as we can. From Mombassa we shall go up to Nairobi, which is as far as the rail will take us.

"Seven years ago when I was there, Nairobi was simply a patch of desert land, now it is a city with 10,000 inhabitants, and there are a number of white officials.

"We shall use Nairobi as our headquarters, and make various expeditions from there.

"Some of the country is, of course, penetrable thicket, but we shall avoid this and make for the hills and plains which are really beautiful, and literally alive with big game of all kinds Nowhere on earth, indeed, can so much big game be found.

"There are herds of elephants plenty of lions, giraffes, endless deer, and gigantic baboons that wander about, followed by an attendant army of small monkeys, whom they boss.

ALL DEPENDS ON LUCK.

"Our prospects? Well, that is hard to say. There is a large element of luck in game hunting. Night after night one may hear lions roaring all around the camp, and yet not see one for weeks together. I have known men go in search of lions for months, and never catch sight of one. On the other hand, one may bag a couple in the course of an afternoon.

"As we reckon about twenty porters to each of us, we shall number all told about sixty. I dare say we may find our way to spots where no white man has ever yet been, and come across many of the numerous native tribes. I suppose that altogether we shall be away five months.

PERIL IN FLANNELETTE.

Deaths by Burning in London Attracts Attention.

The British Home Office authorities are collecting statistics as to the number of deaths caused by the wearing of flannelette clothing, with a view to legislation on the subject.

Wynne Baxter, East London coroner, made this announcement at an inquest concerning the death of Dora Zullo, the wife of an artist. She was combing her hair in front of the fire when her flannelette dressing gown was set alight, and she died from her injuries.

The coroner, after mentioning the official action which was being taken, commented on the peril arising from the wearing of flannelette, and said the number of fatal cases seemed to be on the increase.

A similar cause of death was also investigated by the Preston coroner, a child, three years old, dying owing to injuries received by her flannelette night dress catching fire.

"There is not an atom of flannel in flannelette," remarked the coroner. "Flannelette is merely a name, and the material is all cotton. It is a good deal more dangerous than flannel or ordinary cotton cloth."

THE "COFFEE HEART."

It Is as Dangerous as the Tobacco or Whisky Heart.

"Coffee heart" is common to many coffee users and is liable to send the owner to his or her long home if the drug is persisted in. You can run 30 or 40 yards and find out if your heart is troubled. A lady who was once a victim of the "coffee heart" writes from Oregon:

"I have been a habitual user of coffee all my life and have suffered very much in recent years from ailments which I became satisfied were directly due to the poison in the beverage, such as torpid liver and indigestion, which in turn made my complexion blotchy and muddy.

"Then my heart became affected. It would beat most rapidly just after I drank my coffee, and go below normal as the coffee effect wore off. Sometimes my pulse would go as high as 137 beats to the minute. My family were greatly alarmed at my condition and at last mother persuaded me to begin the use of Postum Food Coffee.

"I gave up the old coffee entirely and absolutely, and made Postum my sole table beverage. This was 6 months ago, and all my ills, the indigestion, inactive liver and rickety heart action, have passed away, and my complexion has become clear and natural. The improvement set in very soon after I made the change, just as soon as the coffee poison had time to work out of my system.

"My husband has also been greatly benefitted by the use of Postum, and we find that a simple breakfast with Postum, is as satisfying and more strengthening than the old heavier meal we used to have with the other kind of coffee." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

SUNLIGHT SOAP

$5000 Reward! WILL BE PAID BY LEVER BROTHERS LIMITED, TORONTO, ONT. TO ANY PERSON WHO CAN PROVE THAT THIS SOAP CONTAINS ANY FORM OF ADULTERATION WHEREVER IT CONTAINS ANY INJURIOUS CHEMICALS

LESS LABOUR GREATER COMFORT

GUARANTEED PERFECTLY PURE, GENUINE, & FREE FROM ADULTERATION. ALL DEALERS ARE AUTHORIZED TO RETURN PURCHASE MONEY TO ANYONE FINDING CAUSE FOR COMPLAINT.

Your Money Refunded by the dealer from whom you buy Sunlight Soap if you find any cause for complaint.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

$5,000 reward will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Equally good with hard or soft water.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto 18

IN THE GERMAN ARMY.

Draconic Sentence Imposed on Two Soldiers.

A draconic sentence has been passed by a court-martial sitting at Coblenz, Germany, on two riflemen, who, dressed in civilian clothes, the better to avoid recognition, had slipped out of their quarters and, under cover of darkness, gone to a village restaurant, where they knew would find a certain non-commissioned officer, against whom they bore a grudge. Seeing him sitting inside, they threw a stoneware pitcher and a piece of wood through the window at him, though without doing any injury.

The court-martial found the accused guilty of participation in a military revolt, and sentenced one to six years' imprisonment and degradation and the other to five years' hard labor, expulsion from the army and five years' loss of all civil rights. No allowance was made for the eleven months the men had been in custody awaiting trial.

The sentence has created great astonishment, and is compared with the clemency so frequently shown by courts-martial to non-commissioned officers proved guilty of treating privates with gross brutaility.

LIFE ON THE RAIL IS A HARD ONE

C. P. R. ENGINEER'S EXPERIENCE WITH DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

They Brought Back His Strength When he Could Neither Rest nor Sleep.

Winnipeg, Man., Dec. 4.—(Special).—Mr. Ben Rafferty, the well-known C.P.R. engineer, whose home is at 175 Maple Street, is one Winnipeg man who swears by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

"Long hours on the engine and the mental strain broke down my constitution," Mr. Rafferty says. "My back gave out entirely. Terrible, sharp, cutting pains followed one another, till I felt I was being sliced away piecemeal. I would come in tired to death from a run. My sole desire would be to get rest and sleep, and they were the very things I could not get. Finally I had to lay off work.

"Then I started to take Dodd's Kidney Pills, and the first night after using them I slept soundly. In three days I threw away the belt I have worn for years. Dodd's Kidney Pills cured me."

IN PHYSIOLOGY CLASS.

Teacher—What element in sugar is necessary to the human body?

Pupil—Sand.

YOUNG MEN OF CANADA AND YOUNG WOMEN TOO.

get a **Business or Shorthand** education nothing will pay you so well, and no school can do so well for you as the Y. M. C. A. Business College of Toronto, old successful **Canada Business College of Hamilton.** We can place 200 of our graduates in good situations during the incoming year. We did it this year and can do it again. This is the old reliable College of Canada, established 44 years; 26 years under present principal. Over 3,000 graduates in successful business life. Try it. Write

R. E. GALLAGHER, Principal,
C. B. College, Hamilton, Ont.
Y. M. C. A. Buildings.

THE RETORT COURTEOUS.

A barrister named Bushe was trying a case in Limerick before Chief Baron O'Grady, when, in the course of the lawyer's speech, an ass began to bray loudly outside the court-room, the window of which opened on a pasture.

"Wait a minute," said the Chief Baron. "One at a time, Mr. Bushe, if you please."

The barrister presently had a good chance to retort. When O'Grady was charging the jury the ass again began to bray, this time at a greater distance from the court-room window.

"I beg your Lordship's pardon," said Bushe. "May I ask you to repeat your last words? There is such an echo here I did not quite catch your last sentence."

Brighton races this year yielded a profit of about £1,200, which will pass into the corporate [illegible] sury.

[illegible] Instantly what was that note?"

MADE UP.

Angel Child—"Aunt Daisy, what is meant by 'a fictitious character'?"

Aunt Daisy—"That means one that is made up, dear."

Angel Child—"Oh, yes! Then you're a fictitious character, aren't you, aun-tie?"

If a dog bites you don't be scared. Bathe the wound with cold water and cover it with a cloth on which Weaver's Cerate has been freely spread. The Cerate relieves the pain caused by the sting of insects.

WILLIE'S GUESS.

Teacher—Willie, what animal is web footed?

Willie—The spider.

Little but Searching. — Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets are not big nauseous doses that contain injurious drugs or narcotics —they are the pure vegetable pepsin — the medicinal extract from this luscious fruit, and the tablets are prepared in an palatable form as the fruit itself. They cure indigestion. 60 in a box, 35 cents.—56

Competition is the life of trade from the viewpoint of the buyer only.

Many inherit weak lungs, and as disease usually assails the weakest point, these persons are continually exposed to attacks of cold and pulmonary disturbances. The speedy use of Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup will be found a preventive and a protection, strengthening the organs so that they are not so liable to derangement from exposure or abrupt atmospheric changes. Bickle's Syrup is cheap and good.

NOT YET.

Cashier (coughing)—Pardon me, I didn't catch your last name.

Ethel (blushing)—I haven't caught it yet, myself.

A man often makes allowances for his wife, but not always in the form of a weekly stipend.

A Quick Recovery from Fever and all sickness is always the case when "Ferrovin" the *best tonic* is used. It builds, it strengthens, it gives new life. Try it.

Willie—"Father, what's a spendthrift?" Father—"A man who spends a great deal of money foolishly." Willie—"Then is a man who lends money foolishly a lendthrift?"

You cannot be happy while you have corns. Then do not delay in getting a bottle of Holloway's Corn Cure. It removes all kinds of corns without pain. Failure with it is unknown.

When the cooking-school graduates casts her bread upon the waters she hopes it will return to her in the shape of a wedding cake.

RHEUMATISM AND PARALYSIS.

Their complete home cure. Post free to readers of this paper. For limited period only.

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Marian Mayfield

Or, The Strange Disappearance

CHAPTER XVIII.—(Continued).

Thus, while Jacqueline fancied she had a new admirer, Dr. Grimshaw feared that he had a new rival, and the holy fathers hoped they had a new convert—Thurston laughed at the vanity of the elf, the jealousy of the Ogre, and the gullibility of the priests—and sought only escape from the haunting memory of Marian, and found it not. And finally, bored and ennuied beyond endurance, he cast about for a plan by which to hasten his union with Marian. Perhaps it was only that neighborhood she was afraid of, he thought—perhaps in some other place she would be less scrupulous. Satan had no sooner whispered this thought to Thurston's ear than he conceived the design of spending the ensuing autumn in Paris—and of making Marian his companion while there. Fired with this new idea and this new hope, he sat down and wrote her a few lines—without address or signature—as follows:

"Dearest, forgive all the past. I was mad and blind. I have a plan to secure at once our happiness. Meet me in the Mossy dell this evening, and let me explain it at your feet."

Having written this note, Thurston scarcely knew how to get it at once into Marian's hands. To put it into the village post-office was to expose it to the prying eyes of Miss Nancy Skamp. To send it to Old Fields, by a messenger, was still more hazardous. To slip it into Marian's own hand, he would have to wait the whole week until Sunday—and then might not be able to do so unobserved.

Finally, after much thought, he determined, without admitting the elf into his full confidence, to entrust the delivery of the note to Jacqueline.

He therefore copied it into the smallest space, rolled it up tightly, and took it with him when he went to Luckenough.

He spent the whole afternoon at the mansion house, without having an opportunity to slip it into the hands of Jacqueline.

It is true that Mrs. Waugh was not present, that good woman being in the back parlor, sitting at one end of the sofa and making a pillow of her lap for the commodore's head, which she combed soporifically, while, stretched at full length, he took his afternoon nap. But Mary L'Oiseau was there, quietly knotting a toilet cover, and Professor Grimshaw was there, scowling behind a book that he was pretending to read, and losing no word or look or tone or gesture of Thurston or Jacqueline, who talked and laughed and flirted and jested, as if there was no one else in the world but themselves.

At last a little negro appeared at the door to summon Mrs. L'Oiseau to give out supper, and Mary arose and left the room.

The professor scowled at Jacqueline from the top of his book for a little while, and then, muttering an excuse, got up and went out and left them alone together.

That was a very common trick of the doctor's lately, and no one could imagine why he did it.

"It is a ruse, a trap, the grim idiot! to see what we will say to each other behind his back. Oh, I'd close him! I just wish Thurston would kiss me! I do so!" thought Jacqueline. "Thurston," and the elf leaned toward her companion, and began to be as bewitching as she knew how.

But Thurston was not thinking of Jacqueline's mischief, though without intending it he played direct'y into her hands.

Rising, he took his hat, and saying that his witching little cousin had beguiled him into breaking one engagement already, advanced to take leave of her.

"Jasquelina," he said, lowering his voice, and slipping the note for Marian into her hand, "may I ask you to deliver this to Miss Mayfield, when no one is by?"

A look of surprise and perplexity, followed by a nod of intelligence, was her answer.

And Thurston, with a grateful smile, raised her hand to his lips, took leave and departed.

"I wonder what it is all about? I could easily untwist and read it, but I would not do so for a kingdom!" said Jacko to herself as she turned the tiny note about in her fingers.

"Hand me that note, madam!" said Dr. Grimshaw, in curt and husky tones, as, with stern brow, he stood before her.

"No, sir! it was not intended for you," she said, mockingly.

"By the demons, I know! Hand it here!"

"Don't swear nor get angry! Both are unbecoming a professor!" said the elf, with mocking gravity.

"Perdition! will you give it up?" stamped the doctor, in fury.

"Perdition,' no!" mocked the fairy.

"Hand it here, I command you, madam!" cried the professor, trying to compose himself and recover his dignity.

"Command away—I like to hear you. Command a regiment, if you like!" said the elf.

"Give it up!" thundered the professor, losing his slight hold upon self-control.

"Couldn't do it, sir," said Jacko, gravely.

"It is an appointment, you impudent——! Hand it here.

"Not as you know of!" laughed Jacko, tauntingly shaking it over her head.

He made a rush to catch it.

She sprang nimbly away, and clapped the paper into her mouth.

He overtook and caught her by the arm, and shaking her roughly, exclaimed, under his brath:

"Where is it? What have you done with it? You exasperating, unprincipled little wretch, where is it?"

"Echo answers fore?" mumbled the imp, chewing up the paper, and keeping her lips tight.

"Give it me! give it me! or I'll be the death of you, you diabolical little——!" he exclaimed, hoarsely, shaking her as if he would have shaken her breath out.

But Jacko had finished chewing up the paper, and she swallowed the pulp with an effort, nearly choked her, and then opening her mouth, and inflating her chest, gave voice in a succession of piercing shrieks, that brought the whole family rushing into the room, and obliged the professor to relax his hold, and stand like a detected culprit.

For there was the commodore roused up from his sleep, with his gray hair and beard standing out all ways, like the picture of the sun in an almanac. And there was Mrs. Waugh, with the great-tooth comb in her hand. And Mary L'Oiseau, with the pantry keys. And the maid, Maria, with the wooden tray of flour on her head. And Festus, with a bag of meal in his hands. And all with their eyes and ears and mouths agape with amazement and inquiry.

"In the fiend's name, what's the matter? What the d—l's broke loose? Is the house on fire again?" vociferated the commodore, seeing that no one else spoke: "what's all this about, Nace Grimshaw?"

"Ask your pretty niece, sir!" said the professor, sternly, turning away.

"Oh, it's you, is it, you little tormagant you? Oh, you're a honey-cooler. What have you been doing now, Imp?" cried the old man, turning fiercely to Jacquelina. "Answer me, you little vixen!—what does all this mean?"

"Better ask 'the gentlemanly professor' why he seized and nearly shook the head off my shoulders and the breath out of my bosom!" said Jacquelina, half-crying, half-laughing.

The commodire turned furiously toward Grim. Shaking a woman's head off her shoulders, and breath out of her body, in his house, did not suit his ideas of gallantry at a'l.

"By heaven! are you mad, sir? What have you been doing? I never laid the weight of my hand on Jacquelina in all my life, wild as she has driven me at times. Explain your brutality, sir."

"It was to force from her hand a paper which she has swallowed," said Dr. Grimshaw, with stern coldness regarding the group.

"Swallowed! swallowed!" shrieked Mrs. Waugh, rushing toward Jacquelina, and seizing one of her arms, and gazing in her face, thinking of poisons and of Jacko's frequent threats of suicide. "Swallowed! swallowed! Where did she get it? Who procured it for her? What was it? Oh, run for the doctor, somebody. What are you all standing like you were thunderstruck for? Dr. Grimshaw, start a boy on horseback immediately for a physician. Tell him to tell the doctor to bring a stomach pump with him. You had better go yourself. Oh, hasten; not a single moment is to be lost. Jacquelina, my dear, do you begin to feel sick? Do you feel a burning in your throat and stomach? Oh, my dear child! how came you to do such a rash act?"

Jacko broke into a loud laugh.

"Oh! crazy! crazy! it is something that affects her brain she has taken. Oh! Dr. Grimshaw, how can you have the heart to stand there and not go? Probably opium."

Jacko laughed till the tears ran down her cheeks—never, since her marriage, had Jacko laughed so much.

"Oh, Dr. Grimshaw! Don't you see she is getting worse and worse. How can you have the heart to stand there and not go for a physician?" said Mrs. Waugh, while Mary L'Oiseau looked on, mute with terror and the commodore stood with his fat eyes protruding nearly to bursting.

"Go, oh, go, Dr. Grimshaw!" insisted Mrs. Waugh.

"I assure you it is not necessary, madam," said the professor, with stern scorn.

"There is no danger, aunty. I haven't taken any poison since I took a dose of Grim before the altar!" said Jacko, through her tears and laughter.

"What have you taken, then, unfortunate child?"

"I have swallowed an assignation," said the elf, as grave as a judge.

"A what?" exclaimed all, in a breath.

"An assignation," repeated Jacko, with owl-like calmness and solemnity.

"What in the name of common sense do you mean, my dear?" inquired Mrs. Waugh, while the commodore and Mary L'Oiseau looked astonishment they did not speak.

"Pray compose yourself, my love."

"He—says—I—swallowed—one assignation—whole!" repeated Jacquelina, with distinct emphasis. Her auditors looked from one to another in perplexity.

"I see that I shall have to explain the disagreeable affair," said the professor, coming forward, and addressing himself to the commodore. "Mr. Thurston Willcoxen was here this afternoon on a visit to your niece, sir. In taking leave he slipped into her hand a small note, which, when I demanded, she refused to let me see."

"And very properly, too. What right had you to make such a 'demand?'" said Mrs. Waugh, indignantly.

"I was not addressing my remarks to you, madam," retorted the professor.

"That will not keep me from making a running commentary upon them, however," responded the lady.

"Hold your tongue, Henrietta. Go on, Nace. I swear you are enough to drive a peaceable man mad between you," said the commodore, bringing his stick down emphatically. "Well, what next?"

"On my attempting to take it from her she put it in her mouth and swallowed it."

"Yes! and then he seized me and shook me till the pins and I had been a fine-bearing little plum tree in harvest time."

"And served you right. I begin to think, you little limb, you. What was it you had, you little hussy?"

"An assignation, he says, and he ought to know—being a professor."

"Don't mock us, Minx! Tell us instantly what was the contents of that note?"

"As if I would tell you even if I could. But I couldn't tell you even if I would. Haven't the least idea what sort of a note it was, from a note of music to a 'note of hand,' because I had to swallow it as I swallowed the Ogre at the church—without looking at it. And it is just as indigestible! I feel it like a bullet in my throat yet!" And that was all the satisfaction they could get out of Jacko.

"I should not wonder if you had been making a fool of yourself, Nace," said the commodore, who seemed inclined to blow up both parties.

"I hope, sir," said the professor, with great assumption of dignity, "that you now see the necessity of forbidding that impertinent young coxcomb the house."

"Shall do nothing of the sort, Grim. Thurston has no more idea of falling in love with little Jacko than he has with her mother or Henrietta, not a bit more." And then the commodore happening to turn his attention to the two gaping negroes, with a flourish of his stick sent them about their business, and left the room.

The next evening Thurston repaired to the mossy dell in the expectation of seeing Marian, who, of course did not make her appearance.

The morning after, filled with disappointment and mortifying conjecture as to the cause of her non-appearance, Thurston presented himself before Jacquelina at Luckenough. He happened to find her alone. With all her playfulness of character, the poor fairy had too much self-respect to relate the scene to which she had been exposed the day before. So she contented herself with saying:

"I found no opportunity of delivering your note, Thurston, and so I thought it best to destroy it."

"I thank you. Under the circumstances that was best," replied the young man, much relieved. "When he reached home, he sat down and wrote a long and eloquent epistle, implioring Marian's forgiveness for his rashness and folly, assuring her of his continued love and admiration; speaking of the impossibility of living longer without her society—informing her of his intention to go to Paris, and proposing that she should either precede or follow him thither, and join him in that city. It was her duty, he urged, to follow her husband.

The following Sunday, after church, Marian placed her answer in his hands. The letter was characteristic of her—clear, firm, frank and truthful. It concluded thus:

"Were I to do as you desire me—leave home clandestinely, precede or follow you to Paris and join you there, suspicion and calumny would pursue me—obloquy would rest upon my memory. All these things I could bear, were it necessary in a good cause; but here it is not necessary, and would be wrong. But I speak not of myself—I ought not, indeed, to do so—nor of Edith, whose head would be bowed in humiliation and sorrow—nor of little Miriam, whose heart would be half broken by such a desertion. But I speak for the cause of morality and religion here in this neighborhood, where we find ourselves placed by heaven, and where we must exercise much influence for good or evil. Wait patiently for those happy years, that the flying days are speeding on toward us—those happy years, when you shall look back to this trying time, and thank God for trials and temptations passed safely through. Do not urge me again upon this subject. The excellent, Thurston, be noble, be god-like, and you can be, if you will; it is in you. Be true to your highest ideal and you will be all these. Oh! if you knew how your Marian's heart craves to bow itself before true god-like excellence!"

(To be Continued.)

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If you allow a hen to set, you lose at least eight weeks of laying (three weeks hatching and five weeks taking care of the chickens), or say in the eight weeks she would lay at least three dozen eggs. Let the Chatham Incubator do the hatching, while the hen goes on laying eggs.

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No. 1—60 Eggs
No. 2—120 Eggs
No. 3—240 Eggs

THE CHATHAM INCUBATOR—Its success has encouraged many to make more money than they ever thought possible out of chicks.

Every Farmer Should Raise Poultry

Almost every farmer "keeps hens," but, while he knows that there is a certain amount of profit in the business, even when he takes no care of itself, few farmers are aware of how much they are losing every year by not getting into the poultry business in such a way as to make real money out of it.

The setting hen as a hatcher will never be a commercial success. Her business is to lay eggs and she should be kept at it. The only way to raise chicks for profit is to begin right, by installing a Chatham Incubator and Brooder. With such a machine you can begin hatching on a large scale at any time.

You can only get one crop off your fields in a year, but with a Chatham Incubator and Brooder and ordinary attention, you can raise chickens from early Spring until Winter and have a crop every month. Think of it!

Quite a few farmers have discovered that there is money in the poultry business and have found this branch of farming so profitable that they have installed several Chatham Incubators and Brooders after trying one.

Perhaps you think that it requires a great deal of time or a great deal of technical knowledge to raise chickens with a Chatham Incubator and Brooder. If so, you are greatly mistaken. Your wife or daughter can attend to the machine and look after the chickens without interfering with their regular household duties.

The market is always good and prices are never low. The demand is always in excess of the supply and at certain times of the year you can practically get any price you care to ask for good broilers. With a Chatham Incubator and Brooder you can start hatching at the right time to bring the chickens to marketable broilers when the supply is very low and the prices accordingly high. This you could never do with hens as hatchers.

We know that there is money in the poultry business for every farmer who will go about it right. All you have to do is to get a Chatham Incubator and Brooder and start in. But perhaps you are not prepared just now to spend the money. This is why we make the special offer.

IS THIS FAIR?

We know there is money in raising chickens. We know that the Chatham Incubator and Brooder has no equal.

We know that with any reasonable effort on your part, you cannot but make money out of the Chatham Incubator and Brooder.

We know that we make a similar offer last year and that in every case the payments were met cheerfully and promptly, and that in many cases money was accompanied by letters expressing satisfaction.

Therefore, we have no hesitation in making this proposition to every honest, earnest man or woman who may wish to add to their yearly profits with a small expenditure of time and money.

This really means that we will set you up in the poultry business so that you can make money right from the start, without asking for a single cent from you, until after 1906 harvest.

If we knew of a fairer offer, we would make it.

Write us a post card with your name and address, and we will send you full particulars, as well as our beautifully illustrated book, "How to make money out of chicks." Write to-day to Chatham.

WE WILL SHIP NOW TO YOUR STATION FREIGHT PREPAID

A CHATHAM INCUBATOR and BROODER

You Pay us no Cash Till After 1906 Harvest

"Gentlemen,—Your No. 1 Incubator is all right. I am perfectly satisfied with it. Will get a larger one from you next year. H. M. Lockwood, Lindsay, Ont."

"Gentlemen,—I think both Incubator and Brooder is all right. I got 75 per cent. out of three hatches. R. S. Fleming, Flatsville, Ont."

Gentlemen,—I had never seen an incubator until I received yours. I was pleased and surprised to get over 80 per cent. and the chickens are all strong and healthy. A child could operate machine successfully. Jas. Day, Rathwell, Man."

The MANSON CO., Limited, Dept. No. 35, CHATHAM, CANADA

Let us on a good Fanning Mill or good Farm Scale.

THE
NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW
MADOC, ONT.

J. R. ORR, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 per annum, if aid in advance; $1.50 if in arrears

Contributions, articles and letters intended for publication must be addressed to the Editor

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—The date of expiration of all subscriptions is on the printed address slips.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Ten cents per solid nonpareil line for first insertion; three cents per line for subsequent insertions.

Advertisements unaccompanied with specific instructions will be inserted until ordered out.

SPECIAL RATES for Commercial Advertisements furnished on application.

Reading Notices, in local column,—10 cents per line single week, 5 cents for each succeeding week.

Notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged or where pecuniary benefit is realized,—10 cents per line. Same notices FREE when printing is ordered from this office.

Births, Deaths and Marriages inserted FREE

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, DECEMBER 14, 1905.

Mining Output.

Value of Ontario Mineral Products Was $9,000,000 in Nine Months.

The annual output of the mines of this Province has practically doubled in value during the past year. For the period of nine months, ending with the 30th September, 1905, the total value of the products was $9,000,000, as compared with $1,061,677 for the wholo of 1904. The Sudbury nickel mines are now producing the world's largest supply of this mineral, the value of the output for the last nine months being over $2,531,000. Gold was mined to the value of $67,259; silver, $1,300,000; cobalt, $75,000; copper, $522,764; pig iron, $2,907,864, and steel, $2,421,549.

Trenton Route Favored.

Government to Push Operations on the Trent Canal.

Ottawa, Ont., Dec. 11.—It is understood that the Government has decided upon pushing the Trent Valley Canal operations with activity. The engineers in charge of the surveys have been instructed to make reports, and it is probable sums based on these reports will be placed in the estimates for the next session of Parliament. The people of Peterborough have been urging the Cabinet very strongly to place the uncompleted portions under contract.

It is pretty certain that the Trenton route will be adopted for the outlet of the canal.

Obituary.

For the REVIEW.

BARNEY HOLLAND.

An old resident of the township of Madoc departed this life on the 29th November, at his late residence in the township of Madoc, and was at the time of his death 76 years and 6 months. He was well respected by his neighbors and all who knew kim as an upright citizen and his genial face will be long missed by many friends. Barney Holland was born at the city of Montreal and moving to this part of Ontario soon married, and of this marriage which was long and happy were born eight children, seven boys and one daughter. Six sons now survive him and reside in township of Madoc, and are prosperous farmers. The last remains of Barney Holland were quietly and decently laid at rest in the Roman Catholic cemetery, Madoc, on Friday, the 1st day of December.

This Revival Cost $15,000.

Pittsburg Churches Paid at Rate of $7.50 For Each Convert.

Pittsburg, Dec. 11.—The Christian Churches of Pittsburg have just closed a "simultaneous" revival, which has been in progress in this city for two weeks. From a religious standpoint the revival has been a great success, and according to the reports which were made at the general meeting in the Nixon Theatre more than 2,000 souls have been saved.

The total cost of the revival was about $15,000, so that the cost of saving each soul was about $7.50. Each person who was converted was presented with a handsome Bible by the combined Churches. Forty-three churches in the cities of Pittsburg and Allegheny participated in the revival, and each church has spent from $100 to $1,000 in the work.

Fools uses Washes and Snuffs.

Thinking perhaps they will cure Catarrh,—but no one ever heard of a genuine cure following such senseless treatments. There is just one prompt and thorough cure for Catarrh and it is a fragrant healing Catarrhozone which goes right to the root of the trouble. It destroys the germs, heals the inflammed membranes and cures any case no matter how obstinate or long standing. "I experimented for years with Catarrh remedies but found Catarrhozone the most rational and satisfactory" writes W. J. MacEachern, of Watterville. "It cured me for all time." For a sure cure use only Catarrhozone. Complete outfit, $1.00; trial size 25c.

Madoc Agricultural Society.

Madoc, Dec. 12, 1905.

To the Editor of THE REVIEW.

On the third Wednesday in January, the 17th, will be the regular day appointed by law for the Madoc District Agricultural Society to meet and regularly organize. It is very desirable there should be a large attendance and that the meeting should represent all parts of the district, composed as it is of the townships of Madoc, Huntingdon, Elzevir, Grimsthorpe, Tudor, Lake, Wollaston, Limerick, Cashel and the village of Madoc. We should have at least 500 members. We have about 100 paid-up members already. The Fair held this year was a marked success and the one to be held in 1906 can be made much more effective in character and quantity of exhibits and the attendance, though large this year, more than doubled next. But to accomplish this there must be a general unanimity among the farming country. Let there be a regular rally on Wednesday, the 17th of January. The writer made a trip to Toronto since the last Fair to interview the Government officials as to the prospects of Government assistance for 1906, and was assured we should have the hearty co-operation of the Agricultural Department and Mining Department. Superintendent of Fairs stated he was prepared to recommend for the Madoc division the highest grants given to any district and this was endorsed by Hon. Mr. Monteith, also Hon. Mr. Cochrane, Minister of Mines and Forests, that he would recommend assistance from his department for prizes for assortment of mineral samples. The grounds have been secured. We have over $500 on hand, and it only requires hearty and active work for a great success for 1906. Don't forget the 17th of January, 1906, at Town Hall, Madoc village, and take time to remind your neighbors.

A. F. WOOD,
President.

P.S.—We had the best in the county in 1905—let it be among the best in the Province in 1906.

New Advertisements.

Found.

On Friday last, December 8th, a Scotch Collie Dog. Owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away. For further information apply at REVIEW Office. 50

Estray Heifer.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 13, in the 7th concession of Huntingdon, on or about June 1st last, one red Yearling Heifer. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

JOHN MORLAND.
50-3 Fuller P.O., Dec. 9, 1905.

Estray.

Strayed unto lot 32, con. 6, Tudor, one white Hog, about 15th September. Owner can have same by proving property, paying charges and taking it away.

JOHN BROWN,
50 Millbridge.

Ayer's

For hard colds, bronchitis, asthma, and coughs of all kinds, you cannot take anything better than Ayer's

Cherry Pectoral

Cherry Pectoral. Ask your own doctor if this is not so. He uses it. He understands why it soothes and heals.

"I had a terrible cough for weeks. Then I took Ayer's Cherry Pectoral and only one bottle completely cured me."
MRS. J. B. DANFORTH, St. Joseph, Mich.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for **Coughs, Colds**

You will hasten recovery by taking one of Ayer's Pills at bedtime.

A silver nugget weighing 250 pounds was found at Cobalt.

For Sale.

1 pair work Horses, Harness, Waggon, Whiffle-tree, Neck-yoke, 1 pair Cheboygan Sleighs, 1 covered Buggy, to be sold at a bargain.

THOMAS STOUT,
49 Ivanhoe.

Butcher Shop

The undersigned begs to announce that he has commenced business as

Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Hides,

IN THE

Premises Lately Occupied by Mr. F. G. Lynde.

We hope by fair dealing and right prices to merit a fair share of the public patronage.

We will pay the highest market prices for Eggs and first-class Butter.

Call and see what we will do for you.

G. A. FERGUSON,
Madoc.

P.S.—We have just received a supply of Confectionery for the Christmas trade.

Get Ready for Winter.

Get ready for Winter!

Have that roof fixed!

Have the plumbing put in A1 order!

And if you haven't bought that stove or that furnace,---don't wait another day!

While we're busy attending to the wants of those who know it pays to prepare for Winter before it arrives,—still we will give your needs our personal attention,

We employ only experienced workmen who do honest, faithful work,—and our prices will be mutually satisfactory.

If you need a Stove or Furnace,—come in and let us talk it over with you,—explain the merits of our line,—quote our prices.

But don't delay!

M. W. CONNOR & SON.

'XMAS! 'XMAS!

Just Received, a Large

Shipment of Silverware

suitable for 'Xmas and Wedding Presents.

We have also a splendid assortment of

Hanging and Stand Lamps

Don't forget that we sell

THE OXFORD CHANCELLOR STEEL RANGE

the best working Range on the market.

THOMPS[illegible] DAFOE.

$10,000 STOCK

— AT —

T. L. Nickle's New Warerooms

We have just completed extensive improvements to our warerooms, having put on an extra story, complete new glass front, enlarged the inner part of the store, and we are now in a position to display and handle a still larger quantity of goods than ever. We have bought a very heavy stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Furs, including Caps, Mitts, Gauntlets, Robes.

WE HAVE ALSO PUT IN A LARGE STOCK OF

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, harness and Cutters.

THE BELL PIANO, with the illimitable repeating action, is an attractive novelty.

We have decided to have an **Opening of Our New Store for the 'Xmas Trade**, beginning Dec. 9th and lasting until after the 'Xmas holidays, and we are giving a special large discount off our entire stock throughout, during this period. Representatives from the different firms with whom we deal will be present to assist in showing the goods. Do not fail to see that wonderful Oxford Cream Separator, running completely on ball bearings. A large stock of them will be on exhibition in our warerooms. We have the greatest novelty in a new Sewing Machine. Dressmakers and all who are interested should call and see this machine in operation.

Any person interested in the purchase of any of the above goods will do well to call early and select what you want. We will have extra help on to show customers our stock.

Trusting to have an early call, yours for business,

T. L. NICKLE.

See posters for further information.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

VILLAGE of MADOC.

Notice is hereby given that the nominations of Reeve, 4 Councillors and 3 School Trustees, for the Village of Madoc, for 1906, will be held in

Town Hall, Madoc,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905,

at the hour of 7.30 o'clock p.m.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

No. 1—Town Hall, W. H. Brooks, Deputy Returning Officer.
No. 2—Bowen's Building, B. O'Hara, Returning Officer.

All nominations must be made in writing, signed by both nominator and seconder.

B. O'HARA.
Village Clerk.

Madoc, December 5th, 1905.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

TOWNSHIP OF MADOC.

Notice is hereby given that the nominations, which must be made in writing, for Reeve and four Councillors, for the Township of Madoc, for the year 1906, will be held in the

Town Hall, Eldorado,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905.

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon,

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

Division No. 1—Hart's School-house, John A. Ketcheson, Deputy Returning Officer.
Division No. 2—McCoy's School-house, George Smith, Deputy Returning Officer.
Division No. 3—Town Hall, John Rupert, Deputy Returning Officer.
Division No. 4—O'Hara's School-house, James Bird, Deputy Returning Officer.

WM. T. ALLEN,
Township Clerk.

Madoc, December 5, 1905.

Farm for Sale.

The west half of lot No. 1, in the 6th concession of Elzevir, containing 100 acres, more or less, will be sold very reasonable. For full particulars, call at the premises, or write to

JOSEPH GREATRIX,
47-4 Actinolite, P. O.

Wanted

Cheesemaker for The Ridge Cheese Factory, near Coe Hill. Output 4100 lbs. Tenders will be received till January 1, 1906, by the undersigned.

GEO. PATTISON,
President.
48-3 Coe Hill, Dec. 30, 1905.

Estray.

Came into the premises of the undersigned on or about the 1st of August, five Yearlings. Owners can have same by proving property, paying charges and taking them away.

POTTER'S HOTEL,
48-3 Millbridge.

...QUITTING...

After Twenty Years' Service

I HAVE DECIDED TO

Sell Off My Stock, Value About $5,000

GOODS Just Right for the Season.

HERE IS THE LIST:

Men's Suits,
Youths' Suits,
Boys' Suits.
Mens' Overcoats,
Boys' Overcoats,
Youths' Overcoats,
Pea Jackets,
Cardigan Jackets,
Full-cloth Pants,
Home-made Tweed Pants,
Fine Tweed Pants,
Shirts and Drawers,
Top Shirts,
Overshirts,
Fine Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Sox and Mitts,
Hats and Caps,
Dry Goods,
Small Wares,
Wool Yarn,
Overalls.

All these Goods are first-class and just what you want for the season. Come and get a year's supply. This is one time that you make the money.

Don't forget your pocket-book.

THOS. McNAMARA.

MADOC, November, 1905.

...MEN WANTED...

ALSO

Ladies and Children

—TO—

Buy 'Xmas Goods

TO GLADDEN EVERY HEART.

Suggestions for Ladies.

Great attractions in Furs and Jackets at greatly reduced prices. Collars, Belts, Gloves, Handkerchiefs. Blousings at half price.

For Children.

Coats, Toques, Mitts and Gloves.

For Men.

An endless variety of Caps, Ties, Braces, handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Underwear, Gloves, Mitts, at prices to suit every purse.

ALEX. MILNE

The Central Ontario Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Eldorado station as follows:—

GOING NORTH.—	GOING SOUTH —
8.35a.m.for Bancroft	8.35 a.m.,Trenton
4 p.m. for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Trains leave for the South, Coe Hill at 6.15 a.m. and Bancroft at 12.30 p.m.

GEO. COLLINS,
Receiver and Manager.

GO TO

= White's =

FOR YOUR

Storm Sash, Flooring, Siding, and Ceiling.

...Custom Work a Specialty...

Points for the different makes of Ploughs.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Will be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE.

- The Best Fruits -

is what you want for your 'Xmas preparations.

We have the best quality in every line at very low prices.

A Consignment of DINNER SETS

imported from the manufacturers in England, have arrived this week.

We sell Good Goods Cheap.

GEO. WRIGHT'S.

HOME NEWS

GOSSIP — CHAT

MADOC, DECEMBER 14. 1905.

Business Notice.

All reading notices of gatherings or entertainments of any kind where an admission fee is charged will be counted as advertising, for which our regular rate will be charged. In cases where posters or dodgers have been printed at this office for such entertainment or gatherings a short notice will be inserted free of charge. Where an admission fee is not charged we will gladly publish a free notice, especially for churches, or church societies.

REVIEW, Madoc.

—Alexander has now on display a superb line of Burnt Leather Goods. As a 'Xmas gift nothing is nicer. Be sure you see them.

—One week from Monday next will be Christmas day.

—Mr. P. P. Clarke, of St. Ola, is improving after a recent illness.

☞ F. G. Lynde has removed to the "New O'Flynn Block,"—one door east of his old stand.

—A number of Madoc Masons attended the funeral of the late Albert Inkster at Marmora on Sunday.

—Model School examinations are being held this week. The students will be leaving towards the end of the week.

—If in want of a first-class Cooking Range, square or extension, go to White's.

—Don't forget the Farmers' Institute meetings at Eldorado on Tuesday and Wednesday of next week, 19th and 20th.

—Mr. E. L. Weiss, of Bancroft, was in town on Monday to receive his Veteran Jewel from Madoc Lodge of Oddfellows.

—Have you seen T. L. Nickle's new store and large stock of goods? See advt.

—Mrs. B. E. Thackeray will receive on Thursday, Dec. 21st., and after the New Year on the second and fourth Thursdays of the month.

—The Stirling correspondent of the Herald says Mr. Fred Rollins is doing a good business in farm produce. He makes daily shipments of fowl.

—Thursday evening next, the 21st inst., will be a busy time, as some half a dozen entertainments and gatherings are announced for that date.

—'XMAS TREE at McCoy's in aid of Sabbath School on Thursday evening, December 21st. Good programme. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

—The Presbyterians of Queensboro intend holding their annual 'Xmas Tree on Dec. 21st, in the Orange Hall. A short programme of recitations and songs by the children is being prepared. The two orchestras from Madoc, Wellington's and Scrutton's, will be in attendance.

—Signs—Tom—Lord.

CHRISTMAS SALE.

There will be a sale of fancy needlework, suitable for 'Xmas gifts, by the Ladies' Aid of St. John's church, to be held in their rooms over O'Hara store, on Thursday, Dec. 14th, afternoon and evening, at 3 and 7 p.m. 2t

—Only 11 days to Christmas.

—The merry jingle of sleigh bells were heard in town this week.

☞ George Wright's store is the home of good Groceries.

—Municipal nominations will be held one week from to-morrow.

—Schools close for the 'Xmas holidays on Friday the 22nd.

—Rev. Father Meagher attended Advent services in Marmora last week.

☞ We pay 19c. for fresh BUTTER wrapped in cheese-cloth, and 4c. for DRIED APPLES. F. G. LYNDE.

—Hon. C. W. Cross and wife, of Edmonton, Alberta, were in town during the week.

The Pearce Co., of Marmora, are shipping lumber to Belleville, Trenton and Norwood.

—Misses Allie and Annie Pringle, of Madoc, spent a few days with friends in Belleville.

—Mrs. Caldwell and daughter Cecil, have returned from a two weeks visit with friends in Toronto.

—Miss Clara Bristol returned home from Mitchell this week to spend the holidays with her parents.

—Christmas shopping is now in full blast. Some very attractive displays can be seen in our Madoc stores.

—Municipal Councils hold their financial meetings on Friday the 15th inst., to wind up all business of the past year.

—Mr. Dave Thompson, who has been attending Business College, Belleville, spent Sunday in Madoc with friends.

—Mr. W. J. Moore returned to Madoc on Saturday last, greatly improved in health after six weeks sojourn in the United States.

☞ T. L. Nickle invites everyone to visit his warerooms, and inspect the fine stock of goods, whether intending to purchase or not. Come and bring your neighbors and friends.

—Alexander, the Corner Drug Store man, had an attractive window display of burnt leather goods this week. He reports that the various articles are "going like hot cakes."

—Mr. William Cross, merchant, of Elizabethville, paid a visit to Madoc friends during the past week. He was one of the recipients of a Veteran's Jewel from Madoc Lodge of Oddfellows on Monday evening.

—The local A.O.U.W. will soon have to enlarge their Lodge room capacity if the large attendance at late meetings keep up. The brethren of Madoc lodge are invited to turn out at the regular meeting on Friday night for election of officers, and "see the crowd."

☞ A Public School Concert will be held in O'Hara's school-house on Thursday evening, Dec. 21st, commencing at 7.30. Admission 25cts., children 10 cents.

—At the recent fruit exhibit, held in Toronto, 14 counties of the province were in competition for five prizes which were offered. Hastings county had the honor of winning first place, with fruit chiefly from the orchard of Messrs. W. C. Reid and Lewis Miles.

—On Sunday last, Rev. Mr. Beatty, of Cobourg, conducted the services in St. Peter's Presbyterian Church, Madoc. Mr. Beatty gave excellent sermons both morning and evening. Mr. Mackay conducted anniversary services in Cobourg on that day, and also lectured on the Monday evening following.

☞ George Wright is displaying the finest Dinner Sets ever offered in town.

—The ladies of the St. Peter's had a "crowded house" at their bazaar on Tuesday evening. The sale was a great success—the goods displayed were most tempting, and the result was a complete selling out with over $90 profits in the treasury. It is hoped the ladies of St. John's Church will be equally successful at their "sale" this (Thursday) afternoon and evening in their rooms over O'Hara's store.

—Mr. R. H. Joyce, teller of the Dominion Bank of this town, received sudden notice on Monday that he had been transferred to the Winnipeg Branch. He leaves to-day for the West. His successor in Madoc is Mr. Loughead, of Toronto. By the departure of Mr. Joyce the Hockey club loses one of its best players as well as its Secretary. Mr. P. Hoover will in future act as Secretary, and all communications regarding games, etc., should be so addressed.

The Chesterville Record says:—The concert held under the auspices of the Ladies' Aid of the Presbyterian Church proved to be one of the finest that the Chesterville people have ever been favored with. The star of the evening was Mrs. Annie Don Cochram. Mrs. Cochram possesses a voice of great range and sweetness. Her interpretation of her songs were very sympathetic and showed careful study. Her enunciation was perfect. One does not expect to find much new in the old songs, but Mrs. Cochram's rendering of "Annie Laurie" was a surprise to those most familiar with the song. To point out any one song as particularly worthy of mention would be a mistake for they were all well rendered. Mrs. Cochrans is at home in the light Japanese songs as well as in the heavy martial air of "The Cameron Men." Should Mrs. Cochram again visit Chesterville a full house will greet her.

[Mrs. Cochram is a sister of W. T. Elliot, Esq., of the Grand Trunk Railway, Madoc.]

Mr. Samuel Flint, one of the oldest and wealthiest citizens of Brockville, is dead.

Wm. Baines, a deaf mute, was struck by a trolley car at Windsor and killed.

Anniversary Services.

The anniversary services of the Methodist church will be held next Sunday, 17th inst. The Rev. G. H. Copeland, of Campbellford, will preach the anniversary sermons. The Trustees have asked the congregation for $400, to pay for the installation of the electric light, insurance and other expenses of the Board for the past year.

Local Option.

We understand the question of "local option" will be a feature at the municipal election contests in both Rawdon and Wollaston. In the former township the law is now in force and a by-law has been introduced to repeal the same; in Wollaston the temperance people wish to make sure that no license will be granted in their midst.

Election of Officers.

At the last regular meeting of L.O.L. No. 517, Eldorado, the following Officers were elected:—

W.M.—Simeon Fox.
D.M.—Herbert Blakely.
Chap.—George Sandford.
Rec. Sec.—Jas. L. Broad.
Fin. Sec.—George Gordon.
Treasr—Robt. Gordon.
D. of C.—Alfred Sandford.
Lect.—Lester Sargent, George A. Fox.
Com.—Thos. M. Bateman, Edgar Fox, Simeon West, Henry Shaw, sr., Henry E. Shaw.

School Entertainment.

The annual entertainment in Gordon School. Section No. 12, Madoc township, was held on Friday evening, Dec. 8th, and was decidedly the best ever held in that section. The recitations by the children could not be excelled, and the comic songs by Mr. Archie Kincaid were a whole entertainment in themselves. But they had more than that; when Sambo came along with the "extinguisher" in in the Burglar act, the roof fairly raised. Miss Martin, the popular teacher, spared neither time nor means in making the entertainment a success, and she deservedly gets great credit. Mr. A. Nicolson presided as chairman in his usual happy manner.

Deserving of Support.

Speaking of what a newspaper does for a community, United States Senator Davis, of Illinois, made an address that remains ever green in the memories of newspaper men. He said: Every year local papers give from 500 to 5000 free lines for the benefit of the community in which it is located. No other agency can or will do this. The editor in proportion to his means does more for his own town than any other man. He ought to be supported, not because you happen to like or admire his writing, but because a local paper is the best investment a community can make. It may not be crowded with great thoughts but financially it is of more benefit than both preacher and teacher. To-day editors do more for less pay than any men on earth. Patronize your home paper, not as a charity, but as an investment.

A Good Entertainment.

Mr. Harold Jarvis, the celebrated tenor, on Friday evening last appeared for the second time in Madoc, under the auspices of the ladies of the Methodist Church. As on the former occasion, he was greeted by a crowded house. Mr. Jarvis's singing was a treat to all who heard him, and was even better this time than on his former appearance. Every item on the programme was fully appreciated; his rendering of the "Death of Nelson" being, however, particularly enjoyed. Miss Bradley accompanied him and proved herself a true artist in this line. Miss Grace Merry, elocutionist, delighted the audience with all her selections. The ladies of the Methodist church deserve great credit for choosing such excellent performers. The stage looked very pretty, and showed excellent taste on the part of the decorators.

Madoc High School.

The following is a report of examintions held in Form III during October and November:—

	Chem.	Phy.	Phy.
Isa Rollins	100	80	98
T. Welch	99	80	98
E. Hart	95	80	98
B. Bristol	94	84	90
E. Flemming	94	70	89
S. Laycock	94	90	95
E. Thompson	93	92	90
D. Thompson	92	60	94
F. Trotter	90	80	70
L. Reid	90	68	85
L. Weatherill	89	80	95
B. Farrell	87	72	98
G. Seymour	84	74	A
J. O'Hara	81	70	88
W. Smith	80	76	72
A. Dafoe	76	64	66
E. West	72	60	67
E. Crawford	62	40	60
E. Pine	60	46	56
H. Rose	A	60	08

B. E. THACKERRY,
Teacher.

BORN

BEATTY.—At Belleview, on Nov. 25, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Beatty, a son.

FENN.—At Springbrook on Nov. 28, to Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fenn, a daughter.

Pneumonia is Filling the Hospitals.

Every day we hear of someone being taken with pneumonia. The only preventive is to get strong and keep your body healthy. Take Ferrozone which makes the rich red kind of blood that nourishes and stimulates the entire system. "I was all run down and an apt subject for pneumonia," writes A. B. Charters, of Burlington, "when I tried Ferrozone. I didn't believe it was possible for Ferrozone to build me up so quickly. In a few days my appetite improved, color came into my cheeks and I felt stronger. I gained eight pounds and regained my old time vigor through using Ferrozone." Try Ferrozone, it assures health. Price 50c.

BE SURE

You see our goods before buying

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Our **PRICES** are the lowest possible.

The **Quality** of our goods speaks for itself.

Our stock is more **Complete, Varied** and **Beautiful** than ever before.

We have so many pretty and useful things that space will only permit a small list.

For that reason all we ask is that you come in and let us show you our goods.

Books.	Bibles,	Perfumes.
Stationery,	Prayer Books,	Hair Brushes.
Fountain Pens,	Picture Books,	Chocolates.
Calendars,	Purses,	Mouth Organs.

Our BURNT LEATHER GOODS Have Arrived.

REMEMBER you get a rebate check with every purchase at

ALEXANDER'S

CORNER DRUG STORE.

Choose Your 'Xmas Gifts from this list

Our prices are the best in town.

Dolls,	*Bibles*	*Picture Frames*
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Chocolates,	*Fancy Perfumes,*	*Calendars*
Albums,	*Purses,*	*Books*
Fancy Stationery,	Work Boxes,	Hair Brushes
Games,	Sewing Boxes,	Mouth Organs
Toys,	Pictures.	

Burnt Wood and Leather Goods.

HARRY H. JONES, Phm. B.

Also we burn the initials or full name on anything you wish, free of charge.

Something for every one

old, middle-aged, young and infants, for Christmas.

Never in the history of Madoc has there been shown such a stock of

Watches, Clocks, Jewelry, Silverware

and never in the history of our business have the sales been as large for the month of December. We want to increase them even more, and if quality of goods and prices will influence the public we are bound to do it. We have sold more watches this month already (and it not half gone) than we do any three months in the year, and every buyer perfectly satisfied. Our stock of Silverware is the very finest. You can surely find something to suit if it is silver you are looking for. In fact you can't go astray if it is a 'Xmas present you want. Come in, no trouble to show goods. For a small deposit we will put away goods until 'Xmas eve.

G. F. MAYBEE,

Eyes tested Free.

Oh! Say, it's a Phonograph you want. Nothing can take its place as an entertainer. We have them.

He is Doing Business.

The good old man has arrived at his headquarters in Madoc and will remain at MacGregor's store to do a rushing business up till Dec. 24th. He has brought with him loads of the best Christmas Goods money could buy. I hope everybody will treat themselves to a visit in our store while he is in Madoc. We are not to advertise any particular line of goods. Call in and make this store your stopping-place and we will only be delighted to show you all our goods. Come early, buy Christmas Goods now while stocks and assortments are fresh and complete. Forethought saves time, trouble, worry and money at

ALEX. MACGREGOR'S.

This Store will be open every night next week until 9 o'clock.

Our Business is Strictly Cash to Everybody.

THE HUNGER OF AGES

No Wonder Christ Used the Figure of Hunger and Thirst.

"Blessed are they which do hunger and thirst after righteousness, for they shall be filled.—Matt., v.; 6.

This is the central beautitude; in a measure it embraces all the others, for every virtue they inculcate is included in righteousness. But it is often rejected as impracticable because fanciful teachers who substitute subtle definitions for simple duties have twisted its plain words until righteousness is made something so unreasonable as to be repulsive to a right mind. As a matter of fact, it means no more than rightness; the hunger and thirst for righteousness is but the earnest, supreme desire and endeavor to be right and to do right at all times, the appetite for the right.

Theological righteousness may mean some strange imputed quality laid on a man like a cloak to cover his real condition or a bill of health given to a sick man. But men who live next to real things care nothing one way or the other for theoretical rightness; they want the real article. And a right man will not be satisfied to have even the Most High think of him as being perfectly right when he knows he falls far short of it. He would rather be the faltering pursuer of actual rightness than the possessor of a hypothetical, ascribed perfection.

THE GREAT TEACHER

cares nothing about imaginary virtues; he praises those who ardently seek the real ones. He knows that in the market of character cash alone is currency; here you cannot draw checks on some other person's deposits. To him it is better by far to die facing the right than to live in smug content with borrowed merits. This world will never be content with a gospel that offers only vicarious virtues; at its heart it knows too well its need of the genuine usable ones; it has at least the dormant faculties for an appetite of rightness.

And all this world story is but a record of the struggle for rightness. All human progress is but its fruitage. In every age there have been ggliorious souls who have made this passion a thing that glowed in their lives and became a light to their day. In every man the divine discontent that divides him from the animal is the sign of this desire in some form; it shows man seeking to find more perfect, more nearly right relations with the things about him. As the things about him come to include God and heaven and things unseen so will his search for rightness become wider and deeper and more spiritual. Every form of spiritual aspiration, every religion, no matter how uncouth and strange, is still the soul of man seeking right relations to the infinite.

What a glorious thing is this passion for the right; what visions it has seen, what strength it has given to their realization. It is the great tide that, moving restless and restless in our bosoms, has carried us on toward God. We cannot but believe it is born of him. It does not originate in man, for it disturbs his peace, it stirs him from sloth, it spurs him to new and often unwelcome endeavors. It ever holds before him the shining possibility of a perfect being in

A PERFECT WORLD.

Literal appetites have been the motives back of the world's struggle for physical rightness; yet these cravings have not been more general or more forceful than those of the soul. But for hunger and thirst man would have lived in perfect content with the form and facts of life as he found them; progress, all that we call civilization, would not have been.

Man is happy in proportion as necessity compels him to heed these cravings. So is it in the moral world; the struggle has been our salvation. To cease to strive for rightness is to cease to live. Individually and nationally they are happy who accept the rigorous climate of lofty ethical ideals, who are not content to take life as they find it, but who seek to cultivate flowers and fruits of paradise on the sterile, rocky soil of the human heart. This is the life that Jesus shows, the life that seeks and finds the truth, that with passionate ardor seeks right relations both with his fellows and with his Father. Out of the fullness of experience, in the midst of his own struggle he encourages all who strive; they shall be satisfied. No ideal, no noble passion, no glorious sacrifice, no honest endeavor for the right was ever in vain; the soul finds itself in seeking the supreme good.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DEC. 17.

Lession XII. Preparation for the Messiah. Golden Text, Mal. 31.

LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note—The Word Studies for this lesson are based on the Revised Version.

The Prophet and His Message.—The illustrious leaders, Ezra and Nehemiah, were not left without human as well as divine assistance in carrying out their reform measures. God called men to aid them in counsel and action. Among these, the prophets of this period, Zechariah, Haggai, and Malachi, were the most conspicuous. Indeed, their labors were so important and valuable that we might, with equal propriety speak of these illustrious reformers and legislators as the assistants of the prophets. With regard to Malachi, the date of whose activity can only be inferred from the contents of his prophecy, opinion is still divided. It is not certain whether his prophetical activity preceded and prepared the way for the later legislative acts of Ezra and Nehemiah, or whether he followed these and enforced the work they had begun. In the former case the date of the prophecy of Malachi becomes B.C. 458 or earlier; in the latter it becomes about B.C. 432, when Nehemiah's second visit to Jerusalem took place, or later. Nothing is known about Malachi apart from the prophecies recorded in the book bearing his name. The name itself seems to be an abbreviation of "Malachiah," meaning Messenger of Jehovah. As such, the prophet attacks the same abuses and advocates the same reforms which are mentioned in the books of Ezra and Nehemiah. The argument of the book may be gathered up in the words in which Amos more than two centuries earlier addressed the people of his time: "You only have I known of all the families of the earth: therefore I will visit upon you all your iniquities" (Amos 3. 2). The immutability of God's love toward Israel, whom he purifies but does not wholly consume, is the central truth of the whole prophetical message expressed by Malachi in the words, "For I, Jehovah, change not; therefore ye, O sons of Jacob, are not consumed" (Mal. 3.6). To this central truth the preceding portions of the book lead up, and from it all that follows is developed. The view of the future which Malachi presents is that of a future at once awfyl and greatly to be desired; awful, because of the summary judgment which is to come upon Israel; desirable, because of the coming of the Lord himself to his temple to purge his people and pour out upon them such an abundance of blessing that all nations shall call them blessed.

In the preceding portions of his prophecy Malachi has been rebuking priests and people and pointing out to them the dire punishment which is sure to come upon them unless they repeant. In chapter 1 it was more especially Israel's ingratitude and profane impiety. In chapter 2 a sharp reproof is administered to an unfaithful priesthood and again upon the adulterous and treacherous and sinful laity. "Where is the God of judgement?" is the presumptuous and profane challenge of a degenerate people. To this challenge Jehovah himself answers in the words of our lesson text.

Verse 1. Behold, I send—Jehovah himself is speaking.

My messenger—In Matt. 11. 10 Jesus quotes this verse from Malachi and explains it as referring to John the Baptist: "This is he, of whom it is written, Behold, I send my messenger before thy face, who shall prepare thy way before thee."

Shall prepare the way—In what this preparation consisted is indicated in Matt. 3. 1-12.

And the messenger—The Authorized Version reads, "even the messenger," thus identifying the messenger with the Lord himself. This, rather than the Revised rendering, is to be preferred.

Desire—Delight in.

2. Refiner's fire—Gold and silver were in olden times, as is still the case to-day, freed from impurities by being subjected to great heat. Silver mixed with lead is put into a crucible made of clay and placed in reverberatory furnace. Under the influence of the intense heat an oxide of lead forms and is blown off by bellows. Toward the end of the process the covering of oxide grows thinner and finally disappears and the bright surface of the silver appears (comp. Jer. 6. 29 and Matt. 3. 12).

3. Sons of Levi—These were in charge of the sanctuary, at which the process of purification of the nation should begin. "For the time is come for judgment to begin at the house of God: and if it begin first with us, what shall be the end of them that obey not the gospel of God?" (1 Pet. 4. 17).

5. Near to you to judgment—This is the answer to the challenge of the people, "Where is the God of judgment?" A messenger shall be sent, whereupon the Lord himself will suddenly appear in his temple. Its purification accomplished, he shall proceed to judge the people also.

Sojourner—An alien resident.

6. In verses 6-12 the people are more directly addressed. Want and famine have been to them judgments of Jehovah for withholding from him his dues. But they will again bring unto him the whole tithe, he will certainly restore to them the abundance they have lacked.

For I, Jehovah, change not.—Compare introductory note on "The Prophet and His Message."

8. Will a man rob God?—Is it not presumption for him to attempt such a thing? Jehovah is speaking.

Ye rob—Are robbing, that is, even now. Their robbing was a continual process.

Tithes—The word "tithe" comes from the Anglo-Saxon "teodha," Gothic "taihunda," the tenth; hence, literally, the tenth part of anything; but more especially in common usage, the tenth part of the increase resulting from the profits of land and stock. For the law of Moses referring to the tithe compare Lev. 27. 30, 32, Num. 18. 21, 24. Nehemiah repeatedly emphasized the same law and rebuked the people for disobeying it (comp. Neh. 9. 38, 10. 32-39; 13. 10-14).

9. The curse—Specially in Neh. 2 2, which co

SOME REMARKABLE FADS

"CURES" WHICH ARE WORSE THAN THE DISEASE.

One Doctor Says Do Not Wear Boots—Another Advises Sleeping on a Plank.

"Faith cure," "will cure," "water cure," "mud-cure," and the curative system of the Christian Scientists, which consists in denying the existence of disease, have all apparently come to stay. But quecrer health crazes even than those have had and are having their day all over the world.

The bootless health craze was started some years ago by a French doctor named Unterberger. According to Dr. Unterberger, rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, and scores of other complaints were caused by the wearing of boots, which absorb and retain damp. Better, he said, to get the feet wet and dry them on entering the house than to wear damp boots all day. The doctor practised what he preached by going about the streets of Versailles in his bare feet.

Another French doctor invented the oil cure. Owing to the wearing of clothes and modern sedentary habits, the skin failed to secrete oil as Nature intended. It was necessary to rub this oil all over the body at least twice a week. The doctor invented an oil spray and a rubbing machine, which saved his patients much time.

THE MILK-CURE CRAZE.

In Russia the koumis or mare's-milk cure for consumption led to a milk-cure craze. Milk, said its initiator, a doctor named Mosoleff, was the only hygienic animal product. It should be used for washing, cookery, and food.

Bread and all forms of farinaceous dishes should be made with milk instead of water. Everyone should drink at least two quarts of milk a day, sipping it without intermission between meals. Dr. Mosoleff started a milk-cure sanatorium in the province of Samara, but failed in a year.

The plank bed was indispensable to health in the opinion of Herr Brehmer, of Leipzig. Feather, hair, and even cork mattresses, he said, concealed germs and dirt. He recommended his patients to sleep on a polished table with nothing but a thin sheet beneath them and a sheet and an cider-down covered with washable leather above.

Brehmer, sleeping in this Spartan way, lived to the age of ninety. The first few nights of the plank bed, he admitted, were uncomfortable, but the patient soon got over this, and awoke fresh and vigorous in the morning.

A TORTURE CURE.

A much less harmless fad than this was the torture cure for which a Russian named Rodkievitch was last summer sentenced to nine months' imprisonment. Rodkievitch's theory was that "pain should be cured homoeopathically"—in other words, a toothache could be removed by applying a still stronger pain to the feet or hands.

Rodkievitch succeeded in getting a sufferer from rheumatism to allow his feet to be slowly toasted over a big spirit-lamp. At the trial the patient deposed that while undergoing the torture his rheumatic pains were not felt, but that they returned immediately afterwards.

A system akin to this was the tossing cure of Signor Tedeschi, of Milan. Pain and disease, he reasoned result from the deposition of injurious waste products in the tissues. A good shaking would set in motion blood currents which would remove these products. Tedescho tossed his patients in blankets, and seems to have really cured several persons.

SMEARING WITH SOOT.

The breath cure of Dr. Lini, of Cracow, in addition to being nasty, seems in flat defiance of the laws of physiology. Lini maintained for years that sick persons could be cured by inhaling the breath of these perfectly healthy.

He employed sturdy peasants and hayseeds to breath into a complicated apparatus which was connected by a tube with his patient's nostrils. The peasants and navvies were liberally paid, as it was part of the doctor's theory that they sacrificed some of their vigor for the benefit of the patient.

In Bavaria the soot was once almost as fashionable as is the mud-cure to-day. It was based upon the slender foundation that the pure carbon of which soot is composed is the chief constituent of organic substances. Hypochondriacs smeared themselves with soot, drank sooty medicines, and even ate meat basted with a mixture of soot and dripping.

Color cures of various kinds are still being experimented with by serious scientists. The quercest on record is that of Dr. Simon. Every disease, argued the doctor, has a "preventive color" and

A "CURE COLOR."

The preventive color of diphtheria is blue, and anyone who has been in contact with a diphtheria sufferer should spend the following twenty-four hours in a blue-papered room, lighted through blue glass. The curative color is green, and the patient already attacked by the disease should be at once removed to a green room (not in the theatrical sense).

Some complaints required a combination of colors. For nerve breakdown three days' confinement in a yellow-papered room, with red windows, was an infallible cure.

The fright cure is recommended by an Austrian doctor named Lehmann for St. Vitus's dance. Give the patient a fright by telling him that the house is on fire, said the doctor. Next night send a sham burglar into his room. Dash cold water on him while he's asleep on the third night. And so on.

He will gradually steel himself to meet unpleasant surprises, while realising that no harm will befall him; and the resulting will-exercise so strengthens his nerves as to cure the complaint.

DARKNESS OR LIGHT.

The sun cure has gained admittance into regular therapeutics. The darkness cure is practised so far by only one doctor. Dr. Sorg, a practitioner of Posen, claims to have cured dipsomaniacs by this system. The patient is kept in a dark room for three days, and, of course, forbidden all kinds of work or relaxation. He then gets a week of light and ordinary life, being watched, however, to prevent him relapsing into drink.

Then follow three days more of darkness; and this regime continues for two months. Dr. Sorg's theory is that these sudden changes of life cause a complete resolution in the patient's physical system and eradicate all his tastes, vicious or otherwise. He mentions that one man whom he cured of drink at the same time lost his taste for cycling, in which he had been an enthusiast.—Pearson's Weekly.

KNOW IVORY'S VALUE.

African Natives' Knowledge Enhances Its Price.

It is a curious fact that notwithstanding the marked advance in the price of ivory in recent years the volume of sales has not diminished but has actually increased. Tusks have been selling in the markets of London and Antwerp at an advance of 50 per cent. over the prices charged a few years ago.

The causes which have led to this advance in price are interesting. It is not due to any artificial manipulation of the market in the great centers, nor is it due to increased demand or scarcity of elephants. For the cause the inquirer must look to the heart of Africa, where a spirit of genuine commercialism is manifesting itself among the natives.

Their wealth is in ivory, and they have learned to value it as such. Indeed, the wealth of leading men among the natives was once commonly counted in tusks. They would say of a dusky capitalist of this kind that he was worth so many tusks, just as one in this country would say that a man is worth so many dollars.

Of course that was a natural phase in the development of a primitive people. The red man estimated his riches in wampum, and the Laplander in furs. They often would part with their possessions for a few beads or trinkets. They did not know the value of a dollar. Certainly it can no longer be said of the natives of Africa that they do not know the value of money. They have learned. Thus it comes that the "heathen in his blindness" is not so blind as has been supposed.

Increased transportation facilities and telegraphic communication have brought Africa into closer touch with the rest of the world. It is said that a native may be working 1,000 miles in the interior, and yet he can quote you the cash value of tusks in the Antwerp or London market.

DRINKING IN ENGLAND.

Decreased Consumption of Wines, Spirits and Beer.

It is well known that the climate of the British Isles is more favorable to the consumption of alcoholic stimulants than our climate. We expect the British to drink more per gullet than we do, and they have always lived handsomely up to our expectations. We have liked the statistics of British drinking because they make us seem temperate by contrast. They are falling off a little in this particular. This year's report, like that of several years immediately preceding it, tells of decreased consumption of wines, spirits, and beer. Either our cousins are feebler than they were and cannot carry so much rum, or they are wiser than they were and do not Rant so much, or they are poorer and cannot buy so much. At any rate, they drink less of most things. There is an increasing demand for port wine of a modern sort, considerably lighter than the port that in the last century gave most solvent Englishmen the gout, and, among spirits, brandy is a much drunk as ever. In that there seems to be evidence of a disposition to substitute grape products for grain products, which is a gain to sentiment and very likely to health.—Harper's Weekly.

AFRAID TO LIGHT GAS.

Timidity of London Public When It Was Introduced.

In the early days of the last century, when illuminating gas was first used in London, timorous people talked of the dangers of suffocation and of explosions. The mixture, which was still imperfectly purified, exposed the citizens, and the first gasometers erected in London, by Samuel Clegg, so terrified the people, that no workman would venture to light the gas jets which had been placed on Westminster Bridge. But Clegg soon overcame that difficulty by lighting a torch and applying it to the burners with his own hands. On another occasion, before a committee of the Royal Society of London, he bored a hole in the gas holder and put a lighted candle to it, to the great alarm of the spectators, but without causing the slightest accident. Gradually the eyes even of the most prejudiced were opened to the truth.

SMALL FAVOR.

"Where are yez goin', Moike?" asks Mrs. O'Swiggs, as her husband prepared to go out after supper.

"Oi'm afther goin' t' McNutt's wake," replied O'Swiggs.

"Well, it's wan shmall favor Oi'm askin' av yez," continued Mrs. O'Swiggs, "an' thet is, be t' git tolight enough t' come home by tin o'clock."

NOT QUITE SO CLEAR.

Biffkins—Do you mean to say that suit you have on was made to order?

Miffkins—Sure thing.

Biffkins—Who for?

The Home

TESTED RECIPES.

An excellent plain pudding is made by mixing four ounces of suet with six ounces of self-raising flour; add a pinch of salt and two beaten eggs. Work these thoroughly together, add three-quarters of a pint of milk. Pour into a buttered pie-dish and bake one hour and a quarter.

To cook a ham properly of twelve or thirteen pounds takes four hours, and a larger will take from five to six hours. Put the ham into cold water, and when it comes to the boil add half an ounce of coarse brown sugar, a little vinegar, and some whole spices. Cook very slowly, remove the pot from the fire, and let the ham stay in its liquor till it is cold.

Croquettes—Two cupfuls of warm mashed potatoes, one-quarter cupful of hot milk, beaten together until light. Add one tablespoonful of melted butter, one-half teaspoonful of salt, a pinch of mace or nutmeg, and enough beaten egg, to handle easily. Shape, dip into beaten egg, and roll in sifted cracker crumbs. Fry in hot lard until nicely browned. Garnish with parsley.

Fried rabbit is a pleasant change from the ordinary ways of cooking it. Wash the rabbit and dry in a cloth. Cut into neat pieces, chopping off any superfluous bone, and stew gently in a savory gravy till almost cooked. When cold, wipe dry, dip each piece into beaten egg and then in breadcrumbs, and fry in deep fat. Serve with slices of lemon and chopped parsley.

Apple jelly made as follows will be clear and a beautiful bright color. Cut up seven pounds of apples (do not peel or core them), place in a pan with five pints of cold water, the rind of two lemons, and half an inch of cinnamon. Cover with a flour and water paste and bake for six hours. Strain the pulp through a cloth. Place the juice in a clean preserving pan and allow one pound of sugar to every pint of juice. Bring to the boil fast for twenty minutes. Put the jell into pots and cover with skin or egged paper.

Roast tenderloin.—To roast pork tenderloins, take two tenderloins and split them lengthwise, but do not divide them entirely. Place the two together and fill with a well-seasoned bread stuffing. Wind a string around them, season on the outside with pepper and salt and cover with slices of bacon held in place with wooden toothpicks. Bake about three-quarters of an hour, basting frequently with hot water and butter. Serve with a garnish of fried sour apples.

Grilled Almonds.—Grilled almonds among the bon bons at dessert will be a nice change. Blanch and dry a cupful of shelled almonds. Boil a cupful of sugar and one-fourth of a cupful of water to the thread, that is, until the syrup will spin a thread from the spoon. Drop in the almonds and let them cook for five minutes in the sytup, stirring very carefully once or twice. When the almonds are faintly tinged with brown remove from the fire and stir until the syrup turns to sugar, some of which will cling to the nuts.

Good Uses for Stale Bread—Take one egg and a little milk and sugar, well beaten together. Have a frying-pan nice and hot and well greased in butter. Take the pieces of bread and dip them into the mixture, then brown nicely on both sides in the frying-pan. You will find them very nice for breakfast or tea. Broken pieces and crusts of bread should be put in a pan in a cool oven to dry them. When quite dry crush them with a roller on a bread board, then sift them through a coarse sieve, and put them in a box or jar where they will be ready for cutlets or oysters.

GOOD SUPPER DISHES.

A nice supper dish may be made with a dozen cold, boiled potatoes. Mash and rub through a sieve; add some sweet cream, yolks of two eggs well beaten, salt and pepper to taste. Beat all together and brown quickly in a hot oven.

An appetizing dish for a winter supper is made thus: To a cup of cooked cold tomatoes add a pinch of soda and put in a saucepan with a tablespoon of butter, taking care not to burn. When boiling hot, add three whole eggs and stir gently; remove from the fire before the mixture boils, and season with a small teaspoon of salt and a pinch of pepper. Serve hot on buttered toast.

If you are at a loss to use the fat from pieces of cold boiled ham try this recipe: Put two tablespoons of butter into a saucepan on the stove, add a cup of chopped ham and half cup of sweet milk. Season with pepper and salt, and when hot remove from the stove and stir in quickly three well-beaten eggs. Pour the mixture over thin slices of toast and serve at once.

Slice cold boiled potatoes. Put sufficient butter in a skillet to well season the potatoes and heat it very hot. Put half the potatoes in the skillet and season with salt, pepper and sprinkle with a little flour; add the remainder of the potatoes with salt, pepper and flour. Pour on enough milk to cover the potatoes, set on the stove and cook fifteen minutes or until done. Stir and chop them occasionally.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

Prevention of Burnt Food.—Keep a basin of water always in the oven, changing it daily.

Ottomans and sofas and upholstered chairs may be cleaned by being rubbed with dry bran and flannel.

For wet boots pour hot sand and press it in firmly to preserve the shape, standing meanwhile in a warm room.

To preserve Hams.—After curing and smoking hams, they may be kept a long time packed in dry oats in a wooden chest.

A dirty coffee-pot will spoil the strongest infusion, so wash the coffee-pot thoroughly and dry it over the stove daily.

Never put marrow from bones into soup. Scrape out and use as suet. This is very delicate in flavor, and makes the paste light.

Instead of cod-liver oil those people who cannot digest it will find a gill of raw cream taken at night very beneficial.

Prevent milk from Curdling by adding a good pinch of carbonate of soda to each quart of milk, before putting it on to boil.

In purchasing sirloin of beef avoid the end cut, for it has a round piece of bone on the upper side, besides the meat is coarser than the other cuts.

The oven for bread should only be slightly heated and gradually allowed to get hotter. Bread baked in this way is sure to be light and will rise to an astonishing degree.

To make cake richer always beat the eggs, butter, and sugar together, and then add the flour, etc. Care should be taken to sift the baking powder or soda into the dry flour before adding the rest of the ingredients.

To Remove Hard Water Stains.—Take one part of salt to two parts of vinegar, and a little soda. Pour this mixture into the stained decanters, let it stand a little, shake it round till the stains disappear, then rinse the bottle well. This mixture can be used several times if kept meanwhile in a bottle tightly corked.

When storing goods it is a very good plan to have, in the cover of every trunk, or on the door of every cupboard, a list of what is contained therein. Write down each thing as you put it in, for you will then know that the list will be headed with all the things that lie at the bottom. In this way no garment or, indeed, anything should be lost in a house.

To roast in a pot when you do not wish to heat the oven is quite simple. Take an iron saucepan (not enamelled) and for a small joint put in a tablespoonful of dripping. When this is quite hot, brown the meat on all sides in this, so as to harden the outside and keep in the juices. Then draw the pot to the side of the fire and let the meat cook slowly with the lid on, basting it frequently.

Home-made Vinegar.—Take three gallons of water, boil it in six lbs. of coarsest sugar, skim well. Pour into a common pan and, when at blood heat, put three pints into a basin and mix well into it a half-pennyworth of grosed fresh yeast. Set near the fire to work, covered with a cloth. When this is done, add the small quantity to the larger, which should still be lukewarm. Stir all together and cover the pan with a cloth. At the end of twelve hours all will be found in full work. Let it stand exactly a week, carefully skim off the barm, then pour into a cask. Cork it well and stand in a warm place for about four months, then bottle for use. In summer the barrel should stand in the sun.

TWO CONVENIENT LISTS.

1. One heaping teaspoonful of baking powder to two cups of flour.
2. One teaspoonful of cream of tartar and a half teaspoonful of soda to two cups of flour.
3. One level teaspoonful of soda to two cups of molasses.
4. Four heaping teaspoonfuls of cornstarch to one quart of milk.
4. A little over an ounce of gelatin to a quart of liquid.

Now as to measures:—

1. Sixty drops equal one teaspoonful.
2. Three teaspoonfuls equal one tablespoonful.
3. Four tablespoonfuls equal a quarter of a cup, or half a gill.
4. Eight rounded tablespoonfuls of dry material equal one cupful.
5. Sixteen tablespoonfuls of liquid equal one cupful.
6. One cupful of liquid equals two gills, or half a pint.
7. One heaping tablespoonful of sugar equals one ounce.
8. One heaping tablespoonful of butter equals two ounces.
9. One cup of butter or sugar equals one-half pound.
10. Two cups of flour equal one half pound.

THE MISER.

A small church was sadly in want of general repairs, and a meeting was being held to raise funds for that purpose.

The minister having said that to do the work $500 would be required, a very wealthy—and equally stingy—member of the congregation rose and said he would give one dollar. Just as he sat down a lump of plaster fell from the ceiling and hit him upon the head, whereupon he rose hastily and called out that he had made a mistake—he would give fifty dollars. That was too much for an enthusiast present, who, forgetful of everything, called out fervently, "O Lord, hit him again!"

UNSATISFACTORY START.

Gusher—"Man is born to make mistakes."

Lusher—"That's right. I made a sad one the day I was born."

Gusher—"What was that?"

Lusher—"I cried for milk and learned afterwards there was whisky in the house."

THE THREE ELEMENTS.

"Professor," asked the inquisitive student, "are the three elements, fire, water and wind, political elements?"

"No," replied the professor, "but the political elements are somewhat similar." "What are they?" queried the student. "Fire-water and wind," replied the man of wisdom, winking the other eye.

TO REMEMBER HIM.

He—I was an intimate friend of your late husband. Can't you give me something to remember him by?

She (shyly)—How would I do?

GOING FROM BAD TO WORSE

Revolutionary Agents Report Success in South Russia.

TROOPS READY TO RISE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—A meeting was held here on Friday by the Social Revolutionary Agents of the party who arrived from the south, reported that troops were ready to rise, and are only awaiting the signal from St. Petersburg. The Novoe Dyism, a revolutionary paper, published despatches confirming these reports, which it received from telegraph operators, who refused to give them to the Government. These despatches state that the port of Novorossisk, on the east coast of the Black Sea, is controlled by mutinous soldiers, who are maintaining order. They are asking the workmen to join them.

Mutinous troops at Catherinodar in the Caucasus, have seized the arsenal and 16,000 rifles. They are distributing the arms to the workmen there and at Novorossisk. A similar rising has begun at Sebastopol.

The nervousness of the Ministry of War is indicated by the annulment of the sentence of death passed upon three leaders of the strike of the engineers employed on the Touscha fortress in the Caucasus, who were convicted by a court-martial. Their comrades communicated with the Union of Unions, which notified the Government that unless the sentence was withdrawn a general railroad strike would be called. This threat extracted the announcement on Friday that the Minister of War refused to confirm the sentence.

Strikes have begun on the railway between Kursk and Kharkoff and Sebastopol and the line from Kieff to Poltava.

GEN. SAKHAROFF SLAIN.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—Gen. Sakharoff, who succeeded Gen. Kouropatkin as Minister of War, and who recently resigned, was murdered at Saratoff, whither the Government had sent him to suppress the agrarian riots and pacify the peasantry. He was staying at the residence of the Governor, where a woman called and asked to see him. She was admitted, and upon entering fired three shots from a revolver at the ex-Minister, who was instantly killed. The murdress is a member of the terrorist section of the revolutionists, one of whose dogmas is the abolition of capital punishment. Non-official papers print harrowing details of the actions of Gen. Sakharoff at Saratoff, including the whipping of peasants, whom he was sent to pacify. The tidings reached St. Petersburg Wednesday night. Count Witte charged Lieut.-Gen. Rudinger, Minister of War, with the task of breaking the news to Madame Sakharoff. The event has created a profound impression in St. Petersburg, owing to fears that the revolutionists here will follow the example thus set.

The inland telegraph line was opened on Wednesday. A cordon of soldiers with fixed bayonets held the office. Messages were accepted for only a few towns. It is illustrative of the Russian character that a majority of the messages were felicitations addressed to bearers of the Christian name of Catherine.

A meeting of postal employes, which was arranged for Wednesday afternoon, was prevented by placing two battalions of infantry and two sotnias of Cossacks around the meeting place.

Some young relatives of highly-placed tchinovniks (Government employes) attempted to distribute letters in a fashionable quarter of the city. They included youths from the Imperial Pages' School and the young daughters of the heads of Government departments. They were not molested, but the effect of their work was not appreciable. The city is still without mails.

OFFICERS FRIGHTENED.

The St. Petersburg correspondent of The London Daily Mail, in a despatch sent by way of Eydtkuknen, East Prussia, says:—

"Prominent military commanders everywhere are requesting permission to resign. The Minister of War himself (Lieut.-General Rudiger) has asked the Emperor to allow him to retire. The Minister of the Interior (M. Durnovo) and others have followed the example of the Minister of War. Count Witte stands alone, but even he is losing heart."

SHOT WIFE AND MOTHER.

Deed of Pharmacist in Presbyterian Hospital in New York.

A despatch from New York says:—Alfred Frelich, a pharmacist in the Presbyterian Hospital, shot and instantly killed his wife Fannie, and his mother, Mrs. Annie Hoelbung, in his home in Brooklyn on Thursday. After the shooting he pocketed the revolver, and, stepping over his wife's body, walked out of the house. He gave himself up to a policeman he met in the street and was locked up after refusing to make any statement. Frelich had met his wife while she was employed in the hospital and they were married about five years ago. They have one child and the bullets that ended the mother-in-law's life came near killing the baby, with whom its grandmother was playing at the time. A doctor who examined the prisoner at the station house said he was suffering from nervous prostration.

OTTAWA LUMBER CUT.

Will be Somewhere in the Neighborhood of 350,000,000 Feet.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—The lumber cut of the mills of Ottawa and district for the season ending was somewhere in the neighborhood of 350,000,000 feet. Only approximate figures are obtainable, but they will be found to be near the mark. The cut runs as follows:—

J. R. Booth	110,000,000
W. C. Edwards, Ottawa and Rockland	70,000,000
Hawkesbury Lumber Co	80,000,000
Gilmour and Hughson, Hull	28,000,000
McLaurins, East Templeton	25,000,000
Ritchie Bros., Aylmer	15,000,000
Perley and Co., Calumet	20,000,000
McLarens, Buckingham	25,000,000
Total	373,000,000

The season has been a fairly prosperous one, the market being steady and profitable.

MEMORIAL TO WRECK VICTIMS.

Obelisk Erected in Churchyard Where Hundreds are buried.

A despatch from Halifax, N.S., says:—On the first of April, thirty-two years ago, the White Star steamship Atlantic, with more than 902 souls on board, struck at Prospect and 562 persons perished. Of these 277 were buried at Terrence Bay, two miles distant. Recently the White Star Company sent Mr. A. F. Destith a cheque for all the money required to erect a granite memorial obelisk, and it was unveiled on Thursday in the presence of a large concourse of fisherfolk, by Rev. W. J. Ancient, who at the time of the disaster was missionary in charge of the church in the graveyard of which the dead are buried.

TO CHECK EMIGRATION.

Catholic Bishop of Ireland Issues Circular to People.

A despatch from Dublin says:—The Catholic bishops of Ireland are making another attempt to stem the tide of Irish emigration. A circular signed by Cardinal Logue and Bishop Coyne, of the Diocese of Waterford, has been ordered to be read in the churches throughout Ireland, warning the younger generation of the evils of emigration; appealing to the people not to be allured by the entitlements held forth in letters from across the Atlantic, and especially dilating on the dangers that beset the path of girl emigrants.

THE RANK OF PREMIER.

An Anomaly in British Court Circles Has Been Removed.

A despatch from London says:—The appointment of Sir Henry Campbell-Bannerman as Premier is accompanied by the removal of a curious anomaly in English court ceremonies. A Royal order was gazetted on Tuesday night authorizing that the "Premier shall in future have place and precedence next after the Archbishop of York." Hitherto in court and State ceremonials the Premier was not recognized, and only took rank by virtue of his membership in the Privy Council. Thus, he was preceded by several of his Ministers. King Edward wanted to make the change during the Premiership of Mr. Balfour, but the latter was averse to it.

BRITISH DOCTORS COMING.

Physicians of the Motherland Will Meet at Toronto in August.

A despatch from Toronto says:—The coming meeting of the British Medical Association at Toronto next August promises to be the largest in its history. The members of the medical profession of the British Isles are already taking a lively interest in the trip. This meeting will mean much not only to the medical men of Canada, but to Canada herself. The medical men, through the interchange of modern ideas, not only upon State medicine, and public health, but upon general medicine and surgical topics. To the Dominion, because it will mean that a large number of Britishers will have their eyes opened to the beauties of our climate, the splendor of our country, and the great opportunities for the investment of capital.

SENTENCED AT WINNIPEG.

Dr. Peterson Given Four Years For Stealing Furs.

A Winnipeg despatch says: Sentences were imposed by Judge Perdue in the Assize Court on Wednesday. Dr. Arnold Peterson was sentenced to four years in the penitentiary for robbing Brown's fur store here a month ago. W. Winthrop for attempt to defraud creditors, was sentenced to three months in jail and fined.

BRITAIN'S TRADE INCREASES.

Board of Trade Statement for November Shows Immense Gains.

A London despatch says: The November statement of the Board of Trade shows increases of $12,380,500 in exports and $17,474,500 in exports. Exports for the eleven months of 1905 were $1,506,856,575, or over $2,500,000 more than for the whole of 1904. The imports for the eleven months of the present year were $868,240,755 over the eleven months of 1904.

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Dec. 12.—Wheat—The market for Ontario grades continues firm, but business is limited. No. 2 white quoted outside at 80c, and No. 2 red and mixed at 79c outside; No. 2 goose, 74 to 75c outside. Manitoba No. 1 hard steady at 90c, Georgian Bay ports; No. 1 Northern at 86½c, and No. 2 Northern at 81 to 84½c.

Oats—No. 2 white quoted outside at 35 to 36c.

Barley—No. 2 quoted at 51 to 52c; No. 3 extra, 48 to 49c; and No. 3 at 46 to 47c at outside points.

Peas—No. 2 quoted at 77 to 78c at outside points.

Corn—The demand for Canadian is dull, with prices nominal at 42 to 43c west. American new corn is steady at 51 to 52c for No. 3 yellow on track, Toronto.

Buckwheat—Prices nominal at 52 to 53c outside.

Rye—No. 2 quoted at 70c at outside points.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents for export quoted at $3.10 to $3.15 in buyers' sacks at outside points; do in bbls. at $3.40 to $3.50. Manitoba flours are firm, as follows:—No. 1 patents, $4.60 to $4.80; No. 2 patents, $4.30 to $4.40, and strong bakers', $4.20 on track, Toronto.

Milfeed—At outside points bran is quoted at $14 to $14.50 and shorts at $16.50 to $17.50. Manitoba bran, in sacks, $16 to $17, and shorts at $18 to $19.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Choice stock, $3 to $3.25 per bbl., and inferior qualities, $1.75 to $2.25.

Beans—Hand-picked, $1.80; primes, $1.65 to $1.70.

Honey—The market is steady at 7 to 8c for strained, and at $1.50 to $2 per dozen combs.

Hops—15 to 16c per lb.

Hay—Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at $8 to $8.50 on track here, and No. 2 at $6 to $6.50.

Straw—Car lots quoted at $6 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Ontario stock, 60 to 70c per bag, and New Brunswick, 70 to 75c per bag on track.

Poultry—Dressed hogs in fair supply, with prices steady; turkeys, fresh killed, 9 to 10c, and chickens, 8 to 10c per lb; live chickens, 5 to 7c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are jobbing at 22 to 23c; large rolls at 21 to 22c, good to choice dairy tubs, 20 to 22c, and inferior at 18 to 19c. Creamery prints sell at 24 to 25c, and solids at 23 to 24c.

Eggs—Pickled are selling at 21c per dozen in case lots; cold storage at 23 to 24c. New laid pure y nominal.

Cheese—Large cheese, 12½ to 12¾c, and twins at 13c per lb.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are quoted at $7.60 to $7.75. Bacon, long clear, 10½ to 10¾c per lb. in case lots; mess pork, $17.50; short cut, $21 to $21.50.

Cured meats—Hams, light to medium, 12½ to 13c; do., heavy, 12c; rolls, 10½c; shoulders, 10c; backs, 15 to 15½c; breakfast rolls, 14 to 14½c.

Lard—Tierces, 10½c; tubs, 10½c, pails, 10¾c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 12.—Oats were quoted at 39 to 39½c for No. 2, 38½c for No. 3, and 37¾c for No. 4 in store. There is some trading in corn at about a cent a pound, while Manitoba barley is quoted at 48c for No. 3 and 46½c for No. 4. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, $4.90; strong bakers', $4.40; Winter wheat patents, $4.25 to $4.50, and straight rollers, $4 to $4.25 in wood; in bags $1.90 to $1.95. Rolled oats, $2.55 per bag, of 90 lbs. Feed—Ontario bran, in bulk, $15 to $15.50; shorts in bags, $20 to $20.50; Manitoba bran, in bags, $16 to $17; shorts, $19 to $20. Hay—No. 1, $8.50 to $9 per ton on the track. No. 2, $7.50 to $8; clover, $6 to $6.50; clover, mixed, $6.75 to $7.25. Beans—Choice primes, $4.75 per bushel; hand-picked, $1.85. Potatoes—In bags of 80 lbs. 53 to 55c; in bags, of 90 lbs. 60 to 70c. Honey—White clover, in comb, 13 to 14c per 1-lb. section; extract, 7½ to 8c; buckwheat, 5½ to 6c. Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, $19 to $20; light short cut, $18 to $19; American short cut, $19; American cut clear fat backs, $19 to $20; compound lard, 6½ to 7c; Canadian pure lard, 11 to 11½c; kettle-rendered, 12½ to 12¾c; hams, 12 to 13c; bacon, 14c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $9 to $9.25; alive, $6.75 mixed lots; selects, $7. Eggs—Straight stock, 20 to 21c; No. 1 candled, 20c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 23½ to 23½c; undergrades, 22½ to 23c; dairy at 19 to 20c. Cheese—Ontario, 12½ to 12½c; Quebec, 11½ to 12c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Duluth, Dec. 12.—Wheat closed—No. 1 Northern, 87¼c; No. 2 Northern, 82½c; Dec. 83½c; May, 87¼c.

Milwaukee, Dec. 12.—Wheat closed—No. 1 Northern, 87½ to 88½c; No. 2 Northern, 84 to 86½c; May, 90 to 90½c. Rye—No. 1, 70c. Barley—No. 2, 54½ to 55c; sample, 37 to 54c. Corn—May, 45½c bid.

Minneapolis, Dec. 12.—Wheat closed—Dec., 83¾c; May, 87¾c; No. 1 hard, 87¼c; No. 1 Northern, 86¾c; No. 2 Northern, 84¼c. Flour—Quiet; first patents, $4.70 to $4.80, second patents, $4.50 to $4.60; first clears, $3.65 to $3.75; second clears, $2.45 to $2.55. Bran—In bulk, $12.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Dec. 12.—Trade continued active at the Western Market to-day on good delivery of cattle. The hog situation was strong, with values 12½c higher, and the deliveries thereof numbered over 2,400. Prices were firmer in lambs, and sheep held steady.

Export cattle, choice	$4 60	$4 60
Do., medium	3 85	3 90
Do., bulls	3 00	3 25
Do., light	2 75	3 00
Do., cows	2 75	3 00
Butchers' picked	4 10	4 30
Do., choice	3 90	4 10
Do., medium	3 30	3 65
Do., light	2 75	3 00
Do., bulls	2 00	2 25
Canners	1 50	2 25
Stockers, choice	3 25	3 50
Do., common	2 00	2 25
Do., bulls	2 25	2 40
Heavy feeders	3 50	3 60
Short-keep	3 75	3 85
Milch cows, choice	40 00	50 00
Do., common	28 00	33 00
Sheep, export, ewes	3 85	4 25
Do., bucks	3 00	3 50
Do., culls	3 00	3 50
Lambs, per cwt.	5 25	5 75
Calves, each	2 00	10 00
Hogs, selects	6 37½	....
Do., lights and fats	6 12½	....

THE DAIRY EXPORTS.

This Year Shows an Increase of Ten Million Dollars.

A Montreal despatch says: Ten million dollars is the amount of increase in the exports of Canadian cheese and butter this year over last year, according to the estimate published in the Montreal Gazette. The value of exports of these two products is estimated at more than thirty million dollars. Exports of cheese from Montreal this season amounted to 2,121,101 boxes, an increase of 6,662 boxes, but a decrease of 274,831 boxes from 1903. These exports represented in money $18,029,358, an increase of $3,649,813 over last year and a decrease of $3,534,030 from 1903. Both make and price in 1903 were greater than this year. The average price this year was $8.50 a box; last year it was $8.80 and in 1903 $9.

In butter the increase was large, both in amount and in returns therefrom. The total export from Montreal was 573,449 packages, an increase of 83,449 packages over last year, and 225,172 packages over 1903. The average price this year was 21¾ cents a pound, making a total value of $7,597,402, an increase of $2,455,268.

WESTERN WHEAT CROP.

Yield Estimated at Eighty-eight Million Bushels.

A Winnipeg despatch says: Mr. C. C. Castle, warehouse commissioner, has issued the following estimate of the wheat situation in Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta on Nov. 30th last:—Estimated yield, 88,418,000 bushels; inspected to date, 30,525 cars, 30,525,000 bushels; in store in country elevators of C. P. R., 13,229,052 bush.; in store in country elevators, C. N. R., 2,129,038 bush.; total, 15,694,942 bush. in transit, C. P. R., 2,129,038 bush.; C. N. R., 577,000 bush.; total, 2,159,038 bush. Milled west of Winnipeg to date, 3,159,000 bush.; in farmers' hands, 36,633,020 bush.; total, 88,418,000 bush.; less required for country mills, 5,591,000 bush.; total, 14,091,000 bush. Balance bush less required for seed 8,500,000 to market, 22,542,020 bush. Add amount in store and in transit, 18,100,980 bush. Balance available to move by railway, 40,643,000 bushels.

WONDERFUL GOLD FIND.

Strike Took Place in the Laurentian Mine at Manitou.

A Wahigoon, Ont., despatch says: Information has arrived from Manitou of the most extraordinary strike of gold that has ever been found in the district. The strike occurred at the Laurentian mine, one mile from Gold Rock, which had just recently been re-opened after the close of litigation proceedings. A couple of shots put in by the miners while drifting from the north side of the shaft at the 85-foot level on Tuesday last did the business and exposed gold of untold value. The precious metal could be twisted off in pencils or gouged out in silver-dollar thicknesses. In fact, it was asserted that the rock was only held together by the gold with which it was permeated. It is just two years ago since ore assaying nearly $30,000 to the ton was struck at a depth of 25 feet in the same shaft. The exposure of Tuesday last would apparently indicate a six-figure assay.

TEN KILLED, MANY HURT.

Overland Limited, on Union Pacific, Collides with Freight.

An Omaha, Neb., despatch says: On the Union Pacific Railroad, two miles east of here MM stated eleven minutes morning, the Overland Limited Express, crowded with passengers, collided with a fast fruit-carrying freight. The express was thrown into a deep ditch, and was partially burned. Ten persons were killed outright, and eight were mortally injured. All of those killed were members of the train crew, while all the injured were passengers, none of whom, it is said will die.

The cause of the accident was a mistake in orders by the conductor of the freight. The two locomotives were completely demolished, and the cars piled up over them, those of the Overland Limited being shunted into a deep ditch. The baggage, mail, and dining cars were splintered into kindling wood, which took fire and burned until the heap was entirely destroyed, together with the baggage and the mail.

FROZEN TO DEATH.

Digby, N. S. Man Falls in the Mud on His Way Home.

A Halifax despatch says: Leander White, aged fifty, was found dead near Plympton, Digby county, on Wednesday. He left his home on Sunday afternoon to visit Gilbert's Cove. He had been drinking, and on his return home fell in the soft mud and was frozen to death. A Coroner's jury returned a verdict of death from exhaustion while intoxicated. He leaves a widow and a family of small children.

A PATHETIC APPEAL.

A Young Girl Writes the Superintendent of Neglected Children.

A Toronto despatch says:—An orphan girl of sixteen, living in the northern part of Ontario, with disreputable people, was having a hard time of it, when someone told her that there was a man named J. J. Kelso, living in Toronto, who looked after neglected children. She immediately got an old piece of wrapping paper and wrote him the following letter:

"Dear Sir,—I would like for you to help me if you please. I would like for you to get me a place close to whear you are or I will come and stay with you and your missus for my board, that is, if you want me, or get me a place near you for I cannot stay whear I am so I rather be with you than to stay here. I cannot go outside the door for I am not safe to go and if you want me to go I will right away for I rather be whear you could look after me or I'd rather stay with you and your missus. I don't want to tell you that I have not got the money to go to Toronto, but be sure and write and tell me if you will let me come and stay with you and your missus, or if not, if you would get me a place. So this is all for this time, so good-bye."

Needless to say, Mr. Kelso sent the requisite fare and although she is not working for him or his "missus" she is under good influences and is now a happy and contented young woman.

SAMPLES OF GRAIN.

Will be Sent Free of Charge on Application.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—By instruction of the Hon. Minister of Agriculture another distribution will be made this season of samples of the most productive sorts of grain to Canadian farmers for the improvement of seed. The stock for distribution is of the very best and has been secured mainly from the excellent crops recently had at the branch Experimental Farms at Indian Head, Sask., and at Brandon, Man. The distribution this spring will consist of samples of oats, spring wheat, barley, Indian corn (for ensilage only) and potatoes. The quantity of oats to be sent this year will be 5 lbs., and of wheat or barley 5 lbs., sufficient in each case to sow one-twentieth of an acre. The samples of Indian corn and potatoes will weigh 3 lbs. as heretofore. A quantity of each of the following varieties has been secured for this distribution:—

Oats—Banner, Wide-Awake, Abundance, Thousand Dollar, Improved Ligowo, Goldfinder and Waverley.

Wheat—Preston, Red Fife, Percy, Stanley, Huron, Laurel and White Fife.

Barley.—Six-rowed.—Mensury, Odessa, Mansfield, Claude and Royal. Two-rowed.—Standwell, Invincible, Canadian Thorpe and Sidney.

Indian Corn (for ensilage).—Early sorts, Angel of Midnight, Compton's Early and Longfellow; later varieties, Selected Leaming, Early Mastodon and White Cap Yellow Dent.

Potatoes—Carman No. 1, Early White Prize, Rochester Rose, Uncle Sam, American Wonder, Bovee, Early Andes and Late Puritan.

Every farmer may apply, but only one sample can be sent to each applicant, hence if an individual receives a sample of oats he cannot also receive one of wheat, barley or potatoes. Lists of names from one individual, or applications for more than one sample for one household cannot be entertained. These samples will be sent free of charge through the mail.

Applications should be addressed to the Director of Experimental Farms, Ottawa, and may be sent in any time before the 1st of March, after which the lists will be closed, so that all the samples asked for may be sent in good time for sowing. Parties writing should mention the sort or variety they would prefer, with a second sort as an alternative, and should the available stock of both these varieties be exhausted, some other good variety will be sent instead. Those applying for Indian corn or potatoes will please bear in mind that the corn is not available for distribution until March or April, and that potatoes cannot be mailed from here until danger from frost in transit is over. No postage is required on mail matter addressed to the Central Experimental Farm, Ottawa.

TOKIO WELCOMES OYAMA.

Commander of Japanese Armies Given Generous Reception.

A despatch from Tokio says:—Field Marshal Oyama and his staff made a a triumphal entry into Tokio on Thursday. The enthusiasm and magnitude of his reception equaled that given to Admiral Togo. Despite the inclement weather crowds of students and representatives of various classes and interests thickly lined the streets and although exposed to the rain, lustily cheered the Marquis and his staff while en route to the Imperial Palace. The newspapers of all shades of opinion are highly eulogistic of the achievements of Marquis Oyama, his generals and the men under his command. A holiday was declared in the whole city in honor of the day.

ELECTRICITY FOR TUNNEL?

Report That Grand Trunk Has Let Contract at Sarnia.

A despatch from Port Huron, Mich., says:—It is learned on good authority that the Grand Trunk has let the contract for the equipment of the Port Huron-Sarnia tunnel with electric power for the operation of trains. The contract involves the building of large power houses in Port Huron and Sarnia, and the total cost is said to be nearly $700,000. The third rail system and powerful electric locomotives will be used.

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Re-

CANADA.

All attempts to release the stranded Bavarian this fall will be abandoned.

At Neepawa D. Coulter was fined $300 for selling liquor without a license.

The expenditures of Winnipeg during the last fiscal year totalled $2,898,567.56.

Halifax will organize a children's aid society on the lines of the one in Toronto.

Glencoe is negotiating with the Canada Flax Company to establish a factory in that town.

Canada's customs revenue for five months ending Nov. 30th show an increase of $1,262,267.

The Grand Trunk Railway will spend $6,000,000 in a new station and terminals at Montreal.

The cruise of the Government cruiser Canada to the West Indies last year cost over $25,000.

Excellent specimens of gold and coal have been found about Fort St. John's, in the Peace and Finlay rivers.

Twenty thousand electors of Montreal have been disqualified municipally for non-payment of the water rates.

Queen Alexandra has sanctioned a plan to issue "The Queen's Christmas card," in aid of the unemployed fund.

Lord Roberts has resigned from the Committee of Imperial Defence, to organize the work of universal military training.

Archbishop Bruchesi of Montreal has issued a second warning to Montreal theatrical managers against immoral shows.

Five trustees of the Berlin, Ont., public schools have resigned because a majority of the board refused to dismiss a lady teacher.

Brantford Public School Board have asked the Council to submit a by-law to raise $45,000 to build additions to schools.

The eastern holiday rush has begun from the North-west. Passenger traffic on the C. P. R. is unparalleled for this time of year.

A number of Hamilton capitalists are forming a new navigation company to run in opposition to the R. & O. line to Montreal.

A by-law authorizing the expenditure of $145,000 for extending the water-works, will be submitted to London electors in January.

Fifty thousand export cattle and 20,000 cattle slaughtered in Canada have been shipped this year over the C. P. R. from the Province of Alberta.

D. A. Ansell, Mexican Consul-General at Montreal, points out that since the monthly service between Canada and Mexico was instituted, shipments of wheat have become quite large.

Under Government control, the number of St. Lawrence pilots will be reduced, and every one will have to serve an apprenticeship of seven years as well as pass a strict examination.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The British Admiralty proposes building four large armored ships annually.

There is no material check in industrial activity in Great Britain, says The London Times.

The proposed memorial in London to the colonials who fell in the Boer war will not be erected.

UNITED STATES.

Two U. S. army officers have resigned to drill troops in the Chinese army.

A rival to the mammoth cave of Kentucky has been found in Mexico. It has been penetrated several miles.

Mabel A. Williams, a senior at Wellesley College, drowned herself in the Charles River. She was affected by over study.

Min Yeng Whan, a high Corean official, committed suicide because the Emperor refused to listen to a protest against the Japanese protectorate.

During the riots at Georgetown British Guiana, the Governor and other officials were imprisoned in the public buildings till rescued by the police.

Charlotte Chamberlin, of Rutland, Vt., feared her teacher at school so much that she wandered away into the woods and was found yesterday nearly frozen.

The anthracite coal operators will resist the future demands of the workers for an eight-hour day, union recognition and a minimum rate for day labor, and a strike may ensue.

DEATH ROLL OF THE SEA.

Some Great Calamities of the Past Twenty-five Years.

A British Blue Book just published furnishes some returns as to the loss of human life through wrecks and casualties to British ships.

During the 25 years ending June 1904, 39,479 persons thus met with their deaths, of whom about 6,000 were passengers.

The return recalls some terrible calamities at sea. In 1901-2 the steamship Camarta, of Glasgow, while on a voyage from Calingapatam to Rangoon, went down with a crew of 82 hands (including 73 Lascars) and 655 native passengers. In 1904 247 lives were lost through the wreck of the liner Drummond Castle, and 277 through the sinking of the On Wo, of London, in a collision. In the previous year 1,150 Chinese soldiers were drowned by the sinking of the Kow Shing, of London.

FROM BAD TO WORSE.

She—I wish I could induce you to cease your attentions to me.

He—You can.

She—How, pray?

He—By marrying me.

This Appeal Is To You!

THE HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN

For it Cares for Every Sick Child in Ontario whose Parents Cannot Afford to Pay For Treatment.

The Hospital for Sick Children, College street, Toronto, appeals to fathers and mothers of Ontario for funds to maintain the thousand sick children that it nurses within its walls every year.

The Hospital is not a local institution—but Provincial. The sick child from any place in Ontario who can't afford to pay has the same privileges as the child living in Toronto and is treated free.

NURSE READING A STORY.

The Hospital had last year in its beds and cots 891 patients—316 of these were from 217 places outside of Toronto. The cost is 1.14 cents per patient per day, and there were 133 sick little ones a day in the Hospital.

Since its foundation the Hospital has treated 11,262 children. About 8,000 of these were unable to pay and were treated free.

MASSAGE.

Your money can put golden hinges on the door of the Hospital's mercy.

Everybody's dollar may be the Friend in Need to Somebody's child.

Your dollar may be a door of hope to somebody's child. The Hospital pays out dividends of health and happiness to suffering childhood on every dollar that is paid by friends of little children.

THE CONVALESCENTS SWINGING DUMB BELLS.

If you know of any child in your neighborhood who is sick or crippled or has club foot send the parent's name to the Hospital.

See what can be done for club-foot children. There were 38 like cases last year and hundreds in 30 years.

BEFORE AFTER

Please send contributions to J. Ross Robertson, Chairman, or to Douglas Davidson, Sec.-Treas., of the Hospital for Sick Children, College Street, Toronto.

Noah Peltier, a young farmer, shot himself twice, and is in a precarious condition at the Hospital at Chatham.

The body of John Furns, of Sarnia, was found in the woods, with a bottle of carbolic acid near by.

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,

OF BELLEVILLE, will be in

Madoc 2nd Monday each month

at St. Lawrence Hall, for consultation on diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.

Village Residence for Sale

Consisting of ¼ acre of land in the village of Madoc, on which is a good brick house, good frame barn, good well, etc., will be sold subject to a lease expiring October 1st, 1906, now occupied by Mr. W. Tumelty. Terms reasonable. Apply to the owner up to April 1st at Madoc, after that at Marmora.

11 MRS. MARY FEENEY.

HOLSTEIN BULLS

for Sale,

whose Dams have produced

over 9000 lbs. of Milk each

in Factory Season.

In Breeding and Individuality they are second to none that can be produced any place.

Prices reasonable.

A Yorkshire Boar for service.

J. A. CASKEY.
Madoc.

DR. CHAS. JOSE,

MADOC, ONT.

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals on the latest and most scientific principles.

If your horse is out of condition USE DR. JOSE'S CONDITION POWDERS.

If he has spavin, splint, windgall, curb or enlargement of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S BLISTER.

If he has cuts, running sores, indolent ulcers, sore neck, shoulders, grease heel, scratches, calks, kicks, or sores of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S ROMAN BALSAM.

USE DR JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined.

Examination and Consultation Free.

DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

All calls personally or by telephone promptly attended.

Office, St. Lawrence street, opposite the Post Office. Residence, 3rd door west of Dr. Harrison's. Telephone No. 46.

CHAS. JOSE, V.S.

THE ONTARIO *Business College*

BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Affiliated with the Institute of Chartered Accountants.

For 38 years O. B. C. has maintained the highest standard in Commercial Education.

Send for catalogue to the

PRINCIPAL, J. W. JOHNSON, F.C.A.

Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm containing 220 acres, more or less, situated in township of Hillier, County Prince Edward. The above is one of the best grain and dairy farms in Ont. situated on the C.O.R., large two story brick house, 2 large bank barns and other out buildings. Convenient to churches, cheese factory and school on the premises. Plenty wood and water, well fenced and in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser by paying a reasonable amount down. Inspection invited.

W. B. KIRK,
Hillier P.O.

TRY MORRICE & SON

—FOR—

Men's Fine boots,

Ladies' Fine Boots.

Children's School Boots,

Men's Working Boots,

Trunks, Valises, Shoe Polish.

Boots and Shoes made to order.

An assortment of Home-made Work always on hand. Mending done promptly.

MORRICE & SON.

BIG REDUCTIONS

—IN—

Prices of Millinery

—FOR—

the Next Two Weeks

B. O'HARA.

Ayer's Pills

Keep them in the house. Take one when you feel bilious or dizzy. They act directly on the liver. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Farm for Sale.

Containing 115 acres more or less in good state of cultivation, well watered with creek and two never-failing wells. All the wood and fruit a person wants for a life-time. Farm double width with a lane in centre, good soil, frame house, drive-house, pig pen, 2 frame barns and shed. Convenient to church, post-office, grocery, blacksmith shop and feed mill. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to

T. A. JACOBS,
Rose Hall, Prince Edward Co.

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the south half of lot 15, in the 2nd con. of Huntingdon, containing 140 acres. On it is a good stone house, a small frame house, two good barns and waggon house with basement stables under all three of them, good orchard. The farm is well watered, well fenced and well wooded, convenient to school, church, store, post office, cheese factory. Will sell cheap as the owner wishes to retire from business. Terms easy.

S. P. VANTASSEL,
28 Moira P. O.

New PAINT SHOP.

The undersigned, having fitted up a new Paint Shop, is now prepared to do all kinds of

Painting on Buggies, Carriages, etc.

—IN—

FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Durable work given. Fifteen years' experience. Charges moderate. Shop next door to his residence.

W. J. REED.

Madoc, Nov. 15, 1904.

Attention!

New SPRING GOODS!

We have just received a complete assortment of

MEN'S SUITINGS,

consisting of the best English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Venetians, Irish Serges, etc., and invite the patronage of the public. Call and satisfy yourselves.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. McGHEE,
Tailor.

MADOC MARKETS.

The following are the ruling prices for Produce, Grain, etc., in this village. This list is corrected up to the date of going to press weekly:—

Butter, 20 per lb.
Eggs, 20 per dozen.
Potatoes, 60 to 75 per bag.
Onions, $1.00 per bag.
Apples, 50 to 60 per bag.
Wheat, 65 to 72 per bushel.
Oats, 34.
Barley, 45 to 48.
Peas, 65.
Buckwheat, 48.
Rye, 52.
Bran, $18 per ton.
Shorts, $20 to $21.
Hay, $15 to $16.
Flour, sent to Madoc from Toronto.

S. WEST, V.S.,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto.

Office and Residence—St. Lawrence Street, Madoc.

Treats all diseases of domesticated animals. All calls promptly attended to, day or night.

ALEX. BELAIR, Merchant Tailor,

O'FLYNN BLOCK, - - MADOC

My stock consists of Canadian, English and Scotch Tweeds and Suitings, Blue and Black Serges, Fine Black Venetians, Overcoatings and Pantings. All new Goods.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

---

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Why not have a bath with every accommodation when it is within your reach?

Each 25c., or Six for $1.00.

Special attention paid to

Shaving and Hair-cutting

—AT—

Vandervoort's Barber Shop,

Next Harry Jones' Drug Store.

Our Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

All 1904 Wall Papers

we will sell the balance of our 1904 wall papers at just half of the regular price.

we will not carry old papers far into the new year, and each year we adopt this method of closing out to make room for the new year's papers.

we have abundant assortment too for you to select from, papers at all prices and all sorts of styles.

This is a grand opportunity for you to save money and get your spring house-cleaning done early.

we keep the best paper-hangers and painters obtainable.

Our prices are very moderate, less than elsewhere for similar work. We execute the very highest class of decorative work done in the Dominion, and we go anywhere for business.

we keep Lead, Oil, Paints, etc., and sell to our customers at wholesale prices when we do the work.

C. B. Scantlebury,
Decorator, Belleville

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, etc., at wholesale and retail.

DR. SIMPSON'S "ADROIT" PESSARY TRADE MARK

Prevention better than cure for Leucorrhœa, Weakness, Obstruction, &c., &c. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail; one box, $1, six for $5. Circular free. Dr. Simpson & Co., Toronto.

JACOB HUFF

Licensed Auctioneer

for the County of Hastings,

MADOC, — — ONT.

- JAS. WHYTOCK -

BUTCHER,

DEALER IN

Groceries and... ...Provisions.

MADOC, — — ONTARIO.

The well-known druggist, W. P. J. Alexander, has been appointed special Agent for the sale of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure, Catarrhal Powder, Ointment and Pills, as well as South American Rheumatic Cure, Nervine and Kidney Cure. 4-52

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BARRISTER, SOLICITOR, ETC.
BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Solicitor for the city of Belleville.

Office removed to the City Hall, where he will continue a general practice of Law except as against the corporation of the city of Belleville.

Money to loan at 4, 5 or 6 per cent. according to quality of security.

Telephone No. 195. 44

For Sale.

South half lot 29, 4th concession of Thurlow, containing 100 acres, 9 miles from Belleville. Barn 80x90, stabling for 25 cows and 7 horses. Floor cement. Good dwelling house, drive house, pig and implement shed, good orchard of winter fruit, well watered and in first class state of cultivation. Clover grown extensively. Terms easy. Apply to

W. A. ESMOND,
on the premises.

Arthur Mullett Homestead

Farm For Sale or to Rent.

The Arthur Mullett homestead being the s ½ lot 14, 1st con. Huntingdon, an excellent farm. Owner desires to give up farming, will sell stock and implements with place if desired. Will lease to desirable tenant if property not sold. Apply to owner on the premises or

F. S. WALLBRIDGE,
Barrister, Belleville.

Bargain List of Valuable Farms

FOR SALE.

Of all descriptions located in Fruit and Canning Factory Districts and elsewhere in Ontario and North-West, suitable for all kinds of farming and ranching. Get our list before buying. Colonies located. We list farms.

ALF. BROWN,
Real Estate, Picton.

REXALL HOUSE-HOLD DYES

These Dyes will dye Wool, Cotton, Silk, Jute or Mixed Goods in one bath—they are the latest and most improved Dye in the world. Try a package. All colors. For sale by Harry H. Jones

---

Farm for Sale.

The north ½ of lot 4 in the 8th concession, and the south east ½ of lot 4 in the 7th concession, of Madoc township, containing over 150 acres. Good buildings, well watered, well fenced, and in a good state of cultivation. Easy terms to suit purchaser. Two miles from village of Madoc. Apply on the premises to

J. A. KETCHESON.

Madoc, August 28th 1905

Farm for sale.

A valuable 100-acre farm, 1½ miles from Trenton, on the Wooler gravel road. It is 80 rods wide, good roads on both sides of it, has a never failing spring creek running through it, 6 rods from barn. The soil is clay loam. Has a brick residence 22x32, frame kitchen 14x20, and a good cistern in kitchen. The barn is 80x5, has an 9-foot stone basement, with stabling for 15 cows and 6 horses underneath, drive-house 24x36 with stables attached. Buildings are all in first-class repair. There is a bearing orchard of 400 apple trees, besides pear and plum trees, and berries. There is also a tenement house on the farm. No encumbrance on place. Immediate possession given and purchaser may buy stock on hand consisting of horses, cows and farm implements. Owner is desirous of selling owing to indifferent health. Terms easy.

J. G. WILLIAMS, Owner,
Box 7, Ont.

P. WALTER O'FLYNN,

BARRISTER,

MADOC, — — ONT.

Corporation and Private Funds for Investment. Collections promptly made.

OFFICE—North St. Lawrence street, next door west of T. L. Nickle's warerooms.

Madoc Pump works

ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS

Wood and Iron Pumps, Wind Mills, Grain Grinders, gasoline Engines, Steam Engines and Boilers.

Sole Agents for the Anderson Force Pump of Aylmer.

HART BROS.,
Proprietors.

-Special Prices-

Watches, Clocks, Chains and Jewelry

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing.

Goods purchased from me Engraved Free of Charge.

J. H. IRVING,
4 Doors South of Moon's Hotel, Madoc

Established 1897.

North Hastings Review.

"PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW."

J. R. ORR, Publisher and Proprietor. TERMS, $1.50 ; $1.00 IF PAID IN ADVANCE.

28th Year.—No. 51. **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 21, 1905.** Postage Prepaid.

"The Review" Mineral Exhibit.

A Splendid Collection of Hastings and Other Ores on Exhibition.

Through the kindness of Mr. J. E. Harrison, who leaves this week again for Cuba, we have had placed on exhibition in one of The Review windows a splendid collection of Hastings County ores, as well as rare samples from nearly all the leading mining centres of Canada. The collection embraces between 150 and 175 varieties, all properly labelled and classified, and represents years of labor on the part of Mr. Harrison in securing the specimens. We expect to add a collection of Cobalt ores in a few days, and will also be glad to receive new specimens from other properties newly opened in any part of this district. We, as well as the public are greatly indebted to Mr. Harrison for thus placing his rare collection where they can be viewed by the people.

The Bancroft Times of last week had the following:—

Mr. J. E. Harrison is leaving Madoc for Cuba and has presented his valuable collection of North Hastings minerals to Mr. J. R. Orr, of The Review. Mr. Harrison was in Bancroft for a couple of days during the past week looking up samples to complete the collection, which is intended to be a permanent one, and took away with him some very fine specimens of sodalite, mica and corundum.

Madoc's Interests Looked After.

Our County Council Representatives Give Good Service.

In our report of the County Council proceedings last week no mention was made of the usual special grant of $100 to the Madoc Model School. Our report was taken from and duly credited to the Daily Ontario, and that great journal is therefore responsible for the omission. The motion for the usual grant was made by Messrs. Cornell and Tumelty, but was opposed by Mr. Denyes who claimed that attendance was small this year and therefore the extra grant should not be made. Our representatives succeeded in showing that this was not the reason why the grant should be made, and the extra hundred was passed.

Another important omission in the Ontario's report, and which of course, caused The Review to miss it also, was the successful issue of the strong fight put up by Mr. Cornell to induce the County to assume the cost of lowering the drain and putting in file under the County road leading to the G.T.R. station in this village. Mr. Cornell's motion was lost at first, but he has evidently learned the value of "lobbying," and next day he succeeded in having the matter reconsidered, and eventually carried. For both of these matters our County representatives are entitled to the thanks of Madoc citizens, and we are glad to be able to thus publicly give them credit for the same.

License Commissioners Meeting.

Transfer of Hotel at Marmora.

The license board for North Hastings met at Marmora on Monday, the 11th inst.

Inspector Allen reported John Quinn a fit and proper person to run a hotel, which was favorably received and the transfer made of the St. James Hotel from Thomas Reid to John Quinn.

The board directed that certain improvements be made to the hotel. The inspector was directed to see that the resolutions of the board relating or using blinds on bar-room windows is strictly enforced.

Hastings County Sodalite.

Geological Survey Sends Block to the Duke of Argyle.

The Geological Survey has sent the Duke of Argyle, former Governor-General of Canada, a sodalite base to be used in a monument to the Duke's father. The stone was procured in the Princess quarries in Dungannon township, near Bancroft, in this county, by Mr. Chas. W. Wilmott, of the Geological survey, who located the deposits there in 1893. When ——e was in Canada he was much impressed by the richly colored blue stone, and the Princess took similar interest in the quarries then being worked. She allowed one of them to be named after her.

information was laid against dealing in tacks, charging them conspiracy in restraint of trade.

on the Temiskaming & Northway is laid forty miles beyond Liskeard, the commissioners

dispute over the ownership of Josephine iron mine was heard by Frank Cochrane, Minister of es.

The Ontario Agricultural College graduates won the honors for stock judging at the Chicago Live Stock Exposition.

A NEWSBOY'S TALE.

By A. E. Sine.

[The excuse, if one is necessary, for publishing the following lengthy "tale," is on account of the old reminiscences of Madoc in 1879 that are revived. Old Colonel Palmer, "the hero," was a clever but eccentric miner, well known in Madoc and throughout North Hastings in those days; "the writer," Mr. Ernest Sine, son of Mr. George W. Sine, then principal of Madoc Public School, was the Review "printer's devil," but now is manager of one of Chicago's largest printing establishments. The Review then was only in the second year of its existence, and many of our old readers in Madoc will recall the events narrated.—Ed. Review.]

INTRODUCTION :

I have a little story I would like to tell in verse,
But I never was a poet—and I couldn't be much worse—
So if you find this tiresome before you've read it all,
Just think how easy 'tis for some to amplify their gall.

The worst part of this simple tale is that it is the truth,
And all the people round about from Madoc to Maynooth
Most surely knew the Colonel, whom I've called "the Prince of Men"—
That is, if all are living now who made their homes there then.

The "boss" who was so good to me is known near and far
As a man among a thousand : his name is John R. Orr.
The little town of Madoc is no more a mining camp,
But a quiet country trading place without a mill or stamp.

'Tis many years since I left there to seek out pastures new,
Yet often in the silent night those scenes come back to view ;
In the great and growing city, by the lake, in Illinois,
I sometimes get a chance to think of when I was a boy.

Therefore, my friends, I will recount this plain, unvarnished story,
Without one single thought or hope of receiving any glory—
It all belongs to the dear old man who wrote the New Year's greeting
Of Carrier Boy in '79—My, how the years are fleeting.

THE STORY :

When I was but an awkward little lad
To "learn" the printer's trade I was condemned,
For when at school I was so very bad
My stubborn will the teacher could not bend.

Fit punishment was that for such a crime
As I was guilty of while at that school.
To be a printer's imp was too sublime,
Almost, for one like me—a common fool.

My new-found "boss" compassion on me took—
He seemed to see the "hidden good" in me :
There was a something in his kindly look
That prophesied our friendship firm should be.

My shyness and my "badness" bade farewell—
As weeks sped by full many a friend I made ;
How many friends I had I could not tell ;
The time was near when friendship would be weighed.

'Twas customary in this mining town
On New Year's day to send the carrier out
With greetings to all friends, both up and down
The hills and dales the country 'round about.

Well, just before the festive New Year's day
The "boss" proposed to me that I should single
Out some humble poet—(not for pay)—
And ask of him to write a happy "jingle."

This poem was to be a regular "peach,"
A double purpose it must surely serve :
The hardest "skinflints" it must aim to reach.
And touch in them a sympathetic nerve.

It was to greet them with a right good cheer,
It was to buoy their sinking courage up,
It was to draw from them the contrite tear—
'Twas meant, in truth, to be a "loving cup."

Down somewhere near the close of this rare gem,
But not to be obtrusive—do you mind ?—
The poet must recall to each of them
It was his Christian duty to be kind

To "Faithful Carrier"—that, of course, was E.,—
Who never failed in sunshine, snow or rain,
To bring to him his weekly paper. See ?
The game was "graft." Oh, 'twas a witching game.

We hoped and hoped—and then we hoped some more
That none could pull his purse-strings very tight,
That none would close his habitation door
Without donating e'en a "widow's mite."

Well, I was up against the game for fair—
I only knew one being in that town
Who ever tried or even seemed to dare
To think in verse and then to write it down.

That man was Colonel Palmer, old and grey,
A miner of the most eccentric mein,
I did not like his grouchy, surly way,
For most unkindly did he always seem.

Obey the "boss" I was compelled to, though,
And thus in my severe extremity
I "braced" old Colonel Palmer, and I know
A harder task was never set for me.

As I approached this grizzled, silent bard
My humble mission to make known to him,
He grasped my little hand and squeezed it hard,
As o'er his features spread a humorous grin.

"My little man," he bluntly blurted out,
"I certainly will write some simple token
That you can print and circulate about
Among your many friends—now I have spoken."

He quickly turned away and left me then,
A very happy lad I was, indeed ;
He seemed to me a perfect "Prince of Men"—
The earthwhile mask was gone—his soul was freed.

A day or two and Colonel Palmer came
And handed me a little roll of paper ;
I quickly looked at it, and—what a shame—
I'm sure I must have cut a sorry caper.

No verse was there—it seemed but simple prose—
I did not care to read it there and then ;
My childish spirits fell—my anger rose—
He saw it : Colonel Palmer, Prince of Men.

"Now you are disappointed, little lad ;"
His eyes shone in a tantalizing twinkle ;
"Cheer up, my boy, don't be so very sad—
Most any fool can write a foolish jingle.

You take that paper home and read it o'er,
And show it to your honest boss next day,
And if you want a foolish jingle, sure—
I'll write a jingle for you right away."

I did as Colonel Palmer bid, and say,
That prose was richest poem—no mistake ;
It seemed a brighter, better, happier day
Was breaking forth in morning's golden wake.

It was a revelation, psalm and creed
All mingled in a wealth of human love,
Rebuking men for their unholy greed,
And pointing out the path to realms above.

It was a "Sermon on the Mount" and song
Of sweetest "Peace on Earth, Goodwill to Men"—
The echo from a heavenly chanting throng
Proclaiming Fellowship was born again.

We printed it in colors bright and fair—
All blue and gold and prettiest of green—
It was the very "swellest" souvenir
Those rustic miner folks had ever seen.

On New Year's morning—it was bitter cold—
I started on my long and dismal route,
And ere the festal day was very old
My little stock of greetings had run out.

But not before each citizen had one—
I did not slight a solitary friend—
And then when, weary, I arrived at home,
I thought my New Year's greeting at an end.

My stock of pennies, nickels, quarters, dimes—
The greetings to the little Carrier Boy—
Was counted over many, many times,
And each count added to my New Year's joy.

For days and weeks the lessons of that greeting
Sank deeper in the hearts of careless men ;
Each day was noted in the casual meeting
Of man with man, how great the good had been.

One day I met the Colonel on the street ;
We then were friends—the Colonel and the boy—
His homely, ugly features now seemed sweet ;
Almost an angel's face from up on high.

He asked me if he should write a foolish jingle
To please a little, simple Carrier Boy ;
My eyes danced in a merry, merry twinkle,
Suffice to prove my heart was filled with joy.

In taunting me he seemed to find delight,
Although he knew that I was satisfied,
Until one day I learned the previous night
Old Colonel Palmer, Prince of Men, had died.

His friends were very few—these formed a band
To lay the dear old Colonel 'neath the sod,
There to repose until the last command
To enter into glory with his God.

A golden nugget he himself had been,
Reposing in his crust of flinty quartz,
Almost unrecognized by sinful men—
Yet he had done so much to touch their hearts.

He had enjoined me when he wrote that poem
That I should never tell its author's name ;
But since that time, and I have older grown,
I think how this old bard was lost to fame.

"Full many a gem of purest ray, serene,
The dark, unfathomed caves of ocean bear ;
Full many a flower is born to blush unseen
And waste its fragrance on the desert air."

With Colonel Palmer that was not quite true ;
The good his poem did lived after him—
Although but few who knew him ever knew
He was the author of that New Year's gem.

. . . . . .

The years have gone, and Time has tinged with grey
Those towsy, frousy locks of golden hair
Which crowned the head of Carrier Boy that day
When Colonel Palmer wrote that gem so rare.

Life's vain regrets are many to us all ;
To me not less than to all other men :
My chiefest is I cannot now recall
Those burning words from Colonel Palmer's pen.

. . . . . .

IN CONCLUSION :

But this I know—the lesson came in time
To change my life from one dye-dyed in crime,
For "graft" was then, as now man's greatest aim,
And I was started right to win the game.

Chicago, 1905.

Madoc High School.

The following are the results of the examinations held lately :—

FORM II.

	Hist.	Geog.	Av'ge
C. Kirkegaard	89	93	91
J. Devolin	71	90	81
E. McCarthy	75	84	80
G. Tufts	68	80	74
H. Bailey	70	70	70
A. Whytock	87	53	70
T. Thompson	61	76	67
W. Wellington	94	40	67
T. White	90	43	67
L. Richmond	57	76	67
R. Dale	84	37	62
W. Diamond	80	42	62
I. Rollins	60	62	61
N. O'Flynn	82	40	61
I. Trotter	56	50	53
W. Beatty	67	25	46
G. Bryden	45	41	43
L. Garbutt	43	30	42
M. Tufts	A	78	
F. Hill	A	77	
F. Baalim	76	A	

FORM I.

	Book-k'g	Geog.	Hist.
C. Caldwell	100	81	72
A. Mackintosh	100	62	A
R. Chambers	100	74	88
H. Wright	100	32	80
M. Bristol	98	88	85
B. McNamara	90	47	73
W. McCaffrey	90	47	A
E. Ballard	89	44	58
K. McCoy	78	63	71
F. Sullivan	75	73	A
J. White	68	63	86
J. Broad	50	38	A
C. O'Reilly	A	50	70

FORM II.

	Physical Science.
C. Kirkegaarde	96
F. Baalim	83
M. Tufts	82
A. Whytock	77
W. Diamond	74
F. Hill	71
P. Garbutt	69
J. Devolin	69
N. O'Flynn	67
G. Tufts	63
E. McCarthy	61
I. Rollins	59
I. Trotter	57
L. Richmond	57
H. Bailey	55
T. Thompson	47
W. Wellington	42
W. Beatty	40
R. Dale	37
L. Garbutt	33
T. White	52

FORM III.

	Chemistry.
E. Thompson	93
I. Rollins	83
S. Laycock	80
B. Farrell	72
L. Reid	67
B. Bristol	63
L. Weatherill	59
D. Thompson	58
F. Trotter	58
A. Dafoe	57
E. Crawford	53
W. Smith	51
E. West	47
H. Rose	46
E. Flemming	44
E. Pine	11

'Xmas Tree at McCoy's in aid of Sabbath School on Thursday evening, December 21st. Good programme. Admission 10 and 15 cents.

George Wright's store is the home of good Groceries.

A HARD ROW

And a long pull describes the pathway of a woman afflicted with female weakness unless she is under the care of a doctor who has had successful experience in the treatment of such case or else has found the right remedy which can be safely used independently of the doctor.

Forty years ago, Dr. R. V. Pierce found that women were being grossly maltreated—mainly through ignorance and carelessness, and he determined to devote himself to study and research till he found the real cause of their suffering and a proper remedy for it.

He found it, and dug from Nature's Laboratory, the earth, *Nature's remedies* for woman's weaknesses and ailments. He found in Lady's Slipper root, Black Cohosh root, Unicorn root, Blue Cohosh root and Golden Seal root, the required ingredients.

The remedial virtues of these he extracted, combined and preserved by his own peculiar non-alcoholic, glyceric processes, and the compound is now known the world over, as Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

"The wearing of corsets too tight seemed to have brought on an abdominal pressure, weakening the ligaments and resulting in displacement, which troubled me until I was not fit to walk, and at times could hardly stand," writes Mrs. Beverly Stevens, of 124 Fulton St., San Francisco, Cal. "A neighbor advised me to try Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. Before the first bottle was used I felt much better. Improvement went steadily on, and within four months I was like a new and well woman once more. I am now perfectly well and strong, and extremely grateful to you for your blessed remedy—a boon to sick women."

A Great Doctor Book Free.—Send 31 one-cent stamps to Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y., to cover mailing and he will send you a free copy of his 1008-page Common Sense Medical Adviser, paper-covered. Cloth-covered 50 stamps.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best and safest laxative for the use of delicate women.

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Saturday, December 23

Kyle Vaudeville Co.

8 Big Acts.

Singing. Dancing. Comedy. Continuous Performance.

1 Night of Solid Fun.

Popular Prices, 25, 35, 50c.

Secure your seats in advance.

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Total assets, - $39,600,000

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A general banking business transacted.

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Barrister and Solicitor,

Belleville, - - Ont.

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Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer,

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Money to loan on first mortgages at lowest rates.

Solicitor for J. C. Dale & Co., Bankers.

Solicitor for Murphy, Gordon & Co., Bankers, Tweed.

WILLIAM CROSS, LL.B.,

Barrister and Solicitor, Notary Public, Conveyancer.

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Money to loan at 5 per cent. on good farm security. No commission. No valuation fee.

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Graduate of Trinity University

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Office—Durham street, Dale's Block, Madoc.

DR. HARRISON,

Physician, Surgeon, etc.

Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.

Special attention given to diseases of women and children.

Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

WAS SENT HOME AS INCURABLE

THEN JOS. BOONE FOUND HEALTH IN DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS.

He was Unable to Work for Seven Years Before He Used the Great Canadian Kidney Remedy.

Cottel's Cove, Nfld., Dec. 11.—(Special.)—The days of miracles are past, but the cure of Joseph Boone of this place at least ranks with sensational cures of the earlier ages.

Mr. Boone has been ailing for eight years, seven of which he was unable to work from the effects of Backache and Kidney Complaint. He was all aches and pains.

He was treated by several doctors and after seven months in the hospital was sent home as incurable. It was there that reading of cures in the newspapers led him to use Dodd's Kidney Pills. It took twenty-one boxes to cure him, but to-day he is strong and well and hard at work lobster fishing.

People here have learned that if the disease is of the Kidneys or from the Kidneys, Dodd's Kidney Pills will cure it.

OLD HOBBY HORSE AGAIN.

Cyclope of One Hundred years Ago to be Renewed.

The lastest fashion in cycling is a "cyclopede" for ladies, says the London Daily Mirror. This takes us back to the days of the Regency, when the "first gentleman of Europe" blandly squandered millions at Brighton, and his friends amused themselves by "hobby-horsing" along the front.

The "cylopede," indeed, is exactly the old "hobby-horse" with improvements. True, it is fitted with pneumatic tires, springs and ball-bearings and is a feather-weight compared with the hideous combination of wood and iron which our great grandfathers disported. But the main "hobby-horse" features are retained.

There are no pedals, the machine being propelled either by thrusting the feet against the ground, or by "punt-poling" with a walking stick or alpenstock. The seat is very low, so that the most clumsy rider can hardly fall off, and of course, barely any instruction is required. You can get up quite a fair speed on the machine—ten miles an hour being about the limit.

But who, it may be asked, would care to use a cyclopede when ordinary bicycles are faster and less trouble? One idea is that the new machine will give more vigorous and healthy exercise than the ordinary bicycle affords. Another is that elderly ladies may be attracted by its absolute safety. Besides, the price—four guineas—is very low.

The first lady's machine has been built to the order of a distinguished customer, and in a generation which worships health and is always looking for some new form of exercise it has a chance of becoming quite a rage. The chief obstacle is ridicule. Ladies have the art of looking graceful under most unpromising circumstances, but ten miles an hour on a cyclopede will be rather a severe test of this faculty.

THE WIFE AS MANAGER.

"You can rely upon it," said a keen business man, that the man whose wife is managing his salary for him is prosperous. When I see a man that I happen to know hand all his earnings over to his wife, I set him down as getting along well. He has started on the right road to get rich, for in nine cases out of ten he is saving something. And a fact which he is apt to overlook is that if he only spends a little less than he makes, he is bound to get rich. A woman who manages her hpsband's salary will help him to do this nearly every time, as women are more thrifty than men. Some men find it impossible to save money, and a man has got to spend less than he makes before he can begin to get along. The man whose wife is enough of a manager to help him get to this point by taking care of his money for him may consider himself fortunate."

A BRAIN WORKER.

Must Have the Kind of Food That Nourishes Brain.

"I am a literary man whose nervous energy is a great part of my stock in trade, and ordinarily I have little patience with breakfast foods and the extravagant claims made of them. But I cannot withhold my acknowledgment of the debt that I owe to Grape-Nuts food.

"I discovered long ago that the very bulkiness of the ordinary diet was not calculated to give one a clear head, the power of sustained, accurate thinking. I always felt heavy and sluggish in mind as well as body after eating the ordinary meal, which diverted the blood from the brain to the digestive apparatus.

"I tried foods easy of digestion, but found them usually deficient in nutriment. I experimented with many breakfast foods and they, too, proved unsatisfactory, till I reached Grape-Nuts. And then the problem was solved.

"Grape-Nuts agreed with me perfectly from the beginning, satisfying my hunger and supplying the nutriment that so many other prepared foods lack.

"I had not been using it very long before I found that I was turning out an unusual quantity and quality of work. Continued use has demonstrated to my entire satisfaction that Grape-Nuts food contains all the elements needed by the brain and nervous system of the hard working public writer." Name given by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

There's a reason. Read the little book, "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs.

HEALTH

A FIT OF THE BLUES.

Half the time when people say they have the "blues," all they need is to go out and get a breath of fresh air.

People who have "blues" stay in houses too much; they don't exercise enough, and they eat too much. The body is clogged with a surplus of food, the lungs are vitiated with bad air, and the whole machinery of the body is working at low gage. The motor wheels of the machinery drag and run heavily.

This physical condition is reflected upon the mental faculties, and they become torpid and sluggish, and everything takes on a depressed, "blue" look. All the little worries troubles and perplexities are magnified, and the world seems a dismal, desolate place, indeed, and the poor "blue" person is enveloped in a fog of misery and despair. He thinks the whole world is topsy-turvy and all the elements are combining to make him wretched, that everybody is just as mean as he feels.

And yet all the while this whole world-full of misery is centred right within himself. People everywhere are going to and fro about their affairs, with sympathy in their hearts and kindliness in their eyes. The world is running over with joy and the people in it are not as bad as they seem.

What the "blue" individual needs is to get outdoors and absorb some of the happiness that is going to waste. He or she has been absorbing all sorts of indigestible food and vitiated air, until the body has rebelled. What he needs to do is to let up a little on eating, skip a meal or two, take a long, brisk walk, breathe in great draughts of pure oxygen, drink plenty of water.

This will help to eliminate the poison from the body, that has been making things "blue." The machinery will commence to run easier, the wheels will quit dragging and begin to run merrily round and round, humming a little tune that will quiet the fretted nerves. The fog will clear away, and the mind will become active, alert and buoyant, and the dark, deep blue will begin to lighten into a pale blue, and then a little pink tint will creep in, and finally everything in it will be rose color, and the whole world, and everybody in it will be beautiful and good once more.

Yes, the world is all right. The trouble is all within your own little self. You have overfed the body, or given it bad air or deprived it of its needed rest. You may be sure when you feel "blue" you have done something or omitted to do something that was required to keep your body in perfect working order. One ought to feel ashamed to say he has the "blues," for it is really an admission that he has been mistreating his body. So, if you ever get the "blues," don't tell anyone, but go outdoors and run and walk and breathe until you get rid of them.

HOUSEHOLD FILTERS.

The fact that intestinal diseases, such as typhoid fever, cholera, dysentery, diarrhoea, and so forth are commonly transmitted through contaminated water makes it seem advisable to print a word of warning regarding the use of domestic water-filters.

The most efficient method of purifying contaminated water-supplies on a large scale is by means of sand filter-beds in which the water percolates very slowly through a layer of fine sand several feet in thickness. Cities that have installed such plants report a great improvement in their health statistics. Knowledge of the danger to be apprehended from the water-supply has become so widespread, however, that domestic filters intended to be used by the individual householder have come into general use.

These are of numerous varieties and employ many different substances as the filtering medium, such as charcoal, sand, mineral wool, unglazed clay or porcelain, and so forth. These may appear to be useful, owing to their ability to remove a certain amount of coloring matter and floating materials, but as usually employed they fall far short of the necessary degree of efficiency, and may often be made a source of added danger apart from the false sense of security they inspire.

Unless such filters are very frequently taken, apart and thoroughly cleansed, bacteria are apt to pass through freely, and even to multiply in the filter itself, so that instead of germs in the water that is drawn off may actually be increased instead of diminished.

There is but one safe way for the consumer to deal with a doubtful water-supply. If enough suspicion attaches to the water to make the use of a filter seem desirable, the conditions are such that half-way measures are out of place, and only absolute sterilization can be considered. Every drop of such water intended for table use should be thoroughly boiled. The flat taste of water treated in this way is due to the fact that the dissolved air is expelled from it by the heat, but by placing it in bottles only three-quarters full and shaking well, enough air will be taken up to restore the palatability. The bottles may then be placed in the refrigerator to be cooled, for of course the ice is just as likely to be bad as the water, and there is no use in purifying the water if dirty ice is to be put into it.—Youth's Companion.

HEALTH HINTS.

Get plenty of sunlight. Nothing beautiful or sweet grows or ripens in the darkness.

Avoid opiates of all kinds. They injure the mind and body.

The long and beautiful and wholesome life is qualified by constant moderate temperance.

Don't live to eat. Eat to live. This is old and threadbare advice. But it is just as good to follow today as it was a century ago.

Many physical ills and blurs and blemishes on the countenance are due to over-eating, to eating damaging food, or eating irregularly.

Don't hunt for dark sides of your life. Remain on the sunny side wherever you can do so without neglecting those who are dear to you.

Be as happy as you can while making others happy.

These simple rules are helps in perpetuating health and beauty.

FOR FAMILY AFFECTION.

The town of Chantilly, France, which is generally associated with charity. Mme. Mortier des Noyes gape to the town in 1878 600 fr., and decreed that the dividends from this sum when invested should be applied as a reward for filial piety. The conditions are that candidates must be Frenchwomen, maids or widows, either born or domiciled for five years in the town. The prize is awarded for high character, and for love, favor, and affection shown in the family. This year's prize has been given to Mlle. Kaulmann, a seamstress, who for twenty years has made the wants of her infirm mother her first care.

$10,000 A YEAR FOR ONE ROOM.

The widening of Piccadilly, London, has been the means of showing the enormous value of land in the centre of London, the sum paid by the London County Council for a small area, which, of course, was built upon, working out at £34 a square foot. This is believed to be the record, but as it included compensation for disturbance it cannot be compared with the prices paid in Cornhill, which is the highest-rented spot on earth, a single room having been let recently for $10,000 a year.

Avoiding Winter colds is difficult; curing them is not hard if you take Allen's Lung Balsam. Begin when the cold is young and not wait until it settles on the lungs, for then, even with Allen's Lung Balsam, complete relief will be slower.

Miss Prism—"Don't let your dog bite me, little boy." Little Boy—"He won't bite, ma'am." Miss Prism—"But he is showing his teeth." Boy (with pride)—"Certainly he is, ma'am; and if you had as good teeth as he has you'd show 'em too."

Sure Regulators.—Mandrake and Dandelion are known to exert a powerful influence on the liver and kidneys, restoring them to healthful action, inducing a regular flow of the secretions and imparting to the organs complete power to perform their functions. These valuable ingredients enter into the composition of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills and serve to render them the agreeable and salutary medicine they are. There are few pills so effective as they in their action.

A PRACTICAL KING.

King Victor Emmanuel of Italy is not a play king or a figurehead, if the stories that come from time to time tell truly of his activity. His foreign minister, says a writer in Leslie's Weekly, asked him to sign a decree for enlarging the force of the foreign office. The king promised to think the matter over.

The next morning he set out on foot alone to visit the office. Arriving ing at nine o'clock, he found no one there but a solitary idle clerk.

"What are the hours of this office?" asked the king.

"From eight till twelve," was the reply.

"And when may I expect to see your colleagues?"

"They generally turn up about eleven."

"Very well. Tell your chief when he comes that I have been here."

Then his majesty sent for the minister, and suggested that instead of asking for more clerks he should make it his business to see that those already employed did their

SUNLIGHT SOAP

Clothes washed by Sunlight Soap are cleaner and whiter than if washed in any other way.

Chemicals in soap may remove the dirt but always injure the fabric.

Sunlight Soap will not injure the most dainty lace or the hands that use it, because it is absolutely pure and contains no injurious chemicals.

Sunlight Soap should always be used as directed. No boiling or hard rubbing is necessary.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soap, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

Equally good with hard or soft water

$5,000 REWARD will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

159 Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

MORNING TALE.

Bobby—"Mother, tell me a fairy story."

Mother—"I can't. Go ask your father what detained him downtown so late last night; that will be one."

Hard and soft corns cannot withstand Holloway's Corn Cure; it is effectual every time. Get a bottle at once and be happy.

Hicks—My wife is very methodical. She's always got a place for everything and everything in its place." Wicks—"So has mine, but I can never find the place."

Like Tearing the Heart Strings.—"It is not within the conception of man to measure my great sufferings from heart disease. For years I endured almost constant cutting and tearing pains about my heart, and many a time would have welcomed death. Dr. Agnew's Cure for the heart has worked a veritable miracle."—Thos. Hicks, Perth, Ont.—59

"The discord was something fierce," said Borem, in speaking of an amateur concert. "Why, the music was so loud that I actually could not hear myself talk." "How delightful!" exclaimed Miss Cutting.

It is Good for Man and Beast.—Not only is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil of incomparable value in the household, but the farmer and stockman will find it very serviceable in the farm yard and on the cattle range, often saving the services of a veterinary surgeon. In injuries to stock and in cases of contusions and pains it can be used with good effect.

Mrs. McDuff—"This paper says that mice are attracted by music; but I don't believe it." McDuff—"Why not?" Mrs. McDuff—"Because I never see any mice around when I play the piano." McDuff—"Well, that's no excuse for doubting the paper's statement."

Where Doctors do Agree!—Physicians no longer consider it catering to "quackery" in recommending in practice so meritorious a remedy for indigestion, Dyspepsia and Nervousness as South American Nervine. They realize that it is a step in advance in medical science and a sure and permanent cure for diseases of the stomach. It will cure you.—60

The aggressive man who always wants to take things into his own hands is never satisfied unless he is taking the things that don't belong to him.

YOUNG MEN OF CANADA AND YOUNG WOMEN TOO.

get a Business or Shorthand education nothing will pay you so well, and no school can do so well for you as the old successful Canada Business College of Hamilton. We can place 200 of our graduates in good situations during the incoming year. We did it this year and can do it again. This is the old reliable College of Canada, established 44 years; 26 years under present principal. Over 3,000 graduates in successful business life. Try it. Write

R. E. GALLAGHER, Principal,
C. B. College, Hamilton, Ont.
Y. M. C. A. Buildings.

Mr. Grumpps—"I'd just like to know what good all these cooking-school lessons are doing our daughter." Mrs. G.—"Everything she cooks she brings home." "Yes; and none of the family will touch 'em and the things are just thrown away." "No, they are not. She gives them to tramps." "Ugh! What good does that do?" "We are getting rid of the tramps."

A debt of gratitude is generally the hardest kind to collect.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS
CURES RHEUMATISM
BRIGHT'S DISEASE
DIABETES
BACKACHE
ALL KIDNEY DISEASES
Sold in packages, 50 cents per box, 5 boxes for $2.50, at all dealers or sent by mail on receipt of price by The Dodd's Medicine Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

THE BEST OF PEOPLE make mistakes unintentionally. But no one EVER MADE A MISTAKE IN BUYING

Blue Ribbon TEA

ONLY ONE BEST TEA. BLUE RIBBON.

Pedlar's 'Oshawa' STEEL Shingles

WIND, WATER, STORM, FIRE PROOF

LOCKED ON ALL FOUR SIDES

Galvanized or painted. Most durable and economical covering for Roofing or Siding for Residences, Houses, Barns, Elevators, Stores, Churches, Poultry Houses, Ar hes, etc. Easier to lay and will last longer than any other covering. Cheaper than wood shingles or slate. No experience necessary. A hammer and snips are the only tools required. It is semi-hardened high grade steel. Also Corrugated Iron, Painted or Galvanized, in sheets 96 inches long. Rivets and Embossed Ceilings. Varnish and Cooling. 5000 designs of Roofing, Siding and Ceilings in all grades. Thousands of buildings through the Dominion are covered with our Sheet Metal Goods, making them

FIRE, WATER AND LIGHTNING PROOF

Send in your order for as many squares (100 feet) as you require to cover your new or old building. The very best roofing for this climate. We can supply Eave Trough, all sized, Corrugated or Plain Round, Conductor Pipes, Shoes, Elbows, Spikes, Tubes.

We are the largest concern of the kind under the British flag. Established 1861. Capital invested $2,000,000.

Write To Day for Catalogue No 14 R and Free Samples.

THE PEDLAR PEOPLE,

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WRITE YOUR NEAREST OFFICE.

HEAD OFFICE AND WORKS, - OSHAWA, ONTARIO, CANADA

LARGEST ARSENIC MINE.

What is said to be the largest arsenic mine in the world, turning out 70 tons a month, is situated in Floyd County, Virginia, seventeen miles from Christianburg, the nearest railway station.

There is no more obstinate skin trouble than Salt Rheum. It sometimes lingers for years, but Weaver's Cerate makes short work of it. Also, take Weaver's Syrup to insure permanent cure.

Magistrate—"So you admit having been engaged in making counterfeit money?" Prisoner—"Yes, your worship. You see, the supply of the genuine article is so very short."

One Short Puff Clears the Head.—Does your head ache? Have you pains over your eyes? Is the breath offensive? These are certain symptoms of Catarrh. Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder will cure most stubborn cases in a marvelously short time. If you've had Catarrh a week it's a sure cure. If it's of fifty years' standing it's just as effective. 50 cents.—57

"Is there anything you don't need that I might take?" asked the ragand-bone man, watching Jones throwing rubbish into the dust-bin. "Yes," snapped Jones, "a bath!"

One trial of Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator will convince you that it has no equal as a worm medicine. Buy a bottle and see if it does not please you.

Young Husband (to wife)—"Didn't I telegraph to you not to bring your mother with you?" Young Wife—"I know. That's what she wants to see you about. She read the telegram!"

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

First Actor—Many a time my poor old father implored me not to become an actor." Second Actor—Don't worry, old man—you didn't."

When in town, buy "The D & L" Menthol Plaster. Try it for neuralgic or rheumatic pains. It is the best and simplest thing and will only cost 25c.

A successful man is the one who is able to persuade others to accept him at his own valuation.

They Wake the Torpid Energies.—Machinery not properly supervised and left to run itself, very soon shows fault in its working. It is the same with the digestive organs. Unregulated from time to time they are likely to become tired and throw the whole system out of gear. Parmelee's Vegetable Pills were made to meet such cases. They restore to the full the flagging faculties, and bring into order all parts of the mechanism.

NATURE'S FIRST LAW.

"If you please," announced the grimy little person, who had just rapped at the door, "mother wants to know if you will kindly lend her your preserving-kettle?"

"Well," said the lady of the house dubiously, "I would do so with pleasure, but the last time I obliged your mother she preserved it so effectively that I haven't seen it since."

A look of extreme hauteur passed over the maiden's countenance.

"Very well," she said. "There's no need to be nasty about it. The old thing was full of holes when we borrowed it, and mother wouldn't have troubled to ask you again, only we see'd you bringing home a new un."

THEN THE DINERS TITTERED.

In a restaurant recently a gentleman left his wife for a few moments to chat with an acquaintance at another table, and while he was there his friend persuaded him to partake of some lamb.

Under a misapprehension the waiter removed the lamb before he had eaten it, whereupon he exclaimed, "Goodness, where is my lamb?"

His wife, overhearing the question, answered in a clear voice, "Here I am, darling."

A man seldom acts like a fool unless he's the real thing.

Bargain List of Farms mailed free. ALF. BROWN, Dept. K, Picton Ont:

30 Practical Every day Lessons on FARM ACCOUNTS For 75c. post paid. FARM PUB. HOUSE, Box 425, Chatham, Ont.

D. H. BASTEDO & CO.
FUR MANUFACTURERS
77 King East, Toronto
LADIES' and MEN'S FUR and FUR-LINED COATS. Everything in Furs. Send for catalog.
RAW FURS we pay highest prices. Send for price list.

FARMERS!
This is the season of the year when you need to use every precaution with your stock. By the use of our
STOCK TONIC
and other remedies you have the best guarantee of health to your stock.
Valuable Advice Free
Use it and become your own veterinary surgeon.
The VETERINARY SPECIALTY CO., Limited
556 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO, ONT.

HIS MENTAL CALIBRE.

Biggs—So the phrenologist who examined your head wasn't very complimentary, eh?

Diggs—I should say not. He told me I was cut out for a society man.

Sudden transition from a hot to a cold temperature, exposure to rain, sitting in a draught, unreasonable substitution of light for heavy clothing, are fruitful causes of colds and the resultant cough so perilous to persons of weak lungs. Among the many medicines for bronchial disorders so arising, there is none better than Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup. Try it and become convinced. Price 25 cents.

Husband (newly married)—"Don't you think, love, if I were to smoke, it would spoil the curtains?" Wife—"Ah! you are really the most unselfish and thoughtful husband to be found anywhere—certainly it would." Husband—"Well, then, take the curtains down."

Success in Life is dependent upon good health. If you are out of sorts, ill or feeble, take "Farrovin." It's the *best tonic*. $1 bottles. All medicine dealers.

Gregson (in alarm)—"Great Scott! I've left my purse under my pillow." Fisher—"Oh, well, your servant is honest, isn't she?" Gregson—"That's just it—she'll take it to my wife."

Faith

You cannot be expected to have faith in Shiloh's Consumption Cure, the Lung Tonic, as a cure for Colds, Coughs and all diseases of the air passages, if you have not tried it. We have faith in it, and we guarantee it. If it doesn't cure you it costs you nothing. If it does it costs you 25c. That's fair. Try it to-day.

Shiloh has cured many thousands of the most obstinate cases, and we do not hesitate to say that it will cure any Cold, Cough, Throat or Lung trouble. If we did not believe this we would not guarantee it. Shiloh has had an unbroken record of success for thirty years. It has stood every possible test without failure. Further

Proof

is found in the many testimonials of those who have tried Shiloh and been cured. Mrs. Archie Taylor, Asaph, Pa., writes:—"I bought a bottle of Shiloh's Consumption Cure and found it very beneficial. I have two children and they had a terrible cough. I gave them everything I could think of, but they got no better until one evening my husband brought a bottle of Shiloh. We gave it to the children when they went to bed, and they slept all night. It cured them completely. I shall always keep it in the house."

SHILOH

25c. with guarantee wherever medicines are sold.

Mrs. Burke's Pudding.

It has always been the custom in Mrs. Capulet's day to bake one of her best plum puddings during Christmas week for the char-woman, Mrs. Burke, who was never likely to taste such a dainty at other seasons. "Why should we keep all the good things to ourselves," she used to ask, "eat plum pudding whenever we fancy it, and this poor, hard-working woman never know the taste of such a morsel?" It was also the custom of the house "to build," as Harry Capulet used to say, several of these rich puddings at the same time; they would keep for weeks or months without spoiling, and there they were, at a moment's notice, if dinner company arrived unexpectedly on washing or ironing days, when it was inconvenient to concoct nice desserts. When Mrs Harry Capulet took the management of affairs after her mother's death, her husband's cousin, who had been regent during the interregnum, said to her at Christmas time: "I hope, dear, you will continue Mrs. Burke's pudding; she has received it for so many years, she will feel injured, I'm afraid, unless you do."

"Oh, certainly," answered Mrs. Harry, who was of an economical turn of mind; "I shall give Mrs. Burke a pudding, but not one of these. What are you thinking about—waste all these delicacies on a char-woman?"

"Gingerbread pudding, with a few raisins added, will satisfy her quite as well," put in Mrs. Harry's sister.

"What they call a poor-man's pudding?" asked Mrs. Harry.

"Yes—the very thing."

"But, my dear," expostulated Sue Capulet, "Mrs. Burke will know; she has been accustomed to the best. I have made it a principle to send her as good as I sept; I hated to scrimp her at Christmas-time."

"Oh, you're too extravagant, Cousin Sue. Besides, you give an old ignorant char-woman credit for all your own virtues and tastes I don't think it worth while to waste so much money upon her; a poor-man's pudding is more appropriate for the circumstances."

"Noblesse oblige," insisted Sue. But Mrs. Harry laughed, and ordered the poor-man's pudding to be baked the same size as her own plum puddings.

"I can hardly tell them apart, cook has given them all such a rich brown. Surely, the proof of the pudding is in the baking as well as the eating."

But Sue sighed. "Mrs. Burke is English. You won't be able to deceive her about an English plum pudding."

"I'm not going to label it, and she can take it or leave it. Beggars shouldn't be choosers, I've heard," cried Mrs. Harry, who couldn't keep her temper as well as she could keep other things.

"That was a pudding!" said Mrs. Burke, one day after Christmas, having come in for some work. Mrs. Harry looked at Sue. "I think," continued Mrs. Burke, "they grow nicer every year, Mrs. Capulet. This one just melted in your mouth; it was too good for poor folks."

"There!" cried Mrs. Capulet, as soon as Mrs Burke's back was turned. "what did I tell you, Sue. After educating Mrs. Burke up to the English plum pudding! This is all the good it does to educate the lower classes, you see."

"I hope it isn't blarney in Mrs. Burke," hazarded Sue.

"A man convinced against his will, Is of the same opinion still,"

quoted Mrs. Harry.

After this, whenever Sue and Mrs. Harry disagreed, her sister would say, "Remember Mrs. Burke's Christmas pudding, Sue." However, the matter faded out of their minds in time, and perhaps they would never have thought of it again if Mr. Gus Blake hadn't happened to drop in upon them. Now Mr. Blake was somebody worth while in Miss Lily's eyes She had met him here and there, yachted with him, picnicked with him, lunched with him; once he had even sent her some flowers; she had some of them now, pressed in a book of love sonnets. He was one of those cordial people who shake hands as if they were making love. Miss Lily was more than fond of his society; she intended to marry him. But it was a pity that he should arrive on the only day in the week when they had a picked-up dinner.

"There is one of the Christmas puddings left at any rate," said Mrs Harry; "that will redeem the dinner."

Mr. Gus Blake was very affable as usual. He and Lily sang duets together before dinner; she had also to show him over the grounds, the view of the river, the eagle's nest; they hunted for four-leaved clovers together, and she told his fortune with a daisy. He was complimentary and gallant. Lily felt as if a crisis was at hand. They met Sue, with her hands full of wild flowers, coming from school.

"A neighbor?" he asked, with his most indifferent manner, as she just nodded and hurried by.

"Oh, no. That is Sue Capulet, Harry's cousin She used to keep his house before he married."

"Indeed."

"Yes. She's rather prim in her way, opinionated, like all country people."

"Ah! she must be very disagreeable."

"Perhaps; but one needs to live with her to find it out."

"And you live with her?"

"Yes. She will live here I suppose till somebody marries her."

"Then she has a lover?"

"I never heard of one."

"And yet she is not precisely ugly," with a wicked twinkle in his eyes.

"No; not at all; only commonplace," conceded Lily.

The dinner progressed as far as the dessert. It was a picked-up one, to be sure; but what could any one expect who came without announcing himself. Mrs. Harry assured herself. Mr. Blake was a famous diner-out; he knew, moreover, how to make himself agreeable over a dinner of herbs; and then there was her English plum pudding to top off with. How plump and delicious it looked as it came upon the table, and what royal odors it emitted! She cut it, with pride in her mien. She tasted it, and shot a quick glance at Mrs. Harry, but said nothing. The guest was quietly nibbling at it and talking brilliantly. Presently Lily, who had been listening to him, attacked it. She turned pale, and gave her plate a little angry push. Then Mrs. Harry, having helped everybody else, settled herself to the enjoyment of her pudding. Sue, regarding her, saw a look of consternation gather upon her face. She uttered an exclamation as if she had been wounded.

"Sue," she said, angrily, "you carried the wrong pudding to Mrs. Burke. This is the poor-man's pudding," regardless of her guest.

"I carried the pudding the cook gave me," returned Sue.

"No wonder Mrs. Burke thought it too good for poor folk!" put in Lily, sourly.

They both glowered at Sue. They were obliged to repress their wrath before their guest, but they were too full of indignation to talk rationally or coherently. If Mr. Blake guessed that there was thunder in the air, he was as facetious and anecdotal as usual, ignored the atmospheric changes, and did not hurry away. But when he was obliged to take his train at last, the thunderbolt burst about Sue's head.

"So you carried your point, after all my directions to the contrary," said Mrs. Harry; "Mrs. Burke had her English plum pudding in spite of me."

"I had nothing to do with it," returned Sue; "it was as much a surprise to me as to you."

"Pity Harry hadn't been here," said Miss Lily, ignoring Sue's version. "If his wife isn't to be mistress in his house, it is time he knew it. A poor-man's pudding to set before Mr. Gus Blake, one of the most fastidious of men!"

"I'm very sorry," said Sue. "It wasn't a nice pudding."

"Nor a nice thing for you to do in another's house."

"Mrs. Capulet, I had nothing whatever to do with it," protested Sue.

"Susan Capulet, I don't believe a word you say. And if I were your sister, you or I should leave the house."

And so it happened that Sue packed her trunks, and Harry Capulet had such a version of Mrs. Burke's pudding that he did not dream of recalling her.

She went to a friend's house in the city, who had promised to find her a situation.

In the meantime Mrs. Capulet's servants confided the story of the plum pudding to Mrs. Burke herself, and Mr. Gus Blake's part in it. Mrs. Burke felt it her duty to write Mr. Blake and repeat the whole affair, and through him to help sweet Miss Sue, who would never hurt a fly, out of her trouble.

Mr. Blake smiled over this letter. So they had made it hot for Miss Sue! He had suspected as much. He went to call on his friend, Mrs. Barnes, and request her co-operation. He was shown into the music room, and met Sue.

"Sue," he said, shaking hands, "this is the result of Mrs. Burke's pudding. What a lucky pudding for me and Mrs. Burke?" And then Mrs. Barnes entered.

"I came," he said, "to consult you about the affairs of a friend of mine who has come to grief. Her case is even worse than that of the man in the South who burnt his mouth eating cold plum porridge."

The upshot of the consultation was that Sue had a position, a little later, where Mr. Blake was intimate enough to drop in at his pleasure and carry the governess off for a few hours' recreation in the Park behind his span; and so it happened that one day Lily and Mrs. Capulet received the wedding cards of Miss Susan Capulet and Mr. Gustavus Blake, which was all owing to Mrs. Burke's pudding.

THE FAVORITE TREE

By Estelle Kerr

It is lovely to ride in the tall poplar tree;
When I climb to the tip-top and float
Through the sunny blue sky, just as blue as
the sea,
In my bonny green poplar boat.

The scarecrow is king of the red cherry-tree,
A cross-looking chap he is, too!
He won't let the birds touch the fruit,
you see,
But I'm not afraid,—are you?

The gum from the spruce-tree is lovely to chew;
In the maple I have a fine fort;
I've chestnuts for bullets,—Between me and
you
They hurt when they
hit,—It's great
sport!

GAMES

MARBLE-ROLLING CONTEST.

A long line should be drawn on the floor with chalk or indicated by a scene on the carpet or matting should it be selected. Nine feet from this the competitors should be arranged, and each person in turn should roll his marble so as it will stay as near the crack or line as possible. If one marble hit another, those two persons should roll again.

When each person has rolled the person whose marble is nearest to the crack should be given first place, the person who is next, second place, and so on the points being as before, five, four, three, two and one. In case of doubt as to any two marbles, it will be necessary to measure the two distances with great accuracy. This can be done easily by laying down a piece of paper and comparing this with the other marble in question.

COMPETITIVE PEANUT HUNT.

The peanuts should be carefully hidden, not more than one, two or three in a place, all over the room. They may be under the corner of the rugs, behind pictures, lying between the sheets of a newspaper, underneath the table, any unexpected place will form a good spot.

The contestants should be all placed together in the centre of the rooms. At the word "Go," they should hunt for the peanuts as rapidly as possible. At the end of five minutes by the clock, each person should bring to the secretary all that he has found. The person getting the largest number secures first place.

PARLOR QUOITS.

This game can be bought or made at home. The quoits may be made of either rope or light wood and covered with bright cloth. One or more upright sticks of different heights set firmly in a board serves as posts and the players taking sides try to put the rings on the posts, pitching them from about fifteen feet away. Each ring put on counts for the side of the player pitching it and the score is marked on paper.

BEAN BAGS.

The old game of bean bags is still a favorite with the boys young and old, and is also made at home, being simply a large board in which is cut holes of different sizes. A dozen bags of stout cotton each holding about a cup of beans, are provided, and the players taking sides try to put the bags through the holes, the smaller holes counting higher in every case. The value of each hole should be marked clearly on the board and the score on paper.

THE FORGOTTEN GUEST.

There was once a family who had a guest staying with them, and when they found out that he was to have a birthday during his visit they were all delighted with the idea of celebrating it. Days before—almost weeks before—they began to prepare for the celebration. They cooked and stored a large quantity of good things to eat, and laid in a stock of good things to be cooked and prepared on the happy day. They planned and arranged the most beautiful decorations. They even thought over and made, or selected, little gifts for one another; and the whole house was in hurry and confusion for weeks before the birthday came. Everything else that was to be done was postponed until after the birthday, and indeed many important things were neglected.

Finally the birthday came, the rooms were all decorated, the table set; all the little gifts arranged; and the guests from outside of the house had all arrived. Just after the festivities had begun a little child said to its mother, "Mamma, where is the man whose birthday it is?"

"Hush hush!" the mother said; "Don't ask questions."

But the child persisted, until finally the mother said: "Well, I am sure, I do not know, my dear, but I will ask."

She asked her neighbor, and the neighbor looked surprised, and a little puzzled.

"Why," she said, "it is a celebration. We are celebrating His birthday, and He is a guest in the house."

Then the mother got interested and curious herself.

"But where is the guest? Where is the man whose birthday it is?" And this time she asked one of the family. He looked startled at first, and then inquired of the rest of the family.

"Where is the guest whose birthday it is?" Alas! nobody knew. There they were, all excited and trying to enjoy themselves by celebrating His birthday, and He—some of them did not even know who He was. He was left out and forgotten.

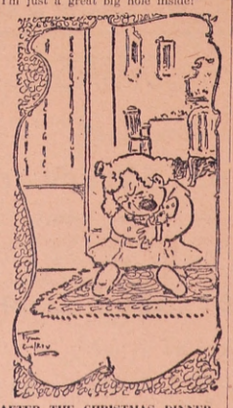
When they had wondered for a little while they immediately forgot again and went on with their celebrations—all except the little child. He slipped out of the room, and made up his mind to find the man whose birthday it was, and finally after a hard search, he found him upstairs in the attic—lonely and sick.

He had been asked to leave the guest-room, which he had occupied, so as to be out of the way of the preparations for his birthday. Here he had fallen ill, and no one had had time to think of him, excepting one of the humbler servants and this little child. They had all been so busy preparing for his birthday festival that they had forgotten him entirely.

This is the way it is with most of us at Christmas time.

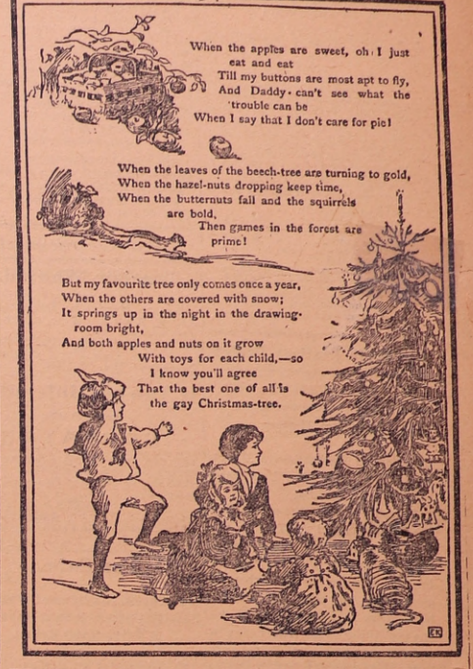
BEFORE THE CHRISTMAS DINNER.

Before the Christmas dinner
Little Charlie in the hall,
Got so awful—awful hungry
That loudly he did bawl,
And stamp his feet upon the floor,
And pound his fists upon the door.
"I'm sick with emptiness!" he cried;
"I'm just a great big hole inside!"



AFTER THE CHRISTMAS DINNER.

After the Christmas dinner
Little Charlie in the hall,
Sat and held his stomach
That was larger than a ball.
He lay his head upon the floor,
He yelled he never would eat more.
"I'm sick with stuffing so," he cried;
"I'm more than a lick inside."



TEMPTING CAKES

NUT FRUIT CAKE.

One cupful of butter is creamed with two of sugar, and four eggs added, yolks and whites beaten separately. One grated nutmeg and 1 lb. of flour stirred in gradually, keeping out about 2 ozs. of flour to dredge the nuts and raisins. A large coffee-cupful of raisins, stoned and split, and the same amount of hickory-nuts, chopped as fine as possible, are stirred in last. A cool bread-oven is the best for this cake, and when finished add a thick pink icing flavored with rose-water, and decorated with an edging of home-made burnt almonds.

KISSES.

Beat the whites of three eggs until they are stiff; then sift over the eggs three-quarters of a cupful of powdered sugar. Mix the sugar in lightly with a knife. Cover a board with paper, drop the mixture on it by spoonfuls, and place in a moderate oven, leaving the door open for thirty or forty minutes, then close the door for a few minutes to let them color. Stick two together with a little jelly or jam between them.

FILBERT CAKES.

Blanch 4 ozs. of shelled almonds and beat them to a paste, adding a few drops of orange-flower water from time to time to prevent them from getting oily. Blanch 4 ozs. of shelled filberts, toast them, and pound to a powder. Beat the yolks of twelve eggs for a half-hour, and when very light add the almonds, the filberts, and half lb. of stale sponge cake, which has also previously been powdered. Melt half lb of butter and add to this mixture. Stir thoroughly to mix the whole well. From 1½ lbs. of sugar make a heavy syrup by adding about a cupful of water and boiling it till of the proper thickness. Add this to the mixture already made, stirring constantly and well. Place over the fire a few minutes when it is completely mixed, until a thick paste is formed. Drop this a teaspoonful at a time on floured tins and bake in a hot oven.

CYMBALS.

Half a pound of sugar, ½ lb. of butter, two eggs, one nutmeg, one teaspoonful of soda, half a teacupful of sour milk. Cream the butter, and add the sugar to it. Then add the eggs, beaten separately and very light; then grate in the nutmeg, and pour in the soda dissolved in the milk. Then add enough flour to make a dough as soft as can be handled—one quart will probably suffice. Roll out upon a board, and cut into small cakes; sprinkle sugar over them and bake quickly.

PIQUES.

Beat the yolks of six eggs very light. Put in a pinch of salt and a few grains of anise; add 1 lb. of flour, and knead well until the paste snaps, using a little lard to prevent it from sticking to the hands. When ready, roll the paste half an inch thick, and cut into half-inch cubes. Drop these into boiling lard, and when they rise, or swell up, take up and drain on paper. They should be cooked a golden brown. With 1 lb of sugar make a heavy syrup. Let it boil till it feathers, and add any flavoring that meets the fancy. Into this thick syrup stir the cakes until it sugars, when they will be covered with the white frosting. They are now ready to eat as soon as cold.

WINE-DROPS.

Two cupfuls of brown sugar, one cupful of seeded and chopped raisins, two-thirds of a cupful of molasses, two-thirds of a cupful of lard or butter, two-thirds of a cupful of sour milk or buttermilk, two eggs, half a cupful of currants one tablespoonful of powdered cinnamon, one teaspoonful of powdered cloves, one tablespoonful of alispice, one level teaspoonful of soda, flour enough to make a batter to drop nicely from the spoon into the cakes. Cream the sugar and butter, then add the eggs, unseparated, the spices, molasses, and milk; sift the soda with one cupful of the flour and add to the mixture, then flour the fruit and beat in with the remainder of the flour; drop four inches apart, and bake in quick oven. When done, dust with pulverized sugar.

LADY SUTHERLANDS.

One quart of flour, three eggs, one piece of butter the size of a walnut, three cupfuls of sweet milk, and a teaspoonful of salt. Beat very light after you mix the ingredients. Bake quickly in small, tin patty-pans. Make as shortly before these cakes are to be served as possible, lest they fall and lose their delicacy with their lightness.

SPANISH WINDE.

Whisk the whites of eight eggs to a very stiff snow. Flavor with a teaspoonful of best vanilla extract. Mix with these 1 lb. of pulverized sugar, very gradually, so that the eggs will not be made to run. Whisk the whole until all the sugar is in. Make a sheet tin hot, then rub it over with white wax; drop on this with a teaspoon little piles of snow, which must not touch. Sift a little sugar over, and bake them in a rather slow oven. They must be merely tinged a cream color.

SCOTCH CAKES.

One pound of flour, half lb. of butter, and ½ lb. of sugar; let the butter stand in a basin near the fire to soften, but not to melt; when soft, rub it into the flour; then rub in the sugar. Roll out a sheet half an inch thick, cut out cakes about two inches square, and bake until they are a light brown. Put them away in a stone jar, and they will in a day or two gather moisture enough to be soft.

JUMBLES.

One quart of flour, one pint of granulated sugar, a teacupful of butter, four eggs, one wineglassful of wine, a teaspoonful of mace. Roll out thin on a bread-board, wet with egg, dust with sugar, and bake in an oven well heated, but be careful not to let the cakes burn. They must be cut in small shapes, such as rings, hearts, etc. Put away in a tin canister; they will keep fresh quite a while, Cinnamon or vanilla may be substituted for the mace.

AT CHRISTMAS TIME.

Within an old cathedral dim
The white-robed choir chant a hymn,
That old, old story o'er again,
Of peace on earth, good will toward
men.
A holy silence fills the air,
And every head is bowed in prayer,
While from the tower the joy-bells
chime
At Christmas time.

Far out upon the briny deep
The mariner his watch doth keep
For his bright, guiding Bethlehem
star,
The beacon light that shines afar;
And, as he sees its kindly rays,
He thinks of home and other days
Of loved ones in a distant clime
At Christmas time.

Again at the old homestead's door
Dear friends and kindred meet once
more,
To sit around the hearthstone's
glow,
And hark to bells across the snow
They talk of youth and hope and
love,
And gently speak of those above,
The missing ones, with faith
sublime
At Christmas time.

THE
NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW
MADOC, ONT.

J. R. ORR, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, DECEMBER 21, 1905.

Municipal Matters.

Municipal nominations will this year be held on Friday, 22nd inst.; elections, January 1st.

In Madoc village the nomination has been changed to 7.30 in the evening. This will be much more convenient, and will allow a very large attendance to hear what the candidates for municipal honors have to say for themselves. There is a probability of decided change in our village representatives for next year. The present Reeve, Dr. Harrison, will not again be a candidate, and Coun. William Cross also assures THE REVIEW that he will not ask for re-election to the Council in any capacity. For the Reeveship, Couns. Dr. Harper and A. D. Weir will be the candidates, "and may the best man win." Coun. Cox will not decide until the nomination hour whether he will offer for re-election or not, but of new men there are already in the field, Messrs. W. J. Hill, Thos. H. Thompson, John Tucker and Charles Whytock, and we also hear the names of Messrs. Peter Sinclair, Wareham Tuller, W. Dingman and N. M. Maybee mentioned.

In Madoc township, a prominent resident tells us that it is probable the present Council will be re-elected by acclamation, but this kind of prediction is very often the harbinger of a sharp contest.

On the Madoc School Board the retiring Trustees this year are Dr. W. A. Dafoe, Fred Rollins and Capt. Wallbridge. As Mr. Rollins has left Madoc one new member at least will have to be selected, and we hear the name of Rev. E. W. Mackay mentioned. Mr. Mackay would make a decided acquisition to the Board.

Crops of Manitoba.

Wheat Averaged Over Twenty-One Bushels.

Winnipeg, Dec. 16.—The final crop bulletin for the year was issued by the Provincial Department of Agriculture this morning, and the statistics contained therein practically confirm the previous estimates given for the Province of Manitoba and show the excellent average of 21.07 bushels per acre for wheat. The figures concerning the grain crop are as follows:—

	Bushels	Acreage	Average.
Wheat	55,761,416	2,643,588	21.07
Oats	45,484,025	1,031,230	42.6
Barley	14,064,025	432,298	31.2
Flax	326,944	24,770	13.2
Rye	173,075	6,923	25.0
Peas	53,706	2,081	26.0

Total value of dairy products is $896,937.64, the cheese output being worth $127,346.41, and the butter $769,591.15.

Belleville News.

Man Gets Five Years For Stealing Horse and Rig—Fire in the Gas Works.

Belleville, Dec. 14.—John Mulhull, arrested in Toronto on Nov. 23rd for stealing a horse and rig from Deseronto, was to-day found guilty before Judge Lazier in the County court, and sentenced to five years in Kingston Penitentiary.

On the charge of attempted to escape from jail he was found guilty and given an extra six months, both sentence to run concurrently.

Fire early this morning did $500 damage to the Belleville gas works, and threatened to destroy the entire works. The fire broke out in the roof over the purifying room, caused from an overheated chimney. The firemen worked with difficulty, as no lanterns or other lights could be used in the purifying room for fear of leaks. The loss is covered by insurance in the Liverpool and London and Globe.

The Canadian Northern Railway have inaugurated a passenger service over the main line to Edmonton, and also on the new line to Virden.

Sudden Death at Steenburg.

On Friday morning last, Mr. Sidney S. Steenburg, postmaster and merchant at Steenburg, near Gilmour, suddenly dropped dead while attending to his usual duties. He was a man about 60 years of age, an old resident and highly respected. Some years ago he served in the Limerick township Council. The remains were taken to Wooler for burial. He had apparently been in good health up to the time of his sudden taking off.

Miss Ethel Diddy committed suicide by shooting herself with a revolver.

☞ F. G. Lynde has removed to the "New O'Flynn Block,"—one door east of his old stand.

New Advertisements.

Teacher Wanted.

Teacher Wanted for School Section No. 2, Elzevir. State salary and qualifications.

W. H. WILKINSON,
Secretary,

Queensboro, Dec. 20, 1905.

If You are Intending

GETTING AN

- INCUBATOR -

why not get one that has proved a success to your neighbors. That's what the **Chatham** has done, and will do for you.

ARTHUR PITTS,
Agent, Madoc.

Also Agent for the Famous Chatham Fanning Mill.

For Sale.

A Phaeton, Gladstone Carriage, Family Cutter, 2 Sets Harness, 2 Extra Good Robes.

Having decided not to keep a horse, the above will be sold at **greatly reduced prices.** Robes cost between $80 and $90, the Gladstone Carriage $160, the Family Cutter over $60, and one of the sets of Harness cost between $60 and $70. A good chance for a bargain. Time given if wanted.

A. F. WOOD.
Madoc, Dec. 15, 1905. 51-2

License District of North Hastings.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Eugene Johnson, of Queensboro, has made application for permission to transfer his hotel license to John Wiggins, of the same place, and that said application will be considered at the meeting of the Board of License Commissioners to be held at Queensboro, on the 10th day of January, 1906, at the hour of 7 p.m.

All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

W. J. ALLEN,
License Inspector.

Dated at Madoc, Dec. 19th, 1905.

Ayer's

Bald? Scalp shiny and thin? Then it's probably too late. You neglected dandruff. If you had only taken our advice, you would have cured

Hair Vigor

the dandruff, saved your hair, and added much to it. If not entirely bald, now is your opportunity. Improve it.

"I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for over 40 years. I am now 91 years old and have a heavy growth of rich brown hair, due, I think, entirely to Ayer's Hair Vigor."
MRS. M. A. RAYN, Belleville, Ill.

$1.00 a bottle. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for

Good Hair

Mr. T. G. Burns, liveryman" of Palmerston, was killed by an electric shock while hanging a lantern on a wire in his barn.

For Sale.

1 pair work Horses, Harness, Waggon, Whiffle-tree, Neck-yoke, 1 pair Cheboygan Sleighs, 1 covered Buggy, to be sold at a bargain.

THOMAS STOUT,
49 Ivanhoe.

Butcher Shop

The undersigned begs to announce that he has commenced business as

Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Hides,

IN THE

Premises Lately Occupied by Mr. F. G. Lynde.

We hope by fair dealing and right prices to merit a fair share of the public patronage.

We will pay the highest market prices for Eggs and first-class Butter.

Call and see what we will do for you.

G. A. FERGUSON,
Madoc.

P.S.—We have just received a supply of Confectionery for the Christmas trade.

Fine Pocket CUTLERY.

is always an acceptable

Christmas Gift.

We have over 250 patterns to select from in a great many different styles and finishes at from 10c. to $1.50.

Also a large assortment of Skates, fancy enamelled Teapots, Bissell Carpet Sweepers, Silverware, Carving Sets, Copper Fern Pots, etc.

M. W. CONNOR & SON.

'XMAS! 'XMAS!

Just Received, a Large

=Shipment of Silverware=

suitable for 'Xmas and Wedding Presents.

We have also a splendid assortment of

Hanging and Stand Lamps

Don't forget that we sell

THE OXFORD CHANCELLOR STEEL RANGE

the best working Range on the market.

THOMPSON & DAFOE

$10,000 STOCK

— AT —

T. L. Nickle's New Warerooms

We have just completed extensive improvements to our warerooms, having put on an extra story, complete new glass front, enlarged the inner part of the store, and we are now in a position to display and handle a still larger quantity of goods than ever. We have bought a very heavy stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Furs, including Caps, Mitts, Gauntlets, Robes.

WE HAVE ALSO PUT IN A LARGE STOCK OF

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, harness and Cutters.

THE BELL PIANO, with the illimitable repeating action, is an attractive novelty.

We have decided to have an **Opening of Our New Store for the 'Xmas Trade,** beginning Dec. 9th and lasting until after the 'Xmas holidays, and we are giving a special large discount off our entire stock throughout, during this period. Representatives from the different firms with whom we deal will be present to assist in showing the goods. Do not fail to see that wonderful Oxford Cream Separator, running completely on ball bearings. A large stock of them will be on exhibition in our warerooms. We have the greatest novelty in a new Sewing Machine. Dressmakers and all who are interested should call and see this machine in operation.

Any person interested in the purchase of any of the above goods will do well to call early and select what you want. We will have extra help on to show customers our stock.

Trusting to have an early call, yours for business,

T. L. NICKLE.

See posters for further information.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

VILLAGE of MADOC

Notice is hereby given that the nominations of Reeve, 4 Councillors and 3 School Trustees, for the Village of Madoc, for 1906, will be held in

Town Hall, Madoc,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905,

at the hour of 7.30 o'clock p.m.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

No. 1—Town Hall, W. H. Brooks, Deputy Returning Officer.
No. 2—Bowen's Building, B. O'Hara, Returning Officer.

All nominations must be made in writing, signed by both nominator and seconder.

B. O'HARA,
Village Clerk.

Madoc, December 5th, 1905.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

TOWNSHIP OF MADOC.

Notice is hereby given that the nominations which must be made in writing, for Reeve and four Councillors, for the Township of Madoc, for the year 1906, will be held in the

Town Hall, Eldorado,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905.

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

Division No. 1—Hart's School-house, John A. Ketcheson, Deputy Returning Officer.
Division No. 2—McCoy's School-house, George Smith, Deputy Returning Officer.
Division No. 3—Town Hall, John Rupert, Deputy Returning Officer.
Division No. 4—O'Hara's School-house, James Bird, Deputy Returning Officer.

WM. T. ALLEN,
Township Clerk.

Madoc, December 5, 1905.

Estray Heifer.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 13, in the 7th concession of Huntingdon, on or about June 1st last, one red Yearling Heifer. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

JOHN MORLAND.
50-3 Fuller P.O., Dec. 9, 1905.

Estray.

Strayed unto lot 32, con. 6, Tudor, one white Hog, about 15th September. Owner can have same by proving property, paying charges and taking it away.

JOHN BROWN,
50 Millbridge.

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,

OF BELLEVILLE, will be in *Madoc 2nd Monday each month* at St. Lawrence Hall, for consultation on diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.

...QUITTING...

After Twenty Years' Service

I HAVE DECIDED TO

Sell Off My Stock, Value About $5,000

GOODS Just Right for the Season.

HERE IS THE LIST:

Men's Suits,
Youths' Suits,
Boys' Suits,
Mens' Overcoats,
Boys' Overcoats,
Youths' Overcoats,
Pea Jackets,
Cardigan Jackets,
Full-cloth Pants,
Home-made Tweed Pants,
Fine Tweed Pants,
Shirts and Drawers,
Top Shirts,
Overshirts,
Fine Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Sox and Mitts,
Hats and Caps,
Dry Goods,
Small Wares,
Wool Yarn,
Overalls.

All these Goods are first-class and just what you want for the season. Come and get a year's supply. This is one time that you make the money.

Don't forget your pocket-book.

THOS. McNAMARA.

MADOC, November, 1905.

...MEN WANTED...

ALSO

Ladies and Children

—TO—

Buy 'Xmas Goods

TO GLADDEN EVERY HEART.

Suggestions for Ladies.

Great attractions in Furs and Jackets at greatly reduced prices. Collars, Belts, Gloves, Handkerchiefs. Blousings at half price.

For Children.

Coats, Toques, Mitts and Gloves.

For Men.

An endless variety of Caps, Ties, Braces, handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Underwear, Gloves, Mitts, at prices to suit every purse.

ALEX. MILNE

The Central Ontario Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Eldorado station as follows:—

GOING NORTH.—	GOING SOUTH —
8.35a.m. for Bancroft	8.35 a.m., Trenton
4 p.m. for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Trains leave for the South, Coe Hill at 6.15 a.m. and Bancroft at 12.30 p.m.

GEO. COLLINS,
Receiver and Manager.

GO TO

= White's =

FOR YOUR

Storm Sash, Flooring, Siding, and Ceiling.

...Custom Work a Specialty...

Points for the different makes of Ploughs.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Will be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE.

- The Best Fruits -

is what you want for your 'Xmas preparations.

We have the best quality in every line at very low prices.

A Consignment of DINNER SETS

imported from the manufacturers in England, have arrived this week.

We sell Good Goods Cheap.

GEO. WRIGHT'S.

HOME NEWS

MADOC, DECEMBER 21, 1905.

Business Notice.

All reading notices of gatherings or entertainments of any kind where an admission fee is charged will be counted as advertising, for which our regular rate will be charged. In cases where posters or dodgers have been printed at this office for such entertainment or gatherings a short notice will be inserted free of charge. Where an admission fee is not charged we will gladly publish a free notice, especially for churches, or church societies.

REVIEW, Madoc.

☞ Alexander has received another shipment of Burnt Leather Goods, among which are some more of those books of views of Madoc. The first shipment was all sold out in three days.

—Next Monday will be Christmas.

—Methodist Sabbath School Concert to-night.

—Miss Blanche Ross, of Brinston, returned to her home on Monday last.

—The Model School Board will meet to-night to wind up the business of the year.

—Candidates for municipal honors must soon make up their minds, as nominations will be made to-morrow.

—The ladies of St. John's Church had a very successful sale of fancy goods on Thursday evening last. They realized about $50.

☞ George Wright is displaying the finest Dinner Sets ever offered in town.

—Another telephone was installed in Madoc this week—at Dougan & Caverly's restaurant. This makes a local service of 50 'phones in this village alone.

—Mr. Robert Christie and daughter, Gertrude, of Sedio Woolley, Wash., Rev. W. C. Christie, of Chicago, and Rev. G. A. Christie, Utica, N. Y., are spending the week with their parents in town.

☞ Don't forget the Kyle Vaudeville Company at the Masonic Hall, Saturday, Dec. 23. Prices, 25c., 35c., and 50c.

—Madoc Township financial report has been issued in detail this year. The total receipts were $19145.54; the expenditures $13340.71; leaving a balance in bank at this date of $5604.83.

—We are pleased to learn that Mr. Carl J. Lynde, of Chicago University, has just taken his Ph.D. Degree in Chemistry and Physics. He was one of four taking the highest standing in these subjects ever attained in that University. With his old Madoc friends, THE REVIEW heartily joins in congratulation to Mr. Lynde.

☞ If in want of a first-class Cooking Range, square or extension, go to White's.

—Merry Christmas!

—"Do your Christmas shopping early."

—Village nominations Friday evening, at 7.30 p.m.

—Municipal nomination in Madoc will be held on Friday evening at 7.30 o'clock.

—A ladies Hockey Club has been organized at Marmora. The Madoc team should get together again.

—The Newton-McWatters Co. failed to "make good" in Madoc on Thursday last. Illness was the excuse.

—Rev. Father Murtagh, of Marmora, was in Madoc last week assisting Rev. Father Meagher with the 'Xmas Services.

☞ Don't forget the Kyle Vaudeville Company at the Masonic Hall, Saturday, Dec. 23. Prices, 25c., 35c., and 50c.

—MacGregor's new sign is one of the neatest on front street. Mr. A. Kerr, the artist, is establishing a reputation for himself in this line of work.

—Mr. Pauleo O'Coin and Mr. Percy Reneo, of Albany, N.Y., arrived in Madoc Monday night and spent Tuesday with their friends in town.

☞ We pay 19c. for fresh BUTTER wrapped in cheese-cloth, and 4c. for DRIED APPLES. F. G. LYNDE.

—Mr. Geo. Robinson, G.T.R. Agent, Madoc, has been ill during the past week, but we are glad to learn that he is again able to resume his duties.

—The annual Sabbath School entertainment of the Methodist Church is being held this (Thursday) evening. The children are giving an enjoyable programme.

—Will the lady who took a parcel of cotton socks and a parcel of headache powders by mistake from Cross's store last Saturday, please return same to that store.

—MacGregor announces a new partnership. He has taken "Santa" in as a member of the firm for the 'Xmas holidays. Don't miss the new firm's advt. on this page this week.

—Mr. Herbert Sills, of Chicago, with his wife, is visiting with his sister, Mrs. N. M. Maybee, and will spend the holidays renewing old acquaintances in Madoc. Mrs. B. C. Sills, of Tweed, is also visiting her Madoc friends.

☞ Don't forget the Kyle Vaudeville Company at the Masonic Hall, Saturday, Dec. 23. Prices 25c., 35c., and 50c.

'Xmas Assembly.

The young people of the Sacred Heart Church, Madoc, will hold a 'Xmas Assembly in the Masonic Hall, on the evening of Friday, Dec. 29th. Music furnished by first-class orchestra; refreshments served by the ladies of the congregation. Tickets $1.00 a couple. All are invited, and an enjoyable evening is promised.

Skating Rink.

The new King Edward Skating Rink was formally opened to the public on Saturday last. Mr. Chas. Caverly, the proprietor, has certainly provided an up-to-date premises for this popular winter amusement. The ice field is over 50x100 feet; a six-foot platform raised above the ice extends all along one side for spectators; comfortable rooms are provided for ladies and gentlemen separately, and the rink is well lighted with 18 incandescent electric lights. Mr. Caverly's enterprise deserves abundant success.

Election of Officers.

The annual election of Officers of L.O.L. No. 437, was held in the Orange Hall, Queensboro, on Tuesday, Dec. 5, and resulted as follows:—

W. M.—I. Delyea.
D. M.—A. Rousehorn.
Fin. Sec.—Jas. Rhodes.
Rec. Sec.—H. Delyea.
Treas.—Jas. Moore.
Chap.—I. Moore.
D. of C.—J. Wiggins.
Lec.—Chas. Thompson.
Com.—A. Glover, C. Reid, W. H. Kells, D. McKinnon, F. J. Thompson, Tyler—A. Howe.

Presentation.

A decidedly pleasant and enjoyable evening was passed last Friday, when the Model Students on the eve of their departure, assembled at the home of the Principal, Mr. P. H. Huyck, and presented him with a beautiful Morris Chair, together with the following address:—

TO MR. P. H. HUYCK,
Principal Madoc Model School.

Having greatly valued your services toward us during the past Model School term, we take this opportunity of showing you our appreciation of all you have done for us.

We assure you that we are deeply sensible of all the kindness you have shown to us during the past months, and all the help that you have so willingly given to us. We are sure that we have reaped great benefit from your teaching, which will be an aid and help to us all through our lives, as well as during our teaching career, therefore, we thank you most heartily for all you have done for us.

In token of our appreciation we take the liberty of presenting you with this chair, which we hope will serve to remind you of your first Model Class. We beg you to accept with it our kindest regards toward you and Mrs. Huyck, and our best wishes for all success and happiness.

Signed on the behalf of Model Class.

L. EMPEY,
LEAH PHILLIPS,
ROBINA E. HOLMES,
EVA R. STOCKER,
MABEL HUFF,
M. C. MELBOURNE,
CHAS. WRIGHT.

Madoc, Dec. 15, 1905.

Mr. Huyck was taken completely by surprise, but expressed his deepest appreciation in a few well chosen and applicable remarks, and wished individual success to every member of his first Model Class.

Sale Register.

On Wednesday, January 3rd.—The farm stock, implements, etc., of John N. Moore, Jr., lot 18, in the 3rd concession of Madoc. Sale at 1 o'clock sharp: eleven months credit. Jacob Hoff, auctioneer.

Madoc in Luck.

The Management of Masonic Hall has been successful in getting the Kyle Vaudeville Company to play one night engagement at Madoc, Saturday, Dec. 23rd. Owing to the Company having to make a big jump, they decided to give the theatre goers of Madoc a chance to see one of the best Vaudeville shows now on the road. Mr. W. G. Hanbury has spared no expense or time in securing some of the best artists on the American stage to give the public a great big 8 Act Funny Show from start to finish. It is our motto to please the people and that is what we are doing. Kindly secure your seats in advance as we only play one night. Popular prices, 25c., 35c., and 50c.

Madoc Public Library.

After Saturday the 23rd inst., the public library will not re-open for the issue of books until Saturday, 6th January, 1906. The interval will be occupied in taking stock of the books and preparing the annual report to the Education Department. Holders of library books that ought to be returned may leave them at Mr. Alexander's Drug store until the library re-opens.

L.O.L. No. 160 Officers.

At the meeting of L.O.L. No. 160, Madoc village, on Thursday evening last, the following officers were elected for 1906:—

W. M.—R. O. Miller.
D. M.—John Thompson.
Chap.—Rev. A. Saunderson.
R. S.—Harry Jones.
F. S.—H. Twiddy.
Treas.—W. J. Hill.
D. of C.—Wm. Conley.
Lec.—D. Brown.
Dep. Lec.—Wm. Devolin.
Com.—A. MacGregor, C. Conley, W. Devolin, Gil Alcombrack.

New I.O.F. Court.

A new Court of the Independent Order of Foresters was organized at Eldorado a few days ago, by Deputy High Chief Brown. The Court starts with a membership of fifteen. The following is the list of officers:—

C. D.—Herbert Blakely.
C. F.—Dr. Harrison.
C. R.—Wesley Mason.
P.C.R.—Jno. N. Moore.
V.C.R.—Harry Jones.
R. S.—Arthur Empey.
F.S.—D. Jones.
T.—Willard Rupert.
C.—Ed. Collins.
S. of J. C.—Chas. Nix.
O.—Chas. Dulmage.
S. W.—Geo. Dulmage.
J. W.—Alex. Palmer.
S. B.—John Fox.
N. B.—Lewis Wright.
Trustees—Wesley Mason, Harry Jones, Arthur Empey, Wm. Roushorn, Wm. Brown.
F. C.—Herbert Blakley, Jno. Fox.

A Generous Contribution.

The Christmas collection for the Hospital for Sick Children, Toronto, was taken up as usual in the Model School. The following amounts were collected in the various rooms:—

Model Class	$1.72.
Division VI	3.50.
Division V	4.50.
Division IV	4.50.
Division III	2.02.
Division II	2.80.
Division I	1.00.
Total	$20.04.

The following acknowledgement of the contribution has been received:—

HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN,
Toronto, December 11th, 1905.

P. H. HUYCK, Esq.,
Principal, Madoc Model School,
Madoc, Ont.

DEAR SIR,—I beg to acknowledge receipt of your favor of the 9th inst., enclosing $20 as a donation to the Hospital from the teachers, students-in-training, and pupils of the Madoc Model School. The Trustees are most grateful for this liberal contribution.

Assuring you that your kindness in this connection is much appreciated.

Yours truly,
DOUGLAS DAVIDSON,
Secretary.

MARRIED

CHRISTIE—WEST.—On Dec. 14th, Mr. Elmer West, of Stirling, to Miss Edith Christie, of Madoc.

—A lecture will be given in the Presbyterian Church on Thursday evening, Dec. 28th, under the auspices of the Y.P.S., by Rev. Mr. Mackay, on his trip to the Old Country. Full particulars by posters.

Brightens the Farmer's Home.

To be assured of the increasing growth and prosperity of the "Farmer's Advocate and Home Magazine," London, Ont., one has only to look at the cover of the newly-arrived Christmas number of that enterprising journal, on which is shown a large engraving of their fine new building, just completed, in Winnipeg, for the home of the Western "Farmer's Advocate and Home Journal." The contents of this holiday issue gratify the expectations awakened by the cover, for here are collected nearly eighty pages full of interest from beginning to end. Of the matter presented to the public, and the manner in which it is presented, the publisher may well feel proud, and Canadian agriculturists are fortunate indeed in being represented by such an up-to-date production. The illustrations are numerous and particularly good, most of them being pictures of Canadian scenery, or reproductions of the paintings of some of our best Canadian artists. The "Home Magazine" department is filled with good things in prose and verse for the home circle, and the special articles contributed for this number are both practical and interesting.

BE SURE

You see our goods before buying

IT WILL PAY YOU.

Our **PRICES** are the lowest possible.

The **Quality** of our goods speaks for itself.

Our stock is more **Complete, Varied** and **Beautiful** than ever before.

We have so many pretty and useful things that space will only permit a small list.

For that reason all we ask is that you come in and let us show you our goods.

Books,	Bibles,	Perfumes.
Stationery,	Prayer Books,	Hair Brushes.
Fountain Pens,	Picture Books,	Chocolates.
Calendars,	Purses,	Mouth Organs.

MORE BURNT LEATHER GOODS Have Arrived.

REMEMBER you get a rebate check with every purchase at

ALEXANDER'S

CORNER DRUG STORE.

Choose Your 'Xmas Gifts from this list

Our prices are the best in town.

Dolls,	*Bibles,*	*Picture Frames*
Fancy Chinaware,	*Hymn Books,*	*Toilet Sets*
Chocolates,	*Fancy Perfumes,*	*Calendars*
Albums,	*Purses,*	*Books*
Fancy Stationery,	Work Boxes,	Hair Brushes
Games,	Sewing Boxes,	Mouth Organs
Toys,	Pictures.	

Burnt Wood and Leather Goods.

HARRY H. JONES, Phm. B.

Also we burn the initials or full name on anything you wish, free of charge.

Inexpensive Gift Jewelry !

Dainty Sterling Silver and Gold Maple Leaf Brooches, 50.
Enamel Coat of Arms and Leaf Pins, 35 to 50c.
Silver and Enamel Belt Pins, 50c. to $2.
Gold Filled Stick Pins from 50c. to $1.
Cuff Links, Gold Filled, $1.50.
Watch Chain Charms and Lockets, $1.50.
Ladies' long gold filled Chains, 2.50 to $8.
Gentleman's Vest Chains, 2 to $5.
Sterling Silver Novelties, 50c. to 60c.

Our Watches Selling Fast.

Our sale of watches is far greater than ever before. Never in the history of our business have we had anything like it. The reason—our prices are right. Come in, we want to sell you one.

G. F. MAYBEE,

Eyes tested Free.

Santa Claus... & MacGregor.

SANTA

was so well pleased with the Madoc business being done at MacGregor's that he decided to take a temporary partnership and remain here until after Christmas. The NEW FIRM have everything you want for the holiday trade, and invites you to call at this store, next door to Whytock's.

Open all night if necessary to show the goods.

SANTA CLAUS & MacGREGOR.

Our Business is Strictly Cash to Everybody.

The Quality of "SALADA"

Ceylon Natural Green Tea is unapproachable. It is entirely free from dust, dirt and coloring matter, therefore it is absolutely pure.

Lead Packets only. 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. By all Grocers.
HIGHEST AWARD—ST. LOUIS, 1904.

Marian Mayfield

Or, The Strange Disappearance

CHAPTER XIX.

"No! The mail isn't come yet! leastways it isn't opened yet! Fan that fire, you little black imp, you! and make that kittle bile; if you don't, I shall git this wafer soft! and then I'll turn you up, and give you sich a switching as ye never had in your born days! for I won't be trampled on by you any longer! you little black willyan, you! 'Scat! you hussy! get out o' my way, before I twist your neck for you!"

The first part of this oration was delivered by Miss Nancy Skamp, to some half-dozen negro grooms who were cooling their shins while waiting for the mail, before she closed the doors and windows of the post-office; the second part was addressed to Chizzle, her little negro waiter—and the third concluding sentence, emphasized by a smart kick, was bestowed upon poor Molly, the mottled cat. The village post-office was kept in the lower front room of the little lonely house on the hill, occupied by the solitary spinister.

The mail-bags were stuffed remarkably full, and there were several wonderful letters, that she felt it her duty to open and read before sending to their owners.

"Let's see," said the worthy postmistress, as she sorted the letters in her hand. "What's this? oh! a double letter for Colonel Thornton—pshaw! that's all about political stuff! Who cares about reading that? I don't! He may have it to-night if he wants it! Stop! what's this? Lors! it's a thribble letter for—for Marian Mayfield! And from furrin parts, too! Now I wonder——(Can't you stop that caterwauling out there?" she said, raising her voice. "Sposen you niggers were to wait till I open the office. I reckon you'd get your letters just as soon.) Who can be writing from furrin parts to Marian Mayfield? Ah! I'll keep this and read it before Miss Marian gets it."

When Miss Nancy had closed up for the night she took out the letter directed to Marian, opened, and began to read it. And as she read her eyes and mouth grew wider and wider with astonishment, and her wonder broke forth in frequent exclamations of: "M—y conscience! Well now! Who'd a dreamt of it! Pity but I'd a let Solomon court her when he wanted to—but Lors! how did I ever know that she'd——M—y conscience!" etc., etc.

Her fit of abstraction was at last broken by a smart rap at the door.

She started and turned pale, like the guilty creature that she was.

The rap was repeated sharply.

She jumped up, hustled the purloined letters and papers out of sight, and stood waiting.

The rap was reiterated loudly and authoritatively.

"Who's that?" she asked, trembling violently.

"It's me, Aunt Nancy! Do for goodness' sake don't keep a fellow out here in the storm till he's nearly perished. It's coming on to hail and snow like the last judgment!"

"Oh! it's you, is it, Sol? I didn't know but what it was—Do, for mercy's sake don't be talking about the last judgment, and such awful things—I declare to man, you put me all of a trimble," said Miss Nancy, by way of accounting for her palpitations, as she unbarred the door, and admitted her learned nephew. Dr. Solomon Weismann seemed dreadfully downhearted as he entered. He slowly stamped the snow from his boots, shook it off his clothes, took off his hat and his overcoat, and hung them up, and spoke—never a word! Then he drew his chair right up in front of the fire, placed a foot on each andiron, stooped over, spread his palms over the kindly blaze, and still spoke—never a word!

"Well! I'd like to know what's the matter with you to-night," said Miss Nancy, as she went about the room looking for her knitting.

But the doctor stared silently at the fire.

"It's the latest improvement in politeness—I shouldn't wonder—not to answer your elders when they speak to you."

"Were you saying anything to me, Aunt Nancy?"

"'Was I saying anything to you, Aunt Nancy?' Yes I was! I was asking you what's the matter?"

"Oh! I never was so dreadfully low-spirited in my life, Aunt Nancy."

"And what should a young man like you have to make him feel low-spirited, I should like to know? Moping about Marian, I shouldn't wonder. The girl is a good girl enough, if she'd only mind her own business, and not let people spoil her. And if you do like her, and they have her, why I shan't make any other objections."

The young doctor turned shortly around and stared at his aunt in astonishment!

"Hem!" said Miss Nancy, looking confused, "well, yes, I did oppose it once, certainly, but that was because you were both poor."

"And we are both poor still, for aught that I can see, and likely to continue so."

"Hish-ish! no you're not! leastways, she's not. I've got something very strange to tell you," said Miss Nancy, mysteriously drawing her chair up close to her nephew, and putting her lips to his ear, and whispering—"Hish-ish!"

"'Hish-ish!' What are you 'hish-ishing for, Aunt Nancy, I'm not saying anything, and your breath spins into a fellow's ear enough to give him an ear-ache!" said Dr. Solomon, jerking his head away.

"Now then listen—Marian Mayfield has got a fortune left to her."

Miss Nancy paused to see the effect of this startling piece of news upon her companion.

But the doctor was not sulky, and upon his guard; so after an involuntary slight start, he remained perfectly still. Miss Nancy was disappointed by the calm way in which he took this marvelous revelation. However, she went on to say:

"Yes! a fortune left her, by a grand-uncle, a bachelor, who died intestate in Wiltshire, England. Now, what do you think of that!"

"Why, I think if she wouldn't have me when she was poor, she won't be apt to do it now she's rich."

"Ah! but you see, she don't know a word of it!"

"How do you know it, then?"

"Hish-ish! I'll tell you if you will never tell. Oh, Lord, no, you mustn't indeed! You wouldn't, I know 'cause it would ruin us! Listen——"

"Now, Aunt Nancy, don't be letting me into any of your capital crimes and hanging secrets—don't because I don't want to hear them, and I won't neither! I ain't used to such! and I'm afraid of them, too!"

"'Fraid o' what? Nobody can prove it," answered Miss Nancy, a little incoherently.

"You know what better than I do, Aunt Nancy; and let me tell you, you'd better be careful. The eyes of the community are upon you."

"Let 'em prove it! Let 'em prove it! They ain't got no witnesses! Chizzle and the cat ain't no witnesses," said Miss Nancy, obscurely; "let 'em do their worse! I reckon I know something about law as well as they do! if I am a lone 'oman!"

"They can procure your removal from office without proving anything against you except unpopularity."

"That's Commodore Waugh's plan! the ugly, wicked, old buggaboo! 'Tain't such great shakes of an office neither, the dear knows!"

"Never mind, Aunt Nancy, mend your ways, and maybe they'll not disturb you. And don't tell me any of your capital secrets, because I might be summoned as a witness against you, which would not be so agreeable to my feelings—you understand! And now tell me, if you are absolutely certain that Miss Mayfield has had that fortune left her. But stop! don't tell me how you found it out!"

"Well, yes, I am certain—sure, she has had a fortune left her. I have the positive proofs of it. And, moreover, nobody in this country don't know it but myself—and you. And now I tell you, don't hint the matter to a soul. Be spry! dress yourself up jam! and go a courting before anybody else finds it out!"

"But that would scarcely be honorable either," demurred the doctor.

"You're mighty particular! Yes, it would, too! Jest you listen to me! Now if so be we were to go and publish about Marian's fortune, we'd have a whole herd of fortune hunters, who don't care a cent for anything but fortune, running after and worrying the life out of her, and maybe one of them marrying of her, and spending of her money, and bringing of her to poverty, and breaking of her heart. Whereas, if we keep the secret of the estate to ourselves, you, who desarve her, because you 'counted her all the same when she was poor, and who'd take good care of her property, and her, too—would have her all to yourself, and nobody to interfere. Don't you see?"

"Well, to be sure—when one looks at the thing in this light," deliberated the sorely-tempted lover.

"Of course! And that's the only light to look at it in! Don't you see? Why, by gracious! it seems to me as if we were doing Marian the greatest favor."

CHAPTER XX.

In the meantime Marian's heart was weighed down by a new cause of sorrow and anxiety. Thurston never approached her now, either in person or by letter. She never saw him, except at the church, the lecture-room, or in mixed companies, where he kept himself aloof from her and devoted himself to the beautiful and accomplished heiress Angelica Le Roy, to whom rumor gave him as an accepted suitor.

So free was Marian's pure heart from jealousy or suspicion that these attentions bestowed by Thurston, and those rumors circulated in the neighborhood, gave her no uneasiness. For though she had, for herself, discovered him to be passionate and impetuous, she believed him to be sound in principle. But when again and again she saw them together, at church, at lecture, at dinner parties, at evening dances; when at all the Christmas and New Year festivities she saw her escorted by him; when she saw him ever at her side with a devotion as earnest and ardent as it was perfectly respectful; when she saw him bend and whisper to the witching girl and hang delighted on her "low replies," her own confidence was shaken. What could he mean? Was it possible that instead of being merely impulsive and erring, he was deliberately wicked? No, no never! Yet, what could be his intentions? Did he really wish to win Angelica's heart? Alas! whether he wished so or not, it was but too evident to all that he had gained her preference. In her blushing cheek and downcast eyes, and tremulous voice and embarrassed manner, when he was present, in her abstracted mind, and restless air of wandering glances when he was absent, the truth was but too clear.

Marian was far too practical to speculate when she should act. It was clearly her duty to speak to Thurston on the subject, and, repugnant as the task was, she resolved to perform it. It was some time before she had the opportunity.

But at last, one afternoon in February, she chanced to meet Thurston on the sea beach. After greeting him she candidly opened the subject. She spoke gently and delicately, but firmly and plainly—more so, perhaps, than another woman in the same position would have done, for Marian was eminently frank and fearless, especially where conscience was concerned.

And Thurston met her arguments with a graceful nonchalance, as seemingly polite and good-humored as it was really ironical and insulting.

Marian gave him time—she was patient as firm—and firm as sorrowful. And until every argument and persuasion had failed, she said:

"As a last resort, it may be necessary for me to warn Miss Le Roy—not for my own sake. Were I alone involved, you know how much I would endure rather than grieve you. But this young lady must not suffer wrong."

"You will write her an anonymous letter, possibly?"

"No—I never take an indirect road to an object."

"What, then, can you do, fair saint?"

"See Miss Le Roy, personally."

"Ha! ha! ha! What apology could you possibly make for such an unwarrantable interference?"

"The Lord knoweth! I do not now. But I trust to be able to save her without—revealing you."

"Do you imagine that vague warnings would have any effect upon her?"

"Coming from me they would."

"Heavens. What a self-worshiper! But selfishness is your normal state, Marian! Self-love is your only affection—self-adulation your only enthusiasm—self-worship your only religion! You do not desire to be loved—you wish only to be honored! The love I offered you, you trampled rudely under foot! You have no heart, you have only a brain! You cannot love, you only think! Nor have you any need of love, but only of power! Applause is your vital breath, your native air! To hear your name and praise on every tongue—that is your highest ambition! Such a woman should be a gorgon of ugliness that men might not waste their hearts' wealth upon her!" exclaimed Thurston, bitterly, gazing with murky eyes, that smoldered with suppressed passion, upon the beautiful girl before him.

Marian was standing with her eyes fixed abstractedly upon a distant sail. Now the tears swelled under the large white eyelids and hung glittering on the level lashes, and her lip quivered and her voice faltered slightly as she answered:

"You see me through a false medium, dear Thurston, but the time will come when you will know me as I am."

"I fancy the time has come. It has also come for me to enlighten you a little. And in the first place, fair queen of minds, if not of hearts, let me assure you that there is a limit even to your almost universal influence. And that limit may be found in Miss Le Roy. You, who know the power of thought only, cannot weigh nor measure the power of love. Upon Miss Le Roy your warnings would have no effect whatever. I tell you that in the face of them (were I so disposed), I might lead that girl to the altar to-morrow."

Marian was silent, not deeming an reply called for.

(To be Continued.)

Every Two Minutes

Physicians tell us that all the blood in a healthy human body passes through the heart once in every two minutes. If this action becomes irregular the whole body suffers. Poor health follows poor blood; Scott's Emulsion makes the blood pure. One reason why

SCOTT'S EMULSION

is such a great aid is because it passes so quickly into the blood. It is partly digested before it enters the stomach; a double advantage in this. Less work for the stomach; quicker and more direct benefits. To get the greatest amount of good with the least possible effort is the desire of everyone in poor health. Scott's Emulsion does just that. A change for the better takes place even before you expect it.

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About the Farm

FARM BUTTER.

Of the numerous styles of churns there is none better for the small farmer than the barrel churn, says Prof. John Michels. Before adding the cream, the churn should be scalded with hot water and then rinsed with cold. This will freshen the churn and fill up the pores of the wood with water so that the cream and butter will not stick. The churning temperature should be such that the cream will churn in from 30 to 45 minutes. Strain the cream into the churn to remove the possibility of white specks in butter. These usually consist of curd or dried particles of cream. The amount of color to be added is determined by the demands of the market. Color the butter to suit your customer.

Butter should be churned until the granules are about half the size of a pea. When larger than this it is difficult to remove the buttermilk and distribute the salt; when smaller, some of the fine granules are apt to pass out with the buttermilk. When the granules have reached the right size, cold water should be added to the churn to cause the butter to float. Salt will answer the same purpose. The churn is now given a few revolutions and the buttermilk drawn off. After the butter has been thoroughly removed, cold water is added to the butter and the churn revolved a few times. This amount of washing usually suffices. As soon as the wash water has drained away, add fine dairy salt at the rate of about one ounce per pound of butter, and revolve the churn eight or ten times to distribute the salt thoroughly.

Where only a small amount of butter is made, it may be worked with a ladle in the churn. For larger amounts it is desirable, however, to have a separate worker. Butter is preferably worked twice. The first time just enough to fairly incorporate the salt. It is then allowed to stand six or eight hours, after which white streaks are usually noticeable on cutting the butter with a string. The second working should cease as soon as these streaks or mottles have been removed.

In small dairies where only a few churnings are made weekly, care should be taken never to mix sweet and sour cream just before churning. This always results in a heavy loss of fat in the buttermilk on account of the difference in the churnability of sweet and sour cream. A common difficulty in churning is to get cream to churn in a reasonable length of time. This trouble may be due to one or more of the following causes: Too thin cream, too sweet cream, too high or too low speed of churn, too low temperature, colostrum milk from strippers or cows far advanced in lactation.

MARKETING THE PRODUCT.

Where it is difficult to keep butter cool until it reaches the consumer, there is no better package in which to market it than the common glazed stone jars. These packages are especially to be recommended for local trade. For fancy trade, one pound prints wrapped in parchment paper are the most popular. These prints are made with a small hand printer which should have the manufacturer's monogram cut into it. The imprint of the monogram cut into the butter will serve as a guarantee of its genuineness. It is also desirable to have some lettering on the parchment wrapper, such, for example, as Fancy Dairy Butter, Golden Jersey Butter, etc. Prints must be kept cold to preserve their attractive rectangular appearance.

Where butter is made in rather large quantity and shipped some distance without ice, the regular 10 or 20-pound wooden tub is the most satisfactory. These tubs should be scalded in hot water and then soaked in cold water several hours before using. When treated in this way and lined with parchment paper, butter will keep remarkably well in these packages. Other packages are found on the market holding from two to ten pounds each.

With the small butter producer the greatest trouble is finding a suitable market for his product. It is customary with most of these producers to sell to the country grocer, who, as a rule, makes little discrimination in quality, the good and the poor selling for practically the same price. No producer of good butter can afford to sell to the country stores. Those who have made farm butter-making a success have invariably catered to private trade, or have sold to well known butter dealers. A great deal of butter could be sold in villages, towns and cities at 25 and 30 cents a pound, which would bring only 12 and 15 cents in the country stores.

Seek, therefore, private customers who are willing to pay for a good product. If these are not within easy reach by road, try to reach them by rail. Ten pounds of butter may easily be sent 50 or 60 miles by express for 25 cents. Ten pounds may be sent for about 30 cents and 15 to 20 pound packages can be sent 150 miles for 50 cents. It is certainly a business proposition rather to pay 3 or even 4 cents a pound expressage than to lose 10 or 15 cents a pound by selling it to the country grocer. Make a good quality of butter, put it up in neat and attractive packages, and sell it to select customers, and you will find both pleasure and profit in farm butter-making.

FRESH MEATS FOR THE HOME.

To see a farmer buying pork at the village store is, to me, an indication of a very lax system of household management, writes a correspondent. Not altogether household, however, for the duty of furnishing the meat supply falls upon the male members of the family. It is so simple and altogether advantageous an operation to butcher a few hogs at home and thus secure an adequate supply of meat of the highest quality, that I wonder that more farmers do not practice it. It has always been followed in the older settled districts of the country, but in some portions of the west farmers have never learned to kill their own meat.

This operation requires the services of two or three strong men for about half the day, the remainder of the work being of a much lighter nature, which may be finished by the women folk of the household. With a little apparatus, consisting of a scalding vat, a scraping platform, and a convenient scaffold, three or four hogs can be killed and hung without difficulty in a few hours. Many home butchers now practice skinning hogs, which does away with the unpleasant operation of scalding and scraping. The quality of the meat is somewhat better than when the hogs are scalded, and if once understood the operation is fairly rapid.

FARM HOG KILLING.

On our own farm we kill a good supply of pork each fall as soon as continuous cold weather has set in. This sometimes occurs in October, but usually not until Thanksgiving. We use a large, heavy barrel for scalding, with a platform about two and a half feet high for scraping. The barrel is set at a slant at one end of the platform, and when filled with boiling water from a large iron kettle several hot stones are put into it to keep up the temperature, the hog is dropped in and drawn in and out by two strong men standing upon the platform. As soon as one end of the body is scalded, it is reversed and the operation completed. The hog is then drawn out upon the platform, scraped and cleaned. The gambrel is then put in the hind legs and the body lifted and hung upon the scaffold by the aid of the arrangement which is very simple to construct. The pole is seldom used unless there is a shortage of help in handling large beeves.

The rest of the cleaning and removal of internal parts is done while the body hangs upon the scaffold, after which the carcass is allowed to hang for several hours if the day is cold. When the animal heat has entirely left the body, and it is stiff and dry, it is taken down upon the platform and cut into pieces suitable for curing.

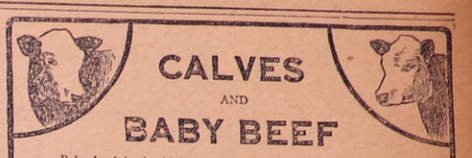
Our hams are smoked in a simple stone smoke house, where they are hung to the rafters above a small fire of coals and chips built upon the stone floor. To kill and cut a beeve requires a better arrangement for scaffolding, since the body usually cannot be lifted, although we practice killing steers that weigh not over 1,000 lbs., and find that they can be handled by three or four men without difficulty.

DON'T PICK TOO HARD.

"Hello!" said the dentist, meeting one of his patients in a restaurant, "you seem to be having a good time. Enjoy your meals more since you got that new set of teeth, eh?"

"Yes," replied the patient, "a new set of teeth proves excellent company when a man sits down to dinner."

"You must be careful though," cautioned the dentist, "how you pick your company."



CALVES AND BABY BEEF

Baby beef is the highly finished product that sells for the highest figure because the muscles, tendons and tissues are not hardened by age and use.

It is tender and juicy, like a sappy, young tree.

It costs, on the average, about 3c to make 1 lb. of gain at one year, and about 7c. at two years, and so on, because the digestive powers are more energetic in younger than in older stock.

There should be no let up in feeding the 365 days of the year.

Clydesdale Stock Food

can be fed with the greatest benefit to calves, especially with Separator Milk, as it takes the place of the extracted butter fats.

It prevents "scours," therefore, there is no "let up" in growth.

It has the bone and muscle producing elements that helps to build a frame on which to put the tender flesh quickly, and, at a profit.

Nothing injurious in it, and can stop feeding it without harmful effects. Human beings can take it with benefit. We take it every day.

Your money cheerfully refunded by the dealer if any Clydesdale Preparations do not give satisfaction.

Try Hercules Poultry Food. CLYDESDALE STOCK FOOD CO., Limited, Toronto

MAGNIFICENT

Blue Fox Ruff

FREE

NO MONEY REQUIRED

Think of it a beautiful ruff of Blue Fox, the most fashionable fur worn, given absolutely free. Such an offer was never made before. The only reason we can afford to do it is that we arranged for these handsome Furs during the dull season in the summer and got them nearly at cost. The Ruff is 41 inches long, nearly 4 inches wide, made of the hand some Blue Fox Fur, very rich, soft and fluffy. It is neatly padded, lined with the same shades of satin and trimmed with four long tails of Blue Fox also. Such a handsome Fur has never before been given away, and you might envy. Just send us your name and address, plainly, and we will mail you 24 assorts of

Picture Post-Cards

to sell at 10c. a set (4 cards to a set). They are beautifully colored, all the rage, and sell like hot cakes. Such as these are never offered before to the women and girls of Canada. You couldn't buy anything in the Fur Shops that would look richer, be more becoming or more stylish, and remember, it won't cost you one cent. Write today. We trust you and send the Pictures first, postpaid. Colonial Art Co., Dept. Toronto

LIBERTY OR THE LASH.

"For heaven's sake Trepoff, stand back with that whip!"

RELIGION AND MORALS

An Old-Time Sermon as to the Need of a Church in the Home of Every Family.

In a sermon "concerning family religion," preached by the celebrated Matthew Henry, at London, England, on Sunday, April 16, 1704, found the following remarkable passage, which will be particularly interesting now that renewed attention is being directed to this important subject. After the usual introduction, the preacher proceeded thus:

The lesson then which I would recommend to you from this text ("With the church that is in their house," 1 Cor. 16:19), is this: That the families of Christians should be little churches; or thus, that wherever we have a house, God should have a church in it.

Unhappy contests there have been, and still are, among wise and good men about the constitution, order and government of churches. God by his grace heal these breaches; lead us into all truth and dispose our minds to love and peace; that while we endeavor herein to walk according to the light God has given us, we may charitably believe that others do so, too; longing to be there where we shall

ALL BE OF ONE MIND.

But I am now speaking of churches concerning which there is no controversy. All agree that masters of families who profess religion, and the fear of God themselves, should, according to the talents they are intrusted with, maintain and keep up religion and the fear of God in their families, as those who must give account, and that families, as such should contribute to the support of Christianity in a nation, whose honor and happiness it is to be a Christian nation. As nature makes families little kingdoms, so grace makes families little churches, and these were the primitive churches of the Old Testament, before men began to call upon the name of the Lord in solemn assemblies, and the sons of God came together to present themselves before him.

Not that I would have these family churches set up and kept up in competition with, much less in contradiction to, public religious assemblies which ought always to have the preference: "The Lord loves the gates of Zion more than all the dwellings of Jacob" (Ps. 87:2), and so must we; and must not forsake the assembling of ourselves together, under cover of exhorting one another daily at home. Far be it from us to offer anything that may countenance the invading of the office of the ministry, or laying it in common, and the usurping or superseding of the administration of sacraments. No, but these family churches—which are but figuratively so—must be erected and maintained in subordination to those more sacred and

SOLEMN ESTABLISHMENTS.

Let those who are setting out in the world then set up a church in their house at first, and not defer it. Plead not youth and bashfulness, if you have confidence enough to rule a family. I hope you have confidence enough to pray with a family.

Let those who have a church in their house, be very careful to adorn and beautify it in their conversation. If you pray in your families, and read the Scriptures, and sings psalms and yet are passionate and forward with your relatives, quarrelsome and contentious with your neighbors, unjust and deceitful in your dealings, or allow yourselves in any other sinful way, you pull down with one hand what you build up with the other. "Be not deceived, God is not mocked."

Are your houses on earth then God's houses? Are they dedicated to him, and employed for him? If so, be of good comfort, his home in heaven shall be yours shortly: For in my Father's house there are many mansions, and there is one, you may be sure for each of you, who thus "by patient continuance in well-doing seek for glory, honor and immortality."

To the church that is in thy house —Amen.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DEC. 24.

Lesson XIII. The Character of the Messiah. Golden Text, Matt. 1. 21.

LESSON WORD STUDIES.

Note—The Word Studies for this lesson are based on the Revised Version.

Messianic Prophecy.—The Messianic revelation of the Old Testament does not appear in particular verbal predictions of the future glorious advent and reign of "The Anointed," for in a very real sense the entire Old Testament is prophetical in character. It is a record of God's gracious manifestations of himself to men, and of the establishment of his kingdom among men. Through every part of it there runs a broad stream of yearning and of promise which culminates at last in the definite prediction and expectation of the Saviour who is to redeem his people and be their King. The development of this definite expectation is, however, gradual, and a greater distinctness and scope must not be attributed to it during any given epoch of Jewish history than had then been actually attained. The chief elements in the popular conception of the Messiah in Isaiah's time were that he was to be a descendant of David, and that he was to be an ideal king by whom the throne and kingdom of David were to be established forever. Isaiah however, brought to his nation a higher and clearer vision of the future salvation of the people than had previously been given in prophetic utterances. But prophecy is ever "a seeing at a distance"; and a prophet, although speaking as the mouth piece of God, may not himself fully comprehend the significance of the predictions which he makes. To have known Christ, as it is our privilege to know him since he has actually appeared and redeemed men, must of necessity give to the prophetical predictions of the Messiah found in the Old Testament, and especially to the wonderful prediction given in our lesson passage, an infinitely more profound and a fuller meaning than these had for the generation for whom they were first uttered.

Verse 1. But—With this transitional word the prophet passes from the dark picture of the gloom and distress of those who are led away into captivity to the brighter one of that new dawn which portends the glorious consummation of the Messianic era.

No gloom to her that was in anguish—That is, it shall not always continue to be dark where now darkness and distress reign.

The land of Zebulun—This was the district assigned to the tribe of Zebulun, north and northeast of Mount Carmel and later comprising the central western part or portion of Galilee. It was bounded for a short distance on the west by the Mediterranean Sea.

Land of Naphtali—The territory assigned to the tribe of Napktali was east and northeast of Zebulun, and later comprised corresponding portions of Galilee. Both Zebulun and Naphtali were entirely west of the Jordan.

Galilee of the nations—The Hebrew word Galil means circuit or district, and from it the name Galilee is derived. Only the extreme northern part of what became the well-known province of "Galilee" mentioned in the New Testament seems to have been included under the name in Old Testament times. This remote northern province was the first to be depopulated by the Assyrian conqueror Tiglath-pileser (2 Kings 15. 29). Hence, the expression "Galilee of the nations" signifies Galilee which has long been under the dominion of foreign nations. To this district so long oppressed deliverance shall come first.

2. The people—The prophet's vision now broadens to include all Israel.

Have seen—Transported into the distant future, the prophet speaks of things yet to come as if they had already transpired.

A great light—The presence of Christ himself constitutes this light.

The land of the shadow of death—So called because of the apostasy of its inhabitants from Jehovah.

3. Thou hast increased their joy—Literally, and thou hast thou hast increased joy. The Hebrew words "to," "not" and lo, unto it, are pronounced alike and are easily confused in translating; hence the error in the Authorized Version, which reads, "thou hast not increased their joy."

The joy in harvest—The harvest season in different parts of the Orient is still characterized by boisterous merry-making.

When they divide the spoil—The spoil of war after a successful combat or attack.

4. The yoke of his burden—Israel's burden of captivity.

The staff of his shoulder—Foreign oppression which has rested upon Israel is conceived of under the figure of a staff with which the shoulders of the yoke-bearing people have been beaten.

The rod of his oppressor—Carrying out the figure still further, the oppressing nation is represented as a taskmaster enforcing his commands with a cruel rod.

Thou hast broken—All this oppression and humiliation and sorrow shall cease.

As in the day of Midian—In Judg. 7 will be found the story of Gideon's victory over the Midianites by which Midian's long oppression of Israel was put to an end.

5. Garments rolled in blood, shall be for burning.—Every sign of conflict and bloodshed shall be removed. The thought of the whole verse is that war and the suffering which it brings shall cease, and the weapons of war shall be destroyed.

6. In this and the following two verses is given the reason for this wonderful change from darkness to light, from bondage to freedom, from sorrow to joy, namely, the birth of a Saviour and the character of his government, which shall be a government of peace and justice and righteousness; and this reign of peace and righteousness once established shall endure forever.

Unto us—The prophet has in mind doubtless the faithful remnant in Israel, those who have escaped the judgment and are awaiting the prophecy's fulfilment. He can hardly have fully appreciated the broader significance of the words including the whole world, Jews first but also Gentiles.

A son is given—A prince of the royal house of David. Compare Isa. 7, where the prophet speaks of the son of a virgin who would come to maturity in troublous times. There the child appeared as a sign, here it appears as a gift of grace.

Upon his shoulder—On him as the head of the government shall both the authority and majesty, responsibility and honor, of that government.

His name shall be called—In harmony with the character of his government and of his personal divine character.

Wonderful, Counselor—The marginal reading makes these two words to constitute a single title, the word "Wonderful" becoming a descriptive adjective.

Mighty God—The Hebrew phrase "el gibbor" sometimes means strong hero, as in Ezek. 31. 11, where it refers to Nebuchadnezzar. But in other passages it is applied to Jehovah in its literal meaning of "mighty God," and will admit of no other rendering. Compare verse 21 of the next chapter, which reads, "A remnant shall return, even the remnant of Jacob, unto el gibbor." The reference in the verse just preceding (Isa. 10. 20) to the "Holy One of Israel," who is indisputably Jehovah himself, makes the rendering "mighty God" in this verse (10. 21) the only one possible. And this may be taken to indicate Isaiah's usage of the phrase, which alone seems warranted to us in the verse of our lesson text.

Everlasting Father—Or, as the margin's rendering has it, "Father of Eternity," which in Hebrew rhetoric means Eternal, or He is eternal.

Prince of Peace—The Prince to whose kingdom is assured eternal peace.

7. No end—The essence and character of his rule will be peace and love undisturbed and ever increasing.

The zeal of Jehovah of hosts will perform this—What has heretofore been a matter of faith and hope has now become a certainty, namely, the establishment of the "throne of David" forever in the kingdom of the Messiah, since Jehovah himself is pledged to fulfill his promise.

COTTON FROM RHODESIA.

British Grown Staple May Balance the Market.

Further consignments of cotton from Rhodesia have reached Liverpool, and like the first few bales, which arrived rather more than a month ago, they have been pronounced to be of good staple, fine and strong.

To a great extent the balancing of future cotton markets depends upon the quality of Rhodesian cotton.

Mr. Edward Wolstenholme, of Messrs. Wolstenholme and Holland who has been testing the cotton on behalf of the British Cotton Growing Association, has the utmost faith in the possibilities of Rhodesia as a cotton producing centre.

"The samples of Rhodesian cotton grown from seeds in various parts of the country, have yielded the most satisfactory results possible," he told a London Express representative.

"We have applied every test, and find that the Rhodesian cotton is the duplicate of Texan cotton, which is largely used in Lancashire, and which it has been impossible to grow in any other colony."

According to information received by the British Cotton Growing Association, Rhodesia can produce three quarters of a million bales per year, which is considered sufficient to steady the world's market and to protect the British cotton industry from speculations, which of recent years have hampered it.

Capital to any extent is in readiness to develop the Rhodesian project, and the only difficulty that is anticipated is that of colored labor for the plantations.

A number of experts who have inspected the samples, agree that they are of an excellent character, and may be grown in such abundance as to justify a prediction that Rhodesia will in the course of a few seasons provide a final solution of England's cotton problem.

ODD STATISTICS.

Three Years Devoted to the Compilation of the Bible.

By the recent death of an octogenarian there passed into possession of a young man in New York a manuscript yellow with age and with the writing almost entirely faded. Years ago, when a young man, the writer of the manuscript devoted his spare time to a compilation of the Bible. The task occupied three years. When he had finished he placed the manuscrip in a Chinese chest. This chest he willed to a friend, who made the following copy of the manuscript:

The following is an account of the number of books, chapters, verses, words, and letters contained in the Old and New Testament:

THE OLD TESTAMENT.

Books, 39; chapters, 929; verses, 23,214; words, 592,439; letters, 2,728,100.

The middle book is Proverbs.

The middle chapter is Job 29.

The middle verse would be the seventeenth verse, twentieth chapter of second Book of Chronicles if there was a verse more and the eighteenth verse is there was a verse less.

The word "and" occurs 35,543 times; the word "Jehovah" occurs 6855 times.

The shortest verse is the twenty-fifth verse, first chapter of the First Book of Chronicles.

The twenty-first verse of the seventh chapter of Ezra contains all the letters in the alphabet.

The nineteenth chapter of the Second Book of Kings and thirty-seventh chapter of Isiah are alike.

THE NEW TESTAMENT.

Books, 27; chapters, 260; verses 7959; Words, 181,258; letters, 838,380.

The middle book is Second Thessalonians.

The middle chapter would be the thirteenth Romans if there was a chapter more, and the fourteenth Romans if there was a chapter less.

The middle verse is the seventeenth verse, seventh chapter Acts.

The shortest verse is the thirty-fifth verse, eleventh chapter John.

OLD AND NEW TESTAMENT.

Books, 68; chapters, 1189; versea, 31,173; words, 773,697; letters, 3,566,480.

The middle chapter and the least in the bible is 117th chapter Psalms.

The middle verse is the eighth verse, 118th chapter Psalms.

The Home

SOME DAINTY DISHES.

Coffee Egg will be a change for your invalid and is not so sickly as custard, of which she is evidently tired. Half fill a cup with hot milk, and fill it with strong coffee, sweeten to taste and put all in a saucepan to heat. Beat an egg thoroughly, and when the coffee comes to the boil pour it upon the egg, stirring well so that it does not curdle. Strain through muslin, and serve.

Economical Clear Soup.—When boiling veal or mutton have only just sufficient water to cover the meat, and add the usual soup vegetables. Cook the meat very slowly and when done strain off the broth. When cold remove all the fat and strain the soup through muslin. Put the liquor into a stewpan, add a small piece of butter, salt, pepper, and sugar to taste. Color a light brown, boil up and serve. N.B.—If the meat boils fast the soup will be cloudy, and taste strong, the meat also will be hard and spoilt.

Linseed Tea.—This is a valuable recipe when children have troublesome coughs. Pour two quarts of boiling water on one ounce of whole linseed and twelve drachms of liquorice root sliced. Add a few slices of lemon rind. Let this stand in a covered jug for six hours, and then strain for use and sweeten to taste.

Lemon Snaps.—Cream half a pound of butter with a teacupful of caster sugar and two eggs. Add a breakfastcupful of flour with which a quarter of a teaspoonful of carbonate of soda has been mixed, also a teaspoonful of essence of lemon in the same quantity of milk. Roll this paste out thinly, cut into rounds with a tumbler, and bake in a moderate oven.

Golden Bread is a pudding that children like, and is easy to prepare. Beat an egg thoroughly and add to it half a pint of milk. Soak thin slices of stale bread in this, and fry them in fat. The bread is made wet through with this, but not sodden, then when it is fried it is golden yellow. The dripping left from roasting beef fries golden bread, and the egg and milk should be sweetened. Serve with sugar sifted over.

Thick Gingerbread.—Ingredients: One pound and a quarter of flour, one pound of treacle, four ounces of moist sugar, four ounces of butter, three-quarters of an ounce of ground ginger, a small teaspoonful of carbonate of soda, half a pint of warm milk. Beat the butter and sugar together, slightly warm the treacle with the milk. Mix the ginger and carbonate of soda thoroughly into the flour, and gradually sift it into the butter and sugar, by degrees adding a little of the milk and treacle mixture. Beat all thoroughly and bake in a moderately slow oven for one hour. This should be baken in a shallow tin about two inches and a half deep, which has been well buttered.

Compote of Apples.—For each pint of water, allow four ounces of sugar, also the juice and rind of one lemon. Boil until a thick syrup, then put in the apples, which should have been peeled, cored, and sliced, and cook until tender. Beat with a silver fork, and add at the last the strained juice of one lemon. Serve hot with any plain boiled pudding.

This Crust is Good for Raised Pies and costs less than sixpence per pound. Put half a pint of water into a basin and form a hole in the middle. When the butter is dissolved, pour it into the centre of the flour, beating it thoroughly with a wooden spoon and be careful that the paste is not too soft. When thoroughly kneaded, place the basin before the fire covered with a cloth for a few minutes so that the pastry may be worked into shape more easily. Then roll out and form into any shape required. Bake in a very steady oven.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

When Baking Cakes scatter a little sand or salt on the oven shelf before putting in the tins, and then the bottoms will not burn.

Before Cooking a Duck or a Goose pour water which is boiling over and through it. This tends to remove the oily flavor.

To Clean White Fur.—Try rubbing it thoroughly with warm, dry bran, using a piece of book muslin as a rubber. Failing this, try magnesia in the same manner.

Camphorated Oil is a most useful household remedy at this time of year for cold, sore throats, etc. Make it as follows: Take half a pint of sweet oil and make it sufficiently hot to melt one ounce of camphor. Cork, and it will be ready for use.

To Sweeten Rancid Butter.—Melt the butter and skim it, then put into it a piece of toast (brown but not burnt). In a few moments the butter will lose its offensive taste and smell, which the toast will have absorbed.

A Chilblain Remedy highly recommended by a correspondent is this: Take equal quantities of glycerine, rose-water, and spirits of camphor. Mix well together and always shake the bottle before using. Apply a little of the mixture after washing the hands and at bedtime.

A Simple Weather Glass is made thus: Obtain a glass jar, such as is used for pickles, and put some water into it. Then get a bottle with a long neck, if possible, and put it in the jar with the neck downwards till the mouth just touches the water. When the water rises in the bottle fine weather may be expected, and when it goes down prepare for rain.

Children's Teeth Require care from the very first—not only when the second teeth are coming. A soft brush should be used, for should food be allowed to lodge in the teeth, decay will soon begin. As soon as the child is old enough to use the brush itself, it should be taught to use it regularly night and morning, and should look upon this part of the toilet as essential as the daily bath.

to use it regularly night and morning, and should look upon this part of the toilet as essential as the daily bath.

A Satchet Powder which is very delicately perfumed is made thus: Take one ounce of each of the ingredients, Coriander seed, Florentine arris powder, powdered rose leaves, powdered sweet scented flag root, two ounces of powdered lavender flowers, half a scruple of musk, and half a teaspoonful of sandalwood. Mix all well together and pass two or three times through a sieve.

FRYING

Two modes of frying. One is to have just enough fat to prevent the article from burning or sticking, and the other is to have enough not only to cover the food, but to float it. The latter is by far the better way, as all the surface of the article is instantly hardened, and therefore will not absorb fat. It is also the cheaper way, because the fat can be used so many times. If the drippings saved from meats, soups and gravies should not be enough for frying purposes, buy pure lard to use with it. Many recommend buying beef suet for this purpose; but food fried in suet is more liable to absorb fat than that fried in lard. The reason of this is that lard can be heated to a higher temperature without burning than can beef or any other fat. Butter is also often recommended for frying. If used, it should be free from salt. But aside from being so expensive, it is not so nice for frying purposes as fats, for it burns at a much lower temperature than beef fat or lard. The Scotch kettle is the best utensil for frying. It rests on a rim, which lifts the bottom from the stove, and the inside surface is polished smooth; therefore, the fat is less liable to burn than if the surface were rough and the bottom rested on the hot stove. The fat should heat gradually, and when the food is plunged into it a slight smoke should rise from the centre. It will smoke at the sides some time before it has become hot enough for frying. After the food has been put in, let the kettle stand on the hottest part of the stove until it regains its former temperature, and then set it back where it is not so hot. In frying fishballs, doughnuts, etc., put only a few at a time in the boiling fat; then wait till the fat regains its former temperature and put in a few more. Fishballs are often spoiled by putting too many in the kettle at once. The temperature of the fat is instantly reduced and the balls absorb the fat. When an article of food is fried, drain the fat from it and lay it on a sheet of brown paper in a warm place. The paper will absorb any fat that remains on the food. If these directions are followed, there will be no difficulty in having food fried without being saturated with grease.

ALASKA'S CURIOUS LAKE.

Some extraordinary phenomena are described in connection with a small lake named Selawik, fisituated near the sea-coast of Alaska. Tides rise and fall in the lake, perhaps on account of an underground connection with the sea. At the bottom, it is said, the water is salt, but on the top there is a layer of fresh water.

NOT GUILTY.

Mrs. Lakeside—"So you claim to be a good cook. Can you put up some novel dishes?"

New Girl—"N-no'm; I don't read novels."

WILLING TO OBLIGE.

"How long does it take to empty this hall?" asked the lecturer, looking around the auditorium.

"I don't know exactly," replied the janitor; "but if you wish, when you begin lecturing, I'll time 'em."

IF HE GETS IT, WO

VERY DANGEROUS FOOD

GREAT DANGERS WHICH LONDONERS INCUR.

Large Quantities Have Been Seized and Destroyed as Unfit for Food.

During the last three months 769 tons 16 cwt. of meat were seized at warehouses and slaughter-houses in the city of London, England, and condemned as unfit for human food. No fewer than 10,719 seizures were made by the city inspectors.

These figures appear even more startling when compared with last year's record. During the corresponding months of 1904 only 1,017 per cent. of the meat delivered at Smithfield was condemned—the average has risen during the present year to 1.581 per cent.

Most of the bad meat came from the Argentine, as Dr. Collingridge, the medical officer of health for the city of London points out in his quarterly report.

As meat of this kind rapidly goes bad when it reaches England, Dr Collingridge expresses the hope that importers will learn to time their deliveries so that they may find an immediate sale.

DANGERS OF TUBERCULOSIS.

The medical officer also points out other grave dangers. He says that there is a necessity for precautionary measures on the part of the Belgian authorities, who should inspect the port shipped from their ports to present the shipment of tubercular meat

"The season for Belgian pigs is just commencing," he says, "and already we have made two seizures of pigs sent from Belgium, and markedly affected with tuberculosis."

Nor is this the only danger which Londoners incur when they buy food from a butcher.

Meat is continually being delivered in open vans through dust-laden streets, in which disease microbes abound. Butchers' boys carry uncovered the orders on huge platters with little attention to care or cleanliness

GERMS IN THE MILK CAN.

While Dr. Collingridge expressed the opinion that in the process of cooking meat was freed from taint of this kind, he said that the present system of delivering milk offered many dangers.

"In time," he said, "we shall probably insist that all milk be delivered in sealed jars. There will then be no fear of contagion, for the milk will have to be bottled under thoroughly hygienic conditions."

London's milk-cans are hourly in the midst of much of the dust and filth which floats in plenty through the streets.

LONDON'S NEW 'BUS DRIVER.

Man Who Handled Reins is Now a Finished Motorist.

New times, new customs; new customs, new men. And so it is that the era of the motor omnibus has created a new type of man in our modern London, says the London Daily Mail.

He is the man who drives the motor-omnibus. Sharp as a dart, keen Argus-eyed, alert for any emergency, he is the Mercury of the twentieth century. Obstruction is to him an interesting problem easy to solve. He has the speed of the hare when it only seems possible for the tortoise to move. He scoffs at the dense traffic of the London streets, and darts through it with a cynical laugh of his motor-horn.

The omnibus, carrying a full complement of thirty-four passengers, weighed 7 tons 10 cwt., and yet the driver steered its vast hulk in and out of the chaotic maze of traffic at the Elephant and Castle with a nicety, certainty and speed that was amazing.

Shaving past within seven or eight inches of the off wheels of dilatory horsed omnibuses, flashing along a row of stationary electric tramway cars, spinning around carts, drays and the like, the "Vanguard" man never for a moment hesitated or made a mistake. And that, too, despite a thick fog which gave everything a shadowy, indefinite appearance.

All other classes of vehicle were passed, except private motor cars. The horsed omnibuses looked foolish as they blundered stolidly along. But there was no suggestion of risk in this speedy, agreeable method of locomotion. Keen, intelligent watchfulness was depicted on the "Vanguard" man's face as it peered steadfastly through the fog. Not for a moment during the nine-mile journey did he turn his head.

Before him was a little mirror which reflected the interior of the omnibus, and enabled him to see when a passenger wished to alight should the conductor be collecting the outside fares. At his left hand was a pinion crank, under his right foot another brake. Within his hands he held the swing wheel, guiding the great throbbing car, applying one or other of the brakes, blowing the "hooter," attending to a dozen lubricators so arranged that he need not divert his glance from before him, the hands and feet of the "Vanguard" man never rested—and they never erred.

ABOUT CANADA.

Canada has over 100 paper and pulp mills.

Canada has 17 universities and 59 colleges.

Canada spends $300,000 a year on her Indians.

Canada has 24 annual round-ups in her ranching country.

Winnipeg has 21 banks; bank clearings, nearly 300 millions.

Canada has 250 branch banks in the Northwest; one at Confederation.

Wages earned by Canada's Indians, 1904, nearly a million and a half.

Three hundred and twenty-eight new vessels were built in Canada in 1904.

Nova Scotia comes first in Canada's fishing industry; British Columbia second; New Brunswick, third.

Montreal is the largest banking centre in Canada; Toronto second; Winnipeg third; Ottawa fourth.

Speak the truth at all times except when it is policy to say nothing.

Wollaston Council.

TOWN HALL, Dec. 15, 1905.

Council met pursuant to notice.

Present—Albert Wright, Reeve, Messrs. Smith, Watt, Henderson and Martin, Councillors.

Minutes of former regular meeting, also special meeting read and confirmed.

Mr. Wright named Norman Gilroy to act in the interests of local option on election day and N. Gilroy and John Blackburn to attend the final summing up on Jan. 3rd, 1906.

Joseph Vassaw was named to act in the interest of those opposed to local option by-law on election day. Joseph Vassaw and W G. Hanthorn to attend the final summing up on Jan. 3rd, 1906.

On motion the following orders were granted and ordered to be paid:

Ben Bird, for removing nuisance, $2.00.

John Watt, 2 cords wood at $1.75 per cord, $3.50.

C. Blackburn, repairing gravel on Martin's Hill, $1.00.

J. Gilroy, to apply on salary as collector and postage, 1904, $22.50.

J. Gilroy, to apply on salary as Collector and postage for 1905, $25.

C. Moffitt, amount for supplies to N. Modbeck, $7.30.

David Peacock, special grant on road, $10.

A. Wright, Salary as Reeve, Road Inspector, selecting Jurors, $23.

T. B. Watt, salary as Councillor $17.

D. Henderson, " $20.80.

J. Smith, " $19.80.

J. Martin, " $13.00.

A. W. Tivy, balance in full salary as Treasurer, $20.

W. H. Nugent, ½ year salary as Clerk, selecting Jurors, postage, for year 1905, $14.54.

On motion Collector's time was extended until next meeting of the council.

The By-law extending road division No. 22, and a By-law establishing a road from the Ridge road connecting with Coe Hill and Ormsby road were given the necessary readings, signed, sealed and numbered five and six respectively for year 1905.

Council adjourned sine die.

W. H. NUGENT,
Township Clerk.

Died at Devotions.

Tragic Death of Miss Pearl Koen, Kingston.

Kingston, Ont., Dec. 11.—Last night, while the procession was passing around St. Mary's Cathedral in the celebration of the Forty Hours Devotion, alarm was created by the fainting of Miss Pearl Koen in her seat. Medical aid was at hand, but death had come to her with great swiftness. The young girl, aged 17, was a daughter of Michael Koen, William street.

J. C. DALE & Co.,

BANKERS,

DALE'S BLOCK, MADOC, ONT

A General Banking Business Transacted. Drafts on all parts of Canada, United States and Great Britain.

SAVINGS BANK DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of One Dollar and upwards received, and interest allowed at the rate of 4 per cent. per annum. Interest added to principal half-yearly, on the 11th of May and the 11th of November of each year.

REFERENCE:—Canadian Bank of Commerce.

J. C. DALE,
Manager.

Village Residence for Sale

Consisting of ½ acre of land in the village of Madoc, on which is a good brick house, good frame barn, good well, etc., will be sold subject to a lease expiring October 1st, 1906, now occupied by Mr. W. Tumelty. Terms reasonable. Apply to the owner up to April 1st at Madoc, after that at Marmora.

11 MRS. MARY FEENEY.

HOLSTEIN BULLS

for Sale,

whose Dams have produced

over 9000 lbs. of Milk each

in Factory Season.

In Breeding and Individuality they are second to none that can be produced any place.

Prices reasonable.

A Yorkshire Boar for service.

J. A. CASKEY.
Madoc.

DR. CHAS. JOSE,

MADOC, ONT.

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals on the latest and most scientific principles.

If your horse is out of condition USE DR. JOSE'S CONDITION POWDERS.

If he has spavin, splint, windgall, curb or enlargement of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S BLISTER.

If he has cuts, running sores, indolent ulcers, sore neck, shoulders, grease heel, scratches, calks, kicks, or sores of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S ROMAN BALSAM.

USE DR JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined.

Examination and Consultation Free.

DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

All calls personally or by telephone promptly attended.

Office, St. Lawrence street, opposite the Post Office. Residence, 3rd door west of Dr. Harrison's. Telephone No. 46.

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PRINCIPAL, J.W. JOHNSON, F.C.A.

Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm containing 220 acres, more or less, situated in township of Hillier, County Prince Edward. The above is one of the best grain and dairy farms in Ont, situated on the C.O.R., largetwo story brick house, 2 large bank barns and other out buildings. Convenient to churches, cheese factory and school on the premises. Plenty wood and water, well fenced and in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser by paying a reasonable amount down. Inspection invited.

W. B. KIRK.
Hillier P.O.

TRY MORRICE & SON

—FOR—

Men's Fine boots,

Ladies' Fine Boots.

Children's School Boots,

Men's Working Boots,

Trunks, Valises, Shoe Polish.

Boots and Shoes made to order.

An assortment of Home-made Work always on hand. Mending done promptly.

MORRICE & SON.

BIG REDUCTIONS

—IN—

Prices of Millinery

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the Next Two Weeks

B. O'HARA.

HALL'S VEGETABLE SICILIAN Hair Renewer

Makes the hair grow long and heavy, and keeps it soft and glossy. Stops falling hair and cures dandruff. And it always restores color to gray hair. Sold for fifty years. If your druggist cannot supply you, send $1.00 to R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.

Farm for Sale.

Containing 115 acres more or less in good state of cultivation, well watered with creek and two never-failing wells. All the wood and fruit a person wants for a life-time. Farm double width with a lane in centre, good soil, frame house, drive-house, pig pen, 2 frame barns and shed. Convenient to church, post-office, grocery, blacksmith shop and feed mill. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to

T. A. JACOBS,
Rose Hall, Prince Edward Co.

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the south half of lot 15, in the 2nd con. of Huntingdon, containing 140 acres. On it is a good stone house, a small frame house, two good barns and waggon house with basement stables under all three of them, good orchard. The farm is well watered, well fenced and well wooded, convenient to school, church, store, post office, cheese factory. Will sell cheap as the owner wishes to retire from business. Terms easy.

S. P. VANTASSEL,
28 Moira P. O.

New PAINT SHOP.

The undersigned, having fitted up a new Paint Shop, is now prepared to do all kinds of

Painting on Buggies, Carriages, etc.

—IN—

FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Durable work given. Fifteen years' experience. Charges moderate. Shop next door to his residence.

W J REED

Madoc, Nov. 15, 1904.

Attention!

New SPRING GOODS!

We have just received a complete assortment of

MEN'S SUITINGS,

consisting of the best English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Venetians, Irish Serges, etc., and invite the patronage of the public. Call and satisfy yourselves.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. McGHEE,
Tailor.

MADOC MARKETS.

The following are the ruling prices for Produce, Grain, etc., in this village. This list is corrected up to the date of going to press weekly:—

Butter, 20 per lb.
Eggs, 20 per dozen.
Potatoes, 60 to 75 per bag.
Onions, $1.00 per bag.
Apples, 50 to 60 per bag.
Wheat, 65 to 72 per bushel.
Oats, 34.
Barley, 45 to 48.
Peas, 65.
Buckwheat, 48.
Rye, 52.
Bran, $18 per ton.
Shorts, $20 to 22.
Hay, $8.
Flour, $2 to 2.75.
Hides $9.

S. WEST, V.S.,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto.

Office and Residence—St. Lawrence Street, Madoc.

Treats all diseases of domesticated animals. All calls promptly attended to, day or night.

ALEX. BELAIR,

Merchant Tailor,

O'FLYNN BLOCK, - - MADOC

My stock consists of Canadian, English and Scotch Tweeds and Suitings. Blue and Black Serges, Fine Black Venetians, Overcoatings and Pantings. All new Goods.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

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Why not have a bath with every accommodation when it is within your reach?

Each 25c., or Six for $1.00.

Special attention paid to

Shaving and Hair-cutting

—AT—

Vandervoort's Barber Shop,

Next Harry Jones' Drug Store.

Our Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

All 1904 Wall Papers

we will sell the balance of our 1904 wall papers at just half of the regular price.

we will not carry old papers far into the new year, and each year we adopt this method of closing out to make room for the new year's papers.

we have abundant assortment too for you to select from, papers at all prices and all sorts of styles.

This is a grand opportunity for you to save money and get your spring house-cleaning done early.

we keep the best paper-hangers and painters obtainable.

Our prices are very moderate, less than elsewhere for similar work. We execute the very highest class of decorative work done in the Dominion, and we go anywhere for business.

we keep Lead, Oil, Paints, etc., and sell to our customers at wholesale prices when we do the work.

C. B. Scantlebury,
Decorator, Belleville

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, etc., a wholesale and retail.

DR. SIMPSON'S "ADROIT PESSARY" TRADE MARK. **Prevention** better than cure-for Leucorrhea, Weakness, Obstruction, &c., &c. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail, one box, $1; six for $5. Circular free. Dr. Simpson & Co., Toronto.

JACOB HUFF

Licensed Auctioneer

for the County of Hastings,

MADOC, — — ONT.

- JAS. WHYTOCK -

BUTCHER,

DEALER IN

Groceries and...

...Provisions.

MADOC, — — ONTARIO.

The well-known druggist, W. P. J. Alexander, has been appointed special Agent for the sale of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure Catarrhal Powder, Ointment and Pills, as well as South American Rheumatic Cure, Nervine and Kidney Cure. 4-52

For Sale.

South half lot 29, 4th concession of Thurlow, containing 100 acres, 9 miles from Belleville. Barn 80x30, stabling for 25 cows and 7 horses. Floor cement. Good dwelling-house, drive house, pig and implement shed, good orchard of winter fruit, well watered and in first class state of cultivation. Clover grown extensively. Terms easy. Apply to

W. A. ESMOND,
on the premises.

Arthur Mullett Homestead

Farm For Sale or to Rent.

The Arthur Mullett homestead being the s ½ lot 14, 1st con. Huntingdon, an excellent farm. Owner desires to give up farming, will sell stock and implements with place if desired. Will lease to desirable tenant if property not sold. Apply to owner on the premises or

F. S. WALLBRIDGE,
Barrister, Belleville.

Bargain List of Valuable Farms

FOR SALE.

Of all descriptions located in Fruit and Canning Factory Districts and elsewhere in Ontario and North-West, suitable for all kinds of farming and ranching. Get our list before buying. Colonies located. We list farms.

ALF. BROWN,
Real Estate, Picton.

REXALL HOUSEHOLD DYES

These Dyes will dye Wool, Cotton, Silk, Jute or Mixed Goods in one bath—they are the atest and most improved Dye in the world. Try a package. All colors. For sale by Harry H. Jones.

Farm for Sale.

The north ½ of lot 4 in the 8th concession, and the south east ¼ of lot 4 in the 7th concession, of Madoc township, containing over 150 acres. Good buildings, well watered, well fenced, and in a good state of cultivation. Easy terms to suit purchaser. Two miles from village of Madoc. Apply on the premises to

J. A. KETCHESON.

Madoc, August 28th 1905

Farm for sale.

A valuable 100-acre farm, 1½ miles from Trenton, on the Wooler gravel road. It is 80 rods wide, good roads on both sides of it, has a never failing spring creek running through it, five rods from barn. The soil is clay loam. Has a brick residence 22x30, frame kitchen 14x30, and a good cistern in kitchen. The barn is 30x5, has an 9-foot stone basement, with stabling for 10 cows and 6 horses underneath, drive-house 24x36 with stables attached. Buildings are all in first-class repair. There is a bearing orchard of 400 apple trees, besides pear and plum trees, and berries. There is also a tenement house on the farm. No encumbrance on place. Immediate possession given and purchaser may buy stock on hand consisting of horses, cows and farm implements. Owner is desirous of selling owing to indifferent health. Terms easy.

J. G. WILLIAMS, Owner,
6 Box 7 Trenton Ont.

PATENTS

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BELLEVILLE, ONT.

Solicitor for the city of Belleville.

Office removed to the City Hall, where he will continue a general practice of Law except as against the corporation of the city of Belleville.

Money to loan at 4, 5 or 6 per cent. according to quality of security.

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MADOC, — — ONT.

Corporation and Private Funds for Investment. Collections promptly made.

OFFICE—North St. Lawrence street, next door west of T. L. Nickle's warerooms.

Madoc Pump Works

ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS

Wood and Iron Pumps, Wind Mills, Grain Grinders, gasoline Engines, Steam Engines and Boilers.

Sole Agents for the Anderson Force Pump of Aylmer.

HART BROS.,
Proprietors.

-Special Prices-

Watches, Clocks, Chains and Jewelry

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

Goods purchased from me Engraved Free of Charge.

J. H. IRVING,
4 Doors South of Moon's Hotel, Madoc

Established 1897.

North Hastings Review.

"PARTY IS THE MADNESS OF MANY FOR THE GAIN OF A FEW."

J. R. ORR, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS, $1.50 ; $1.00 IF PAID IN ADVANCE.

28TH YEAR.—No. 52. **Madoc, Hastings County, Ontario, Thursday, December 28, 1905.** POSTAGE PREPAID.

New Police Magistrate.

A. F. Wood, J.P., Put in Charge of a Special District.

A communication from the Premier's office, Toronto, states that at the request of some leading men in the Riding, and on the recommendation of J. W. Pearce, M.P.P., A. F. Wood, Esq., has been appointed a Police Magistrate for a Special District composed of the townships of Rawdon, Huntingdon, Madoc, Marmora, Elzevir, Tudor and Limerick, and Villages of Madoc, Stirling and Marmora, with power to hold court anywhere in the county outside of Belleville city. The official notice of appointment will be published in the next Ontario Gazette. This should be found very convenient, as parties as far away as Stirling, Marmora, Queensboro and Actinolite have urged the appointment. Mr. Wood's long experience and unquestioned ability fits him admirably for the position.

This appointment gives extended powers beyond a Justice of the Peace, putting the Police Magistrate, in criminal jurisdiction, on a par with the County Judge, and also in all cases that require two Justices of the Peace to try them must now be made to the Police Magistrate, who has full powers to act alone. He has also power to hold Court, when he thinks desirable, in any part of the County outside Belleville. Under some circumstances this may be a great boon to the litigants.

ELDORADO.

From our own Correspondent.

Mr. Wesley Mason, in order to do justice to his milling work has become a resident of our village. We extend to him and Mrs. Mason a hearty welcome.

A full carload of machinery was placed on siding a few days ago to be installed in the new crusher building of the copper mine here.

Quite a number of our citizens are spending 'Xmas among friends at a distance.

Our merchants seem pleased with the results of the past season's trade and particularly the 'Xmas part of it.

Mr. Thos. Moore, of Weyburn, is spending the holiday season with his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Moore, of this place.

Mr. Wm. McLaughlin, of Glen Ross, the machinest who has been engaged for some time past placing machinery in the new mill left on Saturday last for his home. He had the satisfaction of seeing the grinding department in operation, and also seeing a ready response of the farmers.

About one year ago vast numbers of the members of the Eldorado circuit could be seen approaching the parsonage. In some one's care was a new coon coat, the expression of many grateful hearts, which was presented to their beloved Pastor. Another year's acquaintanceship has by no means lessened that gratitude, for on Friday evening was again expressed a repetition of the previous year. This time their Pastor's helpmate was taken by surprise when an address given by Mrs. Chas. White in words appropriate showing why she had merited the gift of the circuit, namely, a neat Bokara fur jacket of superior quality, presented by Mrs. Joseph Chambers. Mrs. Connell, however, soon regained her former composure and fittingly replied, expressing her heartfelt thanks and reminding them also of the blessed seasons of fellowship she had enjoyed since coming among them. All enjoyed the short, pithy addresses of a number of the gentlemen present, some of whom were, Messrs. English, Hannas, Jones, White and Mason. Refreshments tempting to the most delicate were then partaken of. A feature of the evening's entertainment not to be overlooked was the music rendered by Mr. and Mrs. H. Kingston, Mrs. Hannas and others. The company, about 11 o'clock, dispersed all having enjoyed the old time surprise party.

All by Acclamation.

No Civic Election in Belleville for the First Time in Years.

Belleville, Ont., Dec. 25.—For the first time in years there will be no civic election in the city, the Mayor, aldermen and school trustees having been elected by acclamation. Twenty-one candidates were nominated for aldermen, but all retired but those who composed last year's Council. The Council for 1906 will be as follows:—Mayor Sulman, Ald. Cooper, Green, Gordon, Sinclair, McCrodan, Marsh, Panter, Knox, Paterson, Vermilyea.

Hurried and Worried All Day

And the worst of it is you are a little run down and have mighty little chance to catch up. Everything seems like a grindstone wearing down your nerves. You are irritable and get less sleep than is absolutely neccessary. Better stop before things get worse. Your best plan is to use Ferrozone for a while and give your nerve a chance to pick up. Ferrozone is the finest tonic a busy man can take. It makes new blood, nourishes the body, strengthen the nerves, improves the appetite and rehabilitates the whole system. Try Fetrozone. Price 50c.

Madoc Village Nominations.

List of Candidates For Council and Model School Board.

The names of the following gentlemen will appear on the Ballot papers in Madoc Village:—

FOR THE COUNCIL.

REEVE.—Dr. Harper.
A. D. Weir.

COUNCILLORS,—W. J. Hill.
T. L. Nickle.
John Tucker.
T. H. Thompson.
Wareham Tuller.

SCHOOL BOARD.

J. A. Caskey.
W. A. Dafoe, M. D.
A. Milne.
Rev. E. W. Mackay.
Arch. Thompson.

The nomination meeting held on Friday night last was one of the most interesting and largely attended in the history of the village. This was no doubt due to the change from 12 o'clock noon to the evening hour. The Hall was crowded to the doors, and the speches of the various candidates, and some who were not candidates, were listened to with attention until nearly 11 o'clock. During the hour reserved for nominations the following were handed in to Returning Officer O'Hara, duly signed by nominator and seconder according to law:—

FOR REEVE.

E. D. Harrison, nominated by W. Cross and A. D. Weir.
W. S. Harper, by J. Whytock and W. J. Allen.
A. D. Weir, by Thos. Cross and J.C. Dale.
Wm. Cross, by Dr. Harrison and A. D. Weir.
Jas. Whytock, by W.S. Harper and W. J. Hill.

COUNCILLORS.

Wareham Tuller, nominated by G. M. Wright and T. McNamara.
John McIlroy, by W. Cross and T. McNamara.
Peter Sinclair, by J. C. Dale and Thos. Cross.
W. Cox, by Chas. Caverly and J. McIlroy.
S. Wellington, by C. Caverly and W. Cross.
Alex. McGregor, by F.G. Lynde and W. Cross.
W. J. Hill, by Dr. Harper and Jos. Burns.
T. L. Nickle, by M. Bristol and S. Eagleson.
John Tucker, by W. J. Allen and Arch. Thompson.
Thos. H. Thompson, by W. J. Allen and Arch. Thompson.
Jas. White, by W. S. Harper and D. Gillen.

FOR SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

Dr. Dafoe, nominated by D. Henderson and Dr. Harper.
C. M. Wallbridge, by A. F. Wood and F. Vanderyoort.
J. A. Caskey, by A. Forestell and J. McIlroy.
A. Milne, by W. E. Connor and S. Eagleson.
Rev. Mr. Mackay, by S. Eagleson and J. R. Orr.
Wm. McBain, by Dr. Harrison and A. D. Weir.
Arch. Thompson, by Dr. Harrison and S. Eagleson.

We have space only for a brief summary of some of the speeches:—

Dr. Harrison, the retiring Reeve, was first called on. He said as another year had rolled around it was the duty of the old members to give an account of their acts, and for the new candidates to outline their policies. Everyone seeking the votes of the electors should have some scheme for the advancement of the village. It was easy to simply find fault, but the candidate who had some scheme for the welfare of the community was worth ten times the simple fault-finder. He deplored such a spirit, only too common with some candidates. He paid a tribute to the members of the Council of the past year. They had done everything in their power for the welfare of the village. The monies had been spent prudently—not a dollar wantonly expended. He dealt at some length with the business of the past year. The work had been placed in the hands of various Committees, all of whom had done their best. He dealt with the trouble with the Telegraph Co. regarding electric light poles, which at one time promised litigation for the village. He had gone to Toronto himself and effected a settlement at headquarters. It had been estimated that not less than $100 would adjust the matter. They had offered $50 or furnish new poles to the Company, which latter was accepted, and the actual cost was $42. The new hose tower was also his special work, and he thought it was all that could be desired. He thanked them for the splendid support they had given him on the two occasions in which he had asked their votes. His reasons for going into the Council was principally to help to inaugurate a good electric light system and start the building of cement sidewalks. Both had been accomplished, and he would now retire as he could not spare the necessary time to devote to public life. He thanked them again for past support, but would not be a candidate this year.

Dr. Harper thought he need make no apology for being a candidate for the Reeveship, as his four years in the Council had been gained by steadily increasing majorities each year. He also could claim some credit for interest in the Electric Light plant. He had discussed the matter in 1903, when the old plant had died. In 1904 they had seen the scheme well under way, and last year there had been no reason for an election as the old Council should have been allowed to complete the work. He then dealt with the question of village finances in an exhaustive manner, and also in a very interesting way summerized the cost and working expenses, also the probable revenue of the Electric Light plant. There were now over 700 lights, and the revenue was within a fraction of $3,000 per annum. The town was paying $500 for street light, but the same candle power put into private house or stores would yield over $800. They had yet capacity for 400 or 500 more lights, and the revenue should be considerably over $3000 per year, which would pay all runing expenses, debentures, etc., and leave a balance for profit. He criticized severely the building of the cement walks on main street this year, which had been done under Mr. Weir's supervision. Under the proposition he had introduced the year before the specifications called for a guarantee for five years, but this year the agreements had not been brought before the Council. He claimed the work was not satisfactorily done, the saving effected had been small, and repairs would soon be needed. The bad condition of the crossings this year had caused endless profanity; the work of hauling gravel had been left until the November mud, and the County grant of $200 had not been expended in the village. He asked for light on all these question. He quoted the "duties of a Reeve," which he claimed had not been lived up to in the past. His policy would be to spend all the money they could for the welfare and good appearance of the village, make it as attractive as possible, and so induce business to come our way. He thought his four years service in the past entitled him to the position of Reeve and he expected to be elected.

Mr. Weir said it was his third year of service, and for the coming year he admitted it was a case of "the man seeking the office" rather than the office seeking the man. As a man seeking the office of Reeve he was willing to give his reasons. As chairman of streets and sidewalks during the past year he had charge of considerable expenditures, and he claimed that the monies had been judiciously expended. He had served on Electric Light Committees, and he had always done the best he could for the village. His claims for the Reeveship were equally as strong as Dr. Harper's. When the latter was Chairman of streets and walks they had tackled the cement sidewalk question, got tenders, etc., but eventually threw the whole matter back on the Council. His (Weir's) hobby had always been "day work," and he had built the walks on main street this way. The saving effected had been over $100. If he was elected Reeve any similar work in the future would be done the same way. He explained why the gravel had not been hauled on the streets before November, Mr. O'Riordan not having a team to do the work. Regarding the County grant, the Road Superintendent had informed him that a contract for 75 cords of stone to be delivered in Madoc had been let which was equivalent to the $150 not spent. This would be available for our streets next year. The old plank had been used to repair other walks. He would favor putting in more street lights if necessary, and would, if elected, always work to the best of his ability for the best interests of the town.

Mr. Cross said he would not this year be a candidate for either Reeve or Council, but dealt at some length with matters of personal interest. He ably explained the financial position of the village, and gave it as his opinion that all taxes raised were for the year only, up to the end of December. For necessary requirements they should temporarily borrow at the bank. He dealt fully with the electric light expenditures, the Assessment Act, and other questions effecting the ratepayers. Regarding the pool-room matter he thought that the Council could not prohibit it, and therefore it was best to license and regulate it, and secure a revenue of $40. He had devoted a great deal of time and attention to public matters while in the Council and had done the very best he could for the town, but was not a candidate this year.

Mr. James Whytock created a good deal of merriment by his vigorous and characteristic onslaught on the doings of the old Council. He claimed they had squandered the surplus of the previous year, and had now an "empty chist." His speech put everybody into the best of humor.

Dr. Harrison replied to some of Dr. Harper's criticisms, in which he developed a vigor of expression that would make him a formidable opponent if he continued in public life.

Brief but appropriate speeches, accepting the nomination for Councillors, and promising their best services if elected, were made by Messrs. Wareham Tuller, w. J. Hill, T. L. Nickle, John Tucker, and Thos. H. Thompson. Similar speeches declining the honor for the present were made by Messrs. Alex. MacGregor and James white. The other nominees were not present.

The Trustee nominees present were Capt. Wallbridge, J. A. Caskey, W. H. McBain and Arch Thompson, but owing to the lateness of the hour the speeches were brief, if somewhat animated. Mr. McBain was the only one who declined the honor, but Mr. Wallbridge has since withrawn.

Mr. Caskey poses as a "man with a mission," to reorganize the School Board! He claims that the country portion of the Madoc Public School Section has been "bled" by the village, and similar insinuations. The agitation he has raised, and the questions opened will probably show that the country portion has never been paying their full share. He will have pleasure in seeing that they do so in future when he is a member of the Board.

Madoc Township Nominations.

There was a large attendance and considerable interest evinced at the Madoc township nomination at the Town Hall, Eldorado, on Friday last. The increase in the assessment and consequent higher taxes was the principal cause of complaint, but the members of the old Council showed that the change in assessment was simply carrying out the law, and over which the Council has no control. There was a large list of nominations made, but the following names only will appear on the Ballot papers:—

FOR REEVE.—Christopher Wright, the present Reeve, and Angus Nicolson.

FOR COUNCILLORS. — William McMechan, John D. Nickle and Simeon Empey of the present Council, and James McCoy, Thomas Keene and Richard R. Hannah, new candidates. Last year the whole Council was elected by acclamation.

ELSEWHERE.

WOLLASTON.—For Reeve, C. S. Rollins and F. V. Gunter. The Council of 1905 were re-elected by acclamation, viz.: T. B. Watt, D. Henderson, Jr., J. Smith and J. Martin.

ELZEVIR.—Reeve, F. J. Thompson re-elected by acclamation. For the Council the contest will be between John Gray, W. J. McIlroy, John Burns, David Thompson and Simon Kellar.

LIMERICK.—Council elected by acclamation, viz.: Mark Mawson, Reeve; Wm. Morton, B. F. Hazzard, Ephriam Peters and Edward Reid.

TUDOR AND CASHEL.—Old Council re-elected by acclamation.

Wedding Bells.

RUTTERFORD—DRUMMOND.

A quiet wedding took place last Wednesday afternoon, Dec. 20th, at the home of Mrs. John Drummond, when her eldest daughter, Mary Ethel, was united in the bonds of holy matrimony to Mr. W. J. Rutterford, of Peterboro. On account of the recent death of the bride's father, only the immediate relatives and friends were invited to be present. Miss Essie Sedgwich, of Peterboro, was bridesmaid, and Mr. A. J. Mullen, of Peterboro, was groomsman. The ceremony was performed by Rev. E. W. Mackay, of St. Peter's Church.

The happy young couple left on the afternoon (G. T. R.) train for their future home in Peterboro.

KINGSTON—REID.

A pretty home wedding of more than ordinary interest to an unusually large circle of friends, took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. Robert Reid, Stirling, on Wednesday evening, Dec. 20th. The occasion was the marriage of their only daughter, Effie Alberta, to George Henry, second son of Mr. and Mrs. Paul Kingston, Rawdon.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. S. Sutherland Burns, B.A., pastor of St. Andrew's Church, Stirling. Miss Florence Kingston played the wedding march from Mendelssohn.

The bride, who was given away by her father, was daintily gowned in a beautiful dress of white silk, trimmed with white applique. The bridal veil of white tulle, which fell to the bottom of her gown, had been worn by the bride's mother. She carried a shower bouquet of white carnations. The bridesmaid, Miss Blanche Kingston, sister of the groom, was becomingly gowned in pearl voile, and carried a bouquet of pink carnations. The groom was attended by Mr. Edward Reid, of Stirling. The groom's gift to the bride was a handsome gold watch and chain, to the bridesmaid a pearl crescent, and to the groomsman a pearl scarf pin.

The handsome drawing rooms were tastefully decorated with evergreens, palms and flowers, and at one end an arch had been artistically formed, under which the young couple stood during the ceremony.

After congratulations were offered, the wedding supper, which was served in the dining-room, prettily decorated with flags, draperies and flowers, was partaken of by one hundred and fifty guests. The bride's table was decorated with carnations and ropes of smilax, and overshadowed by a horseshoe of evergreens.

The number of handsome and costly gifts testify to the esteem in which the bride and groom are held.

The happy couple left on the early morning train for Toronto, Goderich and Kincardine. The bride's going-away dress was of brown ladies' cloth, with hat to match. She also wore a fur-lined coat, with sable trimmings, the gift of her father. On their return from their trip Mr. and Mrs. Kingston will take up their residence in Rawdon.

MILLBRIDGE.

Presentation and Address to a Departing Teacher.

A decidedly pleasant and enjoyable evening was passed last Friday evening, December 22nd, when the young people of Millbridge, assembled at the house of Mrs. P. Doorley, and presentrd the retiring school, teacher, Miss McKenzie, with a beautiful purse and sum of money with the following address, given by Miss Lena Doorley and assisted by Miss Pheobe Louttit:—

MISS MARY MCKENZIE,
Ex. School Teacher, Millbridge.

It has been surgested by a number of your scholars, as well as a number of the young folks of Millbridge and vicinity, that they should in some way show you how they have appreciated your services as teacher, and also, how they have appreciated your hospitality and kindness, as a member of the society of the young people of Millbridge and vicinity.

We know that it has been a great honor, indeed, to have you with us, and we regret very much that you are about to leave here to follow your profession as school teacher. I am sure I am safe in saying, we have all benefited very largely by your society and your absence from our midst will be keenly felt, and on behalf of those that are here to-night, I take the pleasure of presenting you with the purse and sum of money, to show you, in a very small and humble way, the amount of esteem in which you have been held during your stay among us, and our only regret is that you are not remaining longer. And in concluding, let us all join in wishing you every success in your new school, which I believe is not very distant, and it may be so that you can at least, favor us with a few days of your presence at times, when we assure you that any time you may come back to make us a visit it will be very much appreciated.

Wishing you a merry Christmas and a very happy New Year, we beg to remain, sincerely your friends.

The young people of Millbridge.

Miss McKenzie was taken completely taken by surprise, and the following is the few fitting remarks ably made by her on receipt of the present:—

DEAR FRIENDS,—I am sure I don't know how to thank you for this beautiful gift. It is very kind of you to remember me in this way. I appreciate this purse, not so much for its intrinsic value, but for the spirit in which it is given. I shall always keep it to remind me of the friends I've left in Millbridge. During the year I've been among you, you have all been very kind to me, and I feel when I leave Millbridge I am leaving some good friends. Many of you I may never see again, but wherever I go I shall never forget the pleasant year I spent in your midst, and I am sure I feel more grateful to you than I can express for giving me something to carry away with me as a token of friendship.

After all had enjoyed themselves till the wee small hours, Mr. R. G. Lough brought the evening's entertainment to a close with a few fitting remarks, thanking all who had so liberally subscribed toward the present, and Mrs. Doorley for giving them her house for the evening.

Two arrests have been made in connection with the investigation of the ordinance stores department at Quebec.

THE LIGHT OF OTHER DAYS.

Not very many years ago alcohol was used for lighting in combination with other fluids under the name of "Camphene," but it suffered banishment because it was too dangerous.

Alcohol is generally harmful when taken in the form of medicine, especially to a delicate system.

Dr. Pierce's tissue-rebuilding and function-strengthening plan of treatment is following after Nature's plan.

He uses natural remedies, that is native medicinal roots, prepared by processes wrought out by the expenditure of much time and money, without the use of alcohol, and by skillful combination in the most exact proportions.

Cod as one of the active ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, BLACK CHERRYBARK specially exerts its influence in cases of lung and bronchial troubles, and this "DISCOVERY" is, therefore, a sovereign remedy for bronchitis, laryngitis, chronic coughs, catarrh and kindred ailments.

The names of the medicinal ingredients of this world-famous remedy are: Golden Seal root, Queen's root, Stone root, Black Cherrybark, Bloodroot and Mandrake root.

"I have had such a wonderful experience with Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery that I do not hesitate to recommend it, believing it to be a wonderful medicine to build up the tissues of the system," writes Miss Hessie Brown, Secretary Emerson Literary Association, 626 Kerman Avenue, Appleton, Wis. "Worry and nervous troubles had completely run-down my health and strength; had no appetite, slept badly, and was in a state of nervous collapse. I took twelve bottles in all, and each week, knew that I was getting better and stronger, until finally I was as well and strong as I had ever been. I have the utmost faith and confidence in your medicine, and wish to thank you for my good health, which is a blessing to anyone."

For 31 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing, you can get a free copy of the "Common Sense Medical Advisor," paper-covers; or cloth-bound for 50 stamps. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets should be used with "Golden Medical Discovery" whenever a laxative is required.

THE DOMINION BANK

Capital and Rest, $6,500,000
Total assets, - $39,600,000

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T. G. Brough, General Manager.

MADOC BRANCH.

A general banking business transacted.

SAVINGS DEPARTMENT.

Deposits of $1 and upwards received, and Interest allowed at highest current rates, compounded half yearly.

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Graduate of Queen's University, Licentiate of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario.
Special attention given to diseases of women and children.
Office—Opposite Methodist Church.

Madoc Lodge, No. 179, I.O.O.F

Meets in Oddfellows' Hall, Wilson Block, every Monday evening at the hour of 8 o'clock. Visiting brethren will always be cordially welcomed.

M. MAYBEE, Rec.-Sec. JOHN MCBAIN, Noble Grand.
L. F. MORRICE, Fin.-Sec.

Madoc Lodge, No. 195, A.O.U.W.

THE Ancient Order of United Workmen meets every first and third Friday of each month in Moon's new block. Visiting brethrenare cordially welcomed.

M. MAYBEE, Master Workman. W. H. MCBAIN, Recorder.

If Given a Trial

"SALADA"

Ceylon Natural GREEN Tea will prove its superiority over all Japan Teas.

Lead Packets only — 40c, 50c and 60c per lb. By all Grocers.

HIGHEST AWARD ST. LOUIS, 1904.

Marian Mayfield

Or, The Strange Disappearance

CHAPTER XX.—(Continued)

"And now, I ask you, how you could prevent it?"

"I shall not be required to prevent such an act, Thurston, as such a one never can take place. You speak so only to try your Marian's faith or temper—both are proof against jests, I think. Hitherto you have trifled with the young lady's affections for mere ennui and thoughtlessness, I do believe! but, now that some of the evil consequences have been suggested to your mind, you will abandon such perilous pastime. You are going to France soon—that will be a favorable opportunity of breaking off the acquaintance."

"And breaking her heart—who knows? But suppose now that I should prefer to marry her and take her with me?"

"Nay, of course, I cannot for an instant suppose such a thing."

"But in spite of all your warnings were such an event about to take place?"

"In such an exigency I should divulge our marriage."

"You would?"

"Assuredly! How can you possibly doubt it? Such an event would abrogate my obligations to silence, and would impose upon me the opposite duty of speaking."

"I judged you would reason so," he said, bitterly.

"But, dear Thurston, of what are you talking? Of the event of your doing an unprincipled act! Impossible, dear Thurston! and forever impossible!"

"And equally impossible, fair saint, that you should divulge our marriage with any chance of proving it. Marian, the minister that married us has sailed as a missionary to Farther India. And I only have the certificate of our marriage. You cannot prove it."

"I shall not need to prove it, Thurston. Now that I have awakened your thoughts, I know that you will not further risk the peace of that confiding girl. Come! take my hand and let us return. We must hasten, too, for there is rain in that cloud."

Thurston—piqued that he could not trouble her more—for under her calm and unruffled face he could not see the bleeding heart—arose sullenly, drew her hand within his arm and led her forth.

And as they went the wind arose, and the storm clouds drove over the sky and lowered and darkened around them.

Marian urged him to walk fast on account of the approaching tempest, and the anxiety the family at the cottage would feel upon her account.

They hurried onward, but just as they reached the neighborhood of Old Fields a terrible storm of hail and snow burst upon the earth.

It was as much as they could do to make any progress forward, or even to keep themselves upon their feet. While struggling and plunging blindly through the storm, amid the rushing of the wind and the rattling of the hail, and the crackling and creaking of the dry trees in the forest, and the rush of waters, and all the din of the tempest, Marian's ear caught the sound of a child wailing and sobbing. A pang shot through her heart. She listened breathlessly—and then in the pauses of the storm she heard a child crying, "Marian, Marian! Oh! where are you, Marian?"

It was Miriam's voice! It was Miriam wandering in night and storm in search of her beloved nurse.

Marian dropped Thurston's arm and plunged blindly forward through the snow, in the direction of the voice, crying, "Here I am, my darling, my treasure—here I am. What brought my baby out this bitter night?" she asked, as she found the child half perishing with cold and wet, and caught and strained her to her bosom.

"Oh, the hail and snow came down so fast, and the wind shook the house so hard, and I could not sleep in the warm bed while you were out in the storm. So I stole softly down to find you. Don't go again, Marian. I love you so—oh! I love you so!"

At this moment the child caught sight of Thurston standing with his face half muffled in his cloak. A figure to be strangely recognized under similar circumstances in after years. Then she did not know him, but inquired:

"Who is that, Marian?"

"A friend, dear, who came home with me. Good-night, sir."

And so dismissing Thurston, he walked rapidly away. She hurried with Miriam to the house.

CHAPTER XXI.

Sans Souci stood before the parlor mirror, gazing into it, seeing—not the reflected image of her own elfish or pretty, witching face, with its round, polished forehead, its mocking eyes, its sunny, dancing curls, its piquant little nose, or petulant little lips—but contemplating, as though a magic glass, far down the vista of her childhood—childhood scarcely past, yet in its strong contrast to the present, seeming so distant, dim, and unreal, that her reminiscence of its days resembled more a vague dream of a pre-existence, than a rational recollection of a part of her actual life on earth. Poor Jacko was wondering "If I be I?"

Grim sat in a leathern chair, at the farthest extremity of the room occupied with holding a book, but reading Jacquelina. Suddenly he broke into her brown study by exclaiming:

"I should like to know what you are doing, and how long you intend to remain standing before that glass."

"Oh, indeed! should you?" mocked Jacko, startled out of her reverie yet instantly remembering to be provoking.

"What were you doing, and——"

"Looking at myself in the glass, to be sure."

"Don't cut off my question, if you please. I was going on to inquire of what you were thinking so profoundly. And madam, or miss——"

"Madam, if you please! the dear knows, I paid heavy enough for my new dignity, and don't intend to abate one degree of it. So if you call me miss again, I'll get some one who loves me to call you 'out!' Besides, I'd have you to know, I'm very proud of it. Ain't you, too? Say, Grim! ain't you a proud and happy man to be married?" asked Jacko, tauntingly.

"You jibe! You do so with a purpose. But it shall not avail you. I demand to know the subject of your thoughts as you stood before that mirror."

Now, none but a half madman like Grim would have gravely made such a demand, or exposed himself to such a rebuff as it deserved. Jacko looked at him quizzically.

"Hem!" she answered, demurely. "I'm sure I'm so awestricken, your worship, that I can scarcely find the use of my tongue to obey your reverence. I hope your excellency won't be offended with me. But I was wondering in the general, whether the Lord really did make all the people upon earth, and in particular, whether He made you, and if so, for what inscrutable reason He did it."

"You are an impertinent minion. But, by the saints, I will have an answer to my question, and know what you were thinking of while gazing in that mirror."

"Sorry the first explanation didn't please your eminence. But now 'honor bright!' I'll tell you what I was thinking of. I was thinking—thinking how excessively pretty I am. Now, tell the truth, and shame the old gentleman. Did you ever, in all your life, see such a beautiful, bewitching, tantalizing, ensnaring face as mine is?"

"I think I never saw such a fool!"

"Really? Then your holiness never looked at yourself in a mirror! never beheld 'your natural face in a glass!' never saw 'what manner of man' you are.

"By St. Peter! I will not be insulted, and dishonored, and defied in this outrageous manner. I swear I will have your thoughts, if I have to pluck them from your heart."

"Whe-ew! Well, if I didn't always think thought was free, may I never be an interesting young widow, and captivate Thurston Willcoxen."

"You impudent, audacious, abandoned——"

"Ching a ring a ring chum choo!

And a hio ring tum larky!"

sang the elf, dancing about, seizing the bellows and flourishing it over her head like a tambourine, as she danced.

"Be still, you termagant. Be still, you lunatic, or I'll have you put in a strait-jacket!" cried the exasperated professor.

"Poor fellow!" said Jacko, dropping the bellows and sidling up to him in a wheedling, mock-sympathetic manner. "P-o-o-r f-e-l-l-o-w! don't get excited and go into the highstrikes. You can't help it if you're ugly and repulsive as Time in the Primer, any more than Thurston Willcoxen can help being handsome and attractive as Magnus Apollo.

"It was of him, then, you were thinking, minion? I knew it! I knew it!" exclaimed the professor, starting up, throwing down his book and pacing the floor.

"Bear it like a man!" said Jacko, with solemnity.

"You admit it, then. You—you—'

"'Unprincipled female.' There! I have helped you to the words. And now, if you will be melo-dramatic, you should grip up your hair with both hands, and stride up and down the floor and vociferate, 'Confusion! distraction! perdition!' or any other awful words you can think of. That's the way they do it in the plays."

"Madam, your impertinence is growing beyond sufferance. I cannot endure it."

"That's a mighty great pity, now, for you can't cure it."

"St. Mary! I will bear this no longer."

"Then I'm afraid you'll have to emigrate!"

"I'll commit suicide."

"That's you! Do! I should like very well to wear bombazine this cold weather. Please do it at once too, if you're going to, for I should rather be out of deep mourning by midsummer!"

"By heaven, I will pay you for this."

"Any time at your convenience, Dr. Grimshaw! And I shall be ready to give you a receipt in full upon the spot!" said the elf, rising. "Anything else in my line this morning, Dr. Grimshaw? Give me a call when you come my way! I shall be much obliged for your patronage," she continued, curtseying and dancing off toward the door. "By the way, my dear sir, there is a lecture to be delivered this evening by our young fellow-citizen, Mr. Thurston Willcoxen. Going to hear him? I am! Good-day!" she said, and kissed her hand and vanished.

Grim was going crazy! Everybody said it, and what everybody says has ever been universally received as indisputable testimony. Many people, indeed, averred that Grim never had been quite right—that he always had been queer, and that since his mad marriage with that flighty bit of a child, Jacquelina, he had been queerer than ever.

He would have been glad to prevent Jacquelina from going to the lecture upon the evening in question; but there was no reasonable excuse for doing so. Everybody went to the lectures, which were very popular. Mrs. Waugh made a point of being punctually present at every one. And she took charge of Jacquelina, whenever the whim of the latter induced her to go, which was as often as she secretly wished to "annoy Grim" and, in fact, "to plague the Ogre" was her only motive in being present, for, truth to tell, the elf cared very little either for the lecturer or his subjects, and usually spent the whole evening in yawning behind her pocket handkerchief. Upon this evening, however, the lecture fixed even the flighty fancy of Jacquelina, as she sat upon the front seat between Mrs. Waugh and Dr. Grimshaw.

Jacquelina was magnetized, and scarcely took her eyes from the speaker during the whole of the discourse. Mrs. Waugh was also too much interested to notice her companions. Grim was agonized. The result of the whole of which was—that after they all got home, Dr. Grimshaw—to use a common but graphic phrase—"put his foot down" upon the resolution to prevent Jacquelina's future attendance at the lectures. Whether he would have succeeded in keeping her away is very doubtful, and not a remarkably inclement season of weather set in, and lasted a fortnight, leaving the roads nearly impassable for two other weeks. And just as traveling was getting to be possible, Thurston Willcoxen was called to Baltimore, on his grandfather's business, and was absent a fortnight. So, altogether, six weeks had passed without Jacquelina's finding an opportunity to defy Dr. Grimshaw by attending the lectures against his consent.

At the end of that time, on Sunday morning, it was announced from the pulpit that Thurston Willcoxen returned to the county, would resume his lectures on the Wednesday evening following. Dr. Grimshaw looked at Jacquelina, to note how she would receive this news. Poor Jacko had been under Marian's good influences for the week previous, and was, in her fitful and uncertain way, "trying to be good." "As an experiment to please you, Marian," she said, "and to see how it will answer." Poor elf! So she called up no false, provoking smile of joy, to drive Grim frantic, but heard the news of Thurston's arrival with the outward calmness that was perfectly true to the perfect inward indifference."

"She has grown guarded—that is a very bad sign—I shall watch her closer," muttered Grim behind his closed teeth. And when the professor went home that day, his keen, pallid face was frightful to look upon. And many were the comments made by the dispersing congregation.

From that Sunday to the following Wednesday, not one word was spoken of Thurston Willcoxen or his lecture. But on Wednesday morning Dr. Grimshaw entered the parlor, where Jacquelina lingered alone, gazing out of the window, and going up to her side, astonished her beyond measure by speaking in a calm, kind tone, and saying:

"Jacquelina, you have been too much confined to the house lately. You are languid. You must go out more. Mr. Willcoxen lectures this evening. Perhaps you would like to hear him. If so, I withdraw my former prohibition, which was, perhaps too harsh, and I beg you will follow your own inclinations, if they lead you to go."

You should have seen Jacko's eyes and eyebrows! the former were dilated to their utmost capacity, while the latter were elevated to their highest altitude. The professor's eyebrows were knotted together, and his eyes sought the ground, as he continued:

"I myself have an engagement at Leonardtown this afternoon, which will detain me all night, and therefore shall not be able to escort you; but Mrs. Waugh, who is going, will doubtless take you under her charge. Would you like to go?"

"I had already intended to go," replied Jacquelina, without relaxing a muscle of her face.

The professor nodded and left the room.

Soon after, Jacquelina sought her aunty, whom she found in the pantry, mixing mince-meat.

"I say, aunty——'

"Well, Lapwing?"

"When Satan turns saint, suspicion is safe, is it not?"

"What do you mean, Lapwing?"

"Why, just now the professor came to me, politely apologized for his late rudeness, and proposed that I should go with you to hear Mr. Willcoxen's lecture, while he, the professor, goes to Leonardtown to fulfill an engagement. I say, aunty, I sniff a plot, don't you?"

"I don't know what to make of it, Lapwing. Are you going?"

"Of course I am; I always intended to."

No more was said at the time.

Immediately after dinner Dr. Grimshaw ordered his horse, and saying that he was going to Leonardtown and should not be back till the next day, set forth.

(To be Continued).

"SAVED MY LIFE"

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HE WASN'T UP TO MUCH.

In an Irish court recently an old man was called into the witness box and being old and a little blind he went too far in more senses than one and instead of going up the stairs that led to the box mounted those that led to the bench.

The judge took the mistake good humoredly.

"Is it a judge you want to be, my good man?" he asked.

"Ah, sure, your Honor," was the reply, "I'm an old man now, and mebbe it's all I'm fit for."

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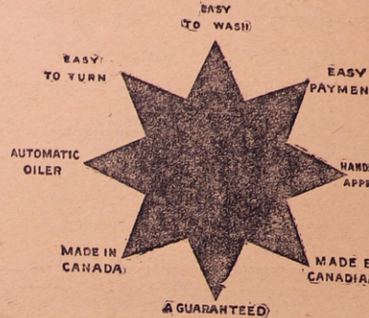

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THEY ARE OUR OPPOSITES.

Curious Chinese Customs as Set Forth by Hardy.

Mr. Hardy's new book John Chinaman at Home says of Chinese customs:

"When we first come to China all things seem to be upside down, and it is the unexpected only that happens. Meeting a friend, a Chinese shakes his own hand and not the hand of his friend, which is more sanitary than is our custom. If he wants a man to keep away, he makes the same movement of his hand which we make when we wish him to come to us. He laughs when he announces the death of a relative, and a Chinese bride cries at her wedding. If you go into the office of an European whose hat is on his head he will take it off; if you go to where a Chinese is sitting with his cap on the table in front of him, he will put on the cap. A servant in China should wait at table with his cap on. At a Chinese entertainment the post of honor is at the left and not at the right, as with us. If it is a dinner it will begin contrary to ours, with dessert, and end with soup and rice. At home dogs are tied up; in China cats are, at least those belonging to boat people.

The Chinese are not at our antipodes with regards to position on the globe, but they are our opposites in almost every thought and act. Our shoes are all blackened, the Chinese whiten the sides of the soles of theirs. To us observation without sympathy is torture, but the Chinese seem to like to be observed working, eating, or whatever they are doing.

The mourning color in China is white and not black, and the Chinese must think a white cloth upon a dinner-table as dismal as we would a table covered with black crepe. When foreigners come first to China they notice that men wear petticoats and women trousers. As a matter of fact, both sexes wear these last, only the peasant women foreigners most see do not have either a petticoat or a frock, but only a long jacket; and the literary man, that is to say the gentleman of China, always wears a waistcoat over his coat, and not under as we do. We use our hands to play battledore and shuttlecock; the Chinese have no battledore and kick the shuttlecock. If a British boy is puzzled, say, in doing a sum, he scratches his head, but a Chinese boy kicks off a shoe and scratches a foot. Chinese babies are carried not in front in the arms of their mothers, but upon their backs.

A PURE DAILY LIFE.

Make your common daily work an instructor in divine things. Fill up the measure of your daily life with all that is pure and good and true, and those lowly temporal things shall be, by God's blessing, as the first rounds of a ladder reaching from earth to heaven.

MAKE MORE MONEY

Bigger Crops of Better Grain. Clean, Large Seed Increases the Yield 20%.

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Chicken raising a very easy and simple way of adding to the farm's cash profits.

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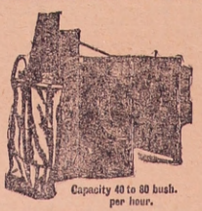

Capacity 40 to 60 bush. per hour.

Cleans Wheat, Rye, Timothy, Clover, Millet, Oats, Barley, Flax, Peas, Beans, Corn and all seeds.

Large Hopper, Screw Feed easily regulated.

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Capacity 2,000 lbs.

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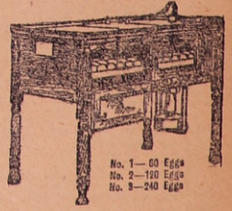

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SOME MALAY CURIOSITIES.

Superstitious Beliefs in Some Cases Seem to Prove True.

W. W. Skeat gives an interesting account of the regalia of Selangore. Among them is a trumpet which no one may touch except the reigning Sultan and the heir-apparent. Any one else touching it will be struck with illness. Mr. Skeat was anxious to examine these things, and one day the Rajah Mudah allowed him to take the sacred trumpet into his hands. "I thought nothing more of the matter," says Mr. Skeat, "but, by what was really a very curious coincidence, within a few days I was seized with a sharp attack of malarial influenza, which obliged me to leave the district. The report of my indisposition appears to have made a profound impression, and a Malay, who probably thought himself indebted to me for some assistance, vowed to offer sacrifice at the shrine of a local saint for my recovery." Mr. Skeat had to attend a banquet at the saint's tomb in gratitude for his merciful intervention.

In Sarawak persons of the Milanau tribe have a practice of depositing a large leaf, peculiarly folded, at the spot where an accident has happened, to conciliate the powers of evil. A man hurt himself in the Rajah's garden, and some Milanaus employed there hastened to perform the ceremony of propitiation. The present Rajah, Sir Charles Brooke, tells what followed in his "Ten Years in Sarawak." He disliked to see this litter on the path, and told the gardeners to remove it. But the Milanaus said that the arm of any one touching the leaf would swell. So the Rajah threw it away himself—and two days afterwards he had a painful swelling in his arm, which lasted a fortnight.

In the "Journal of the Indian Archipelago" is a narrative of Jonathan Riggs' ascent of Gumung Danka, in Java. The top of that mountain is supposed to be the site of Paradise, and the Japanese believe that if the local Rajah permits any stranger to climb it a tiger will devour him. A day or two after Mr. Riggs' feat a tiger killed two of the Rajah's children.

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He Echoes a Statement Made by Thousands of the People of the Prairies.

Giroux, Man., Dec. 18.—(Special).—Mr. Philias Normandeau, a well-known resident of this place, is one of thousands of Manitobans who have found relief from the pains and aches of Kidney Disease in Dodd's Kidney Pills. Mr. Normandeau is always ready to say a good word for the remedy that brought back his health.

"Yes, I can tell you Dodd's Kidney Pills made a cure of me," he says. "I had Kidney Disease for three years. At times I got so bad I could hardly attend to my work. I took just five boxes of Dodd's Kidney Pills and my pains and aches are all gone and I can work as well as anybody. To anybody who has trouble with their Kidneys all I can say is 'use Dodd's Kidney Pills,'"

Dodd's Kidney Pills always cure sick Kidneys. With well Kidneys you can't have Bright's Disease, Diabetes, Dropsy, Rheumatism, or any of those other fearful and fatal diseases that spring from sick Kidneys.

JOHN AN UNLUCKY ROYAL NAME.

Many Monarchs Bearing it Met With Misfortune.

It is strange how good or bad fortune seems to attend certain names; and this is the more marked in the persons of royalty, on account of their conspicuous position, than in the case of the ordinary individual. Among sovereigns it is doubtful which must be considered the most unlucky name, but it is probable that John is the name of ill omen, says London Tit-Bits.

For instance, John of England has always been branded as an infamous monarch, a character which he hardly deserved; still it was his luck. John of France was captured by the Black Prince, who, by the way, was not the hero we have been taught to consider him, but a very unscrupulous ruffian. John Baliol of Scotland has been despised by his fellow countrymen because he pandered too much to the English.

Robert III. of Scotland changed his name from John, but the ill luck of the name clung to him. During his lifetime he was worried to the verge of despair by his brother, the Duke of Albany. He was himself a cripple, his eldest son was starved to death in prison, and his youngest, when on a voyage to France, was captured by the English. Robert III. died of a broken heart.

John I. of Bohemia was blind; John I., Pope, was imprisoned by Alaric King of the Goths, and Pope John X. was driven from Rome by Guy, Duke of Tuscany. John XI., Pope, was supposed to have been poisoned by his brother Alberic, who kept him a prisoner in the Lateran. John XIV. also died in prison from poison or starvation. John XIV. ascended the papal throne after the murder of Boniface and was forced to flee to Tuscany, where he died of fever. Nor was John XVI. more fortunate, for he was dubbed the "Anti-Pope," and after a varied career, which lasted only eleven months, he was brutally tortured and then consigned to a dungeon, whence he never emerged alive.

John I. of Constantinople was poisoned; John II. was killed while boar hunting; and John III. was dethroned, his eyes were put out, and he was cast into prison, where he died. John I. of Castile was killed by a fall from his horse. This is only a portion of the long list of unlucky Johns, but it will serve to show that there is good reason for claiming that monarchs should avoid the name, if they possibly can.

Judge: "If I let you off this time, will you promise not to come back again?" Prisoner: "Yes, sir. The fact is, I didn't come voluntarily this time."

FROM BONNIE SCOTLAND

NOTES OF INTEREST FROM HER BANKS AND BRAES.

What Is Going on in the Highlands and Lowlands of Auld Scotia.

Dr. John Macdonald has been appointed medical officer for Inverness-shire.

Lieut. John Macfadyen, of the Govan police, a Cabul-Kandahar veteran, is dead.

James Burns, a Spion Kop veteran, of the Scottish Rifles, was found drowned at Galashiels.

A child four years of age has been burned to death in Dundee while trying to light a cigarette.

A sawmill near Pitlochry, the property of Captain Butter, C.M.G., of Faskally, has been totally destroyed by fire.

A reindeer has been born in Cook's circus at Edinburgh. It is said to be the only one ever born in the British Isles.

The subscriptions for the Queen Victoria School and Memorial to Scottish Sailors and Soldiers amount to £43,267.

Henry Watson, a Shettleston boy, aged seven, fell down a hot air flue in a Glasgow factory and was scorched so that he died.

A Glasgow strike, that of the plumbers, after lasting 26 weeks, has collapsed, the men having agreed to resume work on the old terms.

Provost Symon, Dufftown, has intimated his retirement from the Town Council, of which he has been a member for the past 46 years.

The Lerwick School Board has appointed Miss Bessie K. Mitchell, of Kinross, as teacher of cookery in the Central School at a salary of £75.

The crew of the Scotch herring boat, No. 340, from Kirkcaldy, earned £170 by one night's fishing. They brought 80,000 herrings into Scarborough.

Mr. James Avon Clyde, K. C., has been appointed Solicitor-General for Scotland, in room of Mr. E. T. Salvesen, K.C., who has been raised to the bench.

John Miller Roberts, aged 36, a grocer, single, and residing at 193 Aikenhead road, Govanhill, committed suicide by cutting his throat with a razor.

The Clyde patternmakers, who originally demanded an advance of a halfpenny per hour, have accepted an immediate advance of a farthing, and resumed work.

News has reached Aberdeen of the death at Bulowayo of Professor Thomas Kyd, who graduated Master of Arts at Marischal College and University as far back as 1848.

Mrs. Simpson of Banff, died there a few days ago, aged 101 years and one month. She remembered seeing, when a girl of 11, the signals which proclaimed the victory of Waterloo.

Mr. William Paul, who has died at Coatbridge, was for over forty years the largest potato buyer in the west of Scotland. In pursuance of his trade he travelled all over Scotland.

The number of visitors to the Burns' shrine at Alloway is on the increase. The past years' visitors to the cottage numbered 56,309, as compared with 50,258 for the previous year.

Mr. Davis Wilson, general manager of the Clydesdale Bank, Glasgow, has resigned. He has been connected with Scotch banking for fifty years, for 15 years of which he has been manager of the Clydesdale Bank.

The Rev. Patrick Phelan, a retired Episcopalian clergyman, about sixty years of age, who has resided at Lochgoilhead for the past three years, suddenly expired on the railway platform at Maybole.

On the arrival of a train from Forfar at Dundee blood marks were noticed on the engine. Enquiry was instituted and it was discovered that a man had been knocked down and killed at the Stannergate.

The precentors of the town churches of St. Andrews, Glasgow, and Dunfermline each receive an annual Government pension of £5 a year. These annuities date from every ancient times, and, in fact, their origin is forgotten.

QUICK AT SOMETHING.

A clerk was discharged. He asked the reason.

"You are so awful slow about everything," said his employer.

"You do me an injustice," responded the clerk. "There is one thing that I am not slow about."

"I should be delighted to hear you name it," sneered the proprietor.

"Well," said the clerk slowly, "nobody can get tired as quick as I can."

FATHERLY CARE.

"So your daughter is having her voice cultivated?"

"Well," answered the parent, "that's the way her mother and the girl put it. But, between you and me, I engaged a professor in the hope of getting it cured."

GUARDING THE KAISER.

The Berlin Police Practice a Plan of Campaign.

Berlin, Germany, has made elaborate arrangements to suppress any popular demonstration that may be contemplated against the Government.

Owing to the effects of the Russian revolutionary movement upon the Socialists of Germany, the city has been divided into square sections, by the organization of which the police could put down effectually any attempt by a mob to march toward the Emperor's palace and the Government offices.

The plan of campaign is rehearsed as often as festive occasions attract immense crowds to the centre of Berlin. On such occasions the extraordinary skill of the police in disposing of the crowds, which they drive, block by block, out into the suburbs, has been commented upon. One side of each organized square is left open, and this is always the side facing the suburbs, so that the crowd may drift in that direction.

In the case of a popular uprising, the fourth side of each square would be left open or closed, according to the gravity of the situation.

If it became necessary to suppress the rising by the most severe measures, the fourth side of each square could be closed, so that the rebels within it would be enclosed within impenetrable lines of fire and steel, and could be shot down or bayoneted to the last man.

THE BEST WAY TO WINNIPEG.

The Great Northern Railway Company is now running a magnificent fourteen-hour night train from St. Paul to Winnipeg. This new train, "The Winnipeg Limited," is one of the very finest in the Northwest. It is equipped with the newest and best compartment library observation cars most luxuriously furnished and the comfort of the passenger is catered to in every detail. This train has already made a name for itself for running right on time and connections are made at Winnipeg for all points in the Canadian Northwest.

Until this service was instituted the trip was of eighteen to twenty hours duration. It is now possible to reach Winnipeg by way of Grand Trunk to Chicago and North Western to St. Paul in practically the same time as by Canadian Pacific direct. This route possesses the added interest of a day in either Chicago or St. Paul, with less time wasted in day travelling.

The uniform excellence of the Grand Trunk service to Chicago is too well known to need any comment and too much cannot be said of the elegance of the equipment of the "Northwestern Limited" run by the Chicago and Northwestern Railway between Chicago and St. Paul. These western roads can give many a pointer to the older ones in the east in looking after the passengers comfort.

Talk is cheap, but don't go to a lawyer with this idea.

Worms derange the whole system. Mother Graves' Worm Exterminator dearanger worms and gives rest to the sufferer. It only costs 25 cents to try it and be convinced.

Husband—"Don't you think it would be as well to save the money for a rainy day?"

Wife—"Good gracious, no! I can't go shopping on a rainy day."

Dr. Agnew's Ointment Cures Piles.—Itching, Bleeding and Blind Piles. Comfort in one application. It cures in three to six nights. It cures all skin diseases in young and old. A remedy beyond compare, and it never fails. 55 cents.—63

He (admiringly): "You're not the sort of girl to give yourself away." She (insinuatingly): "No, but you might ask father."

To discern and deal immediately with causes and overcome them, rather than to battle with effects after the disease has secured a lodgment, is the chief aim of the medical man, and Bickle's Anti-Consumptive Syrup is the result of patient study along this particular line. At the first appearance of a cold the Syrup will be found a most efficient remedy, arresting development and speedily healing the affected parts, so that the ailment disappears.

A HUMAN COMPASS.

Little Jack—"What did papa mean by saying that he was the captain of this ship?"

Ma—"Oh! that is only his way of saying that he is the head of the house."

Little Jack—"If pa is captain, then what are you?"

Ma—"Well, I suppose I am the pilot."

Little Jack—"Oh, yes; and then I must be the compass?"

Ma—"The compass? Why the compass?"

Little Jack—"Why, the captain and pilot are always boxing the compass, you know!"

MUCH WISER.

It is better to buy a cottage for cash than a mansion on the instalment plan.

SURPRISED.

"What interested me most in my travels," said Henpeck, "was the mummy of a queen I saw in Egypt."

"Wonderful, eh?" asked his friend.

"Yes, it's wonderful how they could make a woman dry up and stay that way."

The Greatest Tonic is "Ferrovim." It is pleasant in taste and contains just the nourishment and strength-giving qualities that are needed by those who are sick and weakly.

Lawyer: "I really hope I don't annoy you with all these questions?" Fair Client: "Not at all. I'm used to it. I have a six-year-old son."

Suffer no More.—There are thousands who live miserable lives because dyspepsia dulls the faculties and shadows existence with the cloud of depression. One way to dispel the vapors that beset the victims of this disorder is to order them a course of Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which are among the best vegetable pills known, being easy to take and are most efficacious in their action. A trial of them will prove this.

"Well, Fritz, you got birched in school to-day?" "Yes, but it didn't hurt." "But you certainly have been crying?" "Oh, I wanted to let the teacher have a little pleasure out of it."

Kidney Experimenting.—There's no time for experimenting when you've discovered that you are a victim of some one form or another of kidney disease. Lay hold of the treatment that thousands have pinned their faith to and has cured quickly and permanently. South American Kidney Cure stands pre-eminent in the world of medicine as the kidney sufferer's truest friend.—62

Jack: "I say, Jim, why aren't you calling on Miss Jones any more?" Jim: "Don't ask me, Jack. The reason is a parent."

A lady writes: "I was enabled to remove the corns, root and branch, by the use of Holloway's Corn Cure." Others who have tried it have the same experience.

Waiter—"Two sausages for Herr Bierhuber." Landlord—"Only give him one; he is already intoxicated, and sees everything double." Waiter—"I've already seen after that. He ordered four."

RHEUMATISM AND PARALYSIS.

Their complete home cure. Post free to readers of this paper. For limited period only.

A handsome illustrated treatise, giving full description of Rheumatism and Paralysis, with instructions for a complete home cure, describing the most successful treatment in the world, recommended by the Ministry and endorsed by medical men. This highly instructive book was written by W. H. Veno, a gentleman who has made a study of these diseases. The preface is by a graduate of the University of Wurtzburg. Send postal to-day and you will receive the book free by return.—Address, The Veno Drug Co., 24 King St., West, Toronto

"When a man has a birthday," says a male philosopher, "he takes a day off. When a woman has one she takes a couple of years off."

No Reasonable Man expects to cure a neglected cold in a day. But time and Allen's Lung Balsam will overcome the cold and stave off consumption. Cough will cease and lungs be as sound as a new dollar.

Father (meditating on time's changes)—"Ah, yes, the fashion of this world passeth away!" Daughter—"Indeed, it does, papa. I shall want a new hat next week."

No Alcohol in It.—Alcohol or any other volatile matter which would impair strength by evaporation does not in any shape enter into the manufacture of Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil. Nor do climatic changes affect it. It is as serviceable in the Arctic Circle as in the Torrid Zone, perhaps more useful in the higher latitudes, where man is more subject to colds from exposure to the elements.

JAPANESE SHRINES.

The latest official returns show that there are 193,299 shrines and 109,970 Buddhist temples throughout Japan, in addition to 1,142 Christian churches and other places of worship. The Shinto and Buddhist priests number 84,488 and 73,270 respectively, while the ministers of other religions are 10,038 in number, including 441 foreign missionaries.

DODD'S KIDNEY PILLS

CURES ALL KIDNEY DISEASES, RHEUMATISM, BRIGHT'S DISEASE, BACKACHE, DIABETES

Beware of imitations, said only in boxes.

Young Men of Canada

AND YOUNG WOMEN TOO

Get a BUSINESS or SHORTHAND education. Nothing will pay you so well, and no school can do so well for you as the old successful

CANADA BUSINESS COLLEGE OF HAMILTON.

We can place 200 of our graduates in GOOD SITUATIONS during the incoming year. We did it this year and can do it again. This is the old reliable college of Canada, established 40 years, 25 years under present principal. Over 4000 graduates in successful business life. Try it. Write

R. E. GALLAGHER, PRINCIPAL,
C. B. College, Hamilton, Ont

Y. M. C. A. Buildings.

FARMERS!

This is the season of the year when you need to use every precaution with your stock. By the use of

STOCK TONIC

and other remedies you have the best guarantee of health to your stock.

Valuable Advice Free

Use it and become your own veterinary surgeon.

The VETERINARY SPECIALTY CO., Limited
556 DUNDAS ST., TORONTO, ONT.

ALL IN IT.

Binks—"If you're worried so much about your debts, why don't you join a 'don't worry club'?"

Jinks—"I did, and found that most of my creditors belonged to the same club!"

A Recognized Regulator.—To bring the digestive organs into symmetrical working is the aim of physicians when they find a patient suffering from stomachic irregularities, and for this purpose they can prescribe nothing better than Parmelee's Vegetable Pills, which will be found a pleasant medicine of surprising virtue in bringing the refractory organs into subjection and restoring them to normal action, in which condition only can they perform their duties properly.

POOR, BUT HAPPY.

It is better to hear a baby crying in the kitchen than to hear a French poodle barking in the parlor.

Just a Word of caution; Where the skin is destroyed by burns or scalds apply Weaver's Cerate immediately; the sooner the better.

Daughter—"Mamma, if I must write to Mr. Bray about his extortionate bill, should I say, 'Dear Mr. Bray'?" Mamma—"Certainly, under the circumstances."

Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder.—Rev. W. H. Main, pastor of the Baptist Emanuel Church, Buffalo, gives strong testimony for and is a firm believer in Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder. He has tried many kinds of remedies without avail. "After using Dr. Agnew's Catarrhal Powder I was benefitted at once," are his words. It is a wonderful remedy. 50 cents.—65

"Mr. Linger spends a great deal of time with you, Molly," said Miss Kittish to Miss Frocks. "Yes, but that's all he does spend."

Sunlight Soap is better than other soaps, but is best when used in the Sunlight way. Buy Sunlight Soap and follow directions.

IRISH TYPES.

Three types at least are observable in the South of Ireland—first the dark Italian looking Celt, also found in Devon; secondly, the tall, yellow-haired Danish type, and, thirdly, the aboriginal Aryan of the Volga, with red or auburn hair and blue or green eyes, who may also be found in Cornwall. The dark aquiline type of Wales differs considerably from that of the Irish, and the Irish language is nearer akin to Cornish than to Welsh. The traditional Irishman of caricatures is not often seen in the South, though this type is not unknown even among the upper classes. The soft features and bright eyes of the modest peasant women present many varieties of beauty, and the mingled race of Cork and Kerry—fairer, as a rule than that of the far west—is as vigorous as any in Scotland or in Yorkshire.—'Blackwood's Magazine.'

Bargain List of Farms mailed free. ALF. BROWN, Dept. K, Picton, Ont:

Learn Telegraphy

Great opportunities in the U. S. for Canadians as telegraph operators. 30 to 50 p. c. higher salaries. Positions for all graduates. Send for free catalogue. Det. Tel. & Ry. School, Detroit, Mich.

CARPET DYEING

and Cleaning. This is a specialty with the BRITISH AMERICAN DYEING CO. Send particulars by post and we are sure to satisfy. Address Box 158, Montreal.

Acadian Pride Homespun

(Registered)

The Strongest and best

$2.75

pants made in Canada, heavy weight, dark gray mixture, manufactured from pure Nova Scotia wool. This cloth kept up to the high standard of excellence for quality by the St. Croix Woollen Mills Co., Ltd., Newport, N. S. These pants are kept by the leading clothiers of the Dominion. If you cannot secure them write

Clayton & Sons

HALIFAX,

and enclose $2.75 with waist and leg measure for ample pair, which will be delivered to you postage paid anywhere in Canada, except the Yukon.

"Look here! I found two stones in the milk-can yesterday!" "I'm not surprised, ma'am. The water is very low just now in the pond where the cows drink."

The Effects Produced by Witch Hazel when combined with Menthol as found in "The D & L" Menthol Plaster are truly magical. It being a specific for rheumatism and neuralgia.

"Our minister gave the organist a great blowing up." "What did the organist do—resign?" "No, he gave the organ one."

A Casket of Pearls.—Dr. Von Stan's Pineapple Tablets would prove a great solace to the disheartened dyspeptic if he would but know their potency. They're veritable gems in preventing the seating of stomach disorders by aiding and stimulating digestion—60 of these health "pearls" in a box, and they cost 35 cents. Recommended by most eminent physicians.—64

Customer—"And is this chair really an antique piece of furniture?" Dealer—"Antique, madam? There's no doubt about that. Why, it was so worm-eaten when I bought it that I have had to have a new back, a new seat, and three new legs made for it!"

Cash or Cure

If Shiloh's Consumption Cure fails to cure your Cold or Cough, you get back all you paid for it. You are sure of a Cure or the Cash.

If it wasn't a sure cure, this offer would not be made.

Can anything be fairer?

If you have a Cold, Cough, or any disease of the Throat, Lungs or Air Passages, try

SHILOH

25c. per bottle. All dealers guarantee

THE
NORTH HASTINGS REVIEW
MADOC, ONT.

J. R. ORR, EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS:

SUBSCRIPTION $1.00 per annum, if paid in advance; $1.50 if in arrears.

Contributions, articles and letters intended for publication must be addressed to the Editor.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS.—The date of expiration of all subscriptions is on the printed address slips.

ADVERTISING RATES.—Ten cents per solid nonpareil line for first insertion; three cents per line for subsequent insertions.

Advertisements unaccompanied with specific instructions will be inserted until ordered out.

SPECIAL RATES for Commercial Advertisements furnished on application.

Reading Notices, in local column,—10 cents per line single week, 5 cents for each succeeding week.

Notices of entertainments where an admission fee is charged or where pecuniary benefit is realized,—10 cents per line. Same notices FREE when printing is ordered from this office.

Births, Deaths and Marriages inserted FREE.

The North Hastings Review.

MADOC, DECEMBER 28, 1905.

Happy New Year!

THE REVIEW cordially wishes our readers everywhere a bright, happy and PROSPEROUS NEW YEAR.

A Good Suggestion.

We cordially endorse the following good suggestions from last week's Ontario:—

Mr. J. W. Pearce, M. P. P., who has had a long and intimate connection with the mining industry in this district, makes the suggestion that a tax of 10cts. per acre per annum be placed by the Ontario Government on all mining lands. There are many hundreds of thousands of acres of valuable mining lands, especially in the Michipicoten district, which have long been held for speculative purposes. The effect of this state of affairs has been to prevent development, by shutting out those who would open and operate mines in those areas and add to the prosperity of the province thereby.

Under the existing policy legitimate mining is discouraged, and the province derives no revenue from the lands thus locked up.

Were Mr. Pearce's proposal, which is as above stated, an annual tax of 10cts. per acre, with sale for unpaid taxes at the expiration of three or five years, as may be determined, the province would secure a considerable increase of revenue, and miners who are now operating would not find the tax—which would not, excepting in a very few cases, amount to more than $50 per year—at all burdensome. The speculators would thus, probably, be obliged to part with a portion of their holdings, and a large area of valuable territory would be thrown open for legitimate business enterprise.

Increase of revenue is one of the chief desiderata of Ontario. The province is growing rapidly and expenses are necessarily increasing, but the income is not keeping pace with the expenditure. This proposal of Mr. Pearce's ought to be acceptable to the Government for the reason that it will add to the revenue, and therefore it is likely to be adopted.

Huntingdon.

TOWN HALL, MOIRA, Dec. 15, 1605.

Council met, all the members present.

Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

On motion of J. Gay and S. Ray, the road surveyor was ordered to sell the timber on road allowance between 9th and 10th concession, across ½ of lot 13.

On motion of J. Gay and J. G. Elliott, Ed. McCullough's assessment was reduced $100, owing to his not having received notice of his assessment in time for Court of Revision.

On motion of J. G. Elliott and J. Gay, A. Rushnile was paid $12 for work done on Rushnile's Hill.

A by-law was passed appointing polling places and Deputy Returning Offices for each polling sub-division as follows:—

No. 1.—Town Hall, Moira, A. Herity, D. R. O.

No. 2—Orange Hall, West Huntingdon, Arch. Adams, D.R.O.

No. 3—Orange Hall, White Lake, Ed. Tweedy, D.R.O.

No. 4.—Myro Perry, Wm. Lahey, D.R.O.

A by-law was passed authorizing the Reeve and Treasurer to borrow $2500 from Dominion Bank to meet current expenses until taxes are collected.

On motion of W. E. Tummon and J. Gay, the road work charged against parties on Morgan's beat be struck off the Roll. Work having been done.

Wm. Haggerty was allowed to cut the timber on road allowance, 8th and 9th concession.

Orders to the amount of $327 were drawn.

Minutes read and confirmed.

Council adjourn sine die.

JAS. HAGGERTY, Clerk.

It's What It Leads to

That makes catarrh such a dreadful disease. If you have Catarrh taint, dropping in the throat, if you hawk and spit and have a stuffed up feeling in your nostrils you should use fragrant healing Catarrhozone at once and get cured. Thousands have been saved from consumption and completely cured by Catarrhozone, so there is no reason why you shouldn't stamp out your catarrh also. Catarrhozone will really cure you and prevent the disease from returning. It's very pleasant, just balsamic medicated vapor—no nauseous drugs. Absolute relief guaranteed to users of Catarrhozone. Try it. Complete outfit, $1.00; trial size 25c.

GEO. WRIGHT'S.

The Delineator for January.

The Delineator begins the New Year with an attractive cover and a display of all that is new in the fashion world, to say nothing of the many features of literary excellence. Of particular interest is an article by Postmaster-General Cortelyou, describing woman's place and share of work in the postal service. The article in the "Safe Food" series is devoted to a discussion of the real value of glucose as a food product. Cecilia Loftus gives her impression of "Ophelia," a character which she has acted with success, and N. Hudson Moore writes of "Old-Fashioned Beds." "The President of Quex," Helen M. Winslow's club story, is continued, a serious note being introduced in the discussion of child labor. "At Spinster Farm" is concluded, as well as John Luther Long's clever story of the stage, "Castles in Spain." The education of the child is the subject of a thoughtful paper by Dr. Grace P Murray, and the pastimes for little folks include the first of a series of fairy tales by Alice Brown. The various departments are filled with matter of interest and value to the woman of the home.

New Advertisements.

Credit Sale.

One span of choice, matched, black Colts, coming three-year-old, 23 Cows, Ayreshire and Holstein.

If you want any of the above attend the sale at 1 o'clock, on January 10th, on lot 7, 10th concession of Rawdon. All will be sold.

ROBT. THOMPSON, Springbrook.

For Sale.

A Phaeton, Gladstone Carriage, Eamily Cutter, 2 Sets Harness, 2 Extra Good Robes.

Having decided not to keep a horse, the above will be sold at **greatly reduced prices.** Robes cost between $80 and $90, the Gladstone Carriage $190, the Family Cutter over $60, and one of the sets of Harness cost between $60 and $70. A good chance for a bargain. Time given if wanted.

A. F. WOOD.

Madoc, Dec. 15, 1905. 51-2

License District of North Hastings.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Eugene Johnson, of Queensboro, has made application for permission to transfer his hotel license to John Wiggins, of the same place, and that said application will be considered at the meeting of the Board of License Commissioners to be held at Queensboro, on the 10th day of January, 1906, at the hour of 7 p.m.

All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

W. J. ALLEN, License Inspector.

Dated at Madoc, Dec. 19th, 1905.

Ayer's

You can hardly find a home without its Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. Parents know what it does for children: breaks

Cherry Pectoral

up a cold in a single night, wards off bronchitis, prevents pneumonia. Physicians advise parents to keep it on hand.

"The best cough medicine money can buy is Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. For the coughs of children nothing could possibly be better."
JACOB SHULL, Saratoga, Ind.

25c., 50c., $1.00. All druggists. J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mass.

for **Throat, Lungs**

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.

If You are Intending

GETTING AN

- INCUBATOR -

why not get one that has proved a success to your neighbors. That's what the **Chatham** has done, and will do for you.

ARTHUR PITTS, Agent, Madoc.

Also Agent for the Famous Chatham Fanning Mill.

Butcher Shop

The undersigned begs to announce that he has commenced business as

Butcher and Dealer in all kinds of Hides,

IN THE

Premises Lately Occupied by Mr. F. G. Lynde.

We hope by fair dealing and right prices to merit a fair share of the public patronage.

We will pay the highest market prices for Eggs and first-class Butter.

Call and see what we will do for you.

G. A. FERGUSON, Madoc.

P. S.—We have just received a supply of Confectionery for the Christmas trade.

Fine Pocket .CUTLERY.

is always an acceptable

Christmas Gift.

We have over 250 patterns to select from in a great many different styles and finishes at from 10c. to $1.50.

Also a large assortment of Skates, fancy enamelled Teapots, Bissell Carpet Sweepers, Silverware, Carying Sets, Copper Fern Pots, etc.

M. W. CONNOR & SON.

'XMAS! 'XMAS!

Just Received, a Large

=Shipment of Silverware=

suitable for 'Xmas and Wedding Presents.

We have also a splendid assortment of

Hanging and Stand Lamps

Don't forget that we sell

THE OXFORD CHANCELLOR STEEL RANGE

the best working Range on the market.

THOMPSON & DAFOE.

$10,000 STOCK

— AT —

T. L. Nickle's New Warerooms

We have just completed extensive improvements to our warerooms, having put on an extra story, complete new glass front, enlarged the inner part of the store, and we are now in a position to display and handle a still larger quantity of goods than ever. We have bought a very heavy stock of

Ladies' and Gents' Furs, including Caps, Mitts, Gauntlets, Robes.

WE HAVE ALSO PUT IN A LARGE STOCK OF

Pianos, Organs, Sewing Machines, harness and Cutters.

THE BELL PIANO, with the illimitable repeating action, is an attractive novelty.

We have decided to have an **Opening of Our New Store for the 'Xmas Trade,** beginning Dec. 9th and lasting until after the 'Xmas holidays, and we are giving a special large discount off our entire stock throughout, during this period. Representatives from the different firms with whom we deal will be present to assist in showing the goods. Do not fail to see that wonderful Oxford Cream Separator, running completely on ball bearings. A large stock of them will be on exhibition in our warerooms. We have the greatest novelty in a new Sewing Machine. Dressmakers and all who are interested should call and see this machine in operation.

Any person interested in the purchase of any of the above goods will do well to call early and select what you want. We will have extra help on to show customers our stock.

Trusting to have an early call, yours for business,

T. L. NICKLE.

See posters for further information.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

VILLAGE of MADOC.

Notice is hereby given that the nominations of Reeve, 4 Councillors and 3 School Trustees, for the Village of Madoc, for 1906, will be held in

Town Hall, Madoc,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905,

at the hour of 7.30 o'clock p.m.

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

No. 1—Town Hall, W. H. Brooks, Deputy Returning Officer.

No. 2—Bowen's Building, B. O'Hara, Returning Officer.

All nominations must be made in writing, signed by both nominator and seconder.

B. O'HARA, Village Clerk.

Madoc, December 5th, 1905.

Municipal Elections!

To the Municipal Electors of the

TOWNSHIP OF MADOC.

Notice is hereby given that the nominations, which must be made in writing, for Reeve and four Councillors, for the Township of Madoc, for the year 1906, will be held in the

Town Hall, Eldorado,

—ON—

Friday, December 22nd, 1905.

at the hour of 12 o'clock, noon,

The Polling, if any, will be held in the following Divisions on Monday, January 1st, 1906:

Division No. 1—Hart's School-house, John A. Ketcheson, Deputy Returning Officer.

Division No. 2—McCoy's School-house, George Smith, Deputy Returning Officer.

Division No. 3—Town Hall, John Rupert, Deputy Returning Officer.

Division No. 4—O'Hara's School-house, James Bird, Deputy Returning Officer.

WM. T. ALLEN, Township Clerk.

Madoc, December 5, 1905.

Estray Heifer.

Came into the premises of the undersigned, lot 13, in the 7th concession of Huntingdon, on or about June 1st last, one red Yearling Heifer. The owner is requested to prove property, pay charges and take it away.

JOHN MORLAND.

50-3 Fuller P.O., Dec. 9, 1905.

Estray.

Strayed unto lot 32, con. 6, Tudor, one white Hog, about 15th September. Owner can have same by proving property, paying charges and taking it away.

JOHN BROWN, Millbridge.

50

DR. PERRY G. GOLDSMITH,

OF BELLEVILLE, will be in

Madoc 2nd Monday each month

at St. Lawrence Hall, for consultation on diseases of eye, ear, nose and throat.

...QUITTING...

After Twenty Years' Service

I HAVE DECIDED TO

Sell Off My Stock, Value About $5,000

GOODS Just Right for the Season.

HERE IS THE LIST:

Men's Suits,
Youths' Suits,
Boys' Suits,
Mens' Overcoats,
Boys' Overcoats,
Youths' Overcoats,
Pea Jackets,
Cardigan Jackets,
Full-cloth Pants,
Home-made Tweed Pants,
Fine Tweed Pants,
Shirts and Drawers,
Top Shirts,
Overshirts,
Fine Shirts,
Collars and Ties,
Sox and Mitts,
Hats and Caps,
Dry Goods,
Small Wares,
Wool Yarn,
Overalls.

All these Goods are first-class and just what you want for the season. Come and get a year's supply. This is one time that you make the money.

Don't forget your pocket-book.

THOS. McNAMARA.

MADOC, November, 1905.

...MEN WANTED...

ALSO

Ladies and Children

—TO—

Buy 'Xmas Goods

TO GLADDEN EVERY HEART.

Suggestions for Ladies.

Great attractions in Furs and Jackets at greatly reduced prices. Collars, Belts, Gloves, Handkerchiefs. Blousings at half price.

For Children.

Coats, Toques, Mitts and Gloves.

For Men.

An endless variety of Caps, Ties, Braces, handkerchiefs, Mufflers, Underwear, Gloves, Mitts, at prices to suit every purse.

ALEX. MILNE

The Central Ontario Railway.

TIME TABLE.

Trains leave Eldorado station as follows:—

Going North.—	Going South —
8.35a.m. for Bancroft	8.35 a.m., Trenton
p.m. for Coe Hill	2.55 p.m. "

Trains leave for the South, Coe Hill 6.15 a.m. and Bancroft at 12.30 p.m.

GEO. COLLINS,
Receiver and Manager.

GO TO

= White's =

FOR YOUR

Storm Sash,
Flooring,
Siding,
and Ceiling.

Custom Work a Specialty...

Points for the different makes of Ploughs.

ISSUER OF MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Will be supplied at either office or residence.

JAMES WHITE.

The Best Fruits -

is what you want.

We have the best quality in every line at very low prices.

Consignment of DINNER SETS

Imported from the manufacturers in England, have arrived.

We sell Good Goods Cheap.

GEO. WRIGHT'S.

HOME NEWS

MADOC, DECEMBER 28, 1905.

Business Notice.

All reading notices of gatherings or entertainments of any kind where an admission fee is charged will be counted as advertising, for which our regular rate will be charged. In cases where posters or dodgers have been printed at this office for such entertainment or gatherings a short notice will be inserted free of charge. Where an admission fee is not charged we will gladly publish a free notice, especially for churches, or church societies.

REVIEW, Madoc.

—Mr. Jim McBain, of Peterboro, spent Christmas with friends in town.

—Miss F. Eldridge, of Napanee, spent Christmas with her mother, in town.

—Misses Roney, of Colborne, are spending a few weeks with friends in Madoc.

☞ F. G. Lynde has removed to the "New O'Flynn Block,"—one door east of his old stand.

—Mr. O. Young, of Salmon Point, spent Christmas the guest of Mrs. Eldridge.

—Miss Helen Orr, of Port Perry, is spending the holidays with her mother in town.

—Mr. Ernest Morrison and Miss Maggie, of this village, spent Christmas with friends in Peterboro.

—Madoc merchants without exception report the best 'Xmas business they have ever experienced. Good.

☞ If in want of a first-class Cooking Range, square or extension, go to white's.

—Mr. and Mrs. Green, of Campbellford, spent Christmas with their daughter, Mrs. Kemp, of this village.

—Miss Blanche O'Hara rendered a beautiful solo in the Methodist Church on Sunday evening last, appropriate to the 'Xmas season.

☞ We pay 19c. for fresh BUTTER wrapped in cheese-cloth, and 4c. for DRIED APPLES. F. G. LYNDE.

—Mr. D. O. Allport, who has been a resident of this village for a number of years, has moved his family to Frankford, where they will reside in the future.

—Mr. Weir, chairman of village streets and sidewalks, some time ago ordered a new snow plow for trial on our streets this winter. The machine arrived this week, and all we want now is sufficient snow to put it to practical test.

—Mr. Robert Gay, a young man recently arrived from England, will have charge of the English Church Missions of Bannockburn, Millbridge and Glanmire in future. He has already put fresh enthusiasm into the work at these places.

—Happy New Year to all!

—Miss Edith Heyworth, of Toronto, spent Christmas with her parents in town.

—Mr. C. D. McDonald, of Campbellford, spent Christmas at his home in Madoc.

—Mr. Herbert Christie, of Hyde Park, spent Christmas with his parents in town.

—Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Bailey, of Belleville, spent Christmas with Mr. Hudgins and family.

—Miss Grace and Mr. Wesley Bristol, of Toronto, are spending the holidays at their home here.

—Miss Laycock, of Marmora, a Madoc resident some time ago, was a visitor here on Tuesday.

—Mr. Harry Ross, who has been holding down a position in the west for some months, is home for the holidays.

—Mrs. M. S. Richmond returned to her home here last week after spending the past three months with friends in Brooklyn.

—The annual oyster supper of L.O.L. No, 517, Eldorado, will be held on January 12th. Particulars later by posters, etc.

—Mr. C. W. Reid, the well-known nurseryman, of Belleville, spent Christmas with Madoc friends and gave THE REVIEW a call.

—Mr. and Mrs. Thos. Barry, of Roland, Man., have been spending Christmas holidays with the latter's sister, Mrs. J. A. Sargent, of this village.

—Mrs. Ashley, of Stirling, spent 'Xmas with her daughter, Mrs. A. Corrigall, also Mr. B. Corrigall, of Toronto, spent 'Xmas with his parents.

—Mr. and Mrs. Ed. Osborne, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Tyson, and Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Herrington are spending the holidays at the home of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. Adam Cooney, Huntingdon Township.

—The marriage notice published in these columns a couple of weeks ago, of Miss Edith Christie, sent us by mail, was evidently wrongly named, and should have been Miss Chrisley. Correspondents should be careful in sending names.

—J. W. Pearce, Esq., M.P.P., of Marmora, Miss Pearce and Miss Feeney were visitors in Madoc on Tuesday. The popular representive for North Hastings called at THE REVIEW long enough to exchange the compliments of the season, and make sure that his subscription was kept well in advance.

Death of An Old Resident.

Mr. Obediah Johnson, one of the oldest and best known residents of Madoc, died at his home near Eldorado on Sunday morning last. He was 77 years of age. A more extended notice will appear next issue.

Lecture.

To-night, (Thursday evening), Rev. E. W. Mackay will give his lecture, "A Holiday in Scotland," under the auspices of the Young People's Society of St. Peter's Church. This is the same lecture Mr. Mackay gave at Cobourg recently, and which was so highly spoken of by those who had the pleasure of hearing him there. The programme will be interspersed with Scotch songs, recitations, etc. Admission 15 cents for adults and 10 cents for children.

He Pleased the Cobourgers.

From a Cobourg paper of last week we learn that the visit of Rev. E. W. Mackay, of St. Peter's, to that town recently, was very much appreciated by the Presbyterians of the place. We take the following extracts from the report:—

"The anniversary services of the Presbyterian church were of a very interesting character this year and were celebrated on Sunday and Monday last. On Sunday most excellent sermons were preached at both services by Rev. E. W. Mackay, M.A., Madoc, a staunch son of Auld Scotia, and one of the most brilliant speakers among the young men of the church in Canada. Mr. Mackay took a brilliant course at Toronto University and Knox College and later a post-graduate course in Scotland with Mr. Beattie three years ago. The large congregations that were present on Sunday were delighted with his sermons. The music was also of a special character, appropriate to the day and the occasion."

A fowl supper was held on the Monday evening following, and at the after programme Rev. Mr. Mackay's address was a rare treat. Starting at Montreal on one of the ocean liners, he gave his hearers a realistic account of the sea voyage, of the first glimpse of the coast of Ireland, then of the landing in the land of the broom and the heather. Continuing Mr. Mackay gave an admirable description of many cities in Scotland, of places of historical and literary interest, the homes of poets, statesmen, eminent divines and philanthropists. Incidentally he gave a much appreciated delineation of Scotch characteristics. The lecture was much enjoyed from first to last, and it is safe to say that all who heard him will be delighted to have Mr. Mackay visit Cobourg again. The proceedings closed with the National Anthem.

BORN

THOMPSON.—At Springbrook, on Dec. 14th, the wife of W. J. Thompson, of a son.

WHYTOCK—Marmora, Dec. 9th, to Mr. and Mrs. D. Whytock, a daughter.

DIED.

HANNAH—In Madoc township, on December 15, Mrs. Aquilla Hannah, aged 56 years, 11 mos.

JOHNSON.—In Madoc township, on the 24th inst., Obedia Johnson, aged 77 years.

RYNER.—At Winnipeg, Man., on the 14th inst., James Ryner, (nee Miss McDonald, of Madoc) Buried at Hazzard's Corners on the 18th inst.

Madoc Model School.

Report for Months of November and December.

DIVISION I.

Number enrolled for November, 30.
Average attendance, 24.
Number enrolled for December, 30.
Average attendance, 25.

PROMOTIONS.

To Pr. II. Cl.—James Holland, Kenneth Connor, Lorne Garbatt, Thos. Bailey, Geo. Holland, Mary Burkitt, Lorne Bassett.

To Cl. I.—Kathleen White, Karl Whytock, Dougal Chambers, Essa Dafoe, Mabel Comerford, Helen Moore, Burton McBain, Bruce McBain.

To Cl. II.—Mary McGhee, Fillie Forestall, Earl Twiddy, Roy Tumelty.

To Cl. III.—Clement Cox, Georgie Caverly, Lillie Vankleek, Johnny Conley, George Roberts, Helen Trotter.

To Cl. IV.—Lulu Trotter, Bert Dougan.

M. ST. CHARLES.

DIVISION II.

Number enrolled for November, 39.
Average attendance, 35.
Number enrolled for December, 39.
Average attendance, 30.

Cl. I.—John Nayler, Gladstone Bassett, Carrie Burkitt, Russell Connor, Alice Barnum.

Cl. II.—Emma Wellington, Kathleen Nickle, Ross Atkins, Jim Burns, Harvey Daws.

Cl. III.—Beryl Allport, Olive Kinloch, Blanche Taylor, Lulu Broadworth, Roy Upton.

HOPE WEIR.

DIVISION III.

Number enrolled for November, 44.
Average attendance, 39.
Number enrolled for December, 44.
Average attendance, 37.

SR. III.—Harold Muldrew, Lennie Smith, Aileen O'Hara, Charlie Gawley, Wesley Vollick, Stewart McIlroy.

JR. II.—Marion Moore, Willie Elliott, Laura McGhee, Harry McBain, Marguerite Tufts, May Pitts.

P. MCCAFFREY.

DIVISION IV.

JR. III.—Laura Connor, Frank Sager, Maggie MacFarlane, Kathleen Dougan, Horace Pitts, Charley Watson, John Bailey.

SR. II.—Blanche Dafoe, Irene Whytock, Kathleen McIlroy, Field Allan, Ada Hill, Keitha Heyworth.

MAYE WEIR.

DIVISION V.

Number enrolled for November, 43.
Average attendance, 40.
Number enrolled for December, 42.
Average attendance, 37.

SR. III.—Edwin Naylor, A. Muldrew, Theron Sarles, Ruth Bristol, Willie Mackintosh, Clara Thompson.

JR. III.—Eddie Mouncey, Marion Wright, Loretto Forestell, Keith Milne, Eddie Keating, Charlie McIlroy.

ISA BREAKELL.

DIVISION VI.

Number enrolled for November, 45.
Average attendance, 42.
Number enrolled for December, 44.
Average attendance, 35.

JR. IV.—Frauces McNamara, Stella Sager, Ida Stewart, Marion Greayes, Daisy St. Charles, Willie Dafoe.

SR. IV.—Mary Dafoe, Myrtle Caverly, Kenneth Hill, Harry Whytock, Helen Bristol, Hattie Ward.

J. MULDREW.

Successful Model Students.

Examination for Third Class Teachers' Professional Certificates, 1905.

The following certificates of the grade and for the time indicated have been granted:—

Third Class Provincial Certificates, valid for three years:

Cassie Bailey.
Ethel Easton.
Lindsay Empey.
Lillie Farrell.
Robina Holmes.
Ella Hubble.
Douglas McConnell.
Myrtle Melburn.
Eva Stocker.
Della J. Wheeler.
Charles Wright.

Renewals of Third Class Certificates, valid only in the County of Hastings:

Euphemia Allan, two years.
Fred. Ashley, three years.
Olive Baalim, three years.
Lucy Berry, three years.
Bessie Corbett, three years.
Margaret McMullen, three years.
Bessie Moon, three years.
Tillie Rodgers, three years.
Olive Anderson, six months.
Margaret Vankleek, six months.
Mattie McClatchie, six months.
Ella Mills, one and one-half years.
E. M. Horton, one and one-half years.
Bertha Frost, one year.

District Third Class Certificates, valid only in the schools named on each certificate, (all in the northern townships of North Hastings) for three years:

Mabel Huff.
Christian Irwin.
Agnes Moore.
Leah Phillips.
Margaret Rollins.
Ory Shaw.
James E. Tanner, two years.
Margaret Wellington.

Renewals of District Third Class Certificates:—

Fred. Knox, Thomas Knox.

—Elections next Monday.

—Madoc was favored with splendid sleighing for Christmas. This town is lucky.

MARRIED

THOMPSON—MCCONNELL.—At the Rawdon Methodist parsonage, Stirling, on Dec. 13th, by Rev. D. Balfour, Miss Cora McConnell, of Rawdon, and John Thompson, of Seymour East.

SHARP—JONES.—At the Methodist parsonage, Stirling, on Dec. 14th, by Rev. J. Grant Albery, Miss Hessie C. Sharp, of Campbellford, to Mr. Thomas Jones, of Wooler.

Election of Officers.

The installation of officers of L.O.L. No. 253, for the coming year of 1906 is as follows:—

W.M.—Albert Dougan.
D.M.—John Elliott.
Rec. Sec.—Stanley Rollins.
Chap.—George Holmes.
Treas.—James Wilson.
Fin. Sec.—Harry Blair.
D.O.C.—Sandy Blair.
Lect.—Erastus Roote, Wm. Young.
Com.—Wm. J. Rollins, Thos. Keene, John Canniff, John Rollins, Wm. Holmes.

The following is the result of the election of officers of Downey L.O.L., No. 425., on Dec. 5th:—

W. M.—H. Kilpatrick.
D. M.—J. Kilpatrick.
Chap.—F. C. Sherwin.
Treas.—R. Downey.
Fin. Sec.—E. Tummon.
Rec.-Sec.—H Downey.
D. of C.—R. H. Downey.
Lec.—E. Tweedy.

A Satisfactory Pile Remedy

Will cure the conditions causing the piles. Try Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut; their frequent use prevents piles. No case ever known where the use of Dr. Hamilton's Pills failed. Price 25c.

Greeting !

At this season of the year we wish to join in the happy expression of general good feeling, and wish all our friends and customers A Happy and Prosperous New Year.

Also,
we wish to apologize to the large numbers on whom we were unable to wait in the last rush before Christmas. We will do better next year.

During 1906 you will find it to your advantage to watch for our advertisement in this corner of THE REVIEW each week. You will find helpful and seasonable suggestions always.

Corner Drug Store.

W. P. J. Alexander,

Druggist. Graduate Optician.

Choose Your 'Xmas Gifts from this list

Our prices are the best in town.

Dolls,	*Bibles,*	*Picture Frames*
Fancy Chinaware,	*Hymn Books,*	*Toilet Sets*
Chocolates,	*Fancy Perfumes,*	*Calendars*
Albums,	*Purses,*	*Books*
Fancy Stationery,	Work Boxes,	Hair Brushes
Games,	Sewing Boxes,	Mouth Organs
Toys,	Pictures,	

Burnt Wood and Leather Goods.

HARRY H. JONES, Phm. B.

Also we burn the initials or full name on anything you wish, free of charge.

1905 IS NEARLY GONE 1905.

I wish to thank my numerous friends and customers for the very generous support of the past year. My business of 1905 a little more than doubled that of 1904. I wish to make 1905 still better, and if careful attention to business and fair and generous dealing will do it, I will succeed.

Wish one and all a happy and prosperous New Year.

G. F. MAYBEE,
Jeweller and Optician.

Eyes tested Free.

Santa Claus... & MacGregor.

SANTA

New Year's Bargains All This Week.

Santa Claus was so well pleased with our Christmas trade that he has consented to stay till the 31st of December to help us give big Bargains for New Year's day everybody is expected to do their part.

SANTA CLAUS & MacGREGOR.

Our Business is Strictly Cash to Everybody.

ESSENCE OF REAL RELIGION

Every Man is Religious in Proportion as He Seeks the Right.

What doth the Lord require of thee, but to do justly, and to love mercy, and to walk humbly with thy God?—Micah vi., 8.

There must be some good reason for the fact that many men feel chagrined if they are charged with being religious. Often these men possess the keenest sense of right and make the strongest insistence on reality. The truth is that they object to the unreality of that which they have learned to call religion; often their protests against spurious types of religion are but declarations of the true kind.

Every honest hearted man turns with loathing from the cant, meanness, and selfishness that wear the guise of piety. It has led the world to think that a religious man is the one who goes to church, uses certain phrases, and generally cuts a cloth of his life to the pattern prescribed by the clergy. Thus easily the good is made to serve the bad.

It is a blessing that there always have been men who repudiated that kind of piety. But to the true man religion is simply the effort to find the right life. He is most religious who lives best. Faiths must be judged by their fruits; a man's religion and his religiousness by his living. That is the best religion which best teaches men to live. If any book beside the bible can do more for us, if any faith beside Christianity can give the world a nobler life,

LET US FIND AND FOLLOW IT.

To the question, what is religion? the bible gives a surprisingly simple answer. Instead of minute rules it gives broad principles; it lifts aloft noble ideals and denounces baseness. It breathes of righteousness, that is, right thoughts, words, deeds, relations. It is the text book on the fine art of living. All other thoughts and teachings but serve this and have value only on account of their service.

Every act is holy, an act of worship, as it serves the good and the true. You can no more confine religion to a church than you can imprison knowledge in a school-room. It belongs on the street, in the home, the office, the shop, wherever men are seeking to do right and make life right. Many a man is religious who would resent the imputation of piety.

Right seeking and right doing in justice and mercy—these make the life of righteousness. There never has been and there never will be any real difference of opinion as to these virtues. He who is ashamed of them has no place amongst men; he who neither seeks them nor endeavors to realize them is not religious, no matter what his professions and protestations may be. And the man who seeks them with all his heart is religious whatever he or others may think.

The time will come when we shall brand as heretical and impious every mockery in forms and words and proscriptions that has so long paraded as the true and only expression of godliness. Then the test of a man's religion will be the measure in which his life makes for justice, mercy, and humility. Then, instead of asking What does ecclesiastical etiquette require me to do? we shall inquire, What is right, noblest, best for a man in a world of men?

This makes the religious man, then, that he seeks the life that deals justly, that walks uprightly,

THAT LOVES MERCY,

that does good and serves and blesses men, that seeks not high things for reward but seeks them in character. This makes the religious man whether he be in sympathy with existing religious institutions or not; these virtues have no substitutes, neither names, ceremonies, nor creeds can take their place.

But when once the life has entered on the passionate search for righteousness, when once the love of justice, mercy, and humility has laid hold on us, there will be little time or energy to give to foolish problems of angels or history, there will be no care whether men think we are religious or not. We shall come to see that our desire in living is the desire of the Lord of all life, that our goal is a divine and glorious one, and nothing will turn us from it. Above all will be a sense of harmony with the Infinite, too deep for words too sacred for expression.

CHINA FOR THE CHINESE

DR. MORRISON, BACK IN THE EAST, SEES TROUBLE AHEAD.

He Says the Mandarins Are Really Trying to Get Together an Efficient Army.

Dr. Morrison, cabling recently to the London Times, says:—After a seven months' absence from China I find evidence of a remarkable change. It is impossible to deny that since the conclusion of the war China's time honored tactics of evasion and passive obstruction have given place to a definite expression of the policy of "China for the Chinese," and to deliberate organized resistance to all foreign influence. In considering the cause of this change it is difficult to overestimate the moral effect of the defeat of a great western power by Japan. The other causes are,

(1) The Pekin Government's assumption that the Anglo-Japanese alliance guarantees the integrity of the Chinese territory, come what may.

(2) The impolitic action of the United States, which, failing to perceive that the recent boycott was merely one manifestation of a general anti-foreign policy has adopted an attitude of conciliation which the Asiatics

NATURALLY MISCONSTRUE.

(3) The influence throughout the province of large numbers of half-educated students, who have returned from Tokio with the idea that China is capable forthwith of following the example of Japan, and finally the withdrawal of the British China squadron and the reduction of the allied garrison in the north.

Among the results of the situation thus created the following are most noticeable:—The apparently sincere efforts of the provincial authorities to bring their military forces into a state of efficiency; the determination, equally conspicuous in Pekin and the provinces, to grant no further concessions to foreigners, and an endeavor to recover control of those already granted. This is accompanied by chaotic proposals for undertaking railway and mining enterprises under the auspices of the provincial officials and gentry who are everywhere busily engaged organizing bureaux of the usual, corrupt, type and devising visionary schemes for carrying out such undertakings under purely native control.

The circulation of mischievous anti-foreign literature of a type similar to that with which the boycott movement was organized in the Kwang provinces is another result, as is the

PERSISTENT AGITATION

in the native press and by public meetings for the maintenance of China's sovereign rights against foreign aggression. The treaty revision commission at no time disposed to facilitate commercial relations, is now openly obstructive, as is demonstrated by the course of the German negotiations. A significant instance of the results of the present attitude of the mandarins was furnished by a disgraceful scene in the mixed court on Friday. The incident would be only locally important were it not a manifestation of a general policy, which unless promptly met with unmistakeable firmness by the foreign powers must have far-reaching results and endanger future friendly relations. It is time united action were taken especially by the commercial powers, clearly to warn the Chinese Government and the Provincial Viceroys of the inevitable consequences of their encouragement of present tendencies.

A coward is a man who knows he's wrong, but refuses to admit it.

RAILROAD BUILT TO MUSIC.

It Goes to Abomey, Once the Scene of Human Sacrifices.

Abomey, the town in which Behanzin, King of Dahomey, lived, was infamous sixteen years ago for the slaughter of human beings that took place there annually. Some thousands of men and women were killed every year to win the favor of the gods or to be companions of deceased persons in the other world. All prisoners of war were thus sacrificed and many slaves were purchased from neighboring countries for this purpose.

Then the French overthrew the monster Behanzin and brought peace of mind to the million people whom he ruled with a rod of iron. Five years ago they began to build a railroad, which has now reached Abomey the scene of the human sacrifices.

The completed part of the railroad is seventy-five miles long, and many hundreds of the natives are now grading the roadbed for its extension to the Niger River. The French have had some funny experiences in building this road.

It starts from the port of Cotonu, and the French had no difficulty in getting the coast natives to work on the road, because they had been trained to work for nearly ten years, had become used to labor and liked its substantial results. There was trouble, however, when the roadbed approached the large native town of Waida, which is filled with delights that are dear to the natives.

Few Dahomeyans when they go near this town can resist the temptation to make a holiday there. When the railroad came within sight of Waida the workmen had just received their wages. They deserted to a man, and it was certain that they would do no more work till they had spent all their money.

No effort was made to get the men back, but messengers were sent through the country to ring bells in every settlement and proclaim that the French would pay good wages to women and girls to work on the railroad. Within a day many hundreds of women and girls were carrying baskets of sand on their heads to dump into a marsh across which the track was to be laid.

The roadbed for the rails was thus built across the marsh and the women were retained in the service until Waida was reached, when the faithless men suddenly became clamorous for reemployment.

While the coast section was being built the inland part of the line was also started, but under different labor conditions. In the interior the natives had not learned to work for the white man and they would not enter his service until their chiefs brought pressure to bear upon them.

A goodly sum was promised to each chief if he could guarantee to supply a certain number of men. In this way sufficient labor was procured. The chiefs were held responsible for the faithfulness of their men. The laborers were well paid.

But it took some time to train the men for this hard work. Their native music seemed to provide the stimulus they needed and so scores of musicians with tam-tams of drums, horns and other squeaky instruments were employed.

They distributed music all along the line. The blacks seemed to forget their fatigue when the music struck up and so the tam-tams and horns helped railroad extension all the way to Abomey.

THE ARGTIC MAIL CIRCLE

JUST SENT OUT ON THE MOST DESOLATE POSTAL ROUTE.

Horse, Deer and Dog Carry It—The Furthest Post 1,800 Miles Beyond Edmonton.

The annual mail for Arctic circle points within the Dominion of Canada has just been despatched via Edmonton, letters only are carried and these are limited to one ounce in weight, as the entire bulk of the packet when it leaves Edmonton must come within 300 pounds.

Registered letters have the preference, although they are not assured of delivery if late, and other letters are taken in the order of the dates of mailing. The route is not only the longest mail circuit in the world but far and away the most desolate and most difficult.

For the two-cent stamp which decorates the corner of the envelope the letter will be carried in some cases from the extremes of South Africa, Australia or India, and it will most probably be necessary to have the carriers go five or six hundred miles into a frozen, forbidding wilderness, the Government expending upon the redemption of the contract of the stamp very many thousand times what it receives, while the carrier must fight single handed

WITH SAVAGE NATURE.

His life and the precious packet entrusted to him are at all times in the hazard.

This is the first year in which the Post Office Department of Canada has assumed the delivery of mail in the extreme north, the Hudson's Bay Company heretofore carrying messages to and from the Arctic and sub-Arctic country. Increases in the number of trappers, missionaries, prospectors, settlers and policemen in the extreme north explain the taking over of responsibility by the Postmaster-General of Canada.

The mail is divided into two packets at Edmonton, one for points between Lac la Biche and Fort Resolution and the other for the straggling outposts of empire as far as Fort Macpherson, the most northerly depot even of the Hudson's Bay Company, 150 miles within the Arctic circle, where the year is divided into a single day and night.

The Lac la Biche mail goes by horse only 120 miles out of Edmonton. Thence forward the dog and the deer are the carrier's subordinates. Deliveries are made at Fort McMurray, Fort Chippewan, Smith's Landing, Fort Resolution, Hay River, Fort Providence, Fort Simpson, Fort Wrigley, Fort Norman, Fort Good Hope and Fort Macpherson. From Edmonton to Fort Macpherson is

1,800 MILES,

and the mail arrives at the fort in April—if it has no exceptional delays.

Besides the packets just despatched, there are several other packets going to the northland within the next week or so, so that all the posts will receive at least a yearly mail. There is a mail made up at Prince Albert that goes as far as the head of Reindeer Lake, at the edge of the great Barren Lands.

The York Factory packet runs to the far north via Lake Winnipeg and the Nelson River. The Moose packet is made up at Matawa and goes via Abitibi River.

The carriers for the east and west shores of the great bay sometimes meet at the southern ports on the shores of the bay, the meetings being made the occasion of short but hearty jollifications. Then each passes on his way.

Although letters for the winter packets are limited to an ounce in weight, there may be much more compressed by the judicious. Very thin paper as a rule is used and cross written.

Everything is news to the people of the Barren Lands, and the same may be said of the greater part of the forts. It doesn't matter if the news is stale. It is read in sequence, and so what's the difference if it did happen six months or a year ago? The clock is

SIMPLY TURNED BACK.

Newspapers and packages are carried to the north on the annual steamers of the Hudson's Bay Company up the Mackenzie River in the Summer. Of course, letters are also carried, but the newspapers convey the tidings of the world and are treasured as fine jewels.

The war in Manchuria, the revolution in Russia, the great disasters of the last six months, all will be news to the northland when other parts of the world have forgotten them. And the people of the north claim a distinct advantage, even over the people of supposedly more favored lands. They never have to wade through a mass of uninteresting and indecisive matter for the facts of the story.

The main facts are all they get, and they must piece out the rest; and unless they are so fortunate as to have a large consignment of papers they are enabled to settle details as their wishes and imaginations ordain.

NEW YEAR'S EVE.

Farewell, Old Year! thy destined race
Will shortly have a close;
And thou among thy forefathers,
Wilt sink into repose.
But ere to dark oblivion's shore,
Thy spirit wings its flight,
I fain would take thee by the hand,
And kindly say, "Good-night!"

For though with thee thou bear away
From life's still cherished shore,
Days, weeks and months, a numerous train
That can return no more;
Yet will the loss prove gain to those
Who walk in truth's fair light;
It brings them nearer to their home
And promised rest—"Good-night!"

We part to meet no more, old friend,
Then let us part in peace;
Thou speedest to eternity,
Where strife and discord cease;
And I, if future years be mine,
How swift soe'er their flight,
Will strive their purpose to fulfil,
Then wish them all—"Good-night!"

HE CAME BACK.

A short time ago a boy fresh from school started work at a factory.

Being late three successive mornings he was discharged. The following morning the foreman was surprised to find the boy at work, and, going to him, said:

"I thought I told you not to come back?"

"Yes," replied the boy, "and don't you do it again. I got a jolly good hiding when I got home, I told father."

The Home

SELECTED RECIPES.

Whole wheat gems.—Two scant cups of sour milk, two cups of unsifted whole-wheat flour, one rounded teaspoonful of baking soda dissolved in a little hot water, two tablespoonfuls of sugar, one-half teaspoonful of salt, one egg, one tablespoonful melted shortening. Beat all hard for several minutes and bake in a quick oven in heated gem-pans.

Turkey in Cups.—This is a very good way to use left over turkey. Butter half a dozen teacups, sprinkle with bread crumbs, and fill them half way to the top with turkey meat chopped fine. Whip two eggs gently and season with one saltspoonful of salt, a pinch of pepper, a few drops of onion juice, and a little finely chopped parsley. Add one cupful of milk, and after mixing well pour into the cups holding the turkey. Set the cups in a pan of hot water, cover them over and steam. As soon as the milk and eggs have become slightly stiff, turn the turkey moulds on to slices of toast and serve.

Orange Egg Pudding.—Peel and slice a half dozen oranges and set aside, with a cupful of sugar over them; in a mixing bowl pour the whites of six eggs; beat until stiff, add a pint of thick cream previously whipped, and two teaspoonfuls of gelatine, which has been dissolved in a little cold water; set this mixture away to cool, and, when partially hardened, stir in the orange and sugar very lightly and pack in a mould. Serve cold.

Chocolate Maple Creams.—Take 1 can maple sugar, 1 cup coffee crush sugar, 1 cup sweet milk and boil together until a little of the mixture dropped into ice water can be rolled into a creamy ball between the fingers. Stir until creamy, then pour into a flat buttered pan. When cold, grate and melt one cake of sweet chocolate and pour over the candy. Mark in squares and break apart when the chocolate is cold. This is simply delicious.

Preserved Pumpkin.—Cut pumpkins in inch squares and to 9 lbs. add 6 lbs. granulated sugar. Pour sugar over the pumpkin and let stand over night. In the morning the sugar will be dissolved. Stir carefully and put on stove in a large pan (I use my largest granite dish-pan), and cook until the pieces are transparent. Add 1 lb. or less of raisins and 2 lemons sliced very thin. Cook a few minutes longer, then put in crocks. You will have a splendid sauce, much better than citron and no one will guess that it is pumpkin.

A German Delicacy.—At a recent dinner our hostess served a clear soup with German dumplings made from a recipe that was sent her from the "father ated me into the secret of making these land." At my request she gladly initiated me in the mysteries. Cut a slice of stale bread into dice and fry in butter until a crisp brown. When they are cold crush the bread with a wooden spoon into the beaten yolks of two eggs, season with salt and a pinch of mace and mix together with flour sufficient to form a batter stiff enough to mold into balls. These should be the size of walnuts. Drop into the boiling soup and cook ten minutes. They will swell to twice the size while cooking.

To Make Cracker Jack.—Everyone enjoys this simple confection, but few know how easily it is made. To make it, pop about six quarts of corn, having it free from hard kernels and scorched ones. Put in a pan large enough to mix it in without spilling. Make a candy of 1 cup good molasses (the dark cheap article will not do), ½ cup white sugar boiled together until it hardens when dropped in cold water. Then add ½ teaspoon soda, and after it has foamed well, pour it over the corn, stirring all the time so that each separate kernel will become coated with the candy. Peanuts may be added if liked, and we think them a great improvement. They should be scattered in during the mixing of the corn and candy. As soon as well mixed together, pack the mixture closely in shallow baking pans, so that it will be in good shape to cut in bars to serve. This is just as good in a week as when first made, if it is placed in a hot oven till dried out perfectly, often seeming even more crisp and tender than at first.

HINTS FOR THE HOME.

Simple Razor Strop Paste.—Wet the strop with sweet oil, and dust a little flour of emery evenly over it.

To Clean a Sink Quickly.—Moisten a wad of paper with a little paraffin, and thoroughly rub the sink. Then rinse with plenty of water.

Bacon Fat, which has been rendered down, will be found to make a beautiful crust for a beef-steak pie. It should be clarified twice in boiling water.

To use up the remains of a rice pudding, cut it in thin slices, press into a neat shape with a knife, brush over with a little oiled butter, and broil over a clear fire.

Skim Milk may be used in making puddings if a little piece of butter or good beef dripping is put in with the milk to replace the cream or fat of milk which has been removed.

Rubbing a bruise with sweet oil and then with spirits of turpentine will usually prevent the unsightly black and blue mark which not only tell tales but deform.

Roll out scraps of pastry till very thin, into crinds the size of a florin, bake till crisp, and keep in a tin till required as a garnish for stews or a foundation for a savory.

When cooking a steak put it into a very hot, dry frying-pan and brown it as quickly as possible. Shake the meat constantly, and turn it with a knife so as to keep in the gravy.

When frying pancakes be sure that the lard in which they are cooked is smoking before you pour in the batter, or the pancakes will stick as you describe.

To prevent tumblers cracking when pouring in boiling water, hold the tumbler in your hand and place your finger on the edge of the glass. Stand the spoon in the tumbler previously to pouring in the water.

Neglected wooden tables may be bleached by spreading on them overnight a layer of wood ashes made into a mortar-like paste with water; the next day brush it off, and scrub. The same paste may be laid on floors when spotted with grease.

Rugs have a tiresome way of turning up at the corners, which spoils their appearance, and in the end the corner gets torn away. To insure against this, directly a rug is bought, bind it on the under edge with stout holland or furniture webbing. The expense of this is trifling, and the rugs will wear twice as long in consequence.

SUPPOSE THAT YOU WERE THE HIRED GIRL.

If you were the hired girl—

Would you like to serve five breakfasts between 7 and 8 o'clock and be rebuked if they were not all hot and crisp?

Would you like to warm up dinner, after your dishes were all washed, to oblige a careless member of the family who had not been working, but has merely stopped for a little longer chat with a friend?

Would you like to hear your mistress discuss your shortcomings with every stranger within her gates?

Would you feel inclined to handle silverware, cut glass and dainty china with loving care when the room in which you rested and slept looked either like a poorhouse dormity or an incipient rummage sale?

Would you feel enthusiastic over your work when your faults were painted in rich, glowing colors and your little successes and achievements were passed unnoticed and unappreciated?

Would you feel like stopping in the midst of your regular duties to wash and iron a shirt waist for a thoughtless young girl who forgot to put it in the wash on Monday, and who needed it at once for a picnic?

Would you enjoy being sent to the grocery around the corner two or three times a day, simply because your mistress was slovenly and careless in her ordering?

Would you think that it was quite fair if you were forced to take care of the baby night after night while the parents went to card parties, dances, the theatre, etc., when you were engaged for general housework, with no hint of duties as a night nurse?

Would you not appreciate a rocking chair in your room, or in a sunny corner of the kitchen, also the right to entertain an occasional caller on the side porch or in the dining-room?

Did you ever stop to consider how a girl waiting on the table must feel when she hears the following conversation day after day: "Mother, is there more of this in the kitchen?" "No, dear, but you take that piece if you want to. Mary can fry herself an egg."

If you had just one afternoon and evening out in the seven days of the week, do you not think that you would feel irritable when your mistress asked you to come back in the evening because she had forgotten it was your day out and invited a few friends in for cards and a rarebit, which you must prepare?

Let the girl go for a fortnight, and you will treat her differently when she comes back.

RUSSIAN GHOST STORIES.

How a Murder Was Revealed—Warning of Death.

In a certain town in the province of Minsk, West Russia, a peasant suddenly disappeared. He was last seen alive leaving the church and going home to his sister, with whom he lived. One day, in a dream, his sister saw her brother. He looked pale, his eyes were closed, and his legs were broken. He told her that he had been murdered by her husband and his brothers. He mentioned the exact date and place of the deed, and added that his body was put into a sack and thrown into the river. He wanted her to find his body and to have it buried in the family grave.

This dream was repeated several times, and at last the sister sought the advice of her aged father-in-law. He told her that it would be difficult to find the body, and if the culprits were brought to justice her children would be left orphans; so, after consideration, the sister gave the matter up. But her brother's spirit would not rest, and appeared in a dream in the above manner to a friend of his. Soon the news spread to the local authorities, who took the matter up. The river was searched, and the body was found in the exact spot indicated.

This discovery had such an effect on the murderers that they at once confessed. They gave all details of the crime—how, after service, they took him to a mill, where they all dined, and on leaving the mill some they attacked their victim. Finding that the sack was too small, they cut off his legs, tied a stone to his neck, and threw him in the river. The above is certified to be perfectly accurate by the local authorities.

A Russian paper relates the following: A fire having occurred in an officer's family at the time of an outbreak of cholera. The eldest son was in an office in a town nearly 200 miles from his home. One morning the family were visited by an undertaker, who said he had received orders from a person, whom he described, to make a coffin for their eldest son. The father replied that the son was far away and the family were alive and well. Directly afterward a messenger came that the eldest son had died of cholera at the same time that his exact similitude had been seen by the undertaker.

TO THE THIRD FLOOR.

"There they were caught, and the babies, up to 5 or 6 years old, were thrown living out of the third-floor windows into the streets. The older children and the grown-ups were killed before being thrown out. The men who told me this said also that a band of several hundred students and a few police arrived in time to arrest some of these murderers, and that after they had been placed in jail some of the prisoners were recognized by their keepers as members of the police force."

Chancoh said that the facet of the dead in the street were too mutilated for recognition. He said also that in a suburb of Odessa a Christian priest saved sixty Jewish children by placing them in his own church.

THE S. S. LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, DEC. 31.

Lesson XIV. Fourth Quarterly Review. Golden Text, Psa. 65. 11.

Hymn verse (tune, "Jesus Loves Me"):

God is good, he crowns the year
With his love and joy and cheer,
May we learn his holy way,
Love and trust him, and obey,
Help us to love thee,
Help us to trust thee,
Help us to follow
Our Leader all the way.

PRIMARY NOTES.

A little talk about crowning. A king is crowned when he is made the ruler of his people. Those who won in the races used to be crowned to show that they were honored as victors over the rest. But when a thing is finished it is said to be crowned. We have now finished a year of Sunday school and of Sunday school lessons from God's Word. David in talking to God told about a crown for the year. He said to thank God, "Thou crownest the year with thy goodness." What a beautiful crown! No one but God could finish the year with such a crown as this. It means, too, that every day in the year has worn the crown of God's goodness.

We have had some jewel words for the last thirteen weeks and for the lessons as we have learned them. If we put these shining truth-jewels together we shall know something about the crown of the year.

Here they are in order (1) Wisdom. (2) Deliverance. (3) Gladness. (4) Holiness. (5) Power. (6) Love. (7) Safety. (8) Prayer. (9) Temperance. (10) Watchfulness. (11) Obedience. (12) Gifts. (13) Salvation. (14) Review, Goodness.

In conducting review, teachers may well group the lessons around the characters mentioned, and call for the truth jewels in connection. These lesson truths can be recalled in accordance with the way in which they have been preserved. If they have been written upon cardboard they may give them in turn, the class repeating them in concert afterward.

These should be special drill upon the characters that have been the basis of study. They are Daniel, Belshazzar, Cyrus, Zerubbabel, Zechariah, Esther, Ezra, Nehemiah, Paul, and the Messiah.

Thought for Teachers:

Dearly beloved, a parting word
I would speak for the closing year:
If in His name you have ministered,
Your secret desire his ear hath heard,
And he saith to you, "Be of good cheer."

PHONOGRAPH IN OFFICE.

Business Men Now Dictate Correspondence to the Machine.

The business phonograph is one of the latest developments in office time-saving devices. It has the advantage of being always ready for work and never has to be called away from some other task to take dictation. In brief, it is a phonograph, built for the office desk, whose motive power is electricity, easily connected with a chandelier or by a direct wire with the electric current that supplies every business building nowadays. It is ready for action when a cylinder is placed in position and the current turned on. The cylinder will hold from fifteen to twenty letters, and as soon as the cylinder is full it may be transferred to another machine in another room, if necessary, or if sired, where the letter is reproduced in the ears of the typewriter, and by it transcribed on a machine. It is, of course, one of the devices of the wizard Edison, and has within the past three years been brought to a high state of perfection. The idea of the business phonograph is not new. The first ones were put into commission as long as fifteen years ago. The idea then did not receive the favor that has come to it of late. The first machines, moreover, were not a business success. The new machines are complete mechanically, easily handled and adjusted, free from intricate mechanical devices, and not in bulk.

The advantages in their use lie this—that the phonograph is always ready for action. The letter may be upon it at any time, correspondence not pile up on the office desk, memoranda may be put upon it, before matter is forgotten or overlooked. Further advantages lies in the fact the transcriber wastes no time in waiting for letters to write. As soon as cylinder from one machine is filled another one may be taken up, and thus possible for a business concern to lessen the number of typewriters employed by keeping them busy all time.

Business men who have tried machine are enthusiastic in its praise. It is coming into use very largely in concerns where a large amount of correspondence is handled. Those who business it is to write letters find great convenience to have a device at hand which is ready at all times to take the matter that is to go out.

GUESSING AT IT.

"Yes," said Miss Ann Teek, "I has my wedding ring all ready."

"What did you say was engraved on it?" asked Miss Knox.

"Kismet. You know what that means, don't you?"

"Why—er—I suppose it's Latin for 'better late than never.'"

THE SULTAN'S HAREM

The Sultan's harem costs $1,000 yearly. About 100 women every year to marry, and each $37,500 dowry. Yet the ... never falls below 300. Every ... struggles to get his daughter ... each has ten servants, a coach and four, and a possibility of ... ing influence over the Sultan.

Your ship will never come in if you go out with a tug to meet it.

GUNNERS SHELLED REFUGEES

Terrible Slaughter Through An Error In a Russian Town.

SLAUGHTER AT TUKUM.

A despatch from Berlin says:—A despatch to the Lokal Anzeiger gives details of the fighting and slaughter at Tukum, Courtland, on Dec. 18 and 19.

When the rebellion broke out in Courtland, 40 dragoons and three officers were sent to protect the little town of Tukum. A force of peasants besieged the place and soon captured it. The dragoons surrendered when their ammunition was gone and yielded up their weapons on a guarantee of personal safety.

The peasants, however, immediately the arms were handed over to them, treated the dragoons in a most brutal manner, gouging out their eyes, chopping off their noses and ears, and finally killing Col. Mueller, who was beheaded. They then committed atrocities upon the townspeople.

Meanwhile reinforcements of artillery arrived, and, finding the town in possession of the rebels, they bombarded it. The inhabitants, victimized by foes within and friends without, waited until night and then fled to the artillerymen for protection. The artillerymen, supposing that the townspeople were rebels advancing to attack them, shelled them with terrible effect.

The correspondent estimates that 600 of the townspeople were killed by the soldiers and 400 by the rebels. Another more likely estimate is that 600 were killed and wounded.

APPEAL FOR AID.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—Eight hundred landowners of the Saratoff district have telegraphed to Premier Witte, appealing for the National Assembly, in order to satisfy the land hunger of the peasants, the only hope of ending the agrarian uprising. The landlords also demanded additional troops to prevent the sacking of the remainder of the estates in the Volga.

The Novoe Vremya prints a despatch from Riga, dated Dec. 18, saying that the Letts are completing their armed organizations, and are ambushing and driving out the troops from the country, destroying the bridges and transforming the castles and residences of the landlords into forts.

MANY WORKS CLOSE.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says:—The strike promises to be on a far more extensive scale than any previous movement of the kind. Many of the largest works, including the Putiloff and Nobel concerns, have ceased operations.

The railroad stations here on Wednesday were occupied by troops, and the Government made an attempt to maintain some sort of train service, especially to the German frontier, and also to keep open communications with points abroad.

Reports received here from Moscow late on Wednesday afternoon indicate that the strike was successfully inaugurated and is spreading rapidly. Even the electric light plants are closed.

Governor-General Doubassoff has declared the city to be in a partial state of siege, which gives the civic authorities powers of arrest, etc. The next move will be to declare a state of siege, in which the military supersedes civil power.

The provincial authorities have already been empowered, in anticipation of the contingency of their being cut off from the capital, to act on their own responsibility, even to the extent of the proclamation of martial law.

The police are hunting down and arresting the strike leaders as rapidly as they can be found, but comparatively few captures have been made, as the leaders keep in hiding, avoiding their residences, and meeting in secret, each time at a different locality.

STRIKE AT WARSAW.

A despatch from Warsaw says:—Employes of the fire department struck on Wednesday night. The Polish National party has ordered the shopkeepers to remove their Russian signs.

It is reported from Nicolaieff, in the Government of Kherson, that two infantry regiments revolted on Wednesday, and that a sanguinary fight ensued. Details are lacking.

The Polish Nationalists have come to the decision that the Jews in Poland must be transformed into Poles, and the Nationalists therefore have issued a proclamation calling on all Israelites to discontinue speaking Yiddish, and to learn the Polish language.

Cossacks surrounded the offices of the Socialist organ, Kurjer Codzienny, at midnight, arrested the editoral staff and sealed up the offices.

TIMBER WAS PROTECTED.

Forestry Report Says Fire Ranging System Was of Value.

A Toronto despatch says: Some interesting facts regarding the progress of systematic forestry in the Province of Ontario in the report of the Bureau of Forestry for 1904 has just appeared in print. After speaking of the progress made through the supplying of planting stock to the farmer by the Ontario Agricultural College, the document speaks of the value of the fire ranging system in operation on public forest lands under license. This, it states, is an increasingly useful institution in the protection of the standing timber, in which both the lumbermen and the province have such a large financial interest. The number of rangers applied for by the lumbermen has not been greater before.

During 1904 a fire protection service was organized along the line of the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, which running through almost unbroken forest, was a source of danger. This was paid for by the Department of Crown Lands and the railway Commission jointly. It proved very efficient, and its value was increased by the fact that the rangers used railway velocipedes and were able to follow up the trains and extinguish any incipient fires.

Since the issue of the report of 1903 two additions have been made to the permanent forest reserves, amounting in all to 6,700 square miles, and known as the Western Temagami and the Mississaga Reserves.

The book contains a number of valuable and instructive papers on forestry subjects by Prof. Judson F. Clark, provincial forester. There are also a number of good illustrations.

AIMING AT FRIENDSHIP.

New British Cabinet to Discuss Relations With Germany.

A Berlin despatch says: The Tageblatt says the new British Cabinet will initiate a discussion of the Anglo-German differences, aiming at securing cordially relations between the two nations. Chancellor Von Buelow congratulated Prime Minister Campbell-Bannerman and Foreign Secretary Sir Edward Grey on their taking office, and received cordial replies.

ORE SAMPLES ARE RICH.

Vein of Gold ..100 ..Feet Long at Laurentian Mine.

A Toronto despatch says: Some confirmation of the reports that a valuable discovery of gold has been made at the Laurentian Mine, near Lake Manitou, has been received at the Provincial Bureau of Mines. Mr. Anthony Blum, of Boston, the president of the company, has been in the city with samples of the ores found in the vein. These Mr. Thomas Gibson, the superintendent of Bureau of Mines, who saw them, says are the richest samples of goldbearing rock that he has ever examined. Blum adds that there is at present sight a pay-chute of mineral extend-

FARMS FOR LONDONS' POOR.

Defective Electric Wire Causes $550,000 Experiment.

A despatch from London says: Mr. Herring, formerly a well-known turfman, who is the chairman of several commercial companies, and a big contributor to the King's Hospital Fund, has given the Salvation Army £100,000 with which to experiment with land colonization in Great Britain.

Gen. Booth, the commander of the army, has written to the King explaining the scheme. He will select about 300 deserving urban poor and will establish each of them in a cottage, with five acres of land, farming implements, etc. All of the money advanced in this way will be repayable in instalments spread over 400 years, after which the land will be conveyed to the holders. The scheme will thus be self-supporting. It will be controlled by the Salvation Army, which undertakes to hand over the original capital to the hospital fund in annual payments rdard rdardrdrrr in annual instalments of £5,000. Any profits will be applied to extending the scheme.

KILLED WIFE AND SELF.

A Shocking ..Domestic Tragedy at Buffalo.

A despatch from Buffalo, N.Y., says: Driven to desperation by the refusal of his wife to live with him ever since the day they were married, Wm. McCoy, a seaman on the lakes went to his wife's home at No. 384 Swan street on Wednesday night talked with her for about fifteen minutes and then fired four shots at her. Two of the shots went wild but one bullet hit the woman near the heart and another entered one of her limbs. Death followed in a few minutes. Without waiting to learn whether his wife's wounds were fatal McCoy put a bullet into his own heart and fell dead.

McCoy was twenty-three years old. His wife was three years younger. The couple were married two years ago last March. The young woman had refused to live with her husband from the day they were married for a reason which she had never communicated to any one so far as could be learned.

SUFFRAGE BILL IN HUNGARY.

All Hungarians Over 24 years of Age May Vote.

A despatch from Budapest, Hungary, says: The terms of the proposed universal male suffrage bill made public on Tuesday give the franchise to all Hungarians over 24 years of age who are able to read and write, providing that voting shall be direct and secret and that any one entitled to vote shall also be qualified for election provided he has been a Hungarian subject for ten years and has not been sentenced for dishonest practices.

DUKE OF CONNAUGHT'S VISIT.

Expected to Reach Canada About Last Week in March.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Prince Arthur of Connaught is expected to arrive in Canada from Japan the last

THE WORLD'S MARKETS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES.

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese, and Other Dairy Produce at Home and Abroad.

Toronto, Dec. 26.—Wheat—The market for Ontario grades continues very quiet, and prices are unchanged. No. 2 white quoted outside at 79c, and No. 2 red and mixed at 78c outside. No. 2 goose, 73 to 74c outside. Manitoba No. 1 hard, steady, at 83c. Georgian Bay points; No. 1 Northern at 86c, and No. 2 Northern at 83c.

Oats—No. 2 white are quoted outside at 34 to 35c.

Barley—No. 2 quoted at 48c; No. 3 extra at 46c; and No. 3 at 44c at outside points.

Peas—No. 2 quoted at 78 to 80c outside, the latter for milling.

Corn—The demand for Canadian is fair, with buyers at 44c west. American new corn is steady at 51c for No. 3 yellow, on track, Toronto.

Buckwheat—Prices nominal at about 52c per bushel.

Rye—No. 2 quoted at 70 to 71c outside.

Flour—Ninety per cent. patents for export quoted at $3.10 to $3.15 in buyers' sacks at outside points, do., in bbls, at $3.45 to $3.50. Manitoba flours are firm; No. 1 patents, $4.60 to $4.80; No. 2 patents, $4.30 to $4.40, and strong bakers', $4.20 on track, Toronto.

Millfeed—Bran continues scarce in Ontario, with prices quoted at $16.50 outside. Shorts are quoted at $17 to $18 outside. Manitoba bran in sacks, $16.50 to $17.50, and shorts at $18.50 to $19.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Apples—Choice stock, $3 per bbl, and inferior qualities, $1.75 to $2.25.

Beans—Hand-picked, $1.75 to $1.80; primes, $1.65 to $1.70.

Honey—The market is steady at 7 to 8c for strained, and at $1.50 to $2 per dozen combs.

Hops—Steady at 15 to 16c per lb.

Hay—Car lots of No. 1 timothy are quoted at $8 to $8.50 on track here, and No. 2 at $6 to $6.50.

Straw—Car lots quoted at $6 to $6.50 on track, Toronto.

Potatoes—Ontario stock 70 to 72c per bag, and Delaware, 80 to 85c per bag on track.

Poultry—Turkeys, fresh killed, 13 to 14c; ducks, 10 to 11c; geese, 10 to 11c; chickens, 9 to 10c; live chickens, 6 to 8c per lb.

THE DAIRY MARKETS.

Butter—Pound rolls are quoted at 22 to 23c; large rolls, 21 to 22c; good to choice dairy tubs, 20 to 21½c, and inferior at 18 to 19c. Creamery prints sell at 25 to 25½c, and solids at 23½ to 24c.

Eggs—Pickled are selling at 21 to 22c per dozen in case lots; fresh at 25c, and new laid are nominal.

Cheese—Large cheese, 13c, and twins at 13½c per lb.

HOG PRODUCTS.

Dressed hogs in car lots are quoted at $7.75 to $8. Bacon, long clear, 10½ to 10¾c per lb in case lots; mess pork, $16 to $17; short cut, 20 to 21c; hams, light to medium, 13c.; do., heavy, 12½c; rolls, 11c; shoulders, 10c; backs, 15 to 15½c; breakfast rolls, 14 to 14½c.

Lard—Tierces, 10½ to 10¾c; tubs, 10¾ to 11c; pails, 11 to 11¼c.

BUSINESS AT MONTREAL.

Montreal, Dec. 26.—There was some enquiry from over the cable for Manitoba wheat for January and February shipment to-day, but bids were about ¾c per bushel out of line, and business was quiet. The market for oats is extremely dull. Prices are still given out as 37c for No. 4, 38c for No. 3, and 39c for No. 2 store. Corn, in round lots, on track, was quoted at 53c for yellow and in a jobbing way, in store, at 56c; mixed being ½c under these figures. Flour—$4.40 for strong bakers', and $4.30 for patents per bbl in bags; Ontario millers are busy, prices being—Patents, $4.55 to $4.70 per bbl; straight rollers, in bbls, $4.10 to $4.20; bags of straight rollers being $1.90 to $2, and extra bags being $1.65 to $1.75. Millfeed—Prices for Manitoba are $17 per ton for bran, and $19 for shorts in bags; Ontario in bulk are quoted at $1 less. Hay—No. 1, $8.50 to $9 per ton on track; No. 2, $7.50 to $8; clover, $6 to $6.50; clover, mixed, $6 to $6.50. Beans—Choice primes, $1.75 per bushel; hand-picked, $1.85. Potatoes—In bags of 80 lbs, 53 to 55c; in bags of 90 lbs, 60 to 70c. Honey—White clover, in comb, 13 to 14c per 1-lb section; extra, 7½ to 8c; buckwheat, 5½ to 6c. Provisions—Heavy Canadian short cut pork, $19 to $20; light short cut, $18 to $19; American short cut, $19; American cut clear fat back, $19 to $20; compound lard, 6½ to 7c; Canadian pure lard, 10½ to 11c; kettle rendered, 11½ to 12c; hams, 12 to 13c; bacon, 13 to 14c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, $9 to $9.25; alive, $6.50, mixed lots. Eggs—Straight stock, 20 to 21c; No. 1 candled, 20c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 23½ to 23¾c; undergrades, 22¾ to 23c; dairy, 19 to 20c. Cheese—Ontario, 12¾ to 13c; Quebec, 12¾ to 12½c.

UNITED STATES MARKETS.

Duluth Dec. 26.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 83¾c; No. 2 Northern, 81¾c; December, 83¼c; May, 85¾c.

Milwaukee, Dec. 26.—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 87 to 88c; No. 2 Northern, 83½ to 85½c; May, 88¾ to 89½c bid. Rye—No. 1, 68 to 69c. Barley—No. 2, 54½ to 55c; sample, 38 to 54c. Corn—May, 44½c bid.

Buffalo, Dec 26.—Flour—Quiet and steady. Wheat—Spring, dull; No. 1 Northern, 83¾c; winter scarce; No. 2, hard, in store, 88½c asked. Corn—Unsettled; No. 2 yellow, 50½c; No. 2 corn, 49½c. Oats—Unchanged; No. 2 white, 36¾c. Barley—Offerings light; 45 to 58c. Rye—Dull; No. 1, 74½c on track.

Six burglars cracked a bank safe with nitro-glycerine in Suffield, Conn., on Saturday. The explosion was heard a quarter of a mile away, but they escaped.

Walter G. Williams, his wife and two children, escaped being burned to death in a fire which destroyed their home, at Williamsport, Pa., by being awakened by the cries of the family [illegible] was crouching at [illegible]

THE PRINCE IN INDIA.

Reviews the Greatest Peace Army Ever Gathered Here.

A Calcutta despatch says:—The Prince of Wales reviewed the greatest army that ever assembled in India at a time of peace at Rawal Pindi, in the Punjab, on Dec. 8th. It was the concluding item of the great manoeuvres organized by Lord Kitchener, the Commander-in-Chief, and impressed deeply by its magnificence all who were privileged to see it.

British soldiers in scarlet and khaki contributed their color to the military mosaic in which Sikhs, Goorkhas, Punjaubis and Pathans also figured. Fifty-five thousand men in all marched past the Prince at the saluting point, mobilized as if they were on a mission of war.

The Commander-in-Chief had prepared his manoeuvres with the completeness of detail for which he is famed. They represented a war game under war conditions, and were made to demonstrate war problems by putting real tests upon the men.

For four days the army had made exhausting marches and engaged in sham fighting. Some of the troops had covered over a hundred miles; others had slept out for two nights. But they showed no trace of fatigue when they paraded to-day. What struck one most was the splendid condition of the army.

The Prince had spent the greater part of the previous four days on horseback, but he remained in the saddle for five hours at the review and enjoyed thoroughly the superb spectacle that had been prepared for him.

DEATH BED VISION A FAKE

Men Die as They Have Lived, With Little Thought of the Future.

A New York despatch says:—Dr. William Osler, now of England, in his latest book, says that "deathbed" visions, believed in by thousands and of which there are scores of supposed authentic records, is plain nonsense. Moreover, he supports his declaration by 500 deathbed observations of his own, which he thinks prove absolutely that such reported visions are untrue. In all these cases there was suffering, fear and emotion, but no thought of the future. His observation is a startling contribution to a subject which has always keenly interested scientists, clergymen and physicians, and it is certain to provoke general discussion.

Dr. Osler says: "As a rule, man dies as he has lived, uninfluenced practically by the thought of a future life. I have careful records of about 500 deathbeds, studied particularly with reference to the modes of death and the sensations of the dying. Ninety suffered bodily pain and distress of some sort or another; eleven showed mental apprehension; two positive terror; one expressed spiritual exaltation; one bitter remorse. The great majority gave no sign one way or the other; like their birth, their death was sleep and a forgetting. The preacher was right in this matter—man hath no preeminence over the beast—'As one dieth, so dieth the other.'"

MUST USE THE RIFLE.

Minister of Militia's Proposition to Ministers of Education.

A Montreal despatch says:—The Minister of Militia, Sir Frederick Borden, at a banquet tendered him on Tuesday night by the local Rideau Club, announced that he had proposed to the Ministers of Education in the various provinces of Canada that all Normal and High school graduates be obliged to take a course in physical culture, particularly as regards the use of the rifle. He had also signified the willingness of the Department of Militia to send men to do the training and supply the rifles. From all provincial Ministers, irrespective of party, encouraging replies had been received with promises of cordial co-operation. Sir Frederick hoped that by the next session of Parliament he would have a definite proposal to introduce in the House.

NO MORE YANKEE HOGS.

May be Imported in Bond and Slaughtered in Canada.

An Ottawa despatch says:—The Government, after hearing the views of pork packers and raisers have decided that the order-in-Council prohibiting the importation and slaughter in bond of hogs from the United States must go into force. The purpose of the order is to keep hog cholera out of Canada and to maintain the high reputation of Canadian bacon in the markets of the United Kingdom. There is reason to believe that inferior United States bacon has been brought into Canada, exported from here to Britain, and sold there as Canadian bacon.

FOUNTAINS TO RUN WINE

And Madrid to be Turned into a Flower Garden When King Weds.

A London despatch says:—The Express says that on the occasion of the marriage of King Alfonso and Princess Ena of Battenberg, Madrid will be transformed into a flower garden. Wagon loads of roses, and other flowers will be given by the government for the decoration of the city. The fountains in Madrid will run wine. There will be huge costume processions, in which students and others will take part. There will also be a monster bull fight, in which the participants will use historical costumes. The conversion of Princess Ena to Catholicity will be celebrated with great solemnity at the Cathedral of San Francisco, in Madrid. The Cardinal Archbishop of Toledo will preside at the ceremonies [illegible]

ABE HUMMEL SENTENCED.

New York Lawyer Gets One Year in Prison and Fine.

A New York despatch says:—Justice Rogers sentenced Hummel to one year's imprisonment in the penitentiary and $500 fine. This is the maximum penalty. Hummel was one of the most widely known of New York's lawyers. He had been connected with a number of celebrated cases. He entered the law office in which he is now the senior partner many years ago as an office boy.

The charge upon which he was convicted was conspiracy in the Dodge-Morse divorce litigation, in which he sought to show that Mrs. Morse's divorce from Dodge was invalid. The object of this was to upset her marriage to Morse, who is a very wealthy banker and owner of steamship companies.

FOLLOWED THE POLES.

Three Little Girl Tramps Set Off to London.

A despatch from London, England, says:—Three weary little girls were found wandering hand in hand in High street, Colnbrook, and some villagers asking them where they were going, the children began to cry, and said they had lost their way to London.

They told a pathetic story. "We have run away from home at Maidenhead because father beats us, and we are going to find our mother in London. We started from Maidenhead early this morning without food or money, and we walked all day, following the telegraph poles to London. We are so tired and hungry, but we want our dear mother."

A kind villager led the three little mites into his house, and gave them food. The children ate ravenously, but, having finished their meal, wanted to go to London to find their mother. Placing the little ones in his cart, the villager drove them to the Eton Workhouse, where he told the master the circumstances of the case. They were put to bed, and the Maidenhead police communicated with.

Next morning their aunt called at the workhouse, and took the children back to Maidenhead.

CONVICTS PROVED HEROES.

Woman's Workhouse on Blackwell's Island Destroyed.

A despatch from New York says:—Men forgot that they were convicts and remembered only that they were men on Blackwell's Island early on Wednesday morning when the male prisoners, marshalled by their keepers into a fire fighting and life-saving corps, bore from the flaming floors of the women's wards five hundred and ninety-four frantic women, and from the hospital beds fifty more.

Starting in the sewing room of the workhouse and from a cause which has not yet been definitely decided, the fire had reached a fierce blaze at 2 o'clock, when it was discovered. The fire engine on the island proved inadequate and a call for help was sent to the city department.

Seven engines were sent over, but were not sufficient to save the women's workhouse from destruction. On the top floor of this building were cells for the women, and every one held one or two prisoners when the fire occurred. These women became frantic with fright and were soon choking with the dense smoke that filled all the halls and their cells. When the extent and danger of the blaze became apparent, the wardman marshalled his regular fighting force of employes and soon were at work. The flames spread so fast, however, that this force proved hopelessly inadequate. Then it was decided to trust to the male prisoners' sense of manhood and they bore the test well.

Released from their cells and marshalled into small bodies they entered the burning building and went at the work of fire-fighting and rescue with utter disregard of the danger to themselves. The flames were crackling all about them and they plunged through the densest smoke when they brought out in their arms the last of the women prisoners.

FIRE IN FERRY TERMINAL.

Defective Electric Wire Causes $550000 Loss.

A despatch from New York says: Fire on Wednesday destroyed fully half of the immense Union Railroad ferry terminal at the foot of West 23rd street on the Hudson River. The loss was estimated at $550,000. Crowded ferryboats were unloading and hundreds of passengers were disembarking at the terminal when a series of explosions were heard, and immediately dense volumes of smoke filled the great buildings, followed quickly by flames. Great alarm prevailed, and when ferry boats, despite the flames, kept landing passengers from New Jersey a portion of the dock and terminal which were not ablaze, the police from four stations had to be summoned to keep order. Several employees of the railroads were severely burned, and five men were reported to be missing after the fire was under control. The fire started in a paint shop in the Lackawanna building, presumably from a defective electric wire.

WARSHIPS WILL CONCENTRATE.

British Squadrons Will Manoeuvre Near Gulf of Cadiz.

A despatch from Cadiz says: Information transmitted to the Spanish Admiralty confirms a report in circulation here to the effect that the British Mediterranean, Atlantic and Channel squadrons, comprising sixty warships, will concentrate in April near the Gulf of Cadiz, with a base at Lagos, for combined manoeuvres. Some people here are inclined to regard the presence of the British fleet near Morocco at a time when the Moroccan conference

CONDENSED NEWS ITEMS

HAPPENINGS FROM ALL OVER THE GLOBE.

Telegraphic Briefs From Our Own and Other Countries of Re-

CANADA.

Prince Arthur of Connaught will visit Canada on his return from Japan.

Canadian apples are finding favor in France.

Mr. E. F. Hebden has been appointed General Manager of the Merchants Bank.

Over a million and a half dollars were spent by the City Engineer's department during 1905.

The Scottish Canadian Union, to foster patriotic sentiment, has been organized in Toronto.

Earnings of the Temiskaming Railway from April 1 to October 31 were a little over $84,000.

William G. Crawford, formerly classical master, at Jarvis Street Collegiate Institute, Toronto, is dead.

The Government decided to hold an investigation into the affairs of the York County Loan & Savings Co.

Charles Armstrong of St. Catharines committed suicide at Niagara Falls by shooting himself on Saturday.

Three young sons of Jean Parent of Scotstown, Quebec, lost their lives in a fire that destroyed the family dwelling.

A strong Toronto syndicate is understood to have secured the secret German process for the treatment of Cobalt ores.

Joseph Bennett, the Brantford Indian, found guilty of murder, will be hanged. The Cabinet will not interfere.

The Minister of Railways will call for tenders for the superstructure of the proposed two-million-bushel elevator at Port Colborne at an early date.

Dr. Haanel, Superintendent of Mines, has received a sample of the first pig iron turned out at the Government experimental electric smelter at Sault Ste Marie. It is of superior quality.

Capt. Thomas Donnelly will be in charge of the school for mariners to be opened in Kingston in January under the auspices of the Marine Department.

It is reported that all the departments of the C.P.R. operating between Fort William and St. John will ask for a substantial increase of wages and revision of the hours of labor.

The Great Northern Railway has reduced the freight tariff on lumber to the western provinces. The reductions amounts to from sixty cents to a dollar per thousand feet.

It is understood that the Dominion Government has decided on pushing the Trent Valley Canal. The uncompleted portions will be pushed to completion in the spring.

The Quebec Board of Trade has decided to sell its property in the city to the C. P. R. That city will be the port winter and summer of the C. P. R. and Quebec Transport Company Atlantic lines.

Monsignor Laflamme, the Quebec geologist, in his report on Niagara Falls, says that the time will come when the American channel at Niagara Falls will disappear and the intakes of the Canadian works will be dry.

Bishop DuMoulin has issued a pastoral letter to Anglicans of the Niagara diocese pointing out that in spite of the country's prosperity and the increased cost of living, the salaries of rectors and curates remain the same.

The York County Loan Company, on Saturday placed in liquidation by the court. The National Trust Company being appointed provisional liquidator. Mr. W. H. Cross will conduct the investigation into the affairs of the company for the Government.

GREAT BRITAIN.

The sale of the late Sir Henry Irving's effects in London realized between $75,000 and $100,000.

Rider Haggard told an English gathering that it was the people who came from the country to English cities who should be sent to the colonies.

A preliminary census of the London unemployed, showed in one borough over six thousand out of work among ten thousand usually working.

John Redmond, the Nationalist leader, in a speech, declared his confidence that the present British Government would give Ireland an independent Government.

UNITED STATES.

A former Toronto pastor has converted a notorious Buffalo concert hall into a mission.

The anthracite miners' convention is seeking an eight-hour day, to take effect April 1, 1906.

The Typothetae of New York have refused to grant the Typographical Union the eight-hour day, and are preparing to meet a strike.

Alexander Berkman, who shot H. C. Frick some years ago, became converted to Christianity at the workhouse at Fittsburg, Pa., during the last six months of his fifteen-year term. Berkman has been made assistant chaplain of the prison.

GENERAL.

On Saturday a bomb with an extinguished fuse was found in the train on which was President Loubet and a hunting party.

There is a great drought in the Punjaub, India, and great anxiety is felt for the crops.

PORT ARTHUR GROWING.

The Town Claims a Population of Eight Thousand Now.

A Port Arthur despatch says: The special census just being completed of the town is a pretty good index of the growth of this district. In 1901 the Dominion census revealed 3,214 inhabitants in Port Arthur; in the fall of 1904 the population had practically doubled. From the figures from most of the wards it seems that the present population is about 8,000. This census is taken with a view to applying for a city charter. Port Arthur has no intention of permitting Fort William to secure all the [illegible]

His 1905 Open Letter

MR. W. J. GAGE TELLS OF THE GROWTH OF THE CONSUMPTIVE HOSPITALS IN MUSKOKA

Accommodation at Free Hospital Increased by Twenty-five Beds

URGENT CALL FOR FUNDS TO MEET INCREASED BURDEN FOR MAINTENANCE

Dear Friend:—

Contributions from rich and poor, young and old, received by the Free Hospital for Consumptives, toll of the love and charity toward the great work carried on in Muskoka.

Thousands from all parts of Canada not only sent their "God bless the work" but their money also to help to answer their prayers.

The poor widow out of her hard-earned savings, telling how her own heart was made lonely through the dread scourge, as well as the rich insurance companies, have sent their gifts.

2,000 patients have been cared for since the opening of our Homes in Muskoka. 560 of these were treated in the Free Hospital. 150 patients in these two Homes to-day, show how this life-saving work has grown.

Premier Whitney, replying to a large deputation in the interests of the National Sanitarium Association, stated that "personally he thought $100,000 would not be too much for the Government to set apart for this work."

Seventy-five patients to be cared for in the Muskoka Free Hospital for Consumptives means a large weekly outlay. The Trustees accept this obligation, believing the needed money will be forthcoming.

The world is full of good and generous people ready to give. But they want to be sure that their money is wisely spent. In no other place can your money do so much good.

The growing knowledge of the contagious character of the disease has made the lot of the consumptive poor a hard one.

The Muskoka Free Hospital is today the only place where a sufferer in the early stages of consumption is admitted free.

Will you not help to save the life of a sick one to whom all other doors are closed?

What greater blessing could crown your giving, than the knowledge that it helps to snatch a fellow-being from the very jaws of death?

$50,000 is wanted for the coming year. Will you join in this greatest of all charities?

Faithfully yours,
W. J. GAGE.

Toronto, Can.

The Greatest Family Remedy

And one well known in most Canadian homes is Nerviline, a perfect panacea for all internal and external pain. Mrs. R. E. Cartwright, of Morris, says:—I couldn't think of being without Nerviline. When I get toothache Nerviline stop it. If I get sick headache, have a trouble with my stomach or bowels I can rely on Nerviline to cure me promptly. To break up a cold or rub on for rheumatism or neuralgia Nerviline has no equal. It's priceless in any family. Nerviline is king over all pain and costs 25c.

Teacher Wanted.

Teacher Wanted for School Section No. 2, Elzevir. State salary and qualifications.

W. H. WILKINSON.
Secretary,
Queensboro, Dec. 20, 1905.

HOLSTEIN BULLS

for Sale,

whose Dams have produced

over 9000 lbs. of Milk each

in Factory Season.

In Breeding and Individuality they are second to none that can be produced any place.

Prices reasonable.

A Yorkshire Boar for service.

J. A. CASKEY.
Madoc.

For Sale.

1 pair work Horses, Harness, waggon, Whiffle-tree, Neck-yoke, 1 pair Cheboygan Sleighs, 1 covered Buggy, to be sold at a bargain.

THOMAS STOUT,
49 Ivanhoe.

DR. CHAS. JOSE,

MADOC, ONT.

VETERINARY SURGEON,

Treats all diseases of the domesticated animals on the latest and most scientific principles.

If your horse is out of condition USE DR. JOSE'S CONDITION POWDERS.

If he has spavin, splint, windgall, curb or enlargement of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S BLISTER.

If he has cuts, running sores, indolent ulcers, sore neck, shoulders, grease heel, scratches, calks, kicks, or sores of any kind, USE DR. JOSE'S ROMAN BALSAM.

USE DR JOSE'S LINIMENT for sprains, bruises, rheumatism, lame back and swellings of all kinds.

Does your horse slobber, quid his food, drive on one line, hold his head to one side when eating, discharge from the eyes, coat staring and not doing well? Have his teeth examined.

Examination and Consultation Free.

DENTISTRY A SPECIALTY.

All calls personally or by telephone promptly attended.

Office, St. Lawrence street, opposite the Post Office. Residence, 3rd door west of Dr. Harrison's. Telephone No. 46.

CHAS. JOSE, V.S.

Farm for Sale.

The subscriber offers for sale his farm containing 220 acres, more or less, situated in township of Hillier, County Prince Edward. The above is one of the best grain and dairy farms in Ont, situated on the C.O.R., large two story brick house, 2 large bank barns and other out buildings. Convenient to churches, cheese factory and school on the premises. Plenty wood and water, well fenced and in good state of cultivation. Terms to suit purchaser by paying a reasonable amount down. Inspection invited.

W. B. KIRK,
Hillier P.O.

TRY MORRICE & SON

—FOR—

Men's Fine boots,

Ladies' Fine Boots.

Children's School Boots,

Men's Working Boots,

Trunks, Valises, Shoe Polish.

Boots and Shoes made to order.

An assortment of Home-made Work always on hand. Mending done promptly.

MORRICE & SON.

BIG REDUCTIONS

—IN—

Prices of Millinery

—FOR—

the Next Two Weeks

B. O'HARA.

Ayer's Pills The great rule of health—Keep the bowels regular. And the great medicine—Ayer's Pills. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Want your moustache or beard a beautiful brown or rich black? Use BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

FIFTY CTS. OF DRUGGISTS OR R. P. HALL & CO., NASHUA, N. H.

Farm for Sale.

Containing 115 acres more or less in good state of cultivation, well watered with creek and two never-failing wells. All the wood and fruit a person wants for a life-time. Farm double width with a lane in centre, good soil, frame house, drive-house, pig pen, 2 frame barns and shed. Convenient to church, post-office, grocery, blacksmith shop and feed mill. Terms to suit purchaser. Apply to

T. A. JACOBS,
Rose Hall, Prince Edward Co.

Farm for Sale.

The undersigned offers for sale the south half of lot 15, in the 2nd con. of Huntingdon, containing 140 acres. On it is a good stone house, a small frame house, two good barns and waggon house with basement stables under all three of them, good orchard. The farm is well watered, well fenced and well wooded, convenient to school, church, store, post office, cheese factory. Will sell cheap as the owner wishes to retire from business. Terms easy.

S. P. VANTASSEL,
28 Moira P. O.

New PAINT SHOP.

The undersigned, having fitted up a new Paint Shop, is now prepared to do all kinds of

Painting on Buggies, Carriages, etc.

—IN—

FIRST-CLASS STYLE.

Durable work given. Fifteen years' experience. Charges moderate. Shop next door to his residence.

W. J. REED.

Madoc, Nov. 15, 1904.

Attention!

New SPRING GOODS!

We have just received a complete assortment of

MEN'S SUITINGS,

consisting of the best English, Scotch and Canadian Tweeds, Venetians, Irish Serges, etc., and invite the patronage of the public. Call and satisfy yourselves.

Satisfaction guaranteed.

R. McGHEE,
Tailor.

MADOC MARKETS.

The following are the ruling prices for Produce, Grain, etc., in this village. This list is corrected up to the date of going to press weekly:—

Butter, 20 per lb.
Eggs, 20 per dozen.
Potatoes, 60 to 75 per bag.
Onions, $1.00 per bag.
Apples, 50 to 60 per bag.
Wheat, 65 to 72 per bushel.
Oats, 34.
Barley, 45 to 48.
Peas, 65.
Buckwheat, 48.
Rye, 52.
Bran, $18 per ton.
Shorts, $20 to 22.
Hay, $8.
Flour, $2 to 2.75.
Hides $9.

S. WEST, V.S.,

Graduate of Ontario Veterinary College, Toronto.

Office and Residence — St. Lawrence Street, Madoc.

Treats all diseases of domesticated animals. All calls promptly attended to, day or night.

ALEX. BELAIR, Merchant Tailor,

O'FLYNN BLOCK, - - MADOC

My stock consists of Canadian, English and Scotch Tweeds and Suitings. Blue and Black Serges, Fine Black Venetians, Overcoatings and Pantings. All new Goods.

Your patronage respectfully solicited.

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Each 25c., or Six for $1.00.

Special attention paid to

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—AT—

Vandervoort's Barber Shop,

Next Harry Jones' Drug Store.

Our Great Clearing Sale

—OF—

All 1904 Wall Papers

we will sell the balance of our 1904 wall papers at just half of the regular price.

we will not carry old papers far into the new year, and each year we adopt this method of closing out to make room for the new year's papers.

we have abundant assortment too for you to select from, papers at all prices and all sorts of styles.

This is a grand opportunity for you to save money and get your spring house-cleaning done early.

we keep the best paper-hangers and painters obtainable.

Our prices are very moderate, less than elsewhere for similar work. We execute the very highest class of decorative work done in the Dominion and we go anywhere for business.

we keep Lead, Oil, Paints, etc., and sell to our customers at wholesale prices when we do the work.

C. B. Scantlebury,
Decorator, Belleville

Wall Papers, Paints, Oils, etc., a wholesale and retail.

DR. SIMPSON'S SPECIFIC PESSARY — Prevention better than cure for Leucorrhea, Weakness, Obstruction, &c., &c. Sold by all Druggists, or sent by mail; one box, $1, six for $5. Circular free. Dr. Simpson & Co., Toronto.

JACOB HUFF

Licensed Auctioneer

for the County of Hastings,

MADOC, — — ONT.

- JAS. WHYTOCK -

BUTCHER,

DEALER IN

Groceries and...

...Provisions.

MADOC, — — ONTARIO.

The well-known druggist, W. P. J. Alexander, has been appointed special Agent for the sale of Dr. Agnew's Heart Cure Catarrhal Powder, Ointment and Pills, as well as South American Rheumatic Cure, Nervine and Kidney Cure. 4-52

For Sale.

South half lot 29, 4th concession of Thurlow, containing 100 acres, 9 miles from Belleville. Barn 80x30, stabling for 25 cows and 7 horses. Floor cement. Good dwelling house, drive house, pig and implement shed, good orchard of winter fruit, well watered and in first class state of cultivation. Clover grown extensively. Terms easy. Apply to

W. A. ESMOND,
on the premises.

Arthur Mullett Homestead

Farm For Sale or to Rent.

The Arthur Mullett homestead being the s ½ lot 14, 1st con. Huntingdon, an excellent farm. Owner desires to give up farming, will sell stock and implements with place if desired. Will lease to desirable tenant if property not sold. Apply to owner on the premises or

F. S. WALLBRIDGE,
Barrister, Belleville.

Bargain List of Valuable Farms

FOR SALE.

Of all descriptions located in Fruit and Canning Factory Districts and elsewhere in Ontario and North-West, suitable for all kinds of farming and ranching. Get our list before buying. Colonies located. We list farms.

ALF. BROWN,
Real Estate, Picton.

REXALL HOUSE-HOLD DYES

These Dyes will dye Wool, Cotton, Silk, Jute or Mixed Goods in one bath—they are the latest and most improved Dye in the world. Try a package. All colors. For sale by Harry H. Jones

---

Farm for Sale.

The north ½ of lot 4 in the 8th concession, and the south east ½ of lot 4 in the 7th concession, of Madoc township, containing over 150 acres. Good buildings, well watered, well fenced, and in a good state of cultivation. Easy terms to suit purchaser. Two miles from village of Madoc. Apply on the premises to

J. A. KETCHESON.

Madoc, August 28th 1905

Farm for sale.

A valuable 100 acre farm 14 miles from Trenton, on the Wooler gravel road. It is 80 rods wide, good roads on both sides of it, has a never failing spring creek running through it five rods from barn. The soil is clay loam. Hess brick residence 32x36, frame kitchen 14x30 and a good cistern in kitchen. The barn is 30x5, has an 8 foot stone basement, with stabling for 10 cows and 4 horses underneath, drive-house 24x35, with stables attached. Buildings are all in first-class repair. There is a bearing orchard of 400 apple trees, besides pear and plum trees, and berries. There is also a tenement house on the farm. No encumbrance on place. Immediate possession given and purchaser may buy stock on hand consisting of horses, cows and farm implements. Owner is desirous of selling owing to indifferent health. Terms easy.

J. G. WILLIAMS, Owner,
6 Box 7 Trenton Ont.

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Money to loan at 4, 5 or 6 per cent. according to quality of security.

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Corporation and Private Funds for Investment. Collections promptly made.

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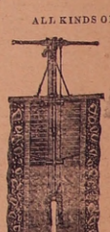
Madoc Pump Works

ALL KINDS OF FIRST-CLASS



Wood and Iron Pumps, Wind Mills, Grain Grinders, gasoline Engines Steam Engines and Boilers.

Sole Agents for the Anderson Force Pump of Aylmer.

HART BROS.,
Proprietors.

-Special Prices-

Watches, Clocks, Chains and Jewelry

ALWAYS IN STOCK.

Watch and Jewelry Repairing

Goods purchased from me Engraved Free of Charge.

J. H. IRVING,
4 Doors South of Moon's Hotel, Madoc.

Established 1897.